

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



City of Winfield, Kansas for Fiscal Year ending December 31, 2014



### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

**CITY COMMISSION AND MAYOR** 

Mayor Merrill K. Gordon Commissioner Gregory N. Thompson Commissioner Beth R. Wilke

> CITY MANAGER Warren Porter

CITY CLERK/DIRECTOR OF FINANCE Brenda Peters

> CITY TREASURER Daniela Rivas

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#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

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## Introductory Section





September 30, 2015

To the Citizens of the City of Winfield, Kansas Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners

This document is the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Winfield, Kansas for the year ended December 31, 2014. This report was prepared by the City's finance department. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City. We believe the report, as presented, is accurate in all material respects. We also believe it is presented in a manner designed to set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. Finally, we believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The introductory section includes a description of the City, including services provided, and explanation of the City's accounting system and budgetary controls, and a brief discussion of the city's economic condition and outlook. The City's organizational chart is also included to assist the reader in understanding the structure of the City. The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, Management's Discussion & Analysis, Government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and individual and combining statements and schedules. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

The reader is specifically directed to Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) which immediately follows the independent auditor's report. MD&A provides a narrative explanation and overview of significant features and trends reflected by data in the financial statements.

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The cost of the internal controls should not outweigh their benefits. Thus, the City of Winfield's internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Kansas statute 75-1122 requires an annual audit of all funds of the City by independent certified public accountants. The firm of Jarrett and Norton CPAs, LLC issued an unqualified opinion on the City of Winfield's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014. The independent auditor's report is located on page A-1 in the Financial Section of this report.

#### Profile of the Government

The City of Winfield, incorporated in 1873, has a population of 12,258 and has an incorporated area of 12.35 square miles. Winfield is located in south central Kansas, less than an hour away from Wichita, and two hours from Tulsa and Oklahoma City. Winfield serves as the county seat for Cowley County, population approximately 35,963.

The City is unique in providing a full range of municipal utility services to its citizens, including electric and gas utilities, water, wastewater, and sanitation services. Other municipal services include police and fire protection, construction and maintenance of streets, drainage facilities and other infrastructure, recreation and cultural activities, a municipal golf course, community and industrial development, planning and zoning, building inspection, cemetery operations and maintenance, general administration, and internal support services and as of July 2014, emergency medical services. The City provides single-stream recycling to its citizens, along with composting site facilities, available at no charge to area residents. In addition, library services and low-income housing are provided by component units of the City. Additional information on the component units can be found in Note 1.A. in the notes to the financial statements.

The City of Winfield operates under a Commission/Manager form of government. One member of the three-member commission is elected annually by the Commission to act as Mayor. The City Manager is appointed by the City Commission and is responsible to them for the management of all City employees and administration of all City affairs. Regular city elections are held in odd years. The person receiving the largest number of votes is elected to a four-year term and the person receiving the second largest number of votes is elected to a two-year term.

Expenditures are authorized by a budget approved by the City Commission as required by State statute. The State statute level of budgetary control (i.e. the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at an individual fund level, but is monitored by department within each fund. The finance department continually reviews and approves all significant deviations from budget authorizations. The Kansas cash basis and budget laws requires cash be on hand before an expenditure is authorized, that all expenditures be budgeted (unless specifically exempted by statute), and that the budget not exceed anticipated revenues, including carry forward balances. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual fund in which an adopted annual operating budget is required by Kansas statute.

#### Economic Condition and Outlook

The intersection of U.S. Highway 160 and U.S. 77 is located in the center of Winfield. The cities of Arkansas City and Winfield jointly own Strother Field Airport and Industrial Park, located less than seven miles from Winfield. Many of the county area's employers have work forces consisting of residents of both the City of Winfield and the City of Arkansas City, located twelve miles to the south of Winfield. Manufacturing and services are the largest sectors of employment in Cowley County of which include three Fortune 500 companies, Rubbermaid, WestRock, and GE Aviation. The GE aviation plant has announced it will begin making engines, specifically the Passport 20 engine. The Winfield location was chosen from 80 other potential GE sites for producing the engine. Building these engines in Winfield will not only create jobs, it will stabilize employment. The Strother Field Industrial Park will invest approximately \$7 million in machinery and equipment that will enable the Strother field plant to assemble, maintain, repair and overhaul the new engine.

Southwestern College, a private liberal arts four year institution established in 1885, has an estimated enrollment of over 1,323 students. Southwestern has made major infrastructure improvements in recent years, including a \$4.8 million renovation of the Richard L. Jantz football stadium and the Richardson Performing Arts Auditorium.

2014 sales tax receipts increased 8.7% over the 2013 sales tax collections which does not include the increase in sales tax rate that went into effect July of 2014. The City of Winfield approved the imposition of a general purpose four-tenths of one percent (0.40%) City-wide retailers' sales tax for renovations to finance costs of certain library, street and other capital improvements throughout the City.

Real estate property assessed valuation increased 2.4% from 2013 to 2014, reflecting steady property values. The City issued 22 new dwelling unit permits, and a total of \$9,280,395 million of building permits in 2014. This is an increase to the 2013 statistics of eleven single-family permits and \$8.7 million of building permit. Winfield was not shielded from the struggling national economy in late 2008 and through 2009. Mid 2009 unemployment peaked at 8.2%, compared to the January 2008 rate of 4.0%. The years 2010 through 2014 have shown gradual turnaround. At the end of 2014, Cowley County unemployment was at 4.4%, down from the 2013 unemployment rate of 4.8%. The increases in sales tax, the gradual

increase in permits issued, decreased unemployment rate and the upcoming industrial developments indicate an improving economic environment.

#### **City Business and Financial Planning**

The City annually revises the current year's budget during preparation of the upcoming year budget, to provide internal management with better oversight. Additionally, the City maintains a five year projected budget for its Capital Improvement Fund, for internal purposes.

The City manages its finances with a long term perspective. Reacting to the ongoing cutbacks in state funding, the City increased fees for many of its fee-based services. In 2014, the City increased water and electric service rates which will help cover debt for the maintenance performed on the water tower and will assist in building a fund balance in the water fund for future water projects. The electric utility increase comes after numerous years of increasing electric costs and no corresponding increase to base rates. The City has resisted tax increases in the past several years to cover ongoing services, instead looking at long term efficiencies and alternatives. The City had been able to sustain a level mill levy in dollars for a decade, though actual levies fluctuated slightly with changes in assessed valuation. The City monitors its utility funds' cash balances and future capital needs. Rate increases, when necessary, are designed to cover long term needs of the utility.

The City had numerous large capital projects in the past fifteen years, that have provided long term 'quality of life' enhancements, and maintained necessary city infrastructure. Years 2009-2012 were viewed as stabilization years as we paid down bonded indebtedness. The City-wide debt load has dropped from approximately \$28.6 million at the end of 2004 to \$21.9 million at the end of 2014 which includes issuing temporary notes for several infrastructure projects. In 2014, the City refinanced existing debt and issued additional temporary notes for new infrastructure projects and equipment purchases. The City will turn the existing temporary notes into general obligation debt in 2015. We continue to evaluate our financial goals on the notion of an improving economy.

The City's insurance and self-insurance programs have been funded and administered as part of the City's Risk management. Funds were maintained in a reserve fund as authorized in Kansas Statutes. Additionally, the City maintains insurance policies and bonds as detailed in the Additional Information Section of this report. The City transitioned to full workers' compensation coverage in late 2011, through the Kansas Eastern Region Insurance Trust group (KERIT) but continues to fund the Risk Management reserve to fulfill liabilities prior to transitioning to KERIT.

#### Cash Management Policies and Practices

The City maintains its cash and investments under a pooled concept. This mechanism enhances the City's investment possibilities. The City requests competitive bids on all investments in accordance with K.S.A. 12-1675. Idle funds are used to purchase certificates of deposit or other allowable investments, with maturities scheduled to meet anticipated cash flow requirements. During 2014, an average of \$8.65 million was invested for an average of 229 days, at an average rate of 0.40%.

#### Major Initiatives

- City of Winfield continues to increase its single family home builds, surpassing 2008 numbers.
- The City began collecting sales tax from an increase for a 7 year period for library renovations and street/infrastructure improvements. Voters approved an additional .4% sales tax increase in February 2014, with 81% of those voting in favor of the increase. The increase went into effect July 1, 2014.
- The Island Park Playground located in north Winfield, Kansas was destroyed by fire in March of 2013. Damage sustained to the playground was extensive, most of which was insured by EMC Insurance Co. The City of Winfield, members of the Playground Advisory Board, Winfield Rotarians, and the community as a whole regrouped for the second time in five years to determine how to rebuild the family-friendly attraction. It was decided that the playground would be rebuilt. The playground was re-opened in April of 2014.

- In March 2013, the City entered into an agreement with the Kansas Department of Transportation (KDOT) authorizing a Geometric improvement project. This project began in 2014 and was financed with general obligation temporary notes in 2014. The State of Kansas' participation in the cost of preliminary engineering, construction and construction engineering will be 90% of total actual costs. This project is still in progress with a completion date of 2015.
- The City entered into an agreement with the Kansas Department of Transportation (KDOT) authorizing a KLINK resurfacing improvement project on US-160 from Mill Street to Main Street. The State of Kansas' participation in the cost of construction and construction engineering will be 50%, This project is still in progress with a completion date of 2015.
- In October 2013, The City began a street replacement and utility upgrades project on Stewart street between 9th and 14th Ave. The project began late 2013 and was financed in 2014 with general obligation temporary notes in the amount of \$1.7 million.
- The Kansas Sampler Foundation announced that Winfield will be the host for the 2016-2017 Kansas Sample Festival. The event is designed to provide the public a sample of what there is to see, do, hear, taste, buy, and learn in Kansas. The statewide showcase is the only one of its kind in the United States and is always held the first full weekend in May.
- Standard & Poor's Rating Services affirmed its 'A+' long-term rating on Winfield, Kansas' General Obligation (GO) bonds, based on improved general fund balance levels, strong management team, and strong liquidity.
- The City continued its sidewalk and other infrastructure improvements, related to ADA compliance.

#### Certificate of Achievement and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Winfield for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2013. This was the fourteenth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the assistance of numerous persons both in and out of local government. The firm of Jarrett & Norton CPA's, LLC provided independent audit services. Specific appreciation is expressed to the dedicated staff of the City accounting department. We would also like to thank members of the other City departments who assisted and contributed to this report. Finally, preparation of this report would not be possible without the support of the City Commission. We express special appreciation to them for their leadership in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a professional, responsible and progressive manner in the best interests of the residents of Winfield.

Respectfully submitted,

Warren Porter City Manager

Brenda Peters City Clerk

mula Kivas

Daniela Rivas City Treasurer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

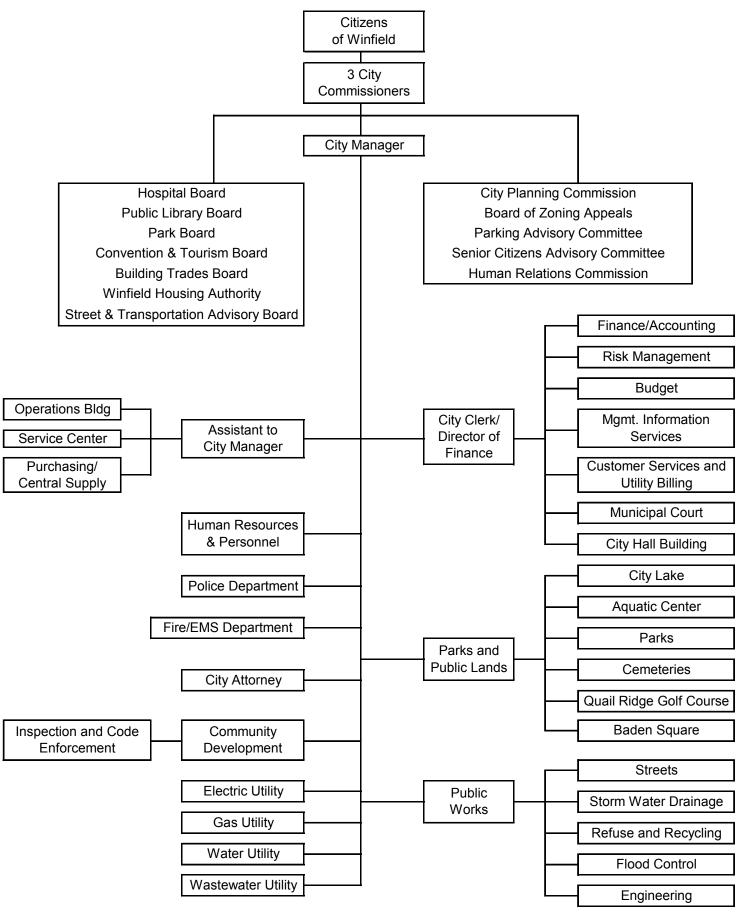
## City of Winfield Kansas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2013

Executive Director/CEO

#### CITY OF WINFIELD, KANSAS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



### LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Mayor	Merrill K. Gordon
City Commissioner	Gregory N. Thompson
City Commissioner	Beth R. Wilke
City Manager	Warren Porter
City Attorney	William Muret
Assistant to the City Manager	Gary Mangus
City Clerk/Director of Finance	Brenda Peters
City Treasurer	Daniela Rivas
Fire Chief	Alan Stoll
Police Chief	Danny Parker
Director of Public Works/Engineering	Russell A. Tomevi
Director of Community Development	Patrick Steward
Municipal Judge	Thomas D. Herlocker
Director of Electric and Water Utilities	James Ging
Interim Director of Gas and Wastewater Utilities	Warren Porter
Director of Parks and Public Lands	Mark Olney

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## Financial Section



## Jarrett & Norton CPAs, LLC

**Certified Public Accountants** 

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

September 30, 2015

To the City Manager, and City Council City of Winfield Winfield, Kansas 67156

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Winfield, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Winfield Public Library, a discretely presented component unit, which represent 35 percent, 36 percent, and 80 percent, of the assets, respectively, of the discretely presented Component Units, net position of the discretely presented Component Units, and revenues of the discretely presented component units.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statement of Winfield Public Library, a discretely presented component unit, which represent 35 percent, 36 percent, and 80 percent, respectively, of the assets of the discretely presented Component Units, net position of the discretely presented Component Units, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. This statement was audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Winfield Public Library, is based solely on the report of those auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### City of Winfield

#### Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material aspects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Winfield, Kansas as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Winfield, Kansas basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section as listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the combing and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical sections have not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Jurcet & Morton CPAs, Fds

Jarrett & Norton CPAs, LLC

Winfield, Kansas 67156

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion and analysis of the City of Winfield's financial performance provides an overview of the City financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. The management discussion and analysis is presented in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City of Winfield's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights for 2014

- The City's total net position increased during the fiscal year ended 2014, approximately \$201 thousand due to the acquisition of Winfield Area Emergency Management Services.
- The cost of governmental activity in 2014 was \$12.7 million, a 9% increase to 2014. The amount paid by taxpayers through either property taxes or sales taxes was \$6.4 million, or 50 percent.
- Non-current liabilities in the governmental activities decreased by 1.5 million from 2013 to 2014. General Obligation Temporary Note debt of \$8.075 million was issued in 2014. \$5.2 million was a refunding of 2012 & 2013 General Obligation Temporary Note debt and \$2.8 million was part of a new issue.
- Non-current liabilities in the business type activities decreased by \$766 thousand from 2013 to 2014.
- The general fund, on a current financial resource basis, reported \$520 thousand of revenues and other financing sources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses.
- On December 31, 2014, the General Fund reported a budgetary fund balance of \$613,755, amounting to 6.9% percent of the 2014 appropriated budget.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of three sections: Introductory, financial, and statistical. The financial statements include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. Supplementary information, provided in addition to the basic financial statements, is located in the sections titled Supplemental information and Statistical Section.

The City presents two kinds of statements, each providing a different snapshot of the City's finances. The reporting focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial statements focus on the individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison and enhance the City's accountability.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide statements are prepared using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector businesses. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position can be monitored to determine whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position (current year's revenues and expenses) are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement of activities for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are divided into three types of activities:

- Governmental activities are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental activities: police, fire & ems, public works, streets, and stormwater drainage, cemetery, parks and recreation, health, and general administration.
- Business-type activities are functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges. They include these City activities: electric production and distribution, gas distribution, water purification and distribution, refuse collection, wastewater collection and treatment, and the municipal golf course.

 Component units – The Winfield Public Library and the Winfield Public Housing Authority are presented as components units of the City of Winfield. Complete financial statements of those individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative addresses:

Winfield Public Library<br/>605 CollegeWinfield Housing Authority<br/>1417 Pine TerraceWinfield, KS 67156Winfield, KS 67156

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages A-13 through A-15 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a fiscal entity with a set of self-balancing accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Winfield, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements provide more information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. All of the funds of the City of Winfield can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the exception of long-term debt and other similar items which are recorded when due. The focus, therefore, is on the short-term financial picture of the operations reported, rather than the city as a whole. Most of the city's basic operations are reported in the governmental fund financial statements. The information in the government-wide statements can be compared to the governmental activities information in the government-wide statements. The reconciliation at the end of the fund financial statements details the relationship between the two types of financial statements.

The City of Winfield maintained 38 individual governmental funds in 2014. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Capital Improvements Fund, and the Debt Service Fund, all considered to be major funds. Information from the other 35 governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements beginning on page B-1.

The City of Winfield adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund on page A-21 to demonstrate compliance with the appropriated budget.

*Proprietary funds* fall into two categories: enterprise funds and internal service funds. All proprietary funds are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Enterprise funds are used to account for business-type activities. Enterprise fund statements present the same information that is in the government-wide statements for business activities, only in greater detail. The city's electric, gas, water, sewer, and refuse utilities, stormwater drainage, and the golf course are accounted for as enterprise funds. Internal service funds are used to account for the cost of operations shared by various functions of the City. The City uses six internal service funds to account for its internal functions: risk management, workers compensation reserve, health insurance, management services, short term disability, and fleet services. A combining statement of these internal service funds can be found in the supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements. In the government-wide statements, the internal service funds are presented 50% in the business-type activities and 50% in the governmental type activities, mirroring the usage of those funds.

*Fiduciary funds* are used by the City to account for resources held by the city for the benefit of a third party. The City's fiduciary funds include the Sales tax agency fund, the payroll claims agency fund, the Fire insurance proceeds fund, and the Flex medical fund. Because the resources of these funds are not available for the city's operation, they are not presented in the government-wide financial statements. A combining statement can be found in the supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

*Permanent funds* are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used. The City has one permanent fund: the Cemetery endowment fund.

#### **Financial Analysis of the City**

**Net Position of the primary government** – Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Table 1 summarizes net assets of the City of Winfield.

#### City of Winfield, Kansas Net Position As of December 31, 2014 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2013) (in thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			E	Business-type Activities							
		2014		2013		2014		2013		2014		2013
Cash and investments	\$	4,229	\$	4,432	\$	8,241	\$	7,302	9	6 12,470	\$	11,734
Other assets		7,641		6,269		5,776		7,014		13,417		13,283
Capital assets		30,872		30,522		45,872		45,639		76,744		76,161
Total assets		42,742		41,223		59,889		59,955	_	102,631		101,178
Deferred Outflows												
Deferred refunding		6		186		-		77		6		263
Total deferred outflows		6		186		-		77	_	6		263
Long-term liabilities		5,808		7,314		7,073		7,839		12,881		15,153
Other liabilities		9,713		7,121		4,121		3,512		13,834		10,633
Total liabilities		15,521		14,435	_	11,195		11,351	_	26,716	_	25,786
Deferred Inflows												
Deferred revenues		3,875		3,810		-		-		3,875		3,810
Total deferred inflows		3,875		3,810	_	-		-	_	3,875	_	3,810
Net Position:												
Net investment in Capital asse	ets	16,436		17,623		38,289		37,120		54,725		54,743
Restricted		898		1,583		-		-		898		1,583
Unrestricted		6,018		3,958		10,406		11,561		16,424		15,519
Total net position	\$	23,352	\$	23,164	\$	48,694	\$	48,681	4	5 72,046	\$	71,845

The City's net position increased \$201 thousand from 2013 to the end of 2014. Approximately 76 percent of the City's net position reflect investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements, equipment), less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently the capital assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of these assets (less than 1 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be spent. The unrestricted portion of total net position is \$16.4 million, or 23 percent, available to meet the city's ongoing obligations.

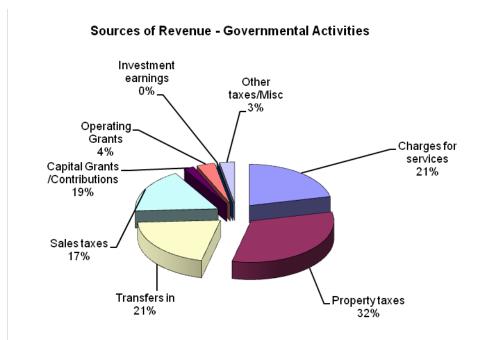
*Governmental activities* - The governmental activities portion of unrestricted net position totals \$6.0 million, or 25.8 percent of total governmental activities net position. Capital assets, net of related debt, comprise 70.3 percent of total governmental activities net position. Long-term liabilities decreased by \$2.3 million from 2013 to 2014. New General Obligation Temporary Note debt was issued in 2014 in the amount of \$2.8 million.

*Business-type activities* – The business-type activities portion of unrestricted net position total \$10.4 million, or 21.4 percent of total business-type activities net position. Capital assets, net of related debt, comprise 78.7 percent of the total net position. Long-term liabilities decreased by \$766 thousand from 2013 to 2014. Table 2, below, summarizes total City revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2014:

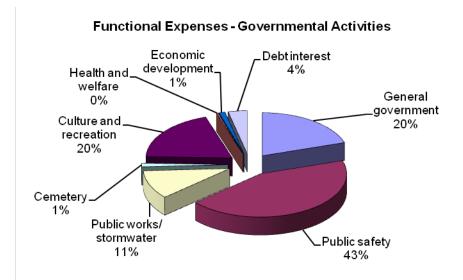
#### City of Winfield, Kansas Changes in Net Position As of December 31, 2014 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2013) (in thousands of dollars)

	Govenrment	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total Primary Gov't		
Revenues	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 2,769	\$ 1,406	\$ 40,881	\$ 35,523	\$ 43,650	\$ 36,929	
Operating grants and contributions	464	620		-	464	620	
Capital grants and contributions	256	499	195	763	451	1,262	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	4,158	4,157	-	-	4,158	4,157	
Sales taxes	2,222	1,766	-	-	2,222	1,766	
Franchise fees	201	219	-	-	201	219	
Other taxes	116	138	-	-	116	138	
Miscellaneous income	57	161	-	-	57	161	
Investment interest	15	18	24	33	39	51	
Total revenues	10,257	8,984	41,100	36,319	51,356	45,303	
Expenses							
General government	2,536	1,680	-	-	2,536	1,680	
Public safety	5,497	4,468	-	-	5,497	4,468	
Public works	1,355	941	-	-	1,355	941	
Cemetery	173	170	-	-	173	170	
Culture and recreation	2,465	3,296	-	-	2,465	3,296	
Health and welfare	37	327	-	-	37	327	
Economic development	146	164	-	-	146	164	
Interest on debt	449	614	-	-	449	614	
Electric	-	-	27,822	24,159	27,822	24,159	
Gas	-	-	4,946	4,055	4,946	4,055	
Water	-	-	2,207	2,353	2,207	2,353	
Refuse	-	-	1,323	1,137	1,323	1,137	
Wastewater	-	-	1,523	1,714	1,523	1,714	
Golfcourse			539	581	539	581	
Total expenses	12,659	11,660	38,359	33,999	51,019	45,659	
Excess before transfers, special							
items, and prior year restatements	(2,403)	(2,676)	2,740	2,320	338	(357)	
Transfers	2,648	2,846	(2,648)	(2,846)	-	-	
Prior year adjustment	(148)	-	-		(148)	-	
Government Combination	181	-	-	-	181	-	
GASB 65 Implementation	(91)		(80)		(170)		
Change in net position	\$ 188	\$ 170	\$ 13	\$ (526)	\$ 201	\$ (357)	

Governmental Activities - As indicated above, governmental net position increased by \$188 thousand in 2014. Total governmental expenses increased 9 percent, while revenues increased 14 percent from 2013.

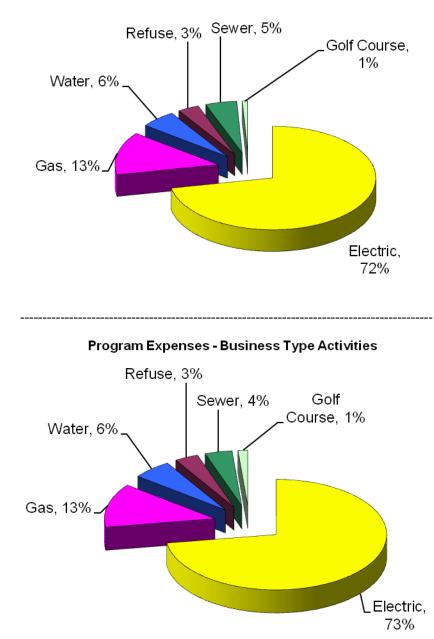


Major sources of revenue of the governmental activities continue to be property, sales, and other taxes, as illustrated in the above graph. Property taxes comprised \$4.2 million, or 32 percent of the City's governmental activities 2014 revenue. 'Other taxes' includes alcohol beverage, franchise, and transient guest taxes. The electric, gas, water, and refuse funds pay the general fund 'in lieu of' franchise fees, a set percentage of gross revenues, similar to what would be assessed third-party utility companies supplying services to Winfield citizens. These are reflected as transfers in the above chart. Operating grants included primarily public works and public safety operational and maintenance funding through the State of Kansas. Capital grants and contributions include special assessments, contributions, and federal grants revenues.



Public safety expense continues to represent the largest governmental expense, \$5.5 million, or 43 percent of the City's total governmental expenses of \$12.7 million.

**Business-type activities -** The City operates five utilities and a municipal golf course. Combined, the electric and gas utilities comprise 85 percent of the total business-type activity charges.



Program Revenues - Business Type Activities

Highlights in the business-type activities area include:

- For business-type activities, 2014 overall expenses increased 4.4 million, from 2013, and program revenues increased \$4.8 million.
- Electric kwh sales increased 12% over 2013, due to an increase in commercial industry usage. 2014 operating income in the electric utility fund was \$1.9 million.
- Water gallons sales increased 5% over 2013, due to decreased rainfall and increased water sales in 2014. Also, The city raised water rates over a period of 8 years. This includes base rates along with service charges. Operating income in the water utility fund was negative \$125 thousand.

- Gas MCF sales increased 27.6% in 2014 due to colder weather. Net operating income of the gas fund was \$244 thousand in 2012 and \$314 thousand in 2013. 2014 operating income in the gas utility fund was \$594 thousand.
- The wastewater utility fund incurred a \$533 thousand operating profit in 2014. The City has increased sewer user charges in early 2008, rates to increase over a five year period, for the purpose of funding wastewater treatment plant improvements in 2010.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

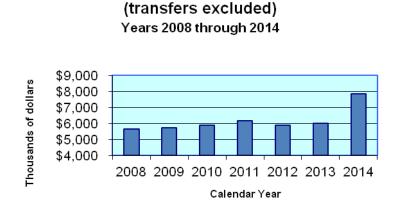
As noted earlier, the City of Winfield uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

**Governmental funds** - The focus of the City of Winfield's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Winfield's financing requirements.

As of the end of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2014, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$4.4 million, an increase of \$1 million in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 19 percent of fund balance is restricted for specific purposes and 53 percent is committed or assigned by management for specific purposes. Approximately 27 percent of this total amount, \$1.2 million, constitutes unassigned fund balance, available for spending at the City's discretion

**General Fund -** The general fund is the major operating and taxing fund for the City of Winfield. At the close of 2014, the general fund balance was \$1.2 million, compared to \$601 thousand at the close of 2013. Excluding transfers to and from the general fund and the debt payments related to a purchase of a \$1 million fire truck, the overall general fund expenditures increased 31% over 2013, while revenues increased 17 percent over 2013. Most of this increase is due to the City taking over EMS services from Winfield Area EMS in 2014.

General Fund Revenue



Major revenue sources in the General fund include:

- Property taxes collected were \$2.77 million. Property tax collections were 99.9 percent of projected revenues in 2014. The 2014 City mill levy remained approximately the same as 2013.
- Sales taxes collected were \$2.2 million. Sales tax collections were 99.9 percent of projected revenues in 2014. In February 2014, the City of Winfield approved the imposition of a general purpose four tenths of one percent City-wide retailers sales tax for renovations to finance costs for certain library, street and other capital improvements throughout the City. The collection of the capital improvements sales tax began on July 1, 2014 and will terminate seven years after its commencement.

In 2014, total 'in lieu of' franchise fees from the other utilities remained about the same for 2014 with a total of \$2.5 million in inter-fund activity. These amounts are treated as inter-fund transfers in the financial statements.

General funds expenditures, excluding transfers, totaled \$8.6 million, increase approximately \$1.3 million over 2013 amounts. Below is a historical trends summary by function of general fund expenditures.

#### General Fund Expenses by Function Years 2006 through 2014 (dollars in thousands)

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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $											9 11
2006         2007         2008         2009         2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         Growth           General govt         \$ 837         \$ 823         \$ 768         \$ 810         \$ 782         \$ 820         \$ 910         \$ 1,054         \$ 1,257         5.0%           Public safety         4,670         3,858         4,378         4,223         4,273         4,250         4,554         4,442         5,520         2.5%           Cemetery         131         140         142         134         138         154         156         156         161         2.4%           Culture/recreation         1,083         1,072         1,178         1,079         1,207         1,251         1,269         1,235         1,534         4.3%           Health and welfare         290         294         320         315         302         328         307         31         -9.2%           Economic											Average
General govt       \$ 837       \$ 823       \$ 768       \$ 810       \$ 782       \$ 820       \$ 910       \$ 1,054       \$ 1,257       5.0%         Public safety       4,670       3,858       4,378       4,223       4,273       4,250       4,554       4,442       5,520       2.5%         Cemetery       131       140       142       134       138       154       156       156       161       2.4%         Culture/recreation       1,083       1,072       1,178       1,079       1,207       1,251       1,269       1,235       1,534       4.3%         Health and welfare       290       294       320       315       302       328       307       31       -9.2%         Economic       -       -       0.0%       10       10       10       -       -       0.0%         Debt service       -       126       126       126       126       126       125       121       121       0.0%											Annual
Public safety         4,670         3,858         4,378         4,223         4,273         4,250         4,554         4,442         5,520         2.5%           Cemetery         131         140         142         134         138         154         156         156         161         2.4%           Culture/recreation         1,083         1,072         1,178         1,079         1,207         1,251         1,269         1,235         1,534         4.3%           Health and welfare         290         294         320         315         302         328         307         31         -9.2%           Economic         -         -         0.0%         -         -         0.0%           Debt service         -         126         126         126         126         125         121         121         0.0%		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Growth
Cemetery         131         140         142         134         138         154         156         156         161         2.4%           Culture/recreation         1,083         1,072         1,178         1,079         1,207         1,251         1,269         1,235         1,534         4.3%           Health and welfare         290         294         320         315         302         328         307         31         -9.2%           Economic         development         16         15         10         10         10         10         -         -         0.0%           Debt service         -         126         126         126         126         126         125         121         121         0.0%	General gov't	\$ 837	\$ 823	\$ 768	\$ 810	\$ 782	\$ 820	\$ 910	\$ 1,054	\$ 1,257	5.0%
Culture/recreation         1,083         1,072         1,178         1,079         1,207         1,251         1,269         1,235         1,534         4.3%           Health and welfare         290         294         320         315         302         328         307         31         -9.2%           Economic         -         -         0.0%         -         -         0.0%           Debt service         -         126         126         126         126         125         121         121         0.0%	Public safety	4,670	3,858	4,378	4,223	4,273	4,250	4,554	4,442	5,520	2.5%
Health and welfare         290         294         320         315         302         328         307         31         -9.2%           Economic         -         -         10         10         10         10         -         -         0.0%           Debt service         -         126         126         126         126         125         121         121         0.0%	Cemetery	131	140	142	134	138	154	156	156	161	2.4%
Economic development 16 15 10 10 10 10 10 0.0% Debt service <u>- 126 126 126 126 126 125 121 121</u> 0.0%	Culture/recreation	1,083	1,072	1,178	1,079	1,207	1,251	1,269	1,235	1,534	4.3%
development         16         15         10         10         10         10         10         -         -         0.0%           Debt service         -         126         126         126         126         125         121         121         0.0%	Health and welfare	290	290	294	320	315	302	328	307	31	-9.2%
Debt service         -         126         126         126         126         125         121         121         0.0%	Economic										
	development	16	15	10	10	10	10	10	-	-	0.0%
<u>\$ 7,027                                  </u>	Debt service		126	126	126	126	126	125	121	121	0.0%
		\$ 7,027	\$ 6,324	\$ 6,896	\$ 6,702	\$ 6,851	\$ 6,913	\$ 7,352	\$ 7,317	\$ 8,624	0.7%

**Capital Improvements Fund** – The capital improvements fund's primary revenue source is a one-half cent city sales tax. Funds were used for projects and for debt payments on prior years' projects. The year end fund balance of \$133 thousand is an increase of \$89 thousand, compared to the 2013 year end fund balance of \$44 thousand.

**Debt Service Fund** - The debt service fund's fund balance decreased 36 percent to \$290,596 at the end of 2014. 9.098 mills generated \$706 thousand of property taxes for fund in 2014. This mill levy has continues to remain at a relatively stable level over the last five years, varying from 9.0 to 10.0 mills.

**Other Governmental Funds** – Other governmental funds' fund balance was \$2,738,648, at the end of 2013, an increase of \$543 thousand from the prior year. This includes capital project funds that were financed in 2014 and are in progress at year end.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Actual revenue sources in 2014 totaled 97 percent of the original 2013 budget. Revenue highlights are discussed above under 'General Fund'. Overall 2014 expenditures increased fifteen percent over 2013. This is primarily due to taking over EMS services in 2014. The City's unencumbered fund balance in the general fund at December 31, 2014 was \$613,755, equivalent to 7.0 percent of the 2014 general fund budgetary basis expenditures. This increase is also due to the government combination with Winfield Area EMS in July of 2014.

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2014, the City had \$77 million invested, net of depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets used in both governmental and business-type activities. It is summarized below:

Table 3

#### City of Winfield, Kansas Assets, Net of Depreciation As of December 31, 2014 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2013) (in thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities				 Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
		2014	014 2013		 2014	2013			2014		2013	
Land Infrastructure/	\$	1,903	\$	1,907	\$ 828	\$	824	\$	2,731	\$	2,731	
other improvements		21,408 44		20,858 104	31,444		31,697 -		52,852 44		52,555 104	
Buildings and improvements		5.907		5,922	4,211		3.967		10.118		9,889	
Equipment		1,611		1,731	 9,389		9,151		11,000		9,889	
Total		30,872		30,522	 45,871		45,639		76,744		76,161	

Government-wide capital assets, net of depreciation, increased 1 percent in 2014. In business-type activities, capital assets, net of depreciation, remained at 2013 levels. Additional information regarding the City of Winfield's capital assets can be found in note 9, page A-51 of this report.

#### Long-term Debt

At the end of 2014, the City had total long-term debt of \$26.7 million, \$13.8 million due within the next year. Of the total debt, \$19.5 million is backed by the full faith and credit of the government, although the City's intent is to use water and sewer utility revenues to repay \$5.6 million of that \$19.5 million.

During 2014, the City issued \$8.075 million in General Obligation Temporary Notes for various infrastructure improvements and for the refunding of the 2012 & 2013 temporary notes. Of the \$8.075 million issues, \$5.2 million was to pay off existing debt. City officials had taken a conservative stance since 2010. The city had been reducing total debt, and was working on creating a fiscal position to fund these projects with cash reserves. Since 2012, the City has taken advantage of lower interest rates by issuing temporary notes. The city plans to issue general obligation bonds in October 2015 to refinance the 2014 general obligation temporary notes. Additional information on the city's long-term debt can be found in Note 13, pages A-53 through A-56 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets**

- County unemployment rates as of December 31, 2014 and August 30, 2015 were 4.4% and 5.2%, respectively. Comparable national unemployment rates were 5.6% and 5.1%, and comparable Kansas state-wide unemployment rates were 4.2% and 4.6% The state's unemployment rate continued to remain steady compared to the 2013 unemployment rate of 4.7%
- In March 2014, the City of Winfield approved the imposition of a general purpose four-tenths of one percent (0.40%) City-wide retailers' sales tax for renovations to finance costs of certain library, street and other capital improvements throughout the City. The sales tax passed with a 81% approval indicating a recovering local economy.
- In June 2014, the City of Winfield, Kansas entered into a government combination that merged Winfield Area EMS operations with the City of Winfield on July 1, 2014. This transition will allow the City to be more efficient and ensure that EMS services remain financially viable while continuing to provide excellent emergency care. The City of Winfield began providing Emergency Medical Services to the City of Winfield, Kansas and portions of Cowley County.

• The City of Winfield continues to partner with other local governments and the private sector to maintain local economic efforts. The 2014 budget reflects a slight decrease in budgeted expenditures over 2013 amounts, and 2014 revenues were anticipated to remain steady in comparison to 2013 amounts.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Winfield's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, P.O. Box 646, Winfield, KS 67156.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Assets	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	<b>*</b> ( <b>*</b> ( <b>* * * *</b>	• • • • • • • • •
Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 4,228,834	\$ 8,241,424	\$ 12,470,258	\$ 1,071,949
	2 925 002		2 925 002	
Taxes	3,825,002	-	3,825,002	-
Special assessments	2,201,946	-	2,201,946	-
Economic development receivable	248,000	2 500 450	248,000	-
Utilities	17,855	3,520,452	3,538,307	-
Interest	-	400 500	-	2
Accounts	389,604	108,590	498,194	1,504
Due from other governmental agencies	107,223	-	107,223	48,335
Inventories and prepaids	141,329	2,095,102	2,236,431	31,516
Investment in joint venture	-	39,680	39,680	-
Other investments	-	11,957	11,957	14,782
Land held for Resale	710,252	-	710,252	-
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,947,075	827,527	2,774,602	52,776
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	28,925,030	45,044,086	73,969,116	1,960,809
Total assets	42,742,151	59,888,819	102,630,969	3,181,673
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred refunding charges	5,701	-	5,702	-
0	5,701		5,702	
Liabilities	5,701		5,702	<u>-</u>
Accounts payable	394,188	2,878,667	3,272,855	33,873
Accrued interest payable	82,258	47,482	129,740	-
Long-term liabilities	;		,	
Due within one year	9,236,667	1,704,084	10,940,751	14,838
Due in more than one year	5,807,576	6,564,140	12,371,716	5,891
Total liabilities	15,520,689	11,194,373	26,715,061	54,602
Deferred Inflows of resources				
	2 626 082		2 626 082	
Deferred revenue- property taxes Deferred revenue- accounts receivable	3,626,982	-	3,626,982	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	248,000		248,000	55,535
Total deferred innows of resources	3,874,982		3,874,982	55,535
Net Desition				
Net Position	40,400,000	20.000.000		0.040 505
Net investment in capital assets	16,436,223	38,288,922	54,725,145	2,013,585
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	174,777	-	174,777	-
Enabling legislation	426,586	-	426,586	48,335
Debt service	290,596	-	290,596	-
Cemtery Endowment - nonexpendable	6,000	-	6,000	-
Unrestricted net position	6,018,000	10,405,524	16,423,523	1,009,616
Total net position	\$ 23,352,182	\$ 48,694,446	\$ 72,046,627	\$ 3,071,536

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
\$ 499,031	\$-	\$ -		
1,431,890		80,003		
199,247	462,312	159,067		
50,403	-	-		
407,773	1,193	16,571		
180,974	-	-		
-	-	-		
-	-			
2,769,318	463,505	255,641		
29,332,542	-	180,259		
5,539,500	-	1,946		
2,280,116	-	12,100		
1,365,123	-	-		
2,015,682	-	855		
348,137	-	-		
40,881,101	-	195,159		
\$ 43,650,419	\$ 463,505	\$ 450,800		
\$-	\$-	\$ -		
-	-	-		
	1,431,890 199,247 50,403 407,773 180,974 - 2,769,318 29,332,542 5,539,500 2,280,116 1,365,123 2,015,682 348,137 40,881,101 \$ 43,650,419	1,431,890       462,312         50,403       -         407,773       1,193         180,974       -         -       -         2,769,318       463,505         29,332,542       -         5,539,500       -         2,280,116       -         1,365,123       -         2,015,682       -         348,137       -         40,881,101       -         \$ 43,650,419       \$ 463,505		

General revenues:

Property taxes Sales taxes Investment earnings Transient guest taxes Franchise taxes Alcohol beverage taxes Miscellaneous Payments from City of Winfield Transfers - In lieu of transfer payments from utilities Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Net Position - Beginning Prior year adjustments **Government Combination** Restatement for GASB 65 implementation Restated Net Position, beginning

#### Net Position - ending

nent	Comp			Government iness-type		vernmental	Go
nits		al	Total	ctivities		Activities	
							-
_	\$	7.340)	\$ (2,037,3	-	\$	(2,037,340)	\$
_	Ŧ		(3,985,2	-	Ŧ	(3,985,276)	Ŧ
-		3,993)		-		(533,993)	
-		2,151)		-		(122,151)	
-			(2,039,4	-		(2,039,484)	
-		3,519		-		143,519	
-		6,271)		-		(146,271)	
-		9,271 <u>)</u>		-		(449,271)	
-		0,267)	(9,170,2	-		(9,170,267)	
-		1,066	1,691,0	1,691,066		-	
-		5,344	595,3	595,344		-	
-		5,575		85,575		-	
-		1,995		41,995		-	
-		3,774		493,774		-	
		0,938) 6 816	2,716,8	(190,938) 2,716,816			
	¢	<u> </u>	. <u> </u>	2,716,816			¢
-	\$	5,451)	\$ (6,453,4	2,710,010	φ	(9,170,267)	\$
22,792	\$ (4	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$
09,387	•	-		-		-	
32,179	(!	-		-		-	
		7 886	4,157,8			4,157,886	
_			2,221,6	-		2,221,697	
_		8,625		23,540		15,085	
_		0,013		- 20,010		70,013	
-			200,9	-		200,961	
-		5,992		-		45,992	
-		7,071		-		57,071	
66,603	-	-		-		-	
-		-		2,530,448)	(	2,530,448	
- 66,603		-	6,792,2	(117,128) (2,624,036)		<u>117,128</u> 9,416,281	
		8,794		92,780	(	246,014	
)11,031			71,845,7	8,681,310		23,163,825	
7,029	0,0	8,081)		-	-	(148,081)	
80,948	(*	0,948	•	-		180,948	
-	,	0,168)		(79,643)		(90,525)	
37,112	2,8	7,834	71,707,8	8,601,667	4	23,106,167	
71,536	\$ 3,0	6,628	\$ 72,046,6	8,694,446	\$ 4	23,352,182	\$

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2014

Assets	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 838,990	\$ 313.751	\$ 134,680	\$ 2,045,384	\$ 3,332,805
Receivables:	ъ <u>о</u> зо,990	ຈ 313,751	ъ 134,000	<b>ֆ 2,04</b> 5,364	<b>৯ ১,১১</b> 2,605
Property taxes	2,433,781	610,330		582,871	3,626,982
Sales and franchise taxes	198,020	010,330	_	502,071	198,020
Special assessments	83,038	2,118,908	_	_	2,201,946
Accounts receivable, net	346,729	2,110,300		33,134	379,863
Economic development Loan	248,000	_	_		248,000
Due from other governmental agencies	2+0,000	91,944	_	15,279	107,223
Advances to internal service funds	20,265	51,544	_	10,275	20,265
Assets held for resale	20,200	-	_	710,252	710,252
Total assets	4,168,824	3,134,932	134,680	3,386,919	10,825,356
	1,100,021	0,101,002	101,000	0,000,010	10,020,000
Liabilities					
Accounts and wages payable	211,868	23,155	1,623	62,886	299,532
Deficit cash	-	-	-	2,514	2,514
Total liabilities	211,868	23,155	1,623	65,400	302,046
Deferred inflows of resources					
Deferred revenue- property taxes	2,433,781	610,330	-	582,871	3,626,982
Deferred revenue- special assessments	83,038	2,118,908	-	-	2,201,946
Deferred revenue- Accounts Receivable	248,000	91,944	-	-	339,944
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,764,819	2,821,182	-	582,871	6,168,872
Fund Balances					
Fund balances					
Nonspendable	20,265	-	-	6,000	26,265
Restricted	-	290,596	133,057	406,322	829,975
Committed	-	-	-	327,029	327,029
Assigned	-	-	-	1,999,297	1,999,297
Unassigned	1,171,872				1,171,872
Total fund balances	1,192,137	290,596	133,057	2,738,648	4,354,438
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$ 4,168,824	\$ 3,134,932	\$ 134,680	\$ 3,386,919	\$ 10,825,356

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2014

DECEMBER 31, 2014			
Total fund balances - Total governmental funds		\$	4,354,438
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the governmental funds above because of the following:			
CAPITAL ASSETS Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. These assets include stormwater drainage infrastructure and consist of: Land and construction in progress Buildings, net of \$3,812,596 accumulated depreciation Improvements other than buildings, net of \$7,886,924 accumulated depreciation Machinery and equipment, net of \$6,168,633 accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	\$ 1,947,075 5,905,719 21,399,142 1,570,796	_	30,822,732
<b>STORMWATER DRAINAGE</b> The stormwater drainage utility fund is an enterprise fund of the City, and has been reclassifed to governmental activities in the government-wide statements. Stormwater drainage fees are charged to City utility wastewater customers through consolidated utility bills. Stormwater fees are used to paritally fund stormwater drainage system facilities and improvements. However, general obligation debt has funded a significant portion of the system.			194,620
<b>DEFERRED LOSS ON REFUNDING OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT</b> The 2005 refunding of \$1,980,000 debt with the issuance of \$2,130,000 debt created a \$150,000 increase in debt liability on the balance sheet. This deferred loss is amortized over the life of the new debt.			63,830
The 2012 refunding of \$1,520,000 debt with the issuance of \$1,424,410 debt created a \$95,589 decrease in debt liability on the balance sheet. This deferred gain is amortized over the life of the new debt.			(73,629)
<b>DEFERRED PREMIUM ON REFUNDING OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT</b> The 2010 general obligation bonds totaling \$8.535 million included a \$18,897 debt premium in the governmental funds. This premium is amortized over the life of the debt.			(8,276)
LONG TERM RECEIVABLES Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current expenditures. Those assets (i.e. receivables) are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental funds and, therefore, not included in fund balance. Balances at December 31, 2014 are: Contractual receivables from other governmental agencies Deferred special assessments	91,944 2,201,946		2,293,890
<b>DUE TO PROPRIETARY FUNDS</b> Amounts advanced and due to or from nongovernmental funds are offset in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	, ,,	-	,,
Advance to internal service funds	(20,265)		(20,265)
<b>INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS</b> Internal services funds are used by the city to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other City departments, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.			1,204,339
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position.			
Balances at December 31, 2014 are: Accrued interest payable Compensated absences Net OPEB obligation Payable to other governmental agencies General obligation bonds and temporary notes Capital leases payable Total liabilities not reflected in governmental funds balance sheet	(76,154) (238,570) (217,135) (96,000) (14,616,907) (234,732)		(15,479,498)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$	23,352,181
See accompanying notes to financial statements		*	

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 2,773,785	\$ 705,951	\$-	678,150	\$ 4,157,886
Sales taxes	2,221,697	-	-	-	2,221,697
Special assessments	-	223,940	-	-	223,940
Franchise taxes	200,961	-	-	-	200,961
Intergovernmental revenue	405,562	-	-	578,565	984,128
Licenses and permits	66,382	-	-	-	66,382
Fines and penalties	99,604	-	-	-	99,604
Interest income	4,027	2,631	212	5,569	12,438
Use of property	103,203	-	-	-	103,203
Charges for services and sales	1,776,517	-	-	33,635	1,810,152
Other	171,686	12,812	48,534	278,372	511,404
Total revenues	7,823,425	945,334	48,746	1,574,291	10,391,795
Expenditures					
Current operations:					
General government	1,256,909	9,564	-	748,404	2,014,877
Public safety	5,519,589	-	-	110,190	5,629,779
Public works	-	-	-	2,606,888	2,606,888
Cemetery	161,231	-	-	25,810	187,041
Culture and recreation	1,533,649	-	-	697,506	2,231,156
Health and welfare	31,270	-	-	6,185	37,455
Economic development		-	-	146,271	146,271
Capital Outlay:	-	-	240,044	-	240,044
Debt service:					
Debt principal payments	113,815	6,985,000	-	-	7,098,815
Debt interest payments	7,074	438,045	-	-	445,119
Debt Issuance		32,610		-	32,610
Total expenditures	8,623,537	7,465,219	240,044	4,341,255	20,670,054
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(800,112)	(6,519,885)	(191,298)	(2,766,964)	(10,278,259)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	110,000	1,357,656	1,029,782	3,470,763	5,968,200
Transfers in - Pymts In lieu of franchise fees	2,530,448	-	-	-	2,530,448
Transfers out	(1,320,682)	(3,085,000)	(749,801)	(12,735)	(5,168,219)
Temporary Note Proceeds		8,083,543			8,083,543
	1,319,765	6,356,199	279,980	3,458,028	11,413,972
Net change in fund balances	519,653	(163,686)	88,683	691,064	1,135,713
Fund balances, beginning of year	600,699	454,282	44,375	2,195,665	3,295,021
Prior year adjustment	-	-	-	(148,081)	(148,081)
Government combinations	71,786		·		71,786
Restated Fund balances, beginning of year	672,485	454,282	44,375	2,047,585	3,218,726
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,192,137	\$ 290,596	\$ 133,057	\$ 2,738,648	\$ 4,354,439

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

\$

1.135.713

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Net Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

#### Capital asset transactions

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets, which meet capitalization requirements, is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, capitalization requirements, is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation	2,274,516 (1,024,537)
Net capital asset transactions	1,249,979
Transfers of capital assets from governmental activities to business type actiivities are reported as transfers, whereasin the governmental funds, there is no event to report as there was no outward flow of current financial resources.	
Revenues Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Long-term receivables Special assessments receivables	(12,812) (223,940)
Long-term debt Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-terr liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.	n
General obligation and Temporary Note principal payments	7,098,815
Capital lease payments Long term contractual payments	118,554 32,000
General Obligation Temporary Note Proceeds	(8,083,543)
Reclassification of cash transfers for general obligation debt payments General obligation debt for water utility improvements is recognized as debt in the water utility fund. Under m accrual accounting, the bond and interest fund receives cash transfers from the water fund to make the GO b	
debt payments.	
Accrual of non-current items The amounts below are included in the statement of activities, but do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Net OPEB obligation	(70) (45,909)
Interest payable Deferred Revenue	17,184 (119,821)
	(110,021)
Stormwater drainage fund reclassified as governmental-type activity The stormwater drainage fund is included as a proprietary fund in the Proprietary Funds' Statement of Net Position, and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. It is reclassified as a governmental-type fund for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, defined as a 'public works/stormwater' function.	31,270
Allocation of internal service funds activity Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as management services and insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities	(382,190)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 246,014
See accompanying notes to financial statements	

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#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Original and Final Budget)

	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Amended Budget	
Revenues and other sources:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 2,716,136	2,716,136	\$	2,773,785	\$	57,649
Sales	1,780,000	2,080,000		2,185,608		105,608
Franchise	186,000	186,000		214,363		28,363
Licenses and permits	80,775	80,775		66,382		(14,393)
Intergovernmental	446,454	390,231		390,231		-
Rentals, charges for services and sales	513,200	564,256		684,593		120,338
EMS fees	-	200,000		285,791		85,791
Fines and penalties	131,000	131,000		99,604		(31,396)
Interest earnings	2,500	2,500		4,027		1,527
Miscellaneous	154,800	154,800		154,257		(543)
Payments in lieu of taxes - utilities	2,687,439	2,887,439		2,530,448		(356,991)
Transfers from other funds	75,000	75,000		110,000		35,000
Total revenues and other sources	 8,773,304	9,468,137		9,499,090		30,953
Expenditures and other uses:						
General government:						
Legal	66,150	66,150		71,104		(4,954)
Administrative	1,037,139	1,248,769		1,021,207		227,562
Cemetery maintenance	165,569	165,569		161,231		4,338
Public safety:						
Police department	2,537,633	2,537,633		2,427,203		110,430
Fire/EMS department	1,968,731	2,468,731		2,503,148		(34,417)
Building inspection	323,855	323,855		325,450		(1,595)
Parking	26,302	26,302		7,126		19,176
Culture and recreation:						
City lake	322,917	322,917		285,554		37,363
Park maintenance	814,981	814,981		792,100		22,881
Baden Square	241,352	241,352		222,275		19,077
Aquatic facility	194,059	194,059		160,166		33,893
Transfers to other funds	 1,182,759	1,184,700		1,320,682		(135,982)
Total expenditures and other uses	 8,881,447	9,595,018		9,297,248		297,770
Revenues and other sources over						
(under) expenditures and other uses	(108,143)	(126,881)		201,842		328,723
Unencumbered fund balance, Jan 1	 157,084	157,084		411,913		254,829
Unencumbered fund balance, Dec 31	\$ 48,941	30,203	\$	613,755	\$	583,552

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2014

		Enterprise Funds	
	Electric	Electric	Gas
	Utility	Depreciation	Utility
	Fund	Reserve Fund	Fund
Assets			
Current assets			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,895,966		\$ 584,309
Utility billing receivables, net	2,160,33	1 -	788,314
Accounts receivable, net	87,732	- 2	-
Due from other governments			-
Inventories	1,228,95	5 -	548,204
Total current assets	6,372,98	5 2,658,280	1,920,827
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets			
Land	382,360	- 6	6,303
Buildings and improvements	3,533,772	- 2	540
Improvements other than buildings	28,674,010	) -	6,328,513
Machinery, equipment, other	19,028,75	5 -	928,142
Less accumulated depreciation	(31,908,548	3) -	(2,983,931)
Net capital assets	19,710,35	5 -	4,279,567
Other assets			
Advances to other funds	27,58	7 -	6,645
Investment in joint venture			-
Other investments	11,95	7	-
Total other assets	39,544	<u> </u>	6,645
Total noncurrent assets	19,749,899	9	4,286,212
Total Assets	26,122,884	4 2,658,280	6,207,039

See accompanying notes to financial statements

	Enterpr	ise F	unds				
Water	Wastewater		Other	Total			
Utility	Utility		Enterprise	Enterprise	Internal Service		
 Fund	 Fund		Funds	 Funds		Funds	
\$ 64,788	\$ 318,450	\$	1,174,619	\$ 7,696,411	\$	1,443,556	
205,931	212,835		148,158	3,515,570		22,737	
-	11,635		(517)	98,850		19,482	
-	-		-	-		139,693	
116,049	22,091		38,476	1,953,775		142,964	
386,767	565,011		1,360,736	13,264,606		1,768,432	
8,801	23,355		403,452	824,277		6,500	
1,500,773	5,838,002		574,793	11,447,880		2,120,374	
10,724,171	12,044,954		7,367,632	65,139,280		128,816	
5,378,854	2,721,705		1,762,315	29,819,771		1,948,159	
 (7,481,274)	 (11,160,472)		(4,654,303)	(58,188,528)		(2,564,564)	
10,131,325	9,467,543		5,453,889	49,042,679		1,639,285	
2,970	4,912		7,620	49,734		-	
-	-		39,680	39,680		-	
 	 -		-	 11,957		-	
 2,970	 4,912		47,300	 101,372			
 10,134,295	 9,472,455		5,501,190	 49,144,051		1,639,285	
 10,521,062	 10,037,466		6,861,925	 62,408,657		3,407,717	

(Continued)

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

-	Electric Utility Fund	Enterprise Funds Electric Depreciation Reserve Fund	Gas Utility Fund	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable	1,640,075	\$ 16,191	\$ 832,886	
Current portion of compensated absences pyble Current portion of long-term debt	92,228	_	25,276	
Total current liabilities	1,732,302	16,191	858,162	
Noncurrent liabilities				
Capital Leases	-	-	-	
Temporary Notes	-	-	-	
General obligation bonds	-	-	-	
Accrued compensated absences	50,578	-	19,677	
Net OPEB obligation	82,260	-	27,465	
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	132,838		47,142	
Total liabilities	1,865,140	16,191	905,304	
Net Position				
Invested in capital assets	19,710,355	-	4,279,567	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-	-	-	
Unrestricted	4,547,388	2,642,088	1,022,168	
Total net position	24,257,744	\$ 2,642,088	\$ 5,301,735	
Total liabilities and net position	26,122,884	\$ 2,658,280	\$ 6,207,039	

See accompanying notes to financial statements

			Enterp	rise F	unds					
Water Utility Fund		Jtility Utility		Utility Enterprise		Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds		
\$	187,457	\$	50,422	\$	58,335	\$ 2,785,366	\$	187,954		
	40,097 35,258		7,385 19,355		901 27,052	48,383 199,168		- 111,759		
	446,351		493,665		88,934	1,028,950		-		
	709,163		570,826		175,222	 4,061,867		299,713		
	-		1,594,580		-	1,594,580		-		
	550,000		-		-	550,000		-		
	4,498,093		-		91,673	4,589,766		-		
	3,636		-		31,425	105,315		134,395		
	34,050		28,360		27,235	199,370		117,211		
	-		-		-	 -		70,000		
	5,085,779		1,622,939		150,333	 7,039,031		321,605		
	5,794,941		2,193,766		325,555	 11,100,898		621,318		
	_		-		-	23,989,922		1,639,285		
	4,636,881		7,379,297		3,810,103	15,826,282		-		
	89,240		464,403		2,726,267	 11,491,555		1,147,114		
\$	4,726,121	\$	7,843,700	\$	6,536,370	\$ 51,307,758	\$	2,786,399		
\$	10,521,062	\$	10,037,466	\$	6,861,925	\$ 62,408,656	\$	3,407,717		
		Тс	otal net position			\$ 51,307,758				

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement

of net position are different because certain internal service	e fund
assets and liabilities are included with business-ty	1,389,833

-	
Reclassification of stormwater drainage fund net position	

to governmental activities net position	 (4,003,145)
Net position of business-type activities	\$ 48,694,446

(Concluded)

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Electric	Electric	Gas		
	Utility	Depreciation	Utility		
Operating revenues	Fund	Reserve Fund	Fund		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 29,185,976	\$-	\$ 5,527,015		
Other	146,566		12,485		
Total operating revenues	29,332,542		5,539,500		
Operating expenses					
Services and supplies	26,477,881	-	4,924,445		
Depreciation	954,933	-	21,657		
Total operating expenses	27,432,814		4,946,102		
Operating income (loss)	1,899,728		593,398		
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Investment income	6,819	7,013	3,667		
Loss on joint venture	-	-	-		
Interest expense	-	-	-		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	6,819	7,013	3,667		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,906,547	7,013	597,065		
Capital contributions and transfers:					
Capital contributions	180,259	-	1,946		
Insurance recoveries	-	-	-		
Transfers- payments in lieu of franchise fees	(1,798,870)	-	(525,128)		
Transfers in - cash	30,000	600,628	-		
Transfers out - cash	(750,653)	-	(127,500)		
Transfers in - capital assets	527,616	-	-		
Transfers out - capital assets		(527,616)	<u> </u>		
Change in net position	94,899	80,024	(53,617)		
Total net position - beginning	24,162,845	2,562,064	5,355,353		
Restatement for GASB 65 implementation					
Restated net position - beginning	24,162,845	2,562,064	5,355,353		
Total net position- ending	\$ 24,257,744	\$ 2,642,088	\$ 5,301,735		

See accompanying notes to financial statements

	Total		unds Other	Wastewater		Water					
Internal Service	Enterprise		Enterprise	Utility		Utility					
Funds	Funds		Funds	Fund		Fund					
\$ 3,229,768	\$ 40,831,404	_	1,854,431	\$	\$	2,257,555					
1,788,573	200,411		9,544	9,254		22,561					
5,018,341	41,031,815	_	1,863,975	 2,015,682	· _	2,280,116					
5,663,035	35,585,119		1,751,276	828,793		1,602,722					
126,413	2,305,449		199,763	654,227		474,869					
5,789,449	37,890,568	_	1,951,039	 1,483,021	· _	2,077,592					
(771,108	3,141,247		(87,064)	 532,661		202,525					
4,336	21,850		3,106	1,179		67					
-	(4,699)		(4,699)	-		-					
	(173,179)		(4,388)	(39,741)		(129,050)					
4,336	(156,027)	_	(5,980)	 (38,563)		(128,982)					
(766,771	2,985,220	_	(93,045)	 494,098		73,543					
-	195,159		-	855		12,100					
-	-		-	-		-					
-	(2,530,448)		(83,421)	-		(123,029)					
-	927,153		256,525	-		40,000					
-	(1,066,281)		(52,000)	(100,000)		(36,128)					
-	527,616		-	-		-					
	(527,616)	_	-	 -		-					
(766,771	510,804	_	28,059	 394,952		(33,514)					
3,553,170	50,878,260		6,509,973	7,455,408		4,832,618					
	(81,305)	_	(1,662)	 (6,660)	. <u> </u>	(72,983)					
3,553,170	50,796,955	_	6,508,311	 7,448,748		4,759,635					
\$ 2,786,399	\$ 51,307,759	;	6,536,370	\$ 5 7,843,700	\$	4,726,121					

Decrease in net position, per fund statements	\$	510,804
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the stateme	ent	
of activities are different because the net revenue (expense)	of certain	
internal service funds is reported with business-type activities	S	(386,753)
Reclassification of stormwater drainage fund activities to		
governmental activities		(31,270)
Change In net position of business-type activities	\$	92,780

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

			Enterprise	Fund	5
		Electric Utility Fund	Electric Depreciation eserve Fund		Gas Utility Fund
Cash flows from operating activities			 		
Payments to suppliers	\$	(24,990,742)	\$ -	\$	(4,620,409)
Payments to employees		(1,480,863)	3,476		(430,588)
Payments of claims		-	-		-
Internal activity-receipts from other funds		-	-		-
Receipts from customers		29,271,851	-		5,510,937
Other receipts (expenses)		92,149	 		12,484
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,892,394	 3,476		472,424
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Internal activity-payments in lieu of franchise fees		(1,798,870)	-		(525,128)
Transfers (to) from other funds for debt payments		-	-		-
Transfers (to) from other funds for capital acquisition		(588,900)	563,000		-
Operating subsidies and transfers from (to) other fund	s	(152,768)	37,628		(127,500)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		(2,540,538)	 600,628		(652,628)
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities					
Debt payments - principal		-	-		-
Debt payments - interest		-	-		-
Capital contributions		180,259	-		1,946
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		19,015	-		-
Acquisition of capital assets		(240,992)	 (527,616)		(385)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(41,719)	 (527,616)		1,561
Cash flows from investing activities					
Investment income		6,820	7,013		3,667
Net cash provided from investing activities		6,820	 7,013		3,667
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		316,957	83,500		(174,977)
Balances - beginning of the year					
		2,579,009	 2,574,780		759,286
Balances - end of the year	\$	2,895,966	\$ 2,658,280	\$	584,309

				Ent	erprise Funds						
Water Utility Fund		\\	Wastewater Utility Fund		Utility		Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds	In	ternal Service Funds
\$	(909,275) (538,676)	\$	(354,646) (436,085)	\$	(1,173,850) (517,353)	\$	(32,048,922) (3,400,089)	\$	(3,890,274 (1,758,054		
	-		-		-		-		(62,902		
	-		-		-		-		4,755,267		
	2,257,292		2,008,901		1,780,260		40,829,240		-		
	24,431		17,609		9,367		156,040		273,707		
	833,771	·	1,235,779		98,424		5,536,268		(682,256		
	(123,029)		-		(83,421)		(2,530,448)		-		
			-		(52,000)		(52,000)		-		
	-		(50,000)				(75,900)		-		
	36,128		(50,000)		256,525		13		-		
	(86,901)		(100,000)		121,104		(2,658,334)		-		
	(439,097)		(493,065)		(87,173)		(1,019,335)		-		
	(129,146)		(55,174)		(4,465)		(188,785)		-		
	12,100		855		-		195,159		-		
	5,931		-		-		24,946		-		
	(203,965)		(650,658)		(59,766)		(1,683,382)		(51,801		
	(754,177)		(1,198,041)		(151,404)		(2,671,395)		(51,801		
	67		1,179		3,106		21,851		4,336		
	67		1,179		3,106		21,851		4,336		
	(7,239)		(61,083)		71,231		228,390		(729,721		
	72,027		379,533		1,103,388		7,468,023		2,173,276		
\$	64,788	\$	318,450	\$	1,174,619	\$	7,696,412	\$	1,443,555		
Ψ	0-1,700	Ψ	510,400	Ψ	1,17-1,013	Ψ	1,000,412	Ψ	1,770,000		

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Enterprise Funds				
Electric	Electric	Gas			
Utility	Depreciation	Utility			
Fund	<b>Reserve Fund</b>	Fund			

# Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities

Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,899,728	\$ 	\$	593,398
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	954,933	-		21,657
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Receivables, net	65,716	-		(16,080)
Inventories/ prepaids	(1,703)	-		(461,855)
Compensated absences	20,412	-		3,220
Net OPEB obligations	8,140			740
Accounts and other payables	 (54,831)	 3,475	1	331,344
Total adjustments	 992,667	 3,475		(120,975)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 2,892,394	\$ 3,475	\$	472,424
Noncash Transactions				
Assets contributed from other funds	527,616	-		-
Assets contributed to other funds	-	(527,616)		-
Loss on joint venture	-	-		-
Amortization of premium on bond issuance	-	-		-

See accompanying notes to financial statements

 Water Utility Fund	 Nastewater Utility Fund	erprise Funds Other Enterprise Funds	 Total Enterprise Funds	Inte	ernal Service Funds
\$ 202,525	\$ 532,661	\$ (87,064)	\$ 3,141,247	\$	(771,108)
474,869	654,227	199,762	2,305,449		126,413
2,869	6,102	(10,861)	47,746		6,620
446	5,167	6,530	(451,414)		(25,945)
8,340	960	18,158	51,089		42,821
4,799	5,696	2,522	21,897		21,428
 139,923	 30,966	 (30,623)	 420,254		(82,486)
 631,246	 703,118	 185,488	 2,395,020		88,851
\$ 833,771	\$ 1,235,779	\$ 98,424	\$ 5,536,267	\$	(682,257)
			507.040		
-	-	-	527,616		-
-	-	-	(527,616) (4,699)		-
- 3,880	-	(4,699)	(4,699 <i>)</i> 3,880		-
5,000	-	-	3,000		-

(Concluded)

# **CITY OF WINFIELD**

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Agency Funds
Assets Pooled cash and investments Other receivables	92,102 110,642
Total assets	202,744
Liabilities Accounts payable Total liabilities	<u>202,744</u> 202,744
Net Position	\$ -

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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# CITY OF WINFIELD, KANSAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Winfield, Kansas was founded in 1869. Located in the northern half of Cowley County, Winfield has a population of 12,333 living within an area of 12 square miles. The City operates under a charter adopted February 2, 1873, and a Commission/Manager form of government.

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's combined financial statements include the account of all City operation. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can use and be sued in their own name)
- the City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the City is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City of Winfield has two discretely presented component units. The discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

#### 1) Discretely Presented Component Units

*Winfield Public Library* - operates the City's public library. The library has its own financing levy under Kansas Statues, and the Library tax levy is included in the total City tax levy. Library tax distributions are paid to the City, and the City in turn distributes to the Library. The City appoints all Library Board members, and the City must approve acquisition or disposition of real property by the Library Board.

*Winfield Housing Authority* - operates the City's housing projects. The City created the Winfield Housing Authority as its agent in 1978, under K.S.A 17-2340. The City appoints all board members and has the ability to impose its will on Winfield Housing Authority. Although the City does not have the authority to approve or modify the Housing Authority's operational and capital budgets, and the Housing Authority has the authority to issue bonded debt, the City is fiscally responsible for the Housing Authority, since it was created as an agent of the City. The City has delegated to the Housing Authority the power to operate and manage the low-rent housing projects of the City. The Housing Authority is on a June 30 fiscal year end. Data included in these financial statements are for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

Both component units of the City are considered to be non-major funds. Complete separately issued financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices listed below:

Winfield Public Library<br/>605 CollegeWinfield Housing Authority<br/>1417 Pine TerraceWinfield, KS 67156Winfield, KS 67156

### 2) Joint Ventures

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement (or interlocal agreement) and is owned, operated or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control. The participants retain (a) an on-going financial interest or, (b) an on-going financial responsibility. The City participates in the following joint ventures:

Strother Field Airport and Industrial Park – The Cities of Winfield and Arkansas City, Kansas entered into an interlocal agreement to create the Strother Field Airport and Industrial Park. Three commissioners from both cities comprise the Strother Field governing body. The two cities jointly own Strother Field. The cities provide no financial support to Strother Field. Separate audited financial statements are available from Strother Field Airport and Industrial Park, P.O. Box 747, Winfield, KS 67156.

*Cowley County Humane Society Interlocal Agreement-* The Cities of Winfield and Arkansas City, Kansas entered into an interlocal agreement to jointly operate and fund the animal shelter. The purpose of this agreement is to provide for the continuity for the use of the Cowley County Humane Society to temporarily house, care and disperse unwanted or stray animals. Each City and the Society shall continue to have equal one-third (1/3) ownership interest in the shelter facility. Records and reporting are maintained by the Humane Society. The City of Winfield will contribute \$30,000 annually to the operations of the shelter and will continue to have an ongoing financial interest in the organization. Additionally, the City will contribute \$2,000 annually for capital improvements. Unaudited Financial statements are available from Cowley County Humane Society, 7468 222<sup>nd</sup> Rd., Winfield, KS 67156.

*Arkansas City/Winfield Recycling Center* – The Cities of Winfield and Arkansas City, Kansas entered into an interlocal agreement to jointly purchase and operate a recycling center. Additionally, the City of Winfield offers single stream recycling to Winfield residents. Records are maintained by the City of Winfield; both cities share equally in the costs and recycling revenues. No separate financial statements are prepared for this joint venture. Further financial information can be obtained through the City of Winfield, 200 E. 9<sup>th</sup> Ave, Winfield, KS 67156. Below is a summary of 2014 revenues and expenses for the recycling center.

Recycling revenues	\$ 40,557
Recycling expenses	46,082
Depreciation expense	1,438

## 3) Related Organizations

A related organization is an organization for which a primary government is accountable because that government appoints a voting majority of the Board, but is not financially accountable.

*William Newton Memorial Hospital* – The City Commission is responsible for appointing the Board members of the Hospital, but the City's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making appointments.

#### A1. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reorted discretely from the legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

*The statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position, which is one method to measure the City's financial condition. An increase or decrease in the City's net position from one year to the next indicates whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include [1] charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and [2] grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for the agency funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual that is when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due.

Property taxes are budgeted to finance the subsequent year's operations and, consequently, are not susceptible to accrual. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Special assessments receivable that are not due within the current fiscal period and not susceptible to accrual are recorded as deferred revenue. Sales taxes and other taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Unrestricted aid is reported as revenue in the fiscal year during which the entitlement is received. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the principal fund of the City that accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The majority of current operating expenditures of the City, other than proprietary fund activities, are financed through revenues received by the General fund. Its revenues consist primarily of taxes, investment income, licenses and permits, intergovernmental shared revenues, charges for services, fines, and payments in lieu of taxes from both City-owned and external utilities. General fund expenditures represent the general administration costs of government, and public safety (fire, police, and buildings inspection), parks and recreational facilities, and cemetery maintenance.

The <u>Debt Service fund</u> accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The <u>Capital Improvements fund</u> accounts for many of the major capital improvements of the City (other than those financed in proprietary funds), financed primarily through one-half of the local sales tax revenues, issuance of general obligation bonds, and other City transfers.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The <u>Electric Utility fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's electric generation and distributions system. The City purchases electricity, and maintains a 65 KW generation capacity. Electric service is provided to more than 7,398 meters both within the City and in surrounding areas, and sold wholesale to a neighboring city.

The <u>Gas Utility fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's gas distribution system. The City purchases natural gas, and provides service to approximately 5,070 meters.

The <u>Water Utility fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water treatment plant and the water distribution system. The Winfield City Lake provides an adequate quality water supply of water to Winfield citizens, providing water to approximately 5,000 meters. The City also provides access to water for five rural water districts and one neighboring town.

The <u>Wastewater Utility fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater collection system and wastewater treatment plant. The City collects and treats effluent of City residents, providing service throughout the City to approximately 5,000 households.

The City also reports the following fund types:

<u>Permanent funds</u> are used to report an endowment restricted to the perpetual care of municipal cemeteries.

<u>Capital project funds</u> are used to account financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

<u>Internal service funds</u> are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis and to account for the City's self-insurance activities.

<u>Agency funds</u> are used to report resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations or other governments. The City has four agency funds – Sales tax: to collect and pass through sales taxes, Payroll claims: to collect and pass through payroll related liabilities and taxes, Fire Insurance Proceeds: to collect and pass through fire insurance recoveries and Flex Medical Fund to collect and pass through flexible benefit contributions.

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the City has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes between the City's enterprise funds and the general fund. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advanced to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the new amount is included as internal balances in the business type activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included as internal balances in the business type activities column. The City did not have a formal policy on removing internal activity on the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include [1] charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, [2] operating grants and contributions, and [3] capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these criteria are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## C. Pooled Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash resources of the individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and temporary investments. In addition to City-owned checking accounts, investments of the pooled accounts consist primarily of certificates of deposits. Interest income is allocated to the appropriate funds, based on the ratio of each individual fund cash balance to the total cash balance. The City has no formally adopted investment or credit risk policy although the City's primary objective of investment activities are in order of priority; safety, liquidity, and rate of return. The City follows Kansas law (K.S.A. 12-1675 – 12-1677) which allows monies not otherwise regulated by statute to be invested in:

- Time deposits, open accounts, or certificates of deposits with maturities of not more than four years
- Repurchase agreements with commercial banks, or State or federally chartered savings and loan associations
- United States treasury bills or notes with maturities not exceeding four years
- U.S. government agency securities with a maturity of not more than four years
- The municipal investment pool fund operated by the Kansas Treasurer. This pool is not an SEC registered pool. The Pooled Money Investment Board (PMIB) provides the regulatory oversight for this pool. The fair value of the PMIB investments approximates the value of pool shares

City manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by requiring that maturities be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector and that that investments be sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements which may be reasonably anticipated.

## D. Property Taxes and Other Receivables

In accordance with State statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10 of the ensuing year. State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1 of the ensuing year. Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, the taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. At December 31, such taxes are a lien on the property and are recorded as taxes receivable, net of anticipated delinquencies, with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred revenue on the balance sheet of the appropriate funds. It is not practicable to apportion delinquent taxes held by the County Treasurer at the end of the year and, further, the amounts thereof are not material in relationship to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Recognized State-shared taxes represent payments received during the current fiscal period, and amounts collected or due to the State on behalf of the City at year-end.

Federal and state grant aid is reported as revenue when the related reimbursable expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted aid is reported as revenue in the fiscal year the entitlement is received.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advanced from other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in the governmental activities and business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

## E. Revenue Recognition for Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds follow the policy of recognizing revenue on sales when services are rendered. The electric, gas, water, refuse, wastewater, and storm water drainage utilities recognize revenues for unbilled services. All users, including other City departments, are charged for services provided by the respective proprietary funds. Account receivable represent uncollected charges (both billed and unbilled) at December 31, net of amounts estimated to be uncollectible.

#### F. Special assessments receivable

State statutes require projects financed in part by special assessments to be financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds, which are secured by the full faith, and credit of the City. Special assessments paid prior to the issuance of general obligation bonds are recorded as revenue in the appropriate project. Special assessments received after the issuance of general obligation bonds are recorded as revenue in the debt service fund. State statutes allow levying additional ad valorem property taxes in the City's debt service fund to finance delinquent special assessments receivable, if necessary. Special assessments receivable are accounted for within the debt service fund. Special assessments are levied over a ten-year period and the annual installments are due and payable with annual ad valorem property taxes. Delinquent assessments against property benefited by special assessments constitute a lien against such property. When assessments are two years in arrears, they may be collected by foreclosure. At December 31, the special assessment taxes levied are a lien on the property and are recorded as special assessments receivable in the debt service fund with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred revenue.

#### G. Inventories, Advances, and Prepaid Expenses

As a general rule, inventories and prepaid expenses that benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the proprietary fund types, are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value, cost being determined by the average unit cost method. Prepaids are valued at cost.

#### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500, and dependent on the type of asset. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

With the implementation of GASB Statement 34, the City has recorded all its public domain (infrastructure) capital assets placed in service after January 1, 1980, which includes roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During 2014, the City had no net interest costs subject to capitalization.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. For proprietary funds, interest costs incurred to bring certain assets to the condition and location necessary for their intended use are capitalized as part of the historical cost of acquiring the assets.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

For all funds:	Asset Buildings and improvements Equipment Vehicles Meters	Life (Years) 40-50 5-15 8 20-30
Specific to governmental a	ctivities:	
	Asphalt and concrete streets	40-50
	Sidewalks and curb/gutter	40-50
	Park/recreational infrastructure	20-30
Specific to business-type a	ctivities:	
Electric utility	Electric generation plants	30-35
-	Transformers	15-20
	Electric poles	25
	Conductors/related equipment	35

Gas utility	Gas lines/infrastructure	40-75
Water utility	Water treatment plant Water lines/infrastructure	30-50 30-65
Sewer utility	Sewer lines/ infrastructure Life stations	50-75 25

Capital assets not being depreciated include land and construction in progress.

### I. Payments in Lieu of Franchise Fees

The electric, gas, water, and refuse utilities pay monthly in lieu of franchise fees monthly to the general fund, in amounts ranging from 4% to 6.9% of gross sales. The 'payments in lieu of' mirror the payments in lieu of assessed to external utilities providing services within the City, such as telephone and cable services, and are reflected as interfund transfers in the financial statements, in accordance with GASB-S34: 112b (1).

#### J. Compensated Absences

- 1) Vacation All permanent full-time employees of the City are eligible for vacation benefits. Employees with less than ten years employment service for the City have vacation days accumulated at the rate of one day for each month of employment, with a maximum of eighteen days. If employed ten years or more, the rate is one-and-a-half days per month, with a maximum of twenty-four days. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.
- 2) Sick Leave Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of one day per month, regardless of the length of employment, with the accumulated carryover not to exceed ninety days. Accumulated sick leave is not paid to employees separating from service, prior to retirement. No liability is reported in the financial statements of accrued sick leave, unless an employee in entitled to the payout due to retirement.
- 3) Sick Leave Reserve Employees who have accrued the maximum ninety days of sick leave are eligible to accrue sick leave in a reserve account. Reserve sick leave is credited for 25% of each eight hours sick leave that would have accrued have the ninety days maximum accrual not been reached. There is no maximum as to the number of reserve sick leave hours that may be accumulated, and sick leave reserve hours accumulated by employees eligible for retirement are reflected as accrued liabilities in the financial statements.
- 4) Sick Leave Bonus Any permanent full time employee who has reached the maximum ninety days sick leave accrual is eligible for the annual sick leave bonus program. For each pay period that an employee begins and ends with ninety days maximum accrued sick leave, they accrue one hour's pay at the regular rate of pay. This bonus is paid out to those employees annually.

#### K. Statement of Cash Flows

The reporting entity defines cash and cash equivalents used in the statement of cash flows as all cash and temporary investments (both restricted and unrestricted).

#### L. Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires making estimates and assumptions that affect: [1] the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, [2] disclosures such as contingencies, and [3] the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses included in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## M. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements Affecting Financial Statements

As of December 31, 2014, the Governmental Accounting Standards board (GASB) had issued the following statements but have not been implemented by the City. These GASB statements that may impact the City include:

GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions- *an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*", was issued in June 2012. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions, including entities that participate in cost-sharing

multiple-employer plans. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equipment arrangements that meet certain criteria. Also, this statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For example, cost-sharing employers participating in KPERS, such as the City of Winfield, will be required to record their proportionate share, as defined in Statement No. 68, of the KPERS unfunded pension liability. While management of the City has not yet estimated their share of the KPERS liability, it is presumed that the amount will be material to the City's financial statements. The provisions of this statement are effective for the financial statements for City's fiscal year ending December 30, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date- an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68", was issued in November 2013. The objective of this statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Under Statement 68, if it is not practical for an employer or nonemployer contributing entity to determine the amounts of all deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, paragraph 137 of Statement 68 required that beginning balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources not be reported. This statement amends paragraph 137 of Statement 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. The provisions of this statement should be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement 68.

GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", was issued in February 2015. The objective of this statement is to address financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The provisions of this statements are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans" was issued June 2015. This statement replaces Statements No 43, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans, as amended", and No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans". It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, "Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended", Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures". The statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with OPEB, as well as for certain nonemployer governments that have a legal obligation to provide financial support for OPEB provided to the employees of other entities. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" was issued June 2015. This statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", as amended, and No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans", for OPEB. It establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments", was issued in June 2015. This statement supersedes Statement No. 55, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments". The statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatements", was issued in August 2015. The statement requires disclosure of tax abatement information about (1) a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2016.

# N. Implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements Affecting Financial Statements dated December 31, 2014.

Newly implemented in these financial statements are the requirements of GASB statement No. 69, "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations", was issued in January 2013. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. As used in this statement, the term government combinations includes a variety of transactions referred to as mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. The distinction between a government merger and a government acquisition is based upon whether an exchange of significant consideration is present within the combination transaction. Government mergers include combinations of legally separate entities without the exchange of significant consideration. This statement requires the use of carrying values to measure the assets and liabilities in a government merger. Conversely, government acquisitions are transactions in which a government acquires another entity, or its operations, in exchange for significant consideration. This statement requires measurements of assets acquired and liabilities assumed generally to be based upon their acquisition values. This statement also provides guidance for transfers of operations that do not constitute entire legally separate entities and in which no significant consideration is exchanged. This statement defines the term operations for purposes of determining the applicability of this Statement and requires the use of carrying values to measure the assets and liabilities in a transfer of operations. A disposal of a government's operations results in the removal of specific activities of a government. This statement provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for disposals of government operations that have been transferred or sold. This statement requires disclosures to be made about government combinations and disposals of government operation to enable financial statement users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of those transactions. The City of Winfield implemented GASB 69 for financial statements dated December 31, 2014.

The City has also implemented GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", that establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. GASB 65 requires bond issuance costs to be expensed when incurred rather than being reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

#### 2. Government Combination

On July 1, 2014, the city of Winfield acquired Winfield Area Emergency Management Services (WAEMS) pursuant to an agreement between the City of Winfield and the William Newton Memorial Hospital, where both parties agreed it was in the best interest of the service to be combined with other public safety services. WAEMS ceased to exist as a separate organization at that time. The City of Winfield will continue the WAEMS ambulance services as a function of the fire department, part of the City of Winfield general fund. The merger included all of the assets, liabilities, equity and operations of WAEMS, effective 12:01 am July 1, 2014. WAEMS was a discrete component unit of the City prior to the merger. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 69 (GASB No. 69), the City is treating the event as a government merger, where one legally separate government (WAEMS) ceases to exist and their operations are absorbed into, and provided by a continuing government (City). The City recognizes the assets, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities, and results of operations of WAEMS for the reporting period in which the combination occurs as though the entities had been combined at the beginning of the City's reporting period. January 1, 2014. Therefore, the revenues and expenses of WAEMS for the period January 1, 2014 through June 30, 2014, are included in the City's Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (modified accrual), and the City's Statement of Activities (full accrual), net of any transactions between the entities in that time period.

Below is a summary of the WAEMS activity (January - June 2014) included in the City's 2014 financial statements:

	-	tatement Activities
Revenues	\$	413,119
Expenses		(447,411)
Net change		(34,292)
Less City funds received by WAEMS		(131,500)
Net activity	\$	(165,792)

	Governmental Funds		
	Statement of Revenues,		
	Expenditures, and Changes		
	in Fund Balances		
Revenues	\$ 435,500		
Expenses	(458,236)		
Net change	(22,736)		
Less City funds received by WAEMS	(131,500)		
Net activity	\$ (154,236)		

The net position of \$180,948 is reflected as a 'government combination' and added to the beginning net position on the City's Statement of Activities. The fund balance of \$71,786 is reflected as a 'government combination' and added to the beginning fund balance on the City's Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

Below is a summary of the WAEMS Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2013:

	S	tatement
		of Net
	F	Position
Cash	\$	57,364
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		157,262
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		49,372
Total assets		263,998
Current liabilities		83,050
Net investment in capital assets		49,372
Unrestricted net position		131,576
Net position, December 31, 2013	\$	180,948
	Gov	ernmental
		Funds
	Bala	ance Sheet
Cash	\$	57,364
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		157,262
Total assets		214,626
Current liabilities		57,295
Deferred inflows of revenues		85,545
Deferred inflows of revenues Total liabilities		142,840
	\$	

### 3. Budgetary Control

Applicable Kansas Statutes require that annual budgets be legally adopted for all funds (including proprietary funds) unless exempted by a specific statute. Funds exempted from legally adopted budgets include all capital project funds (including capital projects of proprietary funds); three special revenue funds: the grants and contributions fund, the energy manager grant fund, and the equipment reserve fund; the electric depreciation reserve fund; all agency and fiduciary funds; and five internal service funds: the A/R financing fund, risk management reserve fund. Controls over spending in funds that are not subject to legal budgets are maintained by the use of internal spending limits established by management, federal regulations, or other statutes. K.S.A. 79-2926 et seq. provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- [1] Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1 of each year.
- [2] Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5 of each year. A minimum of ten days' notice of public hearing, published in local newspaper, on or before August 15 of each year.
- [3] Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25 of each year.

K.S.A. 79-2927 requires that all money to be raised by taxation and from all other sources for the ensuing budget year must be appropriated. The law does not permit an appropriation for sundry or miscellaneous purposes in excess of ten percent of the total. The budget for each fund with tax levies may include a non-appropriated balance not to exceed five percent of the total of each fund.

Kansas statutes prohibit creating expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. In accordance with Kansas statutes, the legal level of control for the City is established at the individual fund level, also permitting the transfer of budgeted amounts from one object or purpose to another within the same fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the year, except for outstanding encumbrances, which carryover to the following fiscal year. Kansas statutes permit original budgets to be increased for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. The City must first publish a notice of hearing to amend the budget. Ten days after publication, a public hearing is held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. Budgetary data presented in the financial statements represent the original budgeted amounts, and reflect any revised budgeted amounts in a separate column. The City had budget revisions for eight funds in 2014.

#### 4. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation – General Fund

Budgets are prepared on a basis (budgetary basis) different from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). For budgeting, revenues are recognized when received. Expenditures include cash disbursements, payables, and encumbrances (purchases orders, contracts, and other commitments). Encumbrances are reflected as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP) as opposed to the equivalent of expenditures (budgetary). Adjustments necessary to convert the net change in fund balances and the ending fund balances from GAAP basis to budgetary basis for the general fund is as follows:

	2014 t change in d balance
	\$ 519,653
Accrued revenue:	
December 31, 2014	(472,965)
December 31, 2013	156,271
Encumbrances:	
December 31, 2014	(13,367)
December 31, 2013	12,250
Advances to other funds	
December 31, 2014	(20,265)
December 31, 2013	 20,265
	\$ 201,842

### 5. Fund Balance Deficits

At December 31, 2014, fund balance deficits were as follows:

	Deficit
Capital Projects Fund	
Water Plant Improvements	(10,530)
East 9th resurfacing	(36,193)

Fund Balance

The Winfield Recreation Improvements fund, Water Plant Improvements, and the East Ninth Resurfacing capital projects were created as part of the 2013 and 2014 temporary note issues. The City has authority to issue bonds on these projects. At December 31, 2014, these projects were complete.

#### 6. Prior period adjustments

Below is a summary of prior year adjustments recorded for correction of errors found, that affect the beginning fund balances and net position:

A. Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

- 1) The Geometric Klink Main Street Capital Project Fund beginning fund balance was increased \$835, to correct an overstated expense from the prior year.
- 2) The EMS Ambulance Capital Project Fund beginning fund balance was decreased \$148,916. The 2013 activity in the Statement did not reflect a capital expenditure of \$148,916 and the offsetting liability of \$148,916.
- B. Budgeted Enterprise Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
  - 1) The correct Electric fund unencumbered fund balance at December 31, 2013 was \$682,196. The 2013 schedule incorrectly reported the unencumbered fund balance as \$596,850. The prior year adjustment amounted to \$85,346.
  - 2) The correct Gas fund unencumbered fund balance at December 31, 2013 was \$257,639. The 2013 schedule incorrectly reported the unencumbered fund balance as \$257,749. The prior year adjustment amounted to a negative \$110.
- C. Statement of Activities
  - Public works expenses, for governmental activities, were understated by \$148,081 on the Statement of Activities for 2013. The prior year adjustment reduces the beginning net position for the governmental activities
  - 2) The component units beginning net position at December 31, 2013 was understated \$7,029, which was an error in the 2013 report preparation.

#### 7. Restatement of Equities

Note 1.O. refers to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65. GASB No. 65 requires the accounting change to be applied retroactively by restating financial statements, if practical. If not practical, the cumulative effect of the Statement application is to be reported as a restatement of beginning net position.

On the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, the City has restated the beginning net position for three proprietary funds for those remaining amounts of unamortized issuance costs at the end of 2013, listed below:

## Major Enterprise Funds

Water Fund	\$	72,983
Wastewater Fund	_	6,660
Total	\$	79,643

# Nonmajor Enterprise Fund

Stormwater Drainage Fund \$ 1,662

On the Statement of Activities, the City has restated the beginning net position for governmental activities for the remaining amount of unamortized issuance costs at the end of 2013 in the amount of \$90.525, reducing net position by that amount. The business-type activities were restated by \$79,643 for the unamortized issuance costs, reducing net position by that amount.

### 8. Compliance with Kansas Statues

The City of Winfield management is aware of one instance of noncompliance with Kansas statutes during the year ended December 31, 2014. Per K.S.A. 12-1608, the Treasurer of each City of the first or second class shall publish or cause to be published in a newspaper a statement showing the total amount received into each fund and the total amount expended from each fund and the cash balances of each fund at the beginning and close of each quarter within 30 days after the quarter ending in March, June, September and December of each year. Such quarterly statements shall show the amount of outstanding registered warrants, temporary notes, bonds and all other obligations and liabilities of the city. Fourth quarter 2014 financial statements were not published in the local newspaper as required.

#### 9. Pooled Cash Deposits and Investments

At year end, the reporting entity's deposits and investments were comprised of the following:

	(	Cash Held by Primary Government		Component Units		Total
Cash on hand	\$	3,225	\$	-	\$	3,225
Bank deposits	Ψ	12,559,135	Ψ	1,071,949	Ψ	13,631,084
Total	\$	12,562,360	\$	1,071,949	\$	13,634,309
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: General fund					\$	838,990
Capital Projects fund						1,260,875
Capital improvements fund						134,680
Special revenue funds						825,995
Debt service fund						313,751
Permanent fund						6,000 7 656 011
Enterprise funds Internal service funds						7,656,011
Internal service lunus						1,433,957
Total pooled cash and investments						12,470,258
Enterprise funds - restricted						
Total primary government						12,470,258
Fiduciary funds						92,102
Component units						1,064,701
Fiduciary funds of component units						7,248
Grand Total					\$	13,634,309

#### Custodial Credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's policy is to collateralize the demand deposits with securities held by the financial institution's agent and in the City's name. At December 31, 2014, the City's deposits were insured by federal depository insurance and uninsured deposits were fully collateralized in accordance with the City's policy.

#### Collateral

Below is a comparison of the City's deposits balances to banks' collateral amounts at December 31, 2014:

Market value of securities, held as collateral by banks' third party trustees	\$ 15,602,234
FDIC coverage	750,000
Total coverage	16,352,234
Total City cash deposits, per bank	12,593,151
Excess coverage, December 31, 2014	\$ 3,759,083

#### Investments

State laws (K.S.A. 12-1675—12-1677) allow monies, not otherwise regulated by statute, to be invested in:

- a. Temporary notes of the City of Winfield
- b. Time deposits, open accounts or certificates of deposits with maturities of not more than four years
- c. Repurchase agreements with commercial banks, state or federally chartered savings and loan associations, which have offices located in the City
- d. U.S. treasury bills or notes with maturities not exceeding four years
- e. U.S. government-agency securities with a maturity of not more than four years that do not have any more interest rate risk than U.S. government obligations or similar maturities
- f. The municipal investment pool fund operated by the State Treasurer

State law (K.S.A. 10-131) allows investment of the proceeds of bonds and temporary notes in the following, in addition to those stated above:

- g. U.S. Government and agency obligations
- h. Time deposits with banks and trust companies
- i. FNMA, FHLB and FHLMC obligations
- j. Collateralized repurchase agreements
- k. Mutual funds with portfolios consisting entirely of obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. Government agencies, FNMA, FHLB, and FHLMC
- I. Certain Kansas municipal bonds

#### Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment option types are very limited, which inherently reduces credit risk. State statutes do not address concentration of credit risk. The City invests monies based on highest interest rate bids from local banking institutions. Below is a summary of the City's investments at December 31, 2014:

Investment Type	Amount	Percentage
Collateralized Time deposits	\$7,901,664	100%

#### Interest Rate Risk

Through its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by requiring that maturities be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector, and that the investment portfolio remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements which might reasonably be anticipated.

As of December 31, 2014, the City's investments portfolio had the following investments and maturities:

		6 months	6 to 12	12 to 24
Investment Type	Total	or less	months	months
Cash and Time Deposits	\$7,901,664	\$2,401,664	\$4,000,000	\$1,500,000

#### 10. Receivables

### A. Utility Receivables

The City operates six utilities. Below is a summary of the utility receivables at December 31, 2014:

	F	Utility Receivables	for u	ss provision uncollectible accounts	Net Utility Receivables
Electric utility	\$	2,500,756	\$	(340,425)	\$ 2,160,331
Gas utility		888,280		(99,966)	788,314
Water utility		243,411		(37,480)	205,931
Refuse utility		154,506		(24,202)	130,304
Wastewater utility		248,399		(35,563)	212,835
Stormwater utility		20,832		(2,977)	 17,855
Total utility receivables, net of provision for uncollectible accounts	\$	4,056,184	\$	(540,614)	\$ 3,515,570

The total bad debt expense on utility receivables for the fiscal year 2014 amounted to \$101,222, and is allocated to the utility funds in proportion to their utility receivable balances.

#### B. Other Receivables

Miscellaneous accounts receivable are recorded at the full value of services provided. A provision for uncollectible accounts is established for all uncollected balances over one year old. For ambulance services billings, accounts are routinely settled for amounts less than the full rate as a result of negotiated contracts with third-party payers (insurance companies, Medicare). The provision for contractual adjustments is set up to reflect anticipated reductions of those payments. The City has estimated the provision for contractual adjustments and the provision for uncollectible accounts based on the January – June 2014 experience history of the ambulance service billings under Winfield Area Emergency Management Services (see note 1.A.4). The City has contracted with Mediclaims Inc, a third party provider of medical billing services, to process all the ambulance billings and collections.

Below is a summary of the accounts receivables in the governmental funds:

	A	cellaneous accounts eceivable	Less provision for uncollectible accounts		for	s provision contractul justments	A	Net cellaneous .ccounts eceivable
General fund - miscellaneous ambulance services	\$	55,255 770,577	\$	(15,215) (78,599)	\$	- (385,289)	\$	40,040 306,689
Total general fund		825,832		(93,814)		(385,289)		346,729
Nonmajor special revenue funds		58,479		(25,345)		-		33,134
Total	\$	884,311	\$	(119,159)	\$	(385,289)	\$	379,863

## C. Long-term Receivables

The City entered in several interlocal agreements in prior years with other local governmental entities, related to debt financing and repayment arrangements. The City included project costs of these entities in general obligation bond issues, and the interlocal agreements provide for repayment of the principal, interest, and issuance costs to the City over set time periods. These receivables are included in governmental activities of the "Statement of Net Position". Because the receivables are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current fiscal year, they are not reflected in the debt service fund in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Below is a summary of the receivables as of December 31, 2014.

	P	Total ayments	Sol	uthwestern	-	trother ield Ind	N	Vinfield
	1	Due	000	College		Park		SD #465
		Due		College		Taik		3D # <del>4</del> 03
2015		32,812		10,000		6,435		16,377
2016		26,377		10,000		-		16,377
2017		26,377		10,000		-		16,377
2018		6,378		-		-		6,378
	\$	91,944	\$	30,000	\$	6,435	\$	55,509

[1] Southwestern College is a private liberal arts four year institution.

[2] Strother Field Industrial Park is jointly owned by the City, with the City of Arkansas City, described further in note 1.A.3.

[3] Winfield USD #465 is the local school district.

#### D. Economic Development Loan Receivable

In January 2011, the City sold Baden Hall, an unoccupied building, to Baden Hall Limited Partnership (developer) for \$1. The building was rehabilitated and developed into a 24-unit residential rental property for households with low and moderate income. In addition, the City agreed to a 30-year no-interest loan of \$248,000 to the developer. The contract was structured to require no loan payments until the end of the thirty years. The loaned funds consist of prior years' private donations to the "Baden Hall Preservation Committee for the Preservation and Renovation of Baden Hall". Because the loaned funds are not available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal year, there is a corresponding liability is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources in the general fund.

# 11. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. In accordance with Kansas statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1st of each year. Consequently, for revenue recognition, the taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. These taxes are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. Similarly, special assessment taxes are levied over a 10 to 20 year period. The taxes levied are a lien on the property and are recorded as special assessments receivable in the debt service fund with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. Below is a summary of the deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds.

Fund	U	navailable
Property taxes receivable		
General	\$	2,433,781
Debt Service		610,330
Other Governmental		582,871
Special assessments receivable		
General		83,038
Debt Service		2,118,908
Unearned revenues		
General		248,000
Debt Service		91,944
Total	\$	6,168,872

# 12. Changes in Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2014 was as follows:

		Balance, January 1	Capit	al Acquisitions	Di	spositions	Transfers/ classifications	C	Balance, lecember 31
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets, not being depre	ciate	d:							
Land	\$	1,906,714	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (3,251)	\$	1,903,463
Construction in progress		103,663		-		-	(60,051)		43,612
Total capital assets, not being							 		
depreciated	\$	2,010,377	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (63,302)	\$	1,947,075
Capital assets, being depreciate	ed:								
Buildings	\$	10,763,293	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (1,044,977)	\$	9,718,316
Other improvements/infrastructu	re	25,838,579		1,892,005		-	(79,621)		27,650,963
Machinery and equipment		10,000,886		956,598		(106,264)	(921,023)		9,930,197
Total capital assets, being depreciat	ed	46,602,758		2,848,603		(106,264)	 (2,045,621)		47,299,476
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		(4,094,923)		(218,949)		-	501,276		(3,812,596)
Infrastructure		(5,713,150)		(561,231)		-	31,860		(6,242,521)
Machinery and equipment		(8,283,182)		(948,471)		183,313	729,011		(8,319,329)
Less accumulated depreciation		(18,091,255)		(1,728,651)		183,313	 1,262,147		(18,374,446)
Total capital assets, being				<u>_</u>			 		
depreciated, net	\$	28,511,503	\$	1,119,952	\$	77,049	\$ (783,474)	\$	28,925,030

		Balance January 1	Additions	Deletions	Re	Transfers/ eclassifications	Balance December 31
Business activities:	_				_		
Capital assets, not being depred	ciate	d:					
Land	\$	827,527	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 827,527
Construction in Progress		-	-	-		-	-
Total capital assets, not being							
depreciated	\$	827,527	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 827,527
Capital assets, being depreciate	d:						
Buildings	\$	11,310,765	\$ 133,865	\$ -	\$	1,063,437	\$ 12,508,067
Other improvements/infrastructur	e	59,959,827	1,033,104	(561,320)		64,223	60,495,834
Machinery and equipment		29,047,793	890,579	(207,103)		963,717	30,694,986
Total capital assets, being depreciate	ed	100,318,385	 2,057,548	 (768,423)		2,091,377	 103,698,887
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(7,386,426)	(409,094)	-		(501,276)	(8,296,796)
Infrastructure		(28,120,104)	(1,312,027)	411,845		(31,863)	(29,052,149)
Machinery and equipment		(20,000,845)	(947,816)	355,775		(712,970)	(21,305,856)
		(55,507,375)	 (2,668,937)	 767,620		(1,246,109)	 (58,654,801)
Total capital assets, being							 
depreciated, net	\$	44,811,010	\$ (611,389)	\$ (803)	\$	845,268	\$ 45,044,086

## 13. Depreciation Allocations

Depreciation expense in 2014 was charged to function/programs of the primary government, as follows:

General government Public safety	\$ 416,516 238,863 798,888 7,724
Public safety	798,888
Public works	7 704
Cemetery	1,124
Cutlure and recreation	266,660
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,728,651
Business-type activities: Electric Gas Water Refuse Wastewater Golf course	1,255,129 132,909 474,869 71,732 675,520 58,778
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,668,937

### 14. Capital Projects

At December 31, 2014, the City had the following major improvement/construction projects in progress:

	Amount Authorized		Expenditures Project To-Date		Construction Commitments at 12-31-14	
[a] Geometric Main St.	\$	735,000	\$	53,739	\$	33,461
[b] 2015 KLINK	\$	150,000		7,976	\$	1,898
[c] Stewart Street Improvements	\$	1,700,000		1,522,104	\$	-
[d] Golf Course Pump Station	\$	50,000	\$	37,500	\$	37,500
[e] Library Parking Lot	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	-
[f] Water Treatment Plant Line	\$	150,000	\$	145,530	\$	-
[g] East Ninth Resurfacing Street Project	\$	150,000	\$	186,193	\$	-
[h] 2014 Temporary Note Equipment	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	-
[i] Gottlob Business Park	\$	4,410,000	\$ 3	3,827,936	\$	-
[j] Vaughn Tennis Courts	\$	802,818	\$	873,548	\$	-
[k] Winfield Recreation Improvements	\$	735,000	\$	502,113	\$	-
[I] EMS ambulanace	\$	150,000	\$	148,916	\$	-
[m] 2013 Temporary Note Equipment	\$	479,411	\$	479,411	\$	-

#### 15. General Obligation Temporary Notes Series 2014-1

Kansas law permits the issuance of temporary notes to finance certain capital improvement projects which will be refinanced with general obligation bonds. Prior to the issuance of the temporary notes, the City must take the necessary legal steps to authorize the issuance of general obligation bonds. Temporary notes issued may not exceed the aggregate amount of bonds authorized, are interest bearing and have a maturity date not later than four years from the date of issuance. The City of Winfield took advantage of CIP financing tools and the economic conditions to capitalize on low interest rates with the issuance of a 2014 temporary note for multiple projects included the retiring of the 2012 and 2013 temporary notes. The new projects financed included the following: Stewart Street replacement and utility upgrades, Golf course pump station improvements, Library Parking Lot improvements, Water treatment plant improvements, East Ninth resurfacing project, 2015 KLINK, Geometric street and utility project, and various equipment purchases. The refinancing of the 2012 and 2014 temporary notes included construction improvements of the T.H. Vaughan Tennis Courts, the Winfield Recreation Center improvements, development of Gottlob Business Park, water tower upgrades, and various equipment purchases. The maturity date for these temporary notes is December 1, 2015. These general obligation temporary notes will be refinanced into general obligation bonds in September 2015. See subsequent event no. 27-C.

Below is a listing of temporary notes payable at December 31, 2014:

Year of	Interest	Original	Amount Outstanding	
Isssuance	Rate	Debt	at December 31	Maturity date
2014	0.75%	\$7,330,000	\$7,330,000	12/1/2015
2014	0.50%	745,000	\$745,000	12/1/2015

#### 16. Long-Term Debt

#### A. Capitalized Lease Obligations

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the purchase of several assets. Such leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, accordingly, have been recorded at the present value of the minimum payments at the date of lease inception. The total cost of those assets being purchased through capital leases amount to \$3,765,000. Of that total, \$460,000 is governmental activities assets, and \$3,305,000 is business type activities assets. Below is a listing of the capital leases payable at December 31, 2014.

	Interest Rate	Balance December 31		
Governmental activities Aerial fire truck	4.57%	\$	234,732	
Business activities Wastewater treatment plant	2.20%	\$	2,088,244	

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital lease obligations are as follows:

Year					Year				
Ending	G	Governmental Activities		Ending	Bu	6			
Dec 31	Total	Principal	_	Interest	Dec 31	Total	Principal		Interest
2015	120,889	116,178		4,711	2015	548,239	504,685		43,554
2016	120,940	118,554		2,386	2016	548,238	515,951		32,287
2017	-	-		-	2017	548,239	527,469		20,770
2018	-	-		-	2018	549,134	540,139		8,995
2019		-	_	-	2019	-			-
	241,829	\$ 234,732	\$	7,097		2,193,850	\$ 2,088,244	\$	105,606
	241,829	\$ 234,732	\$	7,097		2,193,850	\$ 2,088,244	\$	105,606

#### B. General Obligation Bonds Payable

General obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2014 are as follows:

			Final	
		Interest	Maturity	Total
		Rate	Date	12/31/2014
[1]	Series 2005A GO	3.70-4.30	2021	475,000.00
[2]	Series 2005B GO refunding	3.35-4.00	2019	905,000.00
[3]	Series 2006A GO	3.60-4.50	2021	440,000.00
[4]	Series 2008A GO	3.625-4.3	2026	2,960,000.00
[5]	Series 2010A GO refunding	2.00-3.10	2025	5,815,000
[6]	Series 2012A GO refunding	.80-1.60	2018	855,000
				\$ 11,450,000

[1] Series 2005A GO bonds provided financing for several benefit district projects. Special assessments against the benefit districts' landowners will repay the City the debt costs over a fifteen year period.

Eliza e I

[2] Series 2005B GO refunding issue refunded a portion of outstanding 1999A GO bonds. Those bonds financed Meyer hall, the Broadway Recreation Complex, and two special assessment districts.

[3] Series 2006A GO bonds financed the City's Utt business park, and three special assessment districts.

[4] Series 2008A GO bonds four special assessment districts (Cottonwood Court, Hiatt Hills, Morningview Acres, Thomas Canyon), zoysia grass replacement at the City's Quail Ridge golf course, and street/stormwater improvement projects.

[5] Series 2010A GO refunding bonds provided financing for two street improvement projects, and provided current refunding for two KDHE water loans, the 2002A GO bonds, and two KDOT street improvement loans.

[6] Series 2012A GO refunding issue refunded Series 2002B GO Bonds which refunded the 1996 Series 154 bonds that financed the aquatic center and three special assessment districts. This bond also refinanced Series 2003A GO bonds which provided financing for municipal building capital improvements and a section of Bliss Street drainage and street improvements.

All of the above general obligation bonds are capital-related debt of the governmental activities. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending			
Dec 31	Total	Principal	Interest
2015	2,110,807	1,770,000	340,807
2016	1,884,569	1,590,000	294,569
2017	1,650,347	1,400,000	250,347
2018	1,559,835	1,350,000	209,835
2019-2023	4,810,917	4,290,000	520,917
2024-2028	1,089,484	1,050,000	39,484
	\$ 13,105,959	\$ 11,450,000	\$ 1,655,959

#### C. Other Long-Term Debt

\_ ..

The City has an inter-local agreement with the City of Arkansas City, Kansas related to construction of a county-wide animal shelter. The agreement provides for the City of Winfield to make annual payments to Arkansas City for an agreed-upon share of the costs. The City's general fund provides funding for these payments.

Below is a summary of these liabilities at December 31, 2014:

	A	ctivities
Animal shelter	\$	96,000

Governmental

The contractual payments to maturity of these interlocal agreements are as follows:

Year Ending		
Dec 31	Total	
2015		32,000
2016		32,000
2017		32,000
	\$	96,000

# D. Changes in Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 is as follows:

	Balance, January 1	Additions	Payments	Balance, December 31	Due w ithin one year
<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 7,842,809	\$-	\$ 1,300,903	\$ 6,541,906	\$ 1,323,648
Capital leases	348,547	-	113,815	234,732	116,178
Temporary Notes	4,695,000	7,525,000	4,695,000	7,525,000	7,525,000
Interlocal agreement debt	128,000	-	32,000	96,000	32,000
Employee compensated					
absences	440,886	252,954	332,194	361,646	237,645
Net unammortized premium	12,166	-	2,948	9,218	2,196
Net other post employment				-	
benefits obligation	267,009	8,732		275,741	-
Total long-term liabilities -					
governmental activities	\$ 13,734,417	\$ 7,786,686	6,476,860	\$ 15,044,243	\$ 9,236,667

	Balance,			Balance,	Due w ithin
	January 1	Additions	Payments	December 31	one year
Business-type Activities					
General Obligation Bonds	5,347,191	-	439,097	4,908,094	446,351
Temporary Notes	550,000	550,000	550,000	550,000	550,000
Capital leases	2,581,309	-	493,065	2,088,244	504,685
Net unamortized premiums	40,231	-	3,880	36,351	3,880
Employee compensated			-	-	-
absences	252,804	407,111	232,354	427,561	199,168
Net other post employment				-	
benefits obligation	177,474	80,500		257,974	
Total long-term liabilities -					
business-type activities	\$ 8,949,010	\$ 1,037,611	1,718,396	\$ 8,268,225	\$ 1,704,084

Generally, compensated absences are liquidated by the specific governmental funds that pay the employees' salaries and benefits. The net investment in capital assets only includes debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets, not all long-term liabilities.

## E. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time the City has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to privatesector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. These are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. In 2014, \$738,445 of conduit debt was paid. At December 31, 2014, there were eight series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$49,740,310.

#### **17. Interest Expense**

Below is a summary of the interest expense related to debt for the fiscal year 2014:

	Total Interest		Governmental		E	Business
	Expense		Activities			Activities
General obligation bonds	\$	370,208	\$	250,750	\$	129,146
Capital leases		52,628		434		4,465
	\$	422,836	\$	251,184	\$	133,611

#### 18. Long-Term Operating Leases

The City leases certain equipment and real estate under long-term non-cancelable operating leases from third-party vendors. Below is a summary of the non-cancelable minimum future rental payments at December 31, 2014:

Year Ending		Go	vernmental	В	usiness-type
December 31	 Total		Activities		Activities
2015	 26,252		17,852		8,400
2016	8,400		-		8,400
2017	8,400		-		8,400
2018	6,300		-		6,300
2019	 -				
Total minimum future rentals	\$ 49,352	\$	17,852	\$	31,500

Expenditures in the government-wide governmental and business-type activities for 2014 include \$17,852 and \$8,400 respectively, of operating lease payments.

#### 19. Inter-fund Transfers

Interfund transfers reflect the flow of resources from one fund to another fund, generally from the fund in which the resources are received or reside to the fund in which the resources will be expended. All transfers were budgeted transfers, transfers of resources to the funds actually expending the funds, or construction fund balances transferred to the bond and interest fund for debt repayment. Below is a summary of 2014 inter-fund cash transfers:

	Transfe	rs to							
Transfers from		General		Bond and Interest		Capital Improv		Nonmajor Govt'l	
Primary Government:			-						
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,017,063	\$	293,619	
Capital Improv		75,000		674,801		-		-	
Nonmajor Govt'l		-		-		12,719		16	
Electric		1,798,870		-	-			26,000	
Gas		525,128		-	-			20,000	
Water		123,029		569,217		-		36,128	
Refuse		83,421		-	-			-	
Wastewater		35,000		-	-			-	
Stormwater		-		113,638	-			-	
Nonmajor Enterprise		-		-		-		-	
Bond & Interest		-		-		-		-	
Total Reporting Entity	\$	2,640,448	\$	1,357,656	\$	1,029,782	\$	375,763	

Transfers to (continued)								
	Major			Nonmajor				
	Enterprise 0		Cap	Capital Projects		Enterprise		Totals
Transfers from								
General	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	1,320,682
Capital Improvements		-		-		-		749,801
Nonmajor Governmental		-		-		-		12,735
Electric		600,628		-		124,025		2,549,523
Gas		25,000		-		82,500		652,628
Water		-		-		-		728,374
Refuse		-		-		-		83,421
Wastewater		15,000		-		50,000		100,000
Stormwater		-		-		-		113,638
Nonmajor Enterprise		30,000		-		-		30,000
Bond & Interest		-		3,085,000		-		3,085,000
Total Reporting Entity	\$	670,628	\$	3,095,000	\$	256,525	\$	9,425,802

In addition, the City transferred funds to the following component unit in 2014:

Transfers from	Winfield Public Library			
Primary Government:	 			
Library Fund	\$ 766,603			

## 20. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The City utilizes two internal service funds to account for utility receivables (see note 7.A.) and fleet management inventories. Advances from the general fund and the enterprise utility funds were used to create the internal service funds. These advances are considered to be long-term, and the intent is not to repay these amounts within one year. Below is a summary of the advances to the internal service funds:

		nterfund ances from	-	Interfund Advances to			
Governmental funds: General Fund Special Improvements	\$	20,265 41,720	\$	-			
Capital Projects Business-type funds:		-		41,720			
Electric Gas		27,587 6,645		-			
Water Sewer		2,969 4,912		-			
Subtotal		104,098		41,720			
Nonmajor business-type funds: Refuse		7,620		-			
Subtotal		7,620		-			
Internal Service funds: Fleet management Subtotal				69,998			
Total	\$		\$	<u>69,998</u> 111,718			
10101	Ψ	111,710	Ψ	111,710			

## 21. Net Position and Fund Balances

## A. Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the City's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions under GASB Statement 34. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

*Net Investment in capital assets* describes the portion of Net Position, which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

*Restricted* describes the portion of Net Position whose use is not subject solely to the City's own discretion. This includes resources subject to externally imposed restrictions, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, other governments' regulations, and other enabling legislation. Included in governmental-type restricted assets is \$859,772 of net position restricted by legally enforceable enabling legislation

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position that is not restricted as to use.

It is the City's policy to apply restricted resources prior to the use of unrestricted resources, when the option is available. When an expenditure is made and multiple fund balance classifications are available, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

## **B. Fund Balances**

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* became effective for the City beginning with fiscal year 2011. The purpose of GASB Statement 54 is to improve the reporting of fund balance. This statement also clarifies certain terms used in the definition of existing governmental fund types so that classifications are more easily understood and can be applied consistently between information reported in the government-wide financial statements and the governmental fund financial statements. As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental fund balance classifications are based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

In accordance with GASB Statement 54, the City classifies governmental fund balances according the City of Winfield Fund Balance Policy are based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

- Non-spendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints. These constraints are binding until the legal requirements is repealed
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority, the city commission, and do not lapse at year-end. These are proposed through a ordinance by the highest level of decision making authority, City Commission. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City Commission, taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (ordinance) as prescribed by the City of Winfield Fund Balance policy.
- 4. Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Intent is express by the Commission or an official to whom the City Commission has the delegated authority to. The City Commission has delegated authority to the City Manager or the Director of Finance to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes as prescribed by the City of Winfield Fund Balance policy.
- 5. Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The governmental fund balance classifications and amounts at December 31, 2014, are shown in the following table:

Nonspendable:	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Governmental \$ - 6,000 6,000 - 194,708 - 21,201
Advance to Other Funds       \$ 20,265 \$       20,265 \$       - \$         Cemetery       6,000       -       -         26,265       20,265       -       -         Restricted for:       -       -       -         Capital Improvements       133,057       -       -         Court Programs       -       -       -         Culture/Recreation       194,708       -       -         Debt Service       290,596       -       290,596	-	6,000 6,000 - - 194,708
Cemetery         6,000         -         -           26,265         20,265         -           Restricted for:         -         -         -           Capital Improvements         133,057         -         -           Court Programs         -         -         -           Culture/Recreation         194,708         -         -           Debt Service         290,596         -         290,596		6,000 - - 194,708 -
26,265         20,265         -           Restricted for:         -         -         -           Capital Improvements         133,057         -         -         -           Court Programs         -         -         -         -         -           Culture/Recreation         194,708         -         -         -         -           Debt Service         290,596         -         290,596         -         290,596		6,000 - - 194,708 -
Restricted for:Capital Improvements133,057Court Programs-Culture/Recreation194,708Debt Service290,596-290,596	133,057 - - - - -	194,708
Court ProgramsCulture/Recreation194,708-Debt Service290,596-	133,057 - - - -	-
Court ProgramsCulture/Recreation194,708-Debt Service290,596-	-	-
Culture/Recreation         194,708         -         -           Debt Service         290,596         -         290,596	- - -	-
	- -	-
Drug/Alcohol Programs 21.201	-	21,201
	-	
Energy Grant		-
Equipment Acquisition 65,057	-	65,057
Legal/Uninsured Liabilities 2,139	-	2,139
Levee Maintenance 49,369	-	49,369
Library 17,381	-	17,381
Police/Public Safety 56,467	-	56,467
Tourism Development	-	-
. 829,975 - 290,596	133,057	406,322
Committed for:		
Capital Improvements	-	-
Cemetery Improvements 74,209	-	74,209
Fairgrounds Improvements 105,611	-	105,611
Streets Maintenance 58,538	-	58,538
Water Quality Programs 88,672	-	88,672
327,029	-	327,029
Assigned for:		
Capital Projects 1,999,297	-	1,999,297
Senior Citizens Programs	-	-
1,999,297	-	1,999,297
Unassigned 1,171,872 -	-	-
Totals _\$ 4,354,439 \$ 1,192,137 \$290,596 \$	\$ 133,057	\$ 2,738,648

The City uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made as prescribed by the City of Winfield Fund Balance policy that was formally adopted in June of 2014.

The City uses encumbrances to control expenditure commitments for the year and to enhance cash management. Encumbrances represent commitments related to executed contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled. Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve portion of applicable appropriations. As of December 31, 2014 the City had a total of \$949,622 in encumbrances.

## 22. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### Plan description

The City of Winfield participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and the Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System (KP&F). Both are part of a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans as provided by Kansas law. KPERS and KP&F provide retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and death benefits. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS and KP&F issue a publicly available financial report (only one is issued) that includes financial statements and require supplementary information. Those may be obtained by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas Avenue, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603-3803) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

## Funding policy

K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contributions. Effective July 1, 2009 KPERS has two benefit structures and funding depends on whether the employee is a Tier 1 or Tier 2 member. Tier 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. Tier 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009. Kansas law establishes the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 5% of covered salary for Tier 1 members and at 6% of covered salary for Tier 2 members. K.S.A. 74-4975 establishes KP&F member-employee contribution rate at 7% of covered salary. The employer collects and remits member-employee contributions according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. Kansas law provides that employer contribution rates be determined annually based on the results of an annual actuarial valuation. KPERS and KP&F are funded on an actuarial reserve basis. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates.

## 23. Defined Contribution Plan

The City established a 401(a) money purchase deferred compensation plan in 2004 for the benefit of employees. Employees, who have reached the top step in their position's pay range, and make a minimum contribution of \$20 per pay period into the City-sponsored 457 plan, are eligible for employer contributions into the 401(a) plan. The plan provides that the City make a matching contribution, up to \$20 per pay period. The City contributed \$61,040 to employee accounts in 2014. The City of Winfield administers the plan, and has the authority for establishing and amending the plan's provisions and contribution requirements. Employees have the option of investing contributions in ING Life Insurance and Annuity Company investments (Empower) or ICMA-RC investments.

## 24. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Employees may choose between the VOYA 457 plan, or the ICMA plan. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Assets of the plan, valued at current market prices, are held in trust for the benefit of the participants.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan as well as earnings attributable to those amounts, are solely the property of the participant employees. Accordingly, the assets and related liabilities for the plan are not recorded in the accompanying financial statements. Flexible Benefit Plan (I.R.C. Section 125). The City Commission has adopted by resolution a salary reduction flexible benefit plan ("Plan") under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code. All permanent full-time employees are eligible to participate in the Plan beginning after one full month of employment. Each participant may elect to reduce his or her salary to purchase benefits offered through the Plan. Benefits offered through the Plan include various and disability benefits.

## 25. Postemployment Health Care Plan

#### Plan Description

The City sponsors a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan that provides healthcare benefits to eligible early retires, including medical and dental coverage. K.S.A. 12-5040 requires all local governmental entities in the state that provide a group health care plan to make participation available to all retirees and dependents until the retiree reaches the age of 65 years. No separate financial report is issued for the Plan

The City requires retirees to pay the same premiums charged to COBRA participants with a 2% additional charge for administrative expenses. The rates being paid by retirees for benefits are typically lower than those for individual health insurance policies. The difference between these amounts is the implicit rate subsidy, which is considered other post employment benefits (OPEB) under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 (GASB Statement 45).

Retirees and spouses have the same benefits as active employees. Retiree coverage terminates either when the retiree becomes covered under another employer health plan, or when the retiree reaches Medicare eligibility age which is currently age 65. Spousal coverage is available until the retiree becomes covered under another employer health plan, attains Medicare eligibility age, or dies.

## Funding Policy

GASB Statement 45 does not require funding of the OPEB liability, and the City has chosen not to fund it. City policy dictates the payment of retiree claims as they become due. Plan participants contributed approximately \$85,000 to the Plan (102% of total premiums) through their required contribution of \$909 per month for family coverage and \$395 for retiree-only coverage.

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. GASB Statement 45 requires an actuarial study to be performed at a minimum biennially. The latest actuarial valuation date is January 1, 2014. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 138,482
Interest on net OPEB obligation	22,224
Adjustment to annual required contribution	28,915
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	131,791
Contributions, net	(42,557)
Change in net OPEB obligation	89,234
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	444,480
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 533,714

The following table shows the breakdown of the City's annual OPEB liability.

Allocation by Type	OPEB
Governmental funds Proprietary funds	275,741 257,974
Total	533,714

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

The city's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended December 31, 2014 was as follows:

Fiscal	Annual	Net	Percentage		Net
Year	OPEB	Employer	of OPEB	(	DPEB
Ended	Cost	Contributions	Contributions	Oł	oligation
12-31-2008	\$96,300	\$ 18,334	19.04%	\$	77,966
12-31-2009	18,334	-	0.00%		96,300
12-31-2010	115,269	28,678	24.88%		182,891
12-31-2011	115,269	28,678	24.88%		269,482
12-31-2012	126,325	38,825	30.73%		356,982
12-31-2013	126,325	38,825	30.73%		444,482
12-31-2014	131,791	42,557	32.29%		533,716

As of January 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial liability for benefits was \$1,132,796, and there was no actuarial value of assets resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$1,132,796. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$6,774,798, and the ratio of unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 16.7 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

## Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method was applied. The actuarial assumptions included a 5 percent investment rate of return, which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on the City's pooled funds and investments. The valuation assumed annual healthcare cost trend rates of seven percent in years 2014, and an ultimate rate of five percent after 2021. Salaries expense and inflation are projected to increase four percent annually. The valuation followed generally accepted actuarial methods and included tests as considered necessary to assure the accuracy of the results. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar over an open thirty-year period.

## 26. Risk Management

The City's insurance coverage consists of both self-insurance and policies maintained with various carriers. The City uses four internal service funds to address four risk areas – general risk management, workers' compensation, health insurance, and short-term disability insurance. The City records liabilities for known claims and estimated liabilities incurred but not reported at year-end. These claims are reflected under accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the internal service funds.

## A. Risk Management Reserve

Established in 1987 according to the provisions of K.S.A. 12-2615, this fund provides for paying for insurance premiums, deductibles, excess liability losses, uninsured losses, and insurable losses not otherwise covered. Insurance deductibles vary by type of property insurance coverage. Funding, when determined necessary, for the risk management reserve fund, is provided by annual contributions from other City functions that have an insurable risk based on actuarial computations, provided by an insurance consultant. The City purchases commercial insurance coverage for all substantial areas of risk, including property loss, auto liability, boiler and machinery, general and public officials' liability. Insurance policy premiums are paid through both individual funds and the risk management fund. Insurance settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in 2014 or the prior two years.

The following is a summary in changes of liability activity under the plan for 2014 and the prior two years:

	2014			2013	 2012
Liability balance, beginning	\$	-	\$	2,949	\$ 11,190
Claims		5,936		21,924	149,887
Less insurance/other reimbursements		(11,872)		(46,797)	(180,903)
Total costs incurred		(5,936)		(21,924)	 (19,826)
Less claims paid		5,936		21,924	22,775
Liability balance, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,949

## B. Kansas Eastern Region Insurance Trust

Prior to 2011, the City maintained a partially self-funded workers' compensation program to cover substantially all full-time and part-time City employees. The City pays workers compensation claims for incidents occurring prior to 2011 through this fund. In 2011, the City joined Kansas Eastern Region Insurance Trust (KERIT), a self-funded insurance risk pool, and claims for 2011 and forward are handled by KERIT. KERIT membership is comprised of seventeen government entities within the State of Kansas.

## C. Workers Compensation Fund

Workers' Compensation Insurance settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in 2014 or the prior two years. Two employees' cumulative claims stemming from prior years' work-injury incidents did exceed the City's excess claims coverage. All claims related to these two incidents, originating in 1998 and 2001, are being paid through the excess coverage insurance policy, and not a claims liability for the City.

The following represents the changes in the liability activity of the self-funded worker's compensation program for 2014 and the prior two years:

	 2014	 2013	 2012
Liability balance, beginning	\$ 89,701	\$ 78,616	\$ 101,993
Claims incurred	27,440	148,394	34,532
Less insurance coverage reimbursements	 (28,048)	 (40,181)	 (11,551)
Total costs incurred	89,093	186,829	124,974
Less claims paid	 (28,919)	 (97,128)	 (46,358)
Liability balance, ending	\$ 60,174	\$ 89,701	\$ 78,616

## D. Health Insurance Reserve

The City created the health insurance reserve in 1993, the purpose to accumulate monies to eventually fund a partially self-insured health insurance program. Funds accumulated may be used to pay excess losses, health claims, partial payments of health insurance premiums for employees, and other miscellaneous health insurance related expenses. Annual funding is provided by contributions from other funds, as determined by management in the budgeting process. Health insurance premiums are paid through this reserve fund, and funding is handled through contributions from other funds. The employee health insurance program is a fully insured program with health insurance offered to substantially all full-time employees of the City. Employee health insurance in 2014 was provided through Blue Cross Blue Shield. At December 31, 2014, the City had \$318,458 of net position available for future health insurance premiums. The funds are being retained to stabilize projected premium increases and provide a reserve, if the City should choose to self-insure in the future.

## E. Short Term Disability Reserve

This reserve was created in 1997 to provide financial assistance to regular employees following sixty days of continuous disability. The benefit amounts to 50% of pre-disability weekly gross earnings up to a maximum weekly benefit of \$650, and is payable to an employee for a maximum of twenty-six weeks immediately following completion of the sixty-day waiting period. An employee may receive this benefit for a maximum of fifty-two weeks over his/her career with the City. At December 31, 2014, the City had \$207,365 of net position available for short term disability benefits to employees.

## 27. Contingencies and Commitments

## A. Encumbrances:

At December 31, 2014, the City had the following amounts encumbered: Governmental-type Funds:

Covernmental-type i unus.	General Fund	\$ 13,367
NonMajor Funds:		
	Special Streets	4,940
	Equipment Reserve	2,710
	Capital Improvements	10,173
Business-type Funds:		
	Electric utility fund	117,242
	Gas utility fund	122,177
	Water utility fund	2,022
	Refuse utility fund	197,036
	Wastewater utility fund	120
	Stormwater utility fund	6,197
	Electric Depreciation fund	378,948
	Municipal Golf Course	729
Internal Service funds:		
	Management Services	15,056
	Service Center	1,350
	Risk Management	3,859
Capital Project Funds:		
, , ,	Geometric KLINK	34,297
	Golf Course Pump Station	37,500
	2015 KLINK	1,899
	Total entity-wide encumbrances	\$ 949,623

# B. Electric Purchase Commitments

## Kansas Power Pool

The City became a member of the Kansas Power Pool (KPP), a municipal energy agency, in January of 2005. KPP was created to provide economic benefits to its member cities, through coordination of collective electrical resources, facilities and loads. The city has power supply contracts with the Kansas Municipal Energy Agency (KMEA) for power supply from the Grand River Dam Authority (GRDA), and the Kansas City, Kansas Board of Public Utilities' Nearman Generation. The scheduling responsibilities for those contracts and the City's contract with the Southwestern Power Administration (SPA) have been assigned to KPP. That agency manages power supply on behalf of the City. The contracts with KMEA for GRDA Power and for Nearman Generation are in force through December 31, 2015 and May 31, 2018, respectively. KPP has entered into transmission arrangements with the Southwest Power Pool on behalf of the City. The City terminated its SPA power supply arrangement through KMEA in 2010, and entered into a contract directly with SPA. This contract is in force through May 31, 2025. In September 2011, the City entered into a twenty-year power purchase contract with KPP, to purchase all of the City's required electrical power.

The payment and scheduling responsibilities under all these contracts have all been assigned to KPP, and all billings and payments are handled through KPP. Payment responsibility for each of these contracts remains with the city for the full term of each contract and would be under the respective contract conditions should the city withdraw from KPP.

## C. Kansas Disability Coalition Interim Settlement Agreement

The City was party to a lawsuit initiated by the Kansas Disability Coalition in 2006, and agreed to an interim settlement in August 2006. The provisions of the agreement require the City to achieve reasonable compliance with Title II of the American with Disabilities Act of 1990. A final court-approved agreement will be reached after the City completes and adopts a self-evaluation and transition plan for ADA compliance. Implementation of the transition plan will be over a 10 year period. At December 31, 2014, the City has expended \$1,127,876 in costs related to this plan.

## D. Other Legal Matters

The City generally follows the practice of recording liabilities resulting from claims and legal actions only when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The City is defending its interest in various legal actions and claims against the City presently pending involving various miscellaneous claims, including workers' compensation claims. The ultimate liability that might result from the final resolution of the above matters is not presently determinable. In the opinion of management and its legal counsel, the probability of material aggregate liabilities resulting from these claims will not have an adverse material effect on the City's financial statements.

## 28. Subsequent Events

**A.** Management has performed an analysis of the activities and transactions subsequent to December 31, 2014, to determine the need for any adjustments to and/or disclosures within the audited financial statements. Management has performed their analysis through September 30, 2015, which is the date at which the financial statements were available to be issued.

## B. Barr Trust Donation

In June 2015, The City of Winfield was the beneficiary of a trust settlement which resulted in the receipt of \$543,000 to be appropriated for funding of a new public safety facility. These monies have been set aside in a special revenue fund, Public Safety Facility Fund.

## C. General Municipal Election

In April 2015, a General Municipal election was held in the City of Winfield, Kansas and on April 20, 2015, Commissioner Greg Thompson was re-elected for a four-year term. Commissioner Merrill Gordon stepped down and Brenda Butters was elected to a two-year term. Commissioner Beth Wilke remains on the commission.

## D. 2015 General Obligation Bonds

In September 2015, The City commission authorized the sale of general obligation bonds, series 2015-A and 2015-B in the amount of \$11,415,000 and \$775,000 respectively. This issue is the result of retiring the 2014-1 general obligation temporary note, retiring the 2014-2 general obligation temporary note, refinancing general obligation bonds Series 2005-A, Series 2005-B, series 2006-A and an additional issue for Citywide improvements.

# CITY OF WINFIELD, KANSAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

## Other Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension

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There were no significant factors affecting trends in the Actuarial Accrued Liability for the valuation completed January 1, 2014.

# Financial Section

Supplementary Information



# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## **Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted by either the City Commission or by outside entities for expenditures for specific purposes.

Flood Control – Maintenance costs of the flood levee are paid from this fund.

<u>Special Parks and Recreation</u> – Park and park equipment upgrades are paid from this fund. K.S.A. 79-49a102 requires one-third of the 10% gross receipts tax on the sale of alcoholic liquor be deposited into this fund for park enhancements.

<u>Special Alcohol Program</u> – Transfers are made from this fund to the City's D.A.R.E. Program fund. K.S.A. 79-49a102 requires one-third of the 10% gross receipts tax on the sale of alcoholic liquor to be deposited into this fund for expenses of drug and alcohol education, treatment, or prevention programs.

<u>Law Enforcement Trust</u> – K.S.A. 60-4117 requires the City to deposit the net proceeds of sales of forfeited property and moneys related to controlled substances activities to be deposited into a separate fund. Appropriations from this fund are not to be used to meet normal operating expenses of the police department. The statute defines allowable expenditures.

<u>Water Preservation</u> - Created in 2004 to provide funding for programs to protect the upstream quality of water flowing into the Winfield City Lake, the primary water source for the City of Winfield. A portion of annual lake permit fees and two cents for every one-thousand gallons of water usage billed provide the revenue sources for this fund.

<u>Senior Citizen Facility</u> – Senior Citizen Center expenses are paid from this fund. Funds are received from the Cowley Council on Aging for this purpose.

<u>Special Liability</u> – City and City employee legal defense costs and various uninsured risk costs may be paid from this fund. Under K.S.A. 75-6110, the City levies property taxes to provide funding for this purpose.

<u>Ambulance & Equipment</u> - K.S.A 12-110d. required the City to create a special reserve fund for the replacement of ambulance or emergency medical service equipment.

<u>Special Streets and Highway</u> – Street and highway-related maintenance expenses are paid from this fund. The State of Kansas gasoline tax allotments are the primary funding source, and must be used for this purpose.

<u>Industrial Development</u> – Industrial and economic development related expenses are paid from this fund. Kansas statutes authorize the City to levy property taxes to provide funding for this purpose.

<u>Tourism and Convention</u> – Local tourism and convention promotional expenses are paid from this fund. Transient guest taxes are the primary funding source, received through the State of Kansas.

<u>Fairgrounds Improvements</u> – Cowley County Fairgrounds maintenance and improvement expenses may be paid from this fund. Fairgrounds facilities usage fees are the primary funding source.

<u>Drug Task Force</u> – Cowley County and the cities of Arkansas City and Winfield share drug task force duties within Cowley County, and utilize this fund to centrally manage and share drug task forces costs and funding sources.

<u>Cemetery Improvement</u> – Cemetery operations and maintenance expenses may be paid from this fund. One-third of the sales proceeds of each cemetery space and "pre-need" payments are the primary funding sources.

<u>Public Library</u> – Property taxes are levied for library operations. The City receives these collections from Cowley County, and remits to the Winfield Public Library, to be used for library operations.

<u>Equipment Reserve</u> - Transfers from other funds are accumulated to this fund, to provide for future equipment purchases.

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued)

<u>Grants and Contributions</u> – Federal and state grants and contributions from private enterprise for general government type projects are funneled through this fund, for tracking and compliance purposes.

<u>Alcohol and Drug Safety Action</u> – Assessment fees collected by the municipal court in accordance with K.S.A. 8-1008, for alcohol or drug related charges, are deposited into this fund. Moneys are to be used only for court expenses involved in administering the provisions of the statute.

## Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major facilities, and for building and general improvements of city-owned structures and facilities, other than those financed by special revenue and enterprise funds.

<u>Geometric Klink Main Street</u> – A street resurfacing project on a main trafficway of the city. KDOT will be reimbursing a portion of the project, and the balance was financed by the city through general obligation bonds.

<u>Stewart Street Improvement</u> - A street and utility improvement project between 9th and 14th street in Winfield financed with general obligation temporary note proceeds.

<u>Golf Course Pump Station</u> - A golf course pump replacement project. This project was financed with general obligation temporary notes in 2014.

<u>Library Parking Lot Improvements</u> - A renovation of the City library parking lot. This project was financed with general obligation temporary notes in 2014.

<u>Gottlob Business Park-</u> – In April 2012, the City established Gottlob Business Park, an industrial and economic development project of approximately 100 acres. General Obligation Temporary Notes in addition to a state capital grant was used to finance this project.

<u>Water Plant Improvements</u>- A renovation to the water plant. This project was financed with general obligation temporary notes in 2014.

<u>East Ninth Resurfacing Project</u>- A street resurfacing project. This project was financed with general obligation temporary notes in 2014.

2014 Capital Equipment - The City issued debt to make several equipment purchases in 2014.

<u>2015 KLINK</u> - A street resurfacing project on a main trafficway of the City. This project was financed with general obligation temporary notes in 2014.

<u>Vaughn Tennis Courts</u> - The City entered into an agreement with the Unified School District 465, Southwestern College, and the Winfield Recreation Commission to expand and improve the tennis court facilities located on the south end of Whittier Elementary school. The City has taken on the roll of issuing debt, managing the expenditures of this project and maintain the records.

<u>Winfield Recreation Improvements</u> - The City entered into an agreement for the construction of improvements to the Winfield Recreation Center, an existing Public Building in the City of Winfield, Kansas but operated by the Winfield Recreation Commission. The Winfield Recreation Commission developed a plan for the improvements which were completed in 2013.

<u>EMS Ambulance Fund-</u> The City issued general obligation temporary notes to finance a new ambulance. The City acquired Winfield Area EMS in 2014 and the purchase was part of replacing aging EMS fleet.

<u>2013 Temp Note Equipment</u> - The City issued debt in the amount of \$2,610,000 which included monies allocated for equipment purchases in 2013.

## Permanent Fund

<u>Cemetery Endowment</u> – This endowment from a citizen prohibits the use of the principal, and only the investment earnings can be used for cemetery improvements.

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## Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds												
				Special		Special	_	Law				Senior	
		Flood Control		arks and ecreation	Alcohol Program		En	forcement Trust	Dr	Water eservation	Citizen Facility		
ASSETS				ecreation		Flogram		musi	<u></u>	eservation		aciiity	
Pooled cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable	\$	49,369 - -	\$	138,331 - -	\$	21,201 - -	\$	14,877 - -	\$	88,672 - -	\$	790 - -	
Land held for Resale		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Due from other governmental agencies Total assets	\$	- 49,369	\$	- 138,331	\$	21,201	\$	- 14,877	\$	- 88,672	\$	790	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	2,176	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16	
Deficit Cash		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities				2,176								16	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:													
Deferred property tax receivable		-		-	. <u> </u>			-		-			
Fund balances													
Nonspendable:		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Restricted for:													
Court programs		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Culture/recreation		-		136,155				-		-		774	
Drug/alcohol programs		-		-		21,201		-		-		-	
Tourism development		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Equipment acquisition		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Legal/uninsured liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Levee maintenance		49,369		-		-		-		-		-	
Library		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Police/public safety		-		-		-		14,877		-		-	
Committed for:													
Cemetery improvements		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Fairgrounds improvements		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Streets maintenance Water quality programs		-		-		-		-		- 88,672		-	
Assigned for:													
Capital projects													
Total fund balances		49,369		136,155		21,201		14,877		88,672		774	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	49,369	\$	138,331	\$	21,201	\$	14,877	\$	88,672	\$	790	

			Special Rever	ue Fu	Inds				
Special .iability	Ambulance & Equipment		cial Streets d Highway		ndustrial evelopment	urism and onvention	airgrounds provements	D	rug Task Force
\$ 2,139 116,356	\$ 2,110	\$	62,808	\$	34,431 11,977	\$ 64,212 -	\$ 105,611 -	\$	40,71
-	-		-		- 710,252	-	-		
-	-		- 15,279		- 10,252	-	-		
\$ 118,495	 2,110	\$	78,087	\$	756,660	\$ 64,212	\$ 105,611	\$	40,7
\$ -	\$ 1,050	\$	19,549	\$	833	\$ 6,433	\$ -	\$	
 	 1,050		19,549		833	 6,433	 		
 116,356	 				11,977	 	 	. <u> </u>	
-	-		-		-	-	-		
-	-		-		-	-	-		
-	-		-		-	-	-		
-	-		-		-	- 57,779	-		
-	1,060		_		-		-		
2,139	-		-		-	-	-		
-	-		-		-	-	-		
-	-		-		-	-	-		40,7
-	-		-		-	-	-		
-	-		-		-	-	105,611		
-	-		58,538 -		-	-	-		
 	 		-		743,850	 	 		
 2,139	 1,060		58,538		743,850	 57,779	 105,611		40,7
\$ 118,495	\$ 2,110	\$	78,088	\$	756,660	\$ 64,212	\$ 105,611	\$	40,7

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2014

			Specia	Special Revenue Funds						
		Cemetery provement		Public Library		quipment Reserve		rants and ntributions	Dr	cohol & ug Safety Action
ASSETS										
Pooled cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$	73,922	\$	17,381 454,538	\$	61,066 -	\$	-	\$	878 -
Accounts receivable Land held for resale		332		-		-		32,802 -		-
Due from other governmental agencie Total assets	es	- 74,254	\$	471,919	\$	- 61,066	\$	32,802	\$	878
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Accounts payable	\$	45	\$		\$	27,296	\$	59	\$	
Deficit Cash	ψ	-	ψ		Ψ	- 27,290	Ψ	2,514	Φ	
Total liabilities		45		-		27,296		2,573		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				454 500						
Deferred property tax receivable				454,538						
Fund balances Nonspendable:		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted for: Court programs		-		-		-		-		878
Culture/recreation		-		-		-		-		-
Drug/alcohol programs Tourism development		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment acquisition		-		-		33,769		30,228		-
Legal/uninsured liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
Levee maintenance		-		-		-		-		-
Library Police/public safety		-		17,381 -		-		-		-
Committed for:										
Cemetery improvements Fairgrounds improvements		74,209		-		-		-		-
Streets maintenance		-		-		-		-		-
Water quality programs		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned for: Capital projects										
Total fund balances		74,209		17,381		33,769		30,228		878
Total liabilities, deferred inflow		74 954	¢	471 010	¢	61 066	¢	22 002	¢	070
of resources and fund balance	5 <del>)</del>	74,254	\$	471,919	\$	61,066	\$	32,802	\$	878

	Geometric Klink Main Street	ic Stewart in Street			unds olf Course np Station rovements	 Gottlob Business Park	Library Parking Lot Improvements		
\$	477,092	\$	185,396	\$	12,500	\$ 44,810	\$	150,000	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
_	-	_	-		-	 -		-	
\$	477,092	\$	185,396		12,500	 44,810		150,000	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	ę	-	
					-	 -		-	
						 		-	
						 		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-	-		-	
	477,092		185,396		12,500	 44,810		150,000	
	477,092		185,396		12,500	 44,810		150,000	
\$	477,092	\$	185,396	\$	12,500	\$ 44,810	ţ	150,000	

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2014

			Capital Pro	ject Fu				
		Water		East 9th		2014		
	Trea	atment Plant	R	esurfacing		Capital		2015
A00570	Imp	provements	Im	provements	E	quipment		KLINK
ASSETS								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	(10,530)	\$	(36,193)	\$	100,000	\$	147,452
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-
Land held for resale		-		-		-		-
Due from other governmental agencies		-		-		-		-
Total assets		(10,530)		(36,193)		100,000		147,452
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	5,428
Deficit Cash	Ŧ	-	*	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-, · <b>_</b>
Total liabilities				-		-		5,428
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred property tax receivable								-
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:								
Court programs		-		-		-		-
Culture/recreation		-		-		-		-
Drug/alcohol programs		-		-		-		-
Tourism development		-		-		-		-
Equipment acquisition		-		-		-		-
Legal/uninsured liabilities		-		-		-		-
Levee maintenance		-		-		-		-
Library		-		-		-		-
Police/public safety		-		-		-		-
Committed for:								
Cemetery improvements		-		-		-		-
Fairgrounds improvements		-		-		-		-
Streets maintenance		-		-		-		-
Water quality programs		-		-		-		-
Assigned for:								
Capital projects		(10,530)		(36,193)		100,000		142,024
Total fund balances		(10,530)		(36,193)		100,000		142,024
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$	(10,530)	\$	(36,193)	\$	100,000		147,452

		ermanent Fund			Capital Project Funds						
TOTALS	TOTALS		Ce Ene	013 Temp Note quipment		EMS nbulance Fund	A	nfield eation /ements	Recre	Vaughn Tennis Courts	
2,045,384	\$	6,000	\$	_	\$	1,084	\$	-	\$	189,264	\$
582,871	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ
33,134		-		-		-		-		-	
710,252		-		-		-		-		-	
<u>15,279</u> 3,386,919	\$	6,000	\$		\$	1,084		-	\$	189,264	\$
	<u> </u>	0,000	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1,001			<u> </u>	100,201	<u> </u>
62,886 2,514	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$
2,014											
65,400		-						-			
582,871											
6,000		6,000		-		-		-		-	
878		_		-		-		-		-	
136,929		-		-		-		-		-	
21,201		-		-		-		-		-	
57,779		-		-		-		-		-	
65,057		-		-		-		-		-	
2,139 49,369		-		-		-		-		-	
17,381		-		-		-		-		-	
55,588		-		-		-		-		-	
74,209		-		-		-		-		-	
105,611		-		-		-		-		-	
58,538 88,672		-		-		-		-		-	
1 000 007						1 00 4				190.064	
1,999,297		-				1,084				189,264	
2,738,649		6,000		-		1,084				189,264	
3,386,919	\$	6,000	\$	-	\$	1,084	\$	-	\$	189,264	\$

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Flood Control	Special Parks and Recreation	Special Alcohol Program	Law Enforcement Trust	Water Preservation	Senior Citizen Facility	Special Liability		
Revenues							<b>i</b>		
Property taxes Intergovernmental revenues	\$	- \$ - - 15,331 - 13,843	\$- 15,331	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$- 2,000	\$ 138,785 -		
Charges for services Interest Other	135	,	- 60 1,771	- 35 760	211	- 7 2,020	- 345 -		
Total revenues	135	5 40,294	17,161	795	211	4,027	139,131		
Expenditures									
General government Public safety	· 		۔ 15,688	-	-	-	273,738		
Public works	54	- 1	-	-	-	-	-		
Cemetery Culture and recreation		- 27,218	-	-	-	- 8,540	-		
Health and welfare Economic development			-	-	6,185		-		
Total expenditures	54	4 27,218	15,688	-	6,185	8,540	273,738		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	8	1 13,076	1,473	795	(5,974)	(4,512)	(134,607)		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out		<u> </u>	-	-	43,212 (12,719)	2,500	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>			30,493	2,500			
Net change in fund balances	81	1 13,076	1,473	795	24,519	(2,012)	(134,607)		
Fund balances, January 1	49,288	3 123,079	19,728	14,082	64,153	2,786	136,746		
Prior year adjustment									
Restated Fund Balances, January 1	49,288	3 123,079	19,728	14,082	64,153	2,786	136,746		
Fund balances, December 31	\$ 49,369	9 \$ 136,155	\$ 21,201	\$ 14,877	\$ 88,672	\$ 774	\$ 2,139		

			Spe	cial Re	venue Funds						
-	Ambulance & Fire Equipment	ecial Streets nd Highway	ndustrial velopment		urism and	Fairgrounds Improvements		Drug Task Force		Cemetery Improvement	
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 13,840	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
	-	430,705	-		70,013	-		15,190		-	
	-	-	-		2,955	11,155		-		5,682	
	8	233	139		209	278		127		236	
	-	 0	 -		3,982	 14,990		2,180		150	
	8	 430,938	 13,979		77,160	 26,423		17,497		6,068	
	-	-	-		-	-		-		-	
	-	-	-		-	-		21,764		-	
	-	692,127	-		-	-		-		-	
	-	-	-		-	-		-		25,810	
	-	-	-		-	19,946		-		-	
	-	-	- 46,016		- 100,255	-		-		-	
-	-	 692,127	 46,016		100,255	 19,946		21,764		25,810	
-	8	 (261,189)	 (32,037)		(23,095)	 6,477		(4,267)		(19,743	
	-	285,000	45,000		-	-		-		16	
-	<u> </u>	 	 -		-	 -		-			
_		 285,000	 45,000			 -				16	
	8	23,811	12,963		(23,095)	6,477		(4,267)		(19,726	
_	1,052	 34,727	 730,887		80,874	 99,134		44,978		93,935	
-		 -	 -		-	 -		-			
	1,052	 34,727	 730,887		80,874	 99,134		44,978		93,935	
\$	1,060	\$ 58,538	\$ 743,850	\$	57,779	\$ 105,611	\$	40,711	\$	74,209	
-			 			 					

(Continued)

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Public Library	E	Equipment Reserve		rants and ntributions		Alcohol & Drug Safety Action
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	525,525	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		742		2,408		2
Other		-		-		80,595		-
Total revenues		525,525		742		83,003		2
Expenditures								
General government		-		474,666		-		-
Public safety		-		-		72,738		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Cemetery		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		508,144		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		508,144		474,666		72,738		-
Revenues over (under)								
expenditures		17,381		(473,925)		10,265		2
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		35
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		-		-		-		35
				<u>.</u>				
Net change in fund balances		17,381		(473,925)		10,265		37
Fund balances, January 1		-		507,694		19,963		841
· -								<u> </u>
Prior year adjustment		-		-		-	. <u> </u>	
Restated Fund Balance, January 1		-		507,694		19,963		841
Fund balances, December 31	\$	17,381	\$	33,769	\$	30,228	\$	878

	Geometric Klink Main Street	Stewart Street Improvements		Street Pump Station		Capi	Gottlob Business Park		Library Parking Lot nprovements	Water Treatment Plant Improvements		East 9th Resurfacing Improvements	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	29,996		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		7,500		-		-		-		-		-
	29,996		7,500				-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-						
	- 52,904		- 1,522,104		-		-		-		- 145,530		- 186,193
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		37,500		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	52,904		1,522,104		37,500		-		-		145,530		186,193
	(22,908)		(1,514,604)		(37,500)		-		-		(145,530)		(186,193)
	500,000 -		1,700,000		50,000 -		-		150,000 -		135,000 -		150,000 -
	500,000		1,700,000		50,000				150,000		135,000		150,000
	477,092		185,396		12,500		-		150,000		(10,530)		(36,193)
	(835)		-				44,810						-
	835		-				-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		44,810				-		-
5	477,092	\$	185,396	\$	12,500	\$	44,810	\$	150,000	\$	(10,530)	\$	(36,193)

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Capital P	roject l	Funds		
	2014 Capital Equipment	2015 KLINK		Vaughn Tennis Courts	Red	infield creation ovements
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-		-		-
Charges for services	-	-		-		-
Interest Other	-	-		- 151,567		- 2,113
Total revenues		 		151,567		2,113
		 		151,507		2,115
Expenditures General government						
Public safety	_	_		-		-
Public works	-	7,976		_		-
Cemetery	-	-		-		-
Culture and recreation	-	-		96,159		-
Health and welfare	-	-		-		-
Economic development	-	-		-		-
Total expenditures	-	7,976		96,159		-
Revenues over (under)						
expenditures	-	(7,976)		55,408		2,113
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	100,000	150,000		10,000		-
Transfers out		 -		-		-
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	100,000	150,000		10,000		-
Net change in fund balances	100,000	142,024		65,408		2,113
-						
Fund balances, January 1		 -		123,856		(2,113)
Prior year adjustment		 -		-		-
Restated Fund Balances, January 1		 		123,856		(2,113)
Fund balances, December 31	\$ 100,000	\$ 142,024	\$	189,263	\$	

 Capital Pro EMS Ambulance Fund	ject Funds 2013 T Note Equ Equipn	ipment	Ce	rmanent Fund emetery dowment		TOTALS
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	678,150
-		-		-		578,565
-		-		-		33,635
-		-		16		5,569
 				-		278,372
 -		-		16		1,574,291
-		-		-		748,404
-		-		-		110,190
-		-		-		2,606,888
-		-		-		25,810
-		-		-		697,506
-		-		-		6,185
-		-		-		146,271
 -		-		-		4,341,255
 				16		(2,766,964)
150,000		-		-		3,470,763
 -		-		(16)		(12,735)
 150,000		-		(16)		3,458,028
150,000		-		-		691,064
 -		-		6,000		2,195,665
 (148,916)		-		-		(148,081)
 (148,916)		-		6,000		2,047,584
\$ 1,084	\$	-	\$	6,000	\$	2,738,648
					(	Concluded)

(Concluded)

# BUDGETED NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	FLOOD CONTROL			SPECIAL PARKS & RECREATION				
	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance		
Revenues and other sources	<u>^</u>	•	•	•	•	•		
Taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -		
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	20,000	15,331	(4,669)		
Interest	100	135	35	130	377	247		
Other	-	-	-	16,350	24,587	8,237		
Transfers from other funds		-						
Total revenues and								
other sources	100	135	35	36,480	40,294	3,814		
Expenditures and other uses				-				
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Contractual services	10,250	54	10,196	-	-	-		
Materials and supplies	5,000	-	5,000	-	-	-		
Other	-	-	, -	-	-	-		
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	30,000	27,218	2,782		
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	_	, -	-		
Contingency	-	-	-	90,000		90,000		
Neighborhood Revitalization		-						
Total expenditures								
and other uses	15,250	54	15,196	120,000	27,218	92,782		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(15,150)	81	15,231	(83,520)	13,076	96,596		
	( · · )				·			
Unencumbered fund balance, January 1	44,263	49,288	5,025	96,423	123,079	26,656		
Unencumbered fund balance, December 31	\$ 29,113	\$ 49,369	\$ 20,256	\$ 12,903	\$ 136,155	\$ 123,252		

SPECIA	L ALCOHOL PI	ROGRAM		LAW ENFOR	CEMENT TRU	
Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Amended Budget
\$ - 20,000 5 2,500 -	\$ - 15,331 60 1,771 -	\$ - (4,669) 55 (729) -	\$ - - 10 2,750 -	\$- 14,000 10 2,750 -	\$ - - 35 760 -	\$- 14,000 (25) 1,990 -
22,505	17,161	(5,344)	2,760	16,760	795	15,965
23,042	15,688 -	7,354	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- - -	- - 	- - 	5,000	- 16,150 -	- 	- 16,150 -
23,042	15,688	7,354	5,000	16,150		16,150
(537)	1,473	2,010	(2,240)	610	795	32,115
8,861	19,728	10,867	2,497	2,497	14,082	11,585
\$ 8,324	\$ 21,201	\$ 12,877	\$ 257	\$ 3,107	\$ 14,877	\$ 43,700

(Continued)

# BUDGETED NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	WAT	ER PRESERV	ATION	SENIOF	R CITIZENS F	ACILITY
	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues and other sources						
Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	4,000	2,000	(2,000)
Interest	100	211	111	20	7	(13)
Other	-	-	-	1,500	2,020	520
Transfers from other funds	53,000	43,212	(9,788)	1,500	2,500	1,000
Total revenues and						
other sources	53,100	43,423	(9,677)	7,020	6,527	(493)
Expenditures and other uses						
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contractual services	50,000	6,185	43,815	8,340	8,540	(200)
Materials and supplies	200	-	200	800	-	800
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to other funds	12,719	12,719	-	-	-	-
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-
Neighborhood Revitalization						
Total expenditures						
and other uses	62,919	18,904	44,015	9,140	8,540	600
Revenues and other sources						
over (under) expenditures	(0.040)	04 540	04.000	(0.400)	(0.040)	400
and other uses	(9,819)	24,519	34,338	(2,120)	(2,012)	108
Unencumbered fund balance,				. =		(0.0.0)
January 1	59,478	64,153	4,675	3,712	2,786	(926)
Prior year adjustment						
Restated Unencumbered Fund Balance January 1	, -					
Unencumbered fund balance,						
December 31	\$ 49,659	\$ 88,672	\$ 39,013	\$ 1,592	\$ 774	\$ (818)

	SPECIAL	LIABILITY		SPECIA	L STREETS &	HIGHWAY
Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
\$ 135,583	\$ 136,970	\$ 138,785	\$ 1,815	\$ -	\$ -	\$-
-	-	-	-	527,530	626,016	98,486
600	600	345	(255)	-	233	233
90	90	-	(90)	1,550	-	(1,550)
	32,113			285,000	285,000	
136,273	169,773	139,131	1,471	814,080	911,249	97,169
-	-		-	381,902	390,956	(9,054)
3,600	3,600	8,300	(4,700)	42,357	37,454	4,903
101,318	101,318	-	101,318	222,210	200,644	21,566
51,387	87,305	176,373	(89,068)	530	187	343
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
110,000	110,000	87,216	22,784	136,085	67,073	69,012
7,365	7,365	-	7,365	-	-	-
1,248	1,248	1,848	(600)			
274,918	310,836	273,738	37,098	783,084	696,314	86,770
(138,645)	(141,063)	(134,607)	38,569	30,996	214,936	183,940
141,063	141,063	136,746	(4,317)	9,242	(173,616)	(182,858)
					(3,000)	
					(176,616)	
\$ 2,418	\$-	\$ 2,139	\$ 34,252	\$ 40,238	\$ 38,320	\$ 1,082

(Continued)

# BUDGETED NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	INDUST	INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT			TOURISM AND CONVENTION			
	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance		
Revenues and other sources	-	<b>*</b> 40.040	<b>* 5</b> 40	<b>^</b>	-	<u>^</u>		
Taxes	\$ 13,297	\$ 13,840	\$ 543	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - (F 007)		
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	75,100	70,013	(5,087)		
Interest	70	139	69	300	209	(91)		
Other	-	-	-	1,500	6,937	5,437		
Transfers from other funds	45,000	45,000						
Total revenues and								
other sources	58,367	58,979	612	76,900	77,160	260		
Expenditures and other uses								
Personal services	-	-	-	348	446	(98)		
Contractual services	12,500	5,000	7,500	56,630	61,611	(4,981)		
Materials and supplies	-	-	-	8,201	4,109	4,092		
Other	50,600	40,833	9,767	32,525	30,284	2,241		
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	15,000	3,806	11,194		
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Contingency	26	-	26	-	-	-		
Neighborhood Revitalization	124	183	(59)					
Total expenditures								
and other uses	63,250	46,016	17,234	112,704	100,255	12,449		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(4,883)	12,963	17,846	(35,804)	- (23,096)	12,708		
and other uses	(4,000)	12,905	17,040	(33,804)	(23,090)	12,700		
Unencumbered fund balance,								
January 1	11,609	20,635	9,026	48,095	80,874	32,779		
Unencumbered fund balance,								
December 31	\$ 6,726	\$ 33,598	\$ 26,872	\$ 12,291	\$ 57,778	\$ 45,487		

FAIRGRO	UNDS IMPRO	VEMENTS	DRUG TASK FORCE			
Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance	Original Actual Budget Amounts		Variance	
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	
-	-	-	15,000	15,190	190	
200	278	78	40	127	87	
12,000	26,145	14,145	10,000	2,180	(7,820)	
12,200	26,423	14,223	25,040	17,497	(7,543)	
-	-	-	6,800	6,093	- 707	
-	_	-	9,100	7,856	1,244	
-	-	-	6,500	2,780	3,720	
-	-	-	-	_,	-	
11,430	19,946	(8,516)	-	5,035	(5,035)	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
70,000	-	70,000	6,000	-	6,000	
81,430	19,946	61,484	28,400	21,764	6,636	
(69,230)	6,477	75,707	(3,360)	(4,267)	(907)	
85,166	99,134	13,968	4,678	44,978	40,300	
\$ 15,936	\$ 105,611	\$ 89,675	\$ 1,318	\$ 40,711	\$ 39,393	
+ .0,000	+,.	+ 00,010	+ .,	÷,		
					(Continued)	

# BUDGETED NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	CEMETERY IMPROVEMENTS			PUBLIC LIBRARY			
	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance	
Revenues and other sources	¢	¢	¢	¢ 504 404		¢ 04.404	
Taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 501,121	\$ 525,525	\$ 24,404	
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest	200	236	36	-	-	-	
Other	8,000	5,700	(2,300)	-	-	-	
Transfers from other funds	25	16	(9)				
Total revenues and							
other sources	8,225	5,952	(2,273)	501,121	525,525	24,404	
Expenditures and other uses							
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Contractual services	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Materials and supplies	3,500	1,198	2,302	-	-	-	
Other	25	-	25	496,277	501,121	(4,844)	
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	33,500	24,612	8,888	-	-	-	
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Contingency	50,000	-	50,000	-	-	-	
Neighborhood Revitalization				4,844	7,023	(2,179)	
Total expenditures							
and other uses	87,025	25,810	61,215	501,121	508,144	(7,023)	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures							
and other uses	(78,800)	(19,858)	58,942	-	17,381	17,381	
Unencumbered fund balance,							
January 1	90,779	93,735	2,956				
Unencumbered fund balance,							
December 31	\$ 11,979	\$ 73,877	\$ 61,898	\$ -	\$ 17,381	\$ 17,381	

SPECIA	AL IMPROVE	MENTS	ALCOHOL AND DRUG SAFETY		
Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
<b>5</b> -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -
- 120	-	(120)	- 8	- 2	- (6)
-	-	-	200	- 35	(165)
120		(120)	208	37	(171)
- 10,000	-	- 10,000	-	-	-
-	-	-	750	-	750
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	_	-	-	-
-					
10,000		10,000	750		750
(9,880)	-	9,880	(542)	37	579
41,820		(41,820)	592	841	249
\$ 31,940		\$ (31,940)	\$ 50	\$ 878	\$ 828
					(Concluded)
					(

# DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Final		Variance from	
	Original	Amended	Actual	Final Amended	
	Budget	Budget	Amounts	Budget	
Revenues and other sources:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 689,632	\$ 689,632	\$ 705,951	\$ 16,319	
Special assessments	211,276	211,547	223,940	12,393	
Other revenues:				-	
Interest income	550	-	2,631	2,631	
G.O. Temporary Note Proceeds	710,000	5,215,486	8,083,543	2,868,057	
Payments from other governmental entities,	12,812	12,812	12,812	-	
Transfers in	1,353,132	1,353,132	1,357,656	4,524	
Other	400				
Total revenues and other sources	2,977,802	7,482,609	10,386,533	2,903,924	
Expenditures and other uses:					
Debt interest payments	-	-	438,045	(438,045)	
Debt principal payments	2,124,362	7,336,128	6,985,000	351,128	
Contingencies	140,000	140,000	168	139,832	
Debt Issuance Costs	-	-	32,610	(32,610)	
Neighborhood Revitalization	6,481	6,481	9,396	(2,915)	
Transfers Out	135,683		3,085,000	(3,085,000)	
Total expenditures and other uses	2,406,526	7,482,609	10,550,219	(3,067,610)	
Revenues and other sources over					
(under) expenditures and other uses	571,276	-	(163,686)	(163,686)	
Unencumbered fund balance, Jan 1	105,598	105,598	454,282	348,684	
Unencumbered fund balance, Dec 31	\$ 676,874	\$ 105,598	\$ 290,596	\$ 184,998	

# Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Geometric KLINK Main St. Project

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances From Inception and for the Year ended December 31, 2014

	Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date		Project Authorization	
Expenditures: Improvement projects	\$	836	\$	52,903	\$	53,739	\$	735,000
Other financing sources (uses): Temporary Note proceeds Federal Exchange Revenue		-		500,000 29,996		500,000 29,996		-
Total other financing sources (uses)				529,996		529,996		
Net change in fund balances				477,092	_	477,092	\$	735,000
Fund balance-beginning of year				-		-		
Fund balance - end of year	\$	-	\$	477,092	\$	477,092		

# Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Stewart Street Improvements

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances From Inception and for the Year ended December 31, 2014

	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Project Authorization
Expenditures: Improvement projects	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,522,104	\$ 1,522,104	<u>\$ 1,700,000</u>
Other financing sources (uses): Temporary Note proceeds Other Total other financing sources (uses)	- 	1,700,000 7,500 1,707,500	1,700,000 7,500 1,707,500	- 
Net change in fund balances	-	185,396	185,396	\$ 1,700,000
Fund balance-beginning of year				
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 185,396	\$ 185,396	

## Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Golf Course Pump Station

	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Project Authorization	
Expenditures: Improvement projects	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 37,500	<u>\$ 37,500</u>	\$ 50,000	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers In Total other financing		50,000	50,000		
sources (uses) Net change in fund balances	 -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	- \$ 50,000	
Fund balance-beginning of year					
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 12,500	\$ 12,500		

## Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Library Parking Lot

	 Prior Years	 Current Year	Total to Date		Project Authorization	
Expenditures: Improvement projects	\$ 	\$ -	\$		\$	150,000
Other financing sources (uses): Temporary Note proceeds Total other financing sources (uses)	 	 150,000 150,000		150,000 150,000		
Net change in fund balances	 -	 150,000		150,000	\$	150,000
Fund balance-beginning of year	 -	 -		-		
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 	\$ 150,000	\$	150,000		

## Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Water Treatment Plant Line Project

	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total to Date	Project thorization
Expenditures: Improvement projects	\$ 	\$ 145,530	\$ 145,530	\$ 150,000
Other financing sources (uses): Temporary Note proceeds Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	 135,000	 135,000 135,000	 -
Net change in fund balances	-	(10,530)	(10,530)	\$ 150,000
Fund balance-beginning of year	 	 	 	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 	\$ (10,530)	\$ (10,530)	

## Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund East Ninth St. Resurfacing Project

	 Prior Years			Total to Date		Project Authorization	
Expenditures: Improvement projects	\$ 	\$	186,193	\$	186,193	\$	150,000
Other financing sources (uses): Temporary Note proceeds Total other financing	 		150,000		150,000		
sources (uses) Net change in fund balances	 		150,000 (36,193)		150,000 (36,193)	\$	- 150,000
Fund balance-beginning of year	 						
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 	\$	(36,193)	\$	(36,193)		

## Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund 2014 Temporary Note Equipment

	 Prior Years	 Current Year	Total to Date		Project Authorization	
Expenditures: Improvement projects	\$ _	\$	\$		\$	100,000
Other financing sources (uses): Temporary Note proceeds Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	 100,000		100,000		
Net change in fund balances	 -	 100,000		100,000	\$	100,000
Fund balance-beginning of year	 -	 				
Fund balance - end of year	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000		

## Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund 2015 KLINK

	Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date		Project Authorization	
Expenditures: Improvement projects	\$		\$	7,976	\$	7,976	\$	150,000
Other financing sources (uses): Temporary Note proceeds Total other financing				150,000		150,000		
sources (uses) Net change in fund balances				<u>150,000</u> 142,024		<u>150,000</u> 142,024	\$	- 150,000
Fund balance-beginning of year		-		-		-		
Fund balance - end of year	\$	-	\$	142,024	\$	142,024		

#### Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Gottlob Business Park

	 Prior Years	(	Current Year	Total to Date		Project Authorization	
Expenditures: Improvement projects	\$ 3,827,936	\$		\$	3,827,936	\$	4,410,000
Other financing sources (uses): Debt proceeds interest income Temporary Note proceeds Debt Issurance Costs State Grants Debt Service (Temporary Note) Total other financing sources (uses)	 4,130,000 (13,566) 1,047,152 (1,290,840) 3,872,746		- - - - -		4,130,000 (13,566) 1,047,152 (1,290,840) 3,872,746		- 3,410,000 1,000,000 - 4,410,000
Net change in fund balances	 44,810		-		44,810	\$	
Fund balance-beginning of year	 		44,810				
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 44,810	\$	44,810	\$	44,810		

## Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Vaughn Tennis Courts

	 Prior Years	 Current Year		Total to Date	Project thorization
Expenditures: Improvement projects	\$ 777,389	\$ 96,159	\$	873,548	\$ 802,818
Other financing sources (uses):					
Temporary Note proceeds	400,000	-		400,000	-
Transfer from General Fund	10,000	10,000		20,000	-
Capital contributions	491,245	151,567		642,812	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 901,245	 161,567	_	1,062,812	 -
Net change in fund balances	 123,856	65,408		189,264	\$ 802,818
Fund balance-beginning of year	 -	 123,856		-	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 123,856	\$ 189,264	\$	189,264	

## Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Winfield Recreation Improvements

	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Project Authorization
Expenditures: Improvement projects	\$ 502,113	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$ 502,113	\$ 735,000
Other financing sources (uses):				
Temporary Note proceeds	500,000	-	500,000	-
Other Financing		2,113	2,113	
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	500,000	2,113	502,113	
Net change in fund balance	(2,113)	2,113	-	\$ 735,000
Fund balance-beginning of year	<u> </u>	(2,113)	(2,113)	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ (2,113)	\$-	<u>\$</u> -	

### Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund EMS Ambulance Fund

	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Project Authorization
Expenditures: Improvement projects	<u>\$ 148,916</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$ 148,916	\$ 150,000
Other financing sources (uses): Temporary Note proceeds Total other financing sources (uses)		150,000 150,000	150,000 150,000	
Net change in fund balances	-	150,000	1,084	\$ 150,000
Fund balance-beginning of year		(148,916)	<u> </u>	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ (148,916)	\$ 1,084	\$ 1,084	

### Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund 2013 Temp Note Equipment

	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Project Authorization
Expenditures: Machinery & Equipment Improvement projects	394,411 <u>\$85,000</u>	- \$	394,411 \$85,000	<u>\$ 479,411</u>
Other financing sources (uses): Temporary Note proceeds Total other financing sources (uses)	479,411 479,411		479,411 479,411	
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	\$ 479,411
Fund balance-beginning of year				
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$-	

## NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the City Commission is to finance or recover the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis primarily through user charges; or the City Commission has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

<u>Refuse</u> - The Refuse Fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to the operation and maintenance of the refuse collection and recycling programs operated by the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and capital improvements. In addition, a pro-rata portion of administration, utility billings, and collection expenses are charged to this fund from the management services fund.

<u>Stormwater Drainage</u> – The stormwater drainage fund was established in 1996 to fund major drainage projects throughout the City. Stormwater drainage fees are charged to city utility customers through the utility bills.

<u>Quail Ridge Golf Course</u> - Quail Ridge Golf course is an eighteen hole golf course owned and operated by the City. The golf course revenues consist of memberships, rounds fees, cart rentals, and driving range fees.

<u>Wastewater Depreciation</u> - The wastewater depreciation fund was established in 2014 to create a reserve to replace aging infrastructure of our wastewater utility.

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2014

	Refuse	Stormwater Drainage	Quail Ridge Golf Course	Wastewater Depreciation	Total
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 937,983	\$ 176,765	\$ 9,871	\$ 50,000	\$ 1,174,619
Utility billing receivables, net	130,304	17,855	-	-	148,158
Accounts receivable, net	(517)	-	-	-	(517)
Inventories			38,476	-	38,476
Total current assets	1,067,769	194,620	48,347	50,000	1,360,736
Capital Assets:					
Land	3,503	-	399,949	-	403,452
Buildings	60,157	-	514,636	-	574,793
Improvements other than buildings	-	4,791,896	2,575,736	-	7,367,632
Machinery, equipment, other	1,212,364	14,823	535,128	-	1,762,315
Less accumulated depreciation	(888,125)	(816,009)	(2,950,169)	-	(4,654,303)
Net capital assets	387,899	3,990,710	1,075,280		5,453,889
Other assets					
Advances to internal service funds	7,620	-	-	-	7,620
Deferred bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in joint venture	39,680	-	-	-	39,680
Total other assets	47,300		-		47,300
Total assets	1,502,968	4,185,330	1,123,627	50,000	6,861,925
Liabilities					
Current liabilites					
Accounts payable	32,795	677	24,864	-	58,335
Accrued interest payable	-	901	-	-	901
Current portion of compensated absences	20.602	-	6,450	-	27,052
Current portion of long-term debt	-	88,934	-	-	88,934
	53,397	90,512	31,313	-	175,222
Noncurrent liabilities					
General obligation refunding bonds payable	-	91,673	-	-	91,673
Deferred premium on refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued compensated absences	31,425	-	-	-	31,425
Net OPEB obligation	19,277	-	7,958	-	27,235
	50,702	91,673	7,958		150,333
Total liabilities	104,099	182,184	39,272		325,555
Net Position					
Invested in capital assets	387,899	-	1,075,280	-	1,463,179
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-	3,810,103		-	3,810,103
Unrestricted	1,398,869	193,042	1,084,356	50,000	2,726,267
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-
Total net position	\$ 1,398,869	\$ 4,003,145	\$ 1,084,356	\$ 50,000	\$ 6,536,370

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Stormwater Refuse Drainage		Quail Ridge Golf Course	Quail Ridge Wastewater Golf Course Depreciation	
Operating revenues					Total
Charges for services and sales Other	\$ 1,358,058 7,050	\$   150,714 	\$ 345,658 2,494	\$ - -	\$ 1,854,431 9,544
Total operating revenues	1,365,108	150,714	348,152		1,863,975
Operating expenses					
Services and supplies	1,246,811	23,772	480,693	-	1,751,276
Depreciation	71,619	69,762	58,382	_	199,763
·					
Total operating expenses	1,318,430	93,534	539,075		1,951,039
Operating income (loss)	46,679	57,180	(190,923)		(87,064)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Interest income	2,628	478	-	-	3,106
Loss on joint venture	(4,699)	-	-	-	(4,699)
Amortization of debt issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-
Interest expense	-	(4,388)	-	-	(4,388)
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(2,071)	(3,910)			(5,980)
Net income (loss) before transfers	44,608	53,270	(190,923)	-	(93,045)
Capital contributions and transfers:					
Transfers - Payments in lieu of franchise fee	s (83,421)	-	-	-	(83,421)
Transfers in - cash	-	-	206,525	50,000	256,525
Transfers out - cash		(22,000)	(30,000)		(52,000)
Change in net position	(38,813)	31,270	(14,398)	50,000	28,059
Total net position - beginning	1,437,682	3,973,537	1,098,754	-	6,509,973
Restatement for GASB 65 implementation		(1,662)			(1,662)
Restated net position - beginning	1,437,682	3,971,875	1,098,754	-	6,508,311
Total net position - ending	\$ 1,398,869	\$ 4,003,145	\$ 1,084,356	\$ 50,000	\$ 6,536,370

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Refuse		ormwater Irainage		Quail Ridge Golf course		Wastewater Depreciation		Total
Cash flows from operating activities					_					
Payments to suppliers	\$	(884,501)	\$	(25,057)	\$	(264,292)	\$	-	\$	(1,173,850)
Payments to employees		(283,119)		-		(234,235)		-		(517,353)
Receipts from customers		1,278,799		150,713		350,748		-		1,780,260
Other receipts		2,452				6,915		-		9,367
Net cash provided by operating activities		113,631		125,657		(140,864)		-		98,424
Cash flows from noncapital financing actvities										
Transfer to other funds		-		(22,000)		(30,000)		-		(52,000)
Transfer from Other funds		-		-		206,525		50,000		256,525
Internal activity-payments in lieu of franchise fees		(83,421)		-		-		-		(83,421)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		(83,421)		(22,000)		176,525		50,000		121,104
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities										
Debt payments - interest		-		(4,465)		-		-		(4,465)
Debt payments - principal		-		(87,173)		-		-		(87,173)
Acquisition of capital assets		(17,966)		-		(41,800)		-		(59,766)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activit	ies	(17,966)		(91,638)		(41,800)		-		(151,404)
Cash flows from investing activities										
Interest income		2,628		478		-		-		3,106
Net cash provided from investing activities		2,628		478	_	-		-		3,106
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		14,873		12,497		(6,139)		50,000		71,231
Balances - beginning of the year		923,110		164,268		16,009				1,103,387
Balances - end of the year	\$	937,983	\$	176,765	\$	9,870	\$	50,000	\$	1,174,619
Rec	onci	liation of Op	eratir	ng Income t	o No	et Cash Provi	ded	(Used) by Oper	ating	Activities
Operating income (loss)	\$	46,679	\$	57,180	\$	(190,923)	\$	-	\$	(87,064)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to										
net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation		71,619		69,762		58,381		-		199,762
Changes in assets and liabilities:										
Receivables, net		(11,534)		(1,922)		2,596		-		(10,861)
Inventories/Prepaids		10,610		-		(4,080)		-		6,530
Compensated absences		22,342		-		(4,184)		-		18,158
Net OPEB obligations		2,998		-		(476)		-		2,522
Accounts and other payables		(29,081)		637	-	(2,179)	_	-		(30,623)
Total adjustments		66,953		68,477	-	50,058	_	-		185,488
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	113,631	\$	125,657	=	(140,865)	=	-	\$	98,424

#### Noncash Transactions

Loss on joint venture

(4,699)

-

-

(4,699)

#### BUDGETED ENTERPRISE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		ELE	CTRIC	
	Original	Final Amended	Actual	Variance from
	Budget	Budget	Amounts	Final Amended Budget
Revenues and other sources				
Charges for services	\$ 23,745,022	\$ 30,273,812	\$ 29,317,312	\$ (956,501)
Interest income	6,000	6,000	6,820	820
Other	594,120	594,120	68,715	(525,405)
Reimbursement of expenditures	500	75,000	145,012	70,012
Transfers from other funds		-	30,000	30,000
Total revenues and				
other sources	24,345,642	30,948,932	29,567,859	(1,381,073)
Expenditures and other uses				
Personal services	2,103,763	2,103,763	1,935,293	168,470
Contractual services	693,120	693,120	567,523	125,597
Materials and supplies	2,044,739	2,044,739	2,149,284	(104,545)
Other	9,200	9,200	15,438	(6,238)
Purchased power and fuel/resale	15,700,000	22,303,290	21,426,666	876,624
Capital outlay	1,060,500	1,060,500	493,707	566,793
Debt service	-	-	-	-
In lieu of franchise taxes	1,872,000	1,872,000	1,798,870	73,130
Transfers to other funds	670,500	670,500	709,000	(38,500)
Total expenditures				
and other uses	24,153,822	30,757,112	29,095,781	1,661,331
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures				
and other uses	191,820	191,820	472,078	280,258
Unencumbered fund balance,				
January 1	2,610,366	2,610,366	596,850	2,013,516
Prior year adjustments	-	-	85,346	-
Restated Unencumbered Fund Balance,			<u> </u>	
January 1			682,196	
Unencumbered fund balance,				
December 31	\$ 2,802,186	\$ 2,802,186	\$ 1,154,274	\$ 280,258

(Continued)

	G	BAS			WATER	
Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance from Amended Budget	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
\$ 5,618,000	\$ 5,975,000	\$ 5,494,051 \$	(480,949)	\$ 2,525,000	\$ 2,269,469	\$ (255,531)
2,750	2,750	3,667	917	500	67	(433)
1,250	1,250	924	(326)	31,900	0	(31,900)
9,000	9,000	11,566	2,566	10,000	20,284	10,284
		-			40,000	40,000
5,631,000	5,988,000	5,510,207	(477,793)	2,567,400	2,329,820	(237,580)
645,061	645,061	610,502	34,559	854,899	767,241	87,658
57,380	57,380	13,633	43,747	203,591	220,903	(17,312)
542,702	542,702	681,633	(138,931)	662,002	668,248	(6,246)
6,600	6,600	3,850	2,750	22,502	1,931	20,571
3,100,000	3,740,487	3,940,536	(200,049)	-	-	-
268,500	268,500	235,818	32,682	141,000	83,388	57,612
609,800	609,800	525,128	84,672	138,875	123,029	15,846
102,500	102,500	127,500	(25,000)	614,217	605,345	8,872
		<u> </u>				
5,332,543	5,973,030	6,138,600	(165,570)	2,637,086	2,470,086	167,000
298,457	14,970	(628,392)	(643,362)	(69,686)	(140,266)	(70,580)
656,712	656,712	257,749	398,963	9,625	15,574	(5,949)
	-	(110)	-			
		257,639				
\$ 955,169	\$ 671,682	\$ (370,753)	\$ (643,362)	\$ (60,061)	\$ (124,692)	\$ (64,631)

#### BUDGETED ENTERPRISE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	WASTEWATER						
	Original	Actual					
	Budget	Amounts	Variance				
Revenues and other sources							
Charges for services	\$ 2,095,100	\$ 2,008,403	\$ (86,697)				
Interest income	400	1,179	779				
Other	6,575	2,992	(3,583)				
Reimbursement of expenditures Transfers from other funds	5,000	1,660 	(3,340)				
Total revenues and							
other sources	2,107,075	2,014,234	(92,841)				
Expenditures and other uses							
Personal services	644,282	616,588	27,694				
Contractual services	258,787	303,789	(45,002)				
Materials and supplies	298,531	265,239	33,292				
Other	750	623	127				
Purchased power and fuel/resale	-	-	-				
Capital outlay	284,500	269,655	14,845				
Debt service	548,238	548,238	(0)				
In lieu of franchise taxes Transfers to other funds	-	35,000	(35,000)				
	50,000	65,000	(15,000)				
Total expenditures							
and other uses	2,085,088	2,104,132	(19,044)				
Revenues and other sources							
over (under) expenditures							
and other uses	21,987	(89,898)	(111,885)				
Unencumbered fund balance,							
January 1	382,674	357,807	(24,867)				
Prior year adjustments	·	·					
Restated Unencumbered Fund Balance January 1							
Unencumbered fund balance, December 31	\$ 404,661	\$ 267,909	\$ (87,018)				

(Concluded)

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## BUDGETED NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	REFUSE							
	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance from Final amended				
Revenues and other sources								
Charges for services	\$ 1,329,100	\$ 1,529,100	\$1,350,699	\$ (178,401)				
Interest income	1,500	1,500	2,628	1,128				
Other	31,730	131,730	-	(131,730)				
Reimbursement of expenditures Transfers from other funds		-	-	- -				
Total revenues and								
other sources	1,362,330	1,662,330	1,353,327	(309,003)				
Expenditures and other uses								
Personal services	442,571	482,027	446,216	35,811				
Contractual services	313,185	313,185	281,869	31,317				
Materials and supplies Other	300,759 875	411,000 875	396,074 475	14,926 400				
Capital outlay	270,000	470,000	230,651	239,349				
Debt Service	- 270,000		- 200,001	- 200,040				
In lieu of franchise taxes	65,700	100,000	83,421	16,579				
Transfers to other funds		190,000		190,000				
Total expenditures								
and other uses	1,393,090	1,967,087	1,438,706	528,381				
Revenues and other sources								
over (under) expenditures and other uses	(30,760)	(304,757)	(85,378)	219,379				
	( ,)			, -				
Unencumbered fund balance, January 1	720,113	720,113	793,529	73,416				
	0, 0	. 20, 110						
Unencumbered fund balance,								
December 31	\$ 689,353	\$ 415,356	\$ 708,151	\$ 292,795				

STORMWATER DRAINAGE			QUAIL RIDGE GOLF COURSE					
Original	Actual		Original	Actual				
Budget	Amounts	Variance	Budget	Amounts	Variance			
\$ 150,600	\$ 148,245 478	\$ (2,355) 478	\$ 467,075	\$ 350,748	\$(116,327)			
-		- 470	3,000	2,433	(567)			
-	-	-	300	_,	(300)			
			165,000	206,525	41,525			
150,600	148,723	(1,877)	635,375	559,706	(75,669)			
-	-	-	311,385	273,876	37,509			
51,200	60	51,140	90,012	80,967	9,045			
59,850	29,362	30,488	175,550 2,165	169,808 378	5,742 1,787			
_	_	_	47,500	5,500	42,000			
	-	-	-	-	-			
- 113,638	- 113,638	- 0	-	- 30,000	- (30,000)			
224,688	143,060	81,628	626,612	560,529	66,083			
(74,088)	5,662	79,750	8,763	(823)	(9,586)			
92,084	164,229	72,145	20	3,423	3,403			
\$ 17,996	\$ 169,891	\$ 151,895	\$ 8,783	\$ 2,600	\$ (6,183)			

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# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for services performed by one governmental department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis, and for risk financing activities.

<u>Management Services</u> – The Management Services Fund is a cost center for the City engineering, management information systems, utility billing, and general administration departments' expenses. These expenses are charged to other City funds based on several criteria and ratios.

<u>Service Center</u> – The Service Center Fund is a cost center for the City operations building and its equipment and for the service center department activities. The building and equipment maintenance costs are charged to other City funds on square footage. The service center charges other departments based on usage.

<u>Risk Management Reserve</u> – The Risk Management Reserve Fund pays for deductibles, excess liability losses, uninsured losses, and insurable losses not otherwise covered by commercial insurance. Funding is provided by annual contributions from other city funds that have an insurable risk, based on actuarial computations provided by an insurance consultant. The City purchases commercial insurance coverage for all substantial areas of risk, including property loss, auto liability, boiler and machinery, general and public officials' liability. Individual funds pay their portions of insurance policy premiums that are recorded as expenditures/expenses in those funds.

<u>Workers' Compensation Reserve</u> – The Workers' Compensation Reserve Fund accounts for all workers' compensation-related claims, judgments, and expenses through Sept 24, 2011. At this time, the City purchased workers' compensation insurance to cover all future claims. The City's workers' compensation program was a partially self-funded program covering substantially all full-time and part-time employees of the City. Funding has been provided by annual contributions from other city functions that have an insurable risk, based on actuarial computations provided by an insurance consultant.

<u>Health Insurance Reserve</u> – The Health Insurance Reserve Fund was created to eventually fund a partially self-insured health insurance program. The fund currently is used to pay a portion of employee health insurance premiums.

<u>Short Term Disability Reserve</u> – The Short Term Disability Reserve Fund provides up to twentysix weeks of financial assistance to City full-time employees following sixty days of continuous disability.

### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Management Services		Operations Center		М	Risk anagement Reserve
Assets						
Current assets	•		•		•	
Cash and temporary investments	\$	101,905	\$	68,874	\$	876,673
Utility billing receivables, net		22,737		-		-
Accounts receivable, net		4,401		721		1,700
Prepaids		-		-		-
Inventories		20,582		122,382		-
Total current assets		149,625		191,978		878,373
Noncurrent assets Capital assets				6 500		
Land		-		6,500		-
Buildings and improvements		297,677		1,822,697 128,816		-
Improvements other than buildings Machinery, equipment, other		- 1,596,748				-
				351,411		-
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,418,964)		(1,145,600)		
Net capital assets		475,461		1,163,824		
Total assets	\$	625,086	\$	1,355,802	\$	878,373
Liabilities Current liabilites						
Accounts and claims payable	\$	86,814	\$	40,967	\$	-
Current portion of compensated absences	5	99,241		12,517		-
Total current liabilities		186,055		53,484		-
Noncurrent liabilities						
Accrued compensated absences		134,395		-		-
Net OPEB obligation		101,057		16,154		-
Advances from other funds		-		70,000		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		235,451		86,154		-
Total liabilities		421,506		139,638		-
Net Position						
Invested in capital assets		475,461		1,163,825		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		(271,881)		52,339		878,373
Total net position	\$	203,580	\$	1,216,164	\$	878,373

Cor	Workers' npensation Reserve	I	Health nsurance Reserve		hort-Term Disability Reserve	 Total	
\$	9,974 12,660 - - 22,633	\$	\$ 178,765 \$ 207,365  - 139,693 -         		- - -	\$ 1,443,556 22,737 19,482 139,693 142,964 1,768,432	
\$	- - - - 22,633	\$	- - - - - 318,458	\$	- - - - 207,365	\$ 6,500 2,120,374 128,816 1,948,159 (2,564,564) 1,639,285 3,407,717	
\$	60,174 - 60,174	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 187,954 111,759 299,713	
	- - - 60,174		- - - -		- - - -	 134,395 117,211 70,000 321,605 621,318	
\$	- (37,541) (37,541)	\$	- 318,458 318,458	\$	- 207,365 207,365	\$ 1,639,285 1,147,114 2,786,399	

## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Management Services		Operations Center		Risk Management Reserve	
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$	2,714,518	\$	515,250	\$	
Other		172,019		673		62,261
Total operating revenues		2,886,537		515,923		62,261
Operating expenses						
Administration		2,877,556		502,329		706,410
Claims		-		-		5,936
Depreciation		95,212		31,201		-
Total operating expenses		2,972,769		533,530		712,346
Operating income (loss)		(86,232)		(17,607)		(650,085)
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Interest income				-		3,223
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		-				3,223
Net income (loss) before operating transfers		(86,232)		(17,607)		(646,862)
Change in net position		(86,232)		(17,607)		(646,862)
Total net position - beginning		289,812		1,233,771		1,525,236
Total net position - ending	\$	203,580	\$	1,216,164	\$	878,373

Workers' Health Compensation Insurance			Short-Term Disability			
 Reserve		Reserve	Reserve			Totals
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,229,768
28,048		1,525,500		72		1,788,573
 28,048		1,525,500		72		5,018,341
		1,536,161		-		5,622,457
34,643		-		-		40,578
-		-		-		126,413
 34,643		1,536,161		-		5,789,449
 (6,595)		(10,661)		72		(771,108)
15		531		567		4,336
 15		531	_	567	_	4,336
 (6,580)		(10,130)		639		(766,771)
(6,580)		(10,130)		639		(766,771)
 (30,961)		328,588		206,726		3,553,170
\$ (37,541)	\$	318,458	\$	207,365	\$	2,786,399

### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	N	lanagement Services	c	Operations Center	N	Risk lanagement Reserve
Cash flows from operating activities	•	(4.000 550)	•	(005 005)	•	
Payments to suppliers	\$	(1,360,556)	\$	(265,667)	\$	(706,410)
Payments to employees		(1,511,103)		(246,951)		-
Payments of claims Internal activity-receipts from other funds		- 2,714,517		- 515,250		(5,936)
Other receipts		172,018		673		62,261
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		14,876		3,304		(650,085)
Net easil provided (used) by operating delivities		14,070		0,004		(000,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets		(69,256)		17,455		_
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		(69,256)		17,455		
Net cash used by honcapital infancing activities		(03,230)		17,400		
Cash flows from investing activities Interest income		_				3,223
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(54,379)		20,759		(646,862)
Balances - beginning of year		156,284		48,116		1,523,535
Balances - end of year	\$	101,905	\$	68,875	\$	876,673
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provide	ed (L		ating			
Operating income (loss)		(86,232)		(17,607)		(650,085)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		95,212		31,201		-
Receivables, net		(3,454)		(721)		-
Inventories		11,741		(23,409)		-
Compensated absences		42,036		786		-
Net OPEB obligations		19,217		2,211		-
Prepaids		-		-		-
Accounts and other payables		(63,644)		10,844		-
Total adjustments		101,108		20,912		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	14,876	\$	3,305	\$	(650,085)
Noncash Transactions						
Capital asset transfers	\$	(4,217)	\$	-	\$	-

Compe	kers' ensation serve	Health Insurance Reserve		Insurance Disability		 Totals
\$	(7,203)	\$	(1,550,438)	\$	-	\$ (3,890,274) (1,758,054)
	(56,966)		- 1,525,500		- - -	(62,902) 4,755,267
	38,683 (25,486)		(24,938)		72 72	 273,707 (682,256)
						 (51,801)
					-	 (51,801)
	15		531	. <u> </u>	567	 4,336
	(25,471)		(24,407)		639	(729,722)
\$	<u>35,446</u> 9,974	\$	203,172 178,765	\$	<u>206,726</u> 207,365	\$ 2,173,278 1,443,556
	(6,595)		(10,661)		72	 (771,108)
	-		-		-	126,413
	10,795		- - (14,277)		- - - -	6,620 (11,668) 42,822 21,428 (14,277) (82,486)
	(29,686) (18,891)		(14,277)			 (82,486) 88,852
\$	(25,486)	\$	(24,938)	\$	72	\$ (682,256)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (4,217)

#### BUDGETED INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	MANAGEMENT SERVICES						OPERATIONS CENTER						
	Original Budget	F	inal Amended Budget		Actual Amounts		riance with Final mended Budget		Original Budget		Actual Amounts	,	/ariance
Revenues and other sources							<u> </u>						
Interfund contributions	\$ 2,650,257	\$	2,968,852	\$	2,714,517	\$	(254,335)	\$	566,278	\$	515,204	\$	(51,074)
Other	138,616		139,579		171,150		31,571		965		-		(965)
Total revenues and													
other sources	2,788,873		3,108,431		2,885,667		(222,764)		567,243		515,204		(52,039)
Expenditures and other uses													
Personal services	1,996,206		2,234,801		2,105,965		128,836		361,792		342,119		19,673
Contractual services	524,832		524,832		533,839		(9,007)		114,948		97,489		17,459
Materials and supplies	164,272		164,272		141,622		22,650		58,413		35,888		22,525
Other	24,600		24,600		26,180		(1,580)		1,225		2,652		(1,427)
Capital outlay	1,000		81,000		81,268		(268)		29,900		12,598		17,302
Debt Service	76,500		-		-		-		-		-		-
Contingency			77,713				77,713				-		
Total expenditures											-		
and other uses	2,787,410		3,107,218		2,888,874		218,344		566,278		490,745		75,533
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures													
and other uses	1,463		1,213		(3,207)		(4,420)		965		24,459		23,494
Unencumbered fund balance, January 1	2,237		2,237	\$	3,242		1,005		3,373		2,099		(1,274)
-			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		·		·				<u> </u>
Unencumbered fund balance, December 31	\$ 3,700	\$	3,450	\$	35	\$	(3,415)	\$	4,338	\$	26,558	\$	22,220

## FIDUCIARY AND AGENCY FUNDS

## **Agency Funds**

<u>Payroll Clearing</u> – acts as a clearing account for all City payroll transactions.

<u>Sales Tax</u> – to account for sales tax collected, to be remitted to State of Kansas.

<u>Flex Medical</u> - to collect and pass through flexible benefit contributions.

Fire Insurance Proceeds - to collect and pass through fire insurance recoveries.

### AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2014

	Payroll Clearing		Sales Tax		Flex Medical		 Total
Assets Pooled cash and investments Other receivables	\$	172,333 -	\$	(102,740) 110,643	\$	22,509	\$ 92,102 110,643
Total assets		172,333		7,902		22,509	 202,745
Liabilities Accounts payable Total liabilities		172,333 172,333		7,902 7,902		22,509 22,509	 202,745 202,745
Net Position	\$		\$		\$		\$ 0

## AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Balance January 1 2014	Additions	Deductions	-	Balance cember 31 2014
Pooled cash and investments	2014	Additions	Deductions		2014
	<b>•</b> 404 004	<b>•</b> 40 000 400	<b>*</b> 40.004.004	•	170.000
Payroll clearing	\$ 161,091	\$ 12,396,106	\$ 12,384,864	\$	172,333
Sales tax	(18,636)	949,554	1,033,658		(102,740)
Flex Medical	11,447	182,584	171,522		22,509
Total pooled cash and investments	153,902	13,528,244	13,590,044		92,102
Other receivables					
Sales tax	88,636	973,024	951,017		110,643
Total other receviables	88,636	973,024	951,017		110,643
Total Assets	\$ 242,538	\$ 14,501,268	\$ 14,541,061	\$	202,745
Accounts payable					
Payroll clearing	\$ 161,091	\$ 12,384,864	\$ 12,396,106	\$	172,333
Sales tax	70,000	2,070,513	2,008,415	\$	7,902
Flex Medical	11,447	171,522	182,584	\$	22,509
Total accounts payable	242,538	14,626,899	14,587,105		202,745
Total Liabilities	\$ 242,538	\$ 14,626,899	\$ 14,587,105	\$	202,745

## CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY SOURCE DECEMBER 31, 2014

Governmental funds capital assets	 2014
Land	\$ 1,900,213
Buildings	8,658,129
Improvements other than buildings	22,711,471
Machinery and equipment	8,468,817
Construction in progress	43,612
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 41,782,242
Investment in governmental funds capital assets by source:	
General fund	\$ 20,394,050
Special revenue funds	21,349,278
Construction project funds	38,914
Donations	 -
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 41,782,242

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds, including infrastructure.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY DECEMBER 31, 2014

Function and Activity	Land	Buildings	Improvements Other Than Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Construction in Progesss	Total
General government:						
Administrative/other	\$ 80,666	\$ 3,622,056	\$ 4,023,288	\$ 184,660	\$ 748	\$ 7,911,418
Total general governmen	t 80,666	3,622,056	4,023,288	184,660	748	7,911,418
Public safety:						
Police	-	205,716	57,010	1,288,912	-	1,551,639
Fire	-	574,610	-	3,709,897	-	4,284,507
Public parking	171,124	-	31,497	27,286	-	229,907
Inspection	-	-	-	57,670	-	57,670
Total public safety	171,124	780,326	88,507	5,083,765	-	6,123,723
Highways and streets:	734,596	15,425	15,461,180	1,383,294	-	17,594,494
Culture and recreation	912,427	4,177,067	3,127,736	1,623,058	3,950	9,844,238
Cemetery	1,400	63,255	10,760	194,040	-	269,455
Construction in progress	-				38,914	38,914
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 1,900,213	\$ 8,658,129	\$ 22,711,471	\$ 8,468,817	\$ 43,612	\$ 41,782,242
	+ 1,000,210	+ 0,000,120	÷ ==,: : : , ! / !		÷ .0,012	÷,. 02,212

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds, including infrastructure.

## CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Function and Activity	Governmental Funds Capital Assets Jan 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	Governmental Funds Capital Assets Dec 31, 2014
General government:					
Attorney	2,495	-	-	-	2,495
Other	7,898,553	11	-	-	7,898,564
Total general					
government	7,901,048	11			7,901,059
Public safety:					
Police	1,534,276	79,760	(46,505)	(15,893)	1,551,639
Fire/EMS	3,908,520	375,987	-	-	4,284,507
Public Parking	229,907	-	-	-	229,907
Inspection	57,670				57,670
Total public safety	5,730,373	455,747	(46,505)	(15,893)	6,123,723
Public works/streets	15,873,436	1,793,120	(72,061)	-	17,594,495
Culture and recreation	9,846,391	60,983	(79,510)	18,429	9,846,293
Cemetery	250,588	23,079	(4,213)	-	269,454
Under construction	47,218				47,218
Total governmental fund capital assets	l <b>s</b> \$ 39,649,054	2,332,940	(202,289)	2,537	41,782,242

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds, including infrastructure.

#### NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNIT- BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 WINFIELD HOUSING AUTHORITY

Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$	138,177
Accounts receivable, net		1,504
HUD Grants receivable		48,335
Interest receivable		2
Prepaids and materials inventory		31,516
Total current assets		219,534
Capital Assets:		
Capital assets not be depreciated		52,776
Depreciable capital assets		3,450,714
Less accumulated depreciation	(	2,008,361)
Net capital assets		1,495,129
Other assets		
Security Fund deposit		14,782
Total other assets		14,782
Total non-current assets		1,509,911
Total assets		1,729,445
Liabilities		
Current liabilites		
Accounts payable		5,166
Restricted Tenant security deposits		14,782
Tenant prepaid rents		1,206
Accrued liabilities-PILOT		11,462
Accrued compensated absences-short term		655
Total current liabilities		33,271
Non-current Liabilities		
Accrued compensated absences-long term		5,891
Total non-current liabilities		5,891
Total liabilities		39,162
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred revenue- HUD capital grant receivable		55,535
Total deferred inflows of resources		55,535
Net Position		1 405 420
Invested in capital assets Restricted for capital projects		1,495,129 48,335
Unrestricted		48,335 91,284
Total Net Position		1,634,748
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	1,729,445

# NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNIT - BUSINESS-TYPE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

## WINFIELD HOUSING AUTHORITY

Operating revenues	
Rental income	\$ 202,602
Other	8,949
Total operating revenues	211,551
Operating expenses	
Services and supplies	272,346
Depreciation	 102,693
Total operating expenses	 375,039
Operating loss	(163,488)
Non-operating revenues	
Interest income	112
Gain on disposal of Equipment	469
Total non-operating revenues	 581
Capital Contributions	
HUD capital improvements grants	53,520
Total capital contributions	 53,520
Change in net position	(109,387)
Total net position - beginning	 1,744,135
Total net position - ending	\$ 1,634,748

# NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNIT- GOVERNMENTAL TYPE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

# WINFIELD PUBLIC LIBRARY

Assets	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 933,772
Total assets	 933,772
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	 595
Total liabilities	595
Fund Balance	 933,177
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 933,772

# NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNIT - GOVERNMENTAL TYPE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

## WINFIELD PUBLIC LIBRARY

Revenues	
Property taxes	\$ 501,121
Sales Tax	265,482
Fines and penalties	9,565
Interest income	1,964
Charges for services and sales	6,329
Grants	60,320
Other	 2,984
Total revenues	847,764
Expenditures	
Culture and recreation:	
Personal services	303,281
Contractual services and materials	147,814
Capital outlay	50,244
Other	14,414
Total expenditures	 515,753
Excess of revenues over expenditures	332,011
Fund balance, beginning of year	 601,166
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 933,177





# STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

**Financial trends** information helps the readers understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

**Revenue capacity** information is intended to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.

**Debt capacity** schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

**Demographic and economic indicators** are offered to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons across time.

**Operating information** about the City and its resources is provided to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services provided and the activities the City performs.

# Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009	
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets,											
net of related debt	\$	12,278,113	\$	11,238,825	\$	13,588,751	\$	16,604,943	\$	18,467,441	
Restricted		2,488,485		2,757,530		1,984,745		1,697,377		744,041	
Unrestricted		1,861,083	_	4,191,024		3,851,314		1,613,399		1,747,071	
Total governmental activities											
net position	\$	16,627,681	\$_	18,187,379	\$	19,424,810	\$	19,915,719	\$	20,958,553	
Business-type actvities											
Invested in capital assets,	•		•		•		•		•		
net of related debt Restricted	\$	36,087,472	\$	37,790,830	\$	37,500,763 201,918	\$	38,069,991	\$	39,034,768	
Unrestricted		202,003 8,518,189		202,297 7,513,229		8,171,934		200,316 6,429,463		200,000 8,171,269	
Total business-type activities		0,010,100	_	7,010,220		0,171,004		0,420,400		0,171,200	
net position	\$	44,807,664	\$_	45,506,356	\$	45,874,615	\$	44,699,770	\$	47,406,037	
Primary government Invested in capital assets,											
net of related debt	\$	48,365,585	\$	49,029,655	\$	51,089,514	\$	54,674,934	\$	57,502,209	
Restricted		2,690,488		2,959,827		2,186,663		1,897,693		944,041	
Unrestricted		10,379,272	_	11,704,253		12,023,248		8,042,862		9,918,340	
Total primary government	•	04 405 045	•	00 000 705	•	05 000 405	•	04.045.400	•	00.004.500	
net position	\$	61,435,345	\$_	63,693,735	\$	65,299,425	\$	64,615,489	\$	68,364,590	

					Table 1
		F	iscal Year		
2010	 2011		2012	 2013	 2014
\$ 15,221,844 1,100,540 4,814,451	\$ 16,091,925 1,001,143 4,296,353	\$	16,850,705 903,217 5,240,513	\$ 17,623,357 1,582,593 3,957,875	\$ 16,436,223 897,959 6,018,000
\$ 21,136,835	\$ 21,389,421	\$	22,994,435	\$ 23,163,825	\$ 23,352,182
\$ 39,238,338 200,000 9,145,650	\$ 38,560,011 - 11,038,264	\$	37,304,887 - 11,902,772	\$ 37,119,806 - 11,561,504	\$ 38,288,922 - 10,405,524
\$ 48,583,988	\$ 49,598,275	\$	49,207,659	\$ 48,681,310	\$ 48,694,446
\$ 54,460,182 1,300,540 13,960,101	\$ 54,651,936 1,001,143 15,334,617	\$	54,155,592 903,217 17,143,285	\$ 54,743,163 1,582,593 15,519,379	\$ 54,725,145 897,959 16,423,524
\$ 69,720,823	\$ 70,987,696	\$	72,202,094	\$ 71,845,135	\$ 72,046,628

# Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year								
		2005		2006		2007		2008			
Expenses	-										
Governmental Activities:											
General government	\$	715,264	\$	1,010,093	\$	1,037,652	\$	1,007,890			
Public safety		3,477,184		3,985,164		3,961,982		4,799,553			
Public works/stormwater		1,712,656		2,147,916		1,475,426		1,750,265			
Cemetery		156,388		150,677		158,684		163,789			
Culture and recreation		1,874,254		1,596,973		1,802,510		2,157,393			
Health and welfare		1,182,021		994,863		1,080,507		313,261			
Economic development		200,051		130,861		148,996		175,827			
Interest on debt		369,833		455,814		558,877		525,663			
Total governmental activities expenses		9,687,651		10,472,361		10,224,634		10,893,641			
Business-type activities:											
Electric		19,552,084		22,379,172		21,790,211		25,974,432			
Gas		6,662,904		5,210,015		5,602,811		6,249,824			
Water		1,905,225		1,833,590		2,383,522		2,461,897			
Refuse		1,184,215		1,202,388		1,250,860		1,305,321			
Wastewater		1,785,474		1,574,041		1,965,895		1,900,444			
Golf course		636,572		857,222		848,813		939,736			
Total business-type activities expenses		31,726,474		33,056,428		33,842,112		38,831,654			
Total primary government expenses	\$	41,414,125	\$	43,528,789	\$	44,066,746	\$	49,725,295			
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	360,003	\$	344,835	\$	339,026	\$	403,991			
Public safety	Ŧ	172,080	Ŧ	261,988	Ŧ	196,713	Ŧ	213,522			
Public works/stormwater		158,272		152,111		152,488		157,989			
Cemetery		50,338		41,090		31,275		43,285			
Culture and recreation		385,571		450,224		442,341		479,106			
Health and welfare		694,747		746,312		816,546		188,322			
Operating grants and contributions		619,517		503,837		517,649		469,169			
Capital grants and contributions		274,757		1,802,724		29,610		2,247,932			
Total governmental activities	-	· · · · ·		, ,		,		, ,			
program revenues		2,715,285		4,303,121		2,525,648		4,203,316			
Business-type activities:											
Charges for services:											
Electric		19,824,019		22,984,484		23,993,402		24,141,325			
Gas		6,695,359		6,157,572		5,804,699		6,586,008			
Water		2,159,641		2,293,376		2,163,925		2,053,763			
Refuse		1,129,186		1,257,396		1,408,661		1,468,186			
Wastewater		1,536,054		1,522,009		1,497,631		1,645,841			
Golf course		370,561		567,258		506,487		510,225			
Capital grants and contributions		644,724		731,839		572,037		456,579			
Total business-type activities program revenues		32,359,544		35,513,934		35,946,842		36,861,927			
· -						· · ·					
Total primary government program revenues	\$	35,074,829	\$	39,817,055	\$	38,472,490	\$	41,065,243			

Та	b	le	2
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							Fiscal Year			
_	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013	 2014
\$	1,136,384	\$	1,378,157	\$	1,284,081	\$	1,296,695	\$	1,679,541	\$ 2,536,371
	4,363,022		4,486,349		4,493,341		4,588,327		4,467,782	5,497,169
	1,511,058		1,391,930		1,392,216		1,413,920		940,998	1,354,619
	142,764		164,665		145,656		156,726		170,300	172,554
	1,405,506		1,910,251		2,044,763		1,986,876		3,295,984	2,465,021
	353,557		333,945		341,963		344,062		327,336	37,455
	165,271		148,777		185,683		305,823		163,584	146,271
	483,691		500,300		452,192		487,573		613,933	449,271
	9,561,253		10,314,374		10,339,895		10,580,002		11,659,458	 12,658,731
	20,755,104		21,107,926		22,331,177		24,216,773		24,159,020	27,821,735
	4,565,950		4,433,654		4,160,674		3,507,599		4,054,864	4,946,102
	2,443,606		2,318,531		2,354,597		2,433,503		2,352,849	2,206,641
	1,231,637		1,200,127		1,247,376		1,151,417		1,137,167	1,323,129
	1,730,487		1,865,241		1,849,088		1,844,635		1,714,342	1,522,762
	881,196		813,684		762,407		681,748		581,179	539,075
_	31,607,980	_	31,739,163		32,705,319		33,835,675		33,999,421	 38,359,445
\$	41,169,233	\$	42,053,537	\$	43,045,214	\$	44,415,677	\$	45,658,879	 51,018,176
\$	401,180	\$	662,013	\$	351,445	\$	336,317	\$	416,522	\$ 499,031
	244,913		223,217		217,361		233,349		225,052	1,431,890
	168,703		149,339		149,761		150,130		146,302	199,247
	51,560		53,860		70,245		63,810		51,550	50,403
	520,190		544,552		532,471		508,072		388,829	407,773
	189,415 484,355		189,856 641,420		187,630 553,306		178,714 646,035		177,307 619,871	180,974 463,505
	484,333 594,320		13,286		55,651		1,118,000		499,185	 255,641
	2,654,636		2,477,543		2,117,870		3,234,427		2,524,618	 3,488,464
	24,760,069		22,771,769		24,623,166		26,074,970		25,075,556	29,332,542
	5,501,142		5,455,036		4,955,953		3,750,750		4,366,055	5,539,500
	2,040,831		2,134,745		2,375,968		2,470,167		2,188,618	2,280,116
	1,379,395		1,401,131		1,394,287		1,379,195		1,385,780	1,365,123
	1,672,416		1,809,506		1,942,758		2,072,943		2,094,907	2,015,682
	508,703		468,167		459,404		448,759		411,866	348,137
	199,131		798,404		113,230		85,932		762,833	 195,159
	36,061,687		34,838,758		35,864,766		36,282,716		36,285,615	 41,076,260
¢	38,716,323	\$	37,316,301	¢	37,982,636	¢	39,517,143	\$	38,810,233	44,564,724
\$	30,710,323	Ψ	57,510,501	\$	51,302,030	\$	55,517,145	ψ	30,010,233	 77,307,724

# Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year							
		2005		2006		2007		2008		
Net (Expenses)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(6,972,366)	\$	(6,169,240)	\$	(7,698,986)	\$	(6,690,325)		
Business-type activities		633,070		2,457,506		2,104,730		(1,969,727)		
Total primary government net expense	\$	(6,339,296)	\$	(3,711,734)	\$	(5,594,256)	\$	(8,660,052)		
General Revenues and Other Changes i	n Not	Position								
Governmental activities:	II NCL	rosition								
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$	3,105,420	\$	3,313,225	\$	3,563,739	\$	3,613,367		
Sales taxes	Ψ	1,514,594	Ψ	1,602,854	Ψ	1,653,458	Ψ	1,796,192		
Franchise taxes		221,656		221,379		224,057		232,233		
Other taxes		131,823		136,585		136,946		119,667		
Payments in lieu of taxes		1,815,685		2,033,593		2,132,120		2,209,504		
Investment earnings		115,247		211,789		239,348		159,269		
Miscellaneous		(18,886)		146,328		207,280		68,148		
Special items		-		-				1,976,607		
Transfers		(410,948)		(65,699)		(25,781)		(693,327)		
Total governmental activities		6,474,591		7,600,054		8,131,167		9,481,660		
Business-type activities										
Investment earnings		245,094		280,672		369,868		230,619		
Miscellaneous		61,868		32,857		-		-		
In lieu of franchise fees		(1,815,685)		(2,033,593)		(2,132,120)		(2,209,504)		
Transfers		410,948		65,699		25,781		693,327		
Total business-type activities		(1,097,775)		(1,654,365)		(1,736,471)		(1,285,558)		
Total primary government	\$	5,376,816	\$	5,945,689	\$	6,394,696	\$	8,196,102		
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$	(497,775)	\$	1,430,814	\$	432,181	\$	2,791,335		
Business-type activities		(464,705)		803,141		368,259		(3,255,285)		
Total primary government	\$	(962,480)	\$	2,233,955	\$	800,440	\$	(463,950)		

Table 2

			Fiscal Year		
 2009	 2010	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014
\$ (6,906,617) 4,453,707	\$ (7,836,831) 3,099,595	\$ (8,222,025) 3,159,447	\$ (7,345,575) 2,447,041	\$ (9,134,840) 2,286,194	\$ (9,170,267) 2,716,816
\$ (2,452,910)	\$ (4,737,236)	\$ (5,062,578)	\$ (4,898,534)	\$ (6,848,646)	 (6,453,451)
\$ 3,946,608 1,642,867 208,506 117,440	\$ 3,995,278 1,650,437 217,851 127,883	\$ 4,133,774 1,802,734 197,907 164,781	\$ 3,941,589 1,744,484 247,602 144,171	\$ 4,156,656 1,765,516 218,778 137,802	\$ 4,157,886 2,221,697 200,961 116,005
2,097,169 67,920 107,661	1,987,491 21,433 44,392	2,090,193 9,874 -	2,576,964 11,056 -	2,503,962 17,741 161,977	2,530,448 15,085 57,071
 (238,720) 7,949,451	 (29,652) 8,015,113	 75,348 8,474,611	 284,722 8,950,588	 341,798 9,304,230	 117,128 9,416,281
111,009	36,195 -	20,381	24,030	33,217	23,540
 (2,097,169) 238,720 (1,747,440)	 (1,987,491) 29,652 (1,921,644)	 (2,090,193) (75,348) (2,145,160)	 (2,576,964) (284,722) (2,837,656)	 (2,503,962) (341,798) (2,812,543)	 (2,530,448) (117,128) (2,624,036)
\$ 6,202,011	\$ 6,093,469	\$ 6,329,451	\$ 6,112,932	\$ 6,491,687	\$ 6,792,245
\$ 1,042,834 2,706,267	\$ 178,282 1,177,951	\$ 252,586 1,014,287	\$ 1,605,013 (390,615)	\$ 169,390 (526,350)	\$ 246,014 92,779
\$ 3,749,101	\$ 1,356,233	\$ 1,266,873	\$ 1,214,398	\$ (356,960)	\$ 338,793

# Program Revenues by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Program	Program Revenues									
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009				
Function/Program													
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$ 360,515	\$	344,835	\$	391,329	\$	403,991	\$	401,205				
Public safety	485,735		330,675		204,980		341,770		299,786				
Public works/stormwater	738,379		2,320,215		625,167		2,684,476		653,058				
Cemetery	50,338		49,360		31,275		43,285		52,160				
Culture and recreation	385,571		511,724		456,351		541,472		1,059,012				
Health and welfare	694,747		746,312		816,546		188,322		189,415				
Subtotal													
governmental activities	2,715,285	. <u> </u>	4,303,121		2,525,648		4,203,316		2,654,636				
Business-type activities:													
Electric	20,388,320		23,639,660		24,414,753		24,483,928		24,942,711				
Gas	6,721,047		6,190,388		5,825,189		6,608,856		5,506,348				
Water	2,189,376		2,337,223		2,194,318		2,092,727		2,052,114				
Refuse	1,154,186		1,257,396		1,408,661		1,468,186		1,379,395				
Wastewater	1,536,054		1,522,009		1,597,434		1,698,005		1,672,416				
Golf course	370,561		567,258		506,487		510,225		508,703				
Subtotal													
business-type activities	32,359,544		35,513,934		35,946,842		36,861,927		36,061,687				
Total primary government	\$ 35,074,829	\$	39,817,055	\$	38,472,490	\$	41,065,243	\$	38,716,323				

		<b>D</b>	<b>D</b>			٦	Table 3
 2010		Program 2011	Rev 	2012	 2013		2014
\$ 710,092 242,802 735,930 54,310	\$	468,445 256,669 571,278 70,845	\$	406,067 271,093 1,804,932 64,494	\$ 416,522 236,343 1,253,917 51,700	\$	499,031 1,511,893 661,559 50,403
544,552 189,856		563,003 187,630		509,127 178,714	 388,829 177,307		584,604 180,974
 2,477,542		2,117,870		3,234,427	 2,524,618		3,488,464
23,530,926		24,693,816		26,155,695	25,832,812		29,512,801
5,461,785 2,167,244		4,963,475 2,398,876		3,751,318 2,473,951	4,368,527 2,190,868		5,541,446 2,292,216
1,401,131 1,809,506 468,167		1,394,287 1,954,908 459,404		1,379,195 2,073,798 448,759	1,385,780 2,095,762 411,866		1,365,123 2,016,537 348,137
34,838,759		35,864,766		36,282,716	 36,285,615		41,076,260
\$ 37,316,301	\$	37,982,636	\$	39,517,143	\$ 38,810,233	\$	44,564,724

Table 3

## Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2005	 2006	 2007	 2008
General fund				
Reserved	\$ 20,265	\$ 20,265	\$ 20,845	\$ 41,336
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-
Restricted		-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	 261,816	 328,229	 502,481	 331,883
Total general fund	\$ 20,265	\$ 348,494	\$ 523,326	\$ 373,219
All other governmenal funds				
-				
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-
Reserved	603,974	1,077,822	1,113,485	812,756
Unreserved, reported in:				
Capital project funds	459,651	732,733	(201,894)	41,825
Special revenue funds	1,761,955	1,720,792	1,463,104	1,449,307
Permanent funds	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
Debt service funds	 	 -	 133	 455
Total all other				
governmental funds	\$ 2,831,580	\$ 3,537,347	\$ 2,380,828	\$ 2,310,343

\* In 2011, The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned compared to previous years.

Table 4

	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
\$	24,847	\$	28,911	\$	20,265	\$	20,265	\$	20,265	\$	20,265
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	336,688		226,205		418,171		464,835		580,434		1,171,872
\$	361,535	\$	255,116	\$	438,436	\$	485,100	\$	600,699	\$	1,192,137
\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,000
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	995,143	Ψ	1,575,860	Ψ	1,496,982	Ψ	829,976
	_		_		422,139		348,373		291,949		327,030
	_		_		(33,924)		669,560		943,224		1,999,297
	_		_		-		-		(43,833)		-
	517,816		322,885		-		-		-		-
	(716,253)		(42,980)		-		-		-		-
	1,548,805		1,365,334		-		-		-		-
	6,000		6,000		-		-		-		-
	190,846		131,214								
\$	1,547,214	\$	1,782,453	\$	1,389,358	\$	2,599,793	\$	2,694,322	\$	3,162,302

# Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal	Year	-		
=	1	2005		2006		2007		2008
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	3,105,420	\$	3,313,225	\$	3,563,739	\$	3,613,367
Sales taxes		1,514,594		1,602,854		1,653,458		1,796,192
Intergovernmental revenue		1,063,211		1,114,731		1,059,395		1,228,607
Charges for services		1,193,830		1,304,633		1,327,286		661,048
Franchise taxes		221,656		221,379		224,057		232,233
Special assessments		108,304		116,141		175,857		168,392
Fines and penalties		152,098		181,605		177,248		176,362
Licenses, fees, and permits		23,816		26,695		23,943		56,228
Investment earnings		109,012		161,710		177,237		122,941
Other revenues		254,032		85,864		158,596		201,090
Total revenues		7,745,973		8,128,837		8,540,816		8,256,460
Expenditures								
General government		712,127		969,761		1,008,833		993,000
Employee benefits [1]		-		-		-		-
Public safety		3,603,633		4,778,405		3,915,641		4,556,668
Public works/streets		971,878		2,061,131		2,493,546		2,685,567
Cemetery		142,741		136,395		148,326		152,279
Culture and recreation		1,670,885		1,493,300		1,589,068		1,729,654
Health and welfare		1,132,670		923,021		1,037,528		313,261
Economic development		206,180		136,956		155,244		175,827
Debt service:		,		,		,		,
Debt principal payments		2,434,725		2,224,784		1,570,117		1,466,001
Debt interest payments		452,675		348,301		452,344		363,499
Temporary note principal pymts				-				5,280,000
Temporary note interest pymts		-		_		_		168,106
Discount on temporary note		_		_		_		8,040
Debt issuance costs		_		_		_		41,686
Capital outlay		701,290		1,856,253		236,480		305,879
Total expenditures		12,028,804		14,928,307		12,607,127		18,239,467
		12,020,004		14,920,007		12,007,127		10,239,407
Excess of revenues over	_							
(under) expenditures		(4,282,831)		(6,799,470)		(4,066,311)		(9,983,007)
Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		2,022,142		2,092,366		2,222,154		2,138,437
Transfers out		(1,843,397)		(2,036,628)		(2,180,162)		(2,049,767)
Transfers in - Pymts in lieu								
of franchise fees		1,815,684		2,033,593		2,132,120		2,209,504
Issuance of temporary notes		755,000		2,326,594		-		2,945,000
Issuance of bonds		3,015,000		1,115,000		-		4,525,000
Issuance of KDOT debt		_		800,000		659,701		_
Issuance of capital lease		-		1,231,360		-		-
Payments to escrow agent		(2,130,000)				_		-
Advance payments of specials		-		-		-		162,174
Insurance recoveries		-		_		-		-
Capital lease proceeds		_		_		_		-
KDOT loan proceeds		-		-		_		_
Debt issuance costs		_		_		_		_
G.O. refunding bond proceeds		-		-		-		-
G.O. refunding bond premium		-		-		-		-
Sales of property		47,095		- 9,364		- 250,810		-
Total other financing		47,090		9,304		200,010		<u> </u>
sources (uses)		3,681,524		7,571,649		3,084,623		9,930,348
Net change in fund balances	\$	(601,307)	\$	772,179	\$	(981,688)	\$	(52,659)
-		, <u>, - /</u>	<u> </u>	, -	<u> </u>	<u>, , /</u>	<u> </u>	
Debt service as a percentage				00.00/		40.00/		40.00/
of noncapital expenditures		25.2%		22.3%		18.9%		12.0%

Tabl	e 5
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2014		2013		2012		Fi: 2011		2010		2000	
2014		2013		2012		2011	1	2010		2009	
4,157,880	\$	4,156,656	\$	3,941,589	\$	4,133,774	\$	3,995,277	\$	3,946,608	
2,221,69	Ψ	1,749,986	Ŷ	1,744,484	Ŷ	1,802,734	Ψ	1,650,437	Ψ	1,642,867	
984,12		1,174,855		1,166,436		1,107,981		1,209,844		1,130,876	
1,810,15		568,504		559,154		770,710		747,203		625,933	
200,96		180,218		247,603		197,907		217,851		208,506	
200,90		205,071		256,707		207,926		206,224		163,672	
99,60		119,892		120,658		134,467		132,875		160,454	
66,38		46,922		82,150		70,546		49,586		57,929	
12,43		9,266		6,057		7,318		16,513		54,327	
614,60		764,473		2,201,816		134,958		65,241		351,214	
10,391,79		8,975,843		10,326,654		8,568,321		8,291,051		8,342,386	
2,014,87		1,819,569		1,181,274		1,344,999		1,052,806		1,033,537	
5,629,77		- 4,478,126		- 4,613,336		- 4,311,581		4,362,464		- 4,310,118	
2,606,88		1,026,521		1,028,453		651,094		1,008,716		1,427,589	
187,04		163,385		160,451		160,580		163,761		140,513	
2,231,15		3,050,218		1,805,704		1,793,269		1,778,099		2,171,340	
37,45		327,336		344,062		341,963		333,945		353,557	
146,27		163,584		3,956,430		185,683		148,777		165,271	
7,098,81		3,167,487		966,116		1,794,554		1,328,559		1,242,033	
445,11		451,172		512,828		597,363		482,537		466,280	
		-		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-		-	
32,61		24,515		-		-		-		-	
240,04		226,844		279,691		443,657		362,291		555,840	
20,670,05		14,898,757		14,848,345		11,624,743		11,021,955		11,866,078	
(10,278,25	_	(5,922,914)		(4,521,691)		(3,056,422)	-	(2,730,904)		(3,523,692)	-
5,968,20		2,991,209		2,093,424		2,729,475		2,086,218		1,958,394	
(5,168,21		(1,973,180)		(1,970,140)		(1,973,021)		(2,101,654)		(1,983,495)	
2,530,44		2,503,962		2,576,965		2,090,193		1,987,491		2,097,169	
8,083,54		2,610,000		3,410,000		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-		-	
		-		(1,833,955)		-		(1,144,247)		-	
		-		-		-		-		- 429,781	
		_		_		_		_		227,844	
		_		_		_		630,970			
		_		(17,505)		_		(18,798)		_	
		-		1,520,000		-		1,398,246		-	
		-		1,520,000		-		1,396,246		-	
		-		-		-		2,600		- 19,186	
11,413,97		6,131,991		5,778,789		2,846,647		2,859,724		2,748,879	
	<u>۴</u>		¢		¢		¢		¢		
1,135,71	\$	209,077	\$	1,257,098	\$	(209,775)	\$	128,820	\$	(774,813)	

17.9% 17.5%

21.6% 13.8%

26.3%

41.0%

### Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands of dollars)

Table 6

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	[a] Utilities	Motor Vehicles	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2005	49,812	10,858	1,620	10,255	72,545	47.010	454,766	15.95%
2006	50,824	10,172	1,856	10,150	73,002	51.184	468,263	15.59%
2007	53,474	11,277	1,795	10,468	77,014	50.471	485,868	15.85%
2008	55,940	7,697	1,652	10,421	75,710	52.640	485,765	15.59%
2009	56,560	7,446	1,663	10,083	75,752	54.552	478,410	15.83%
2010	56,166	6,855	1,733	9,731	74,485	56.746	475,007	15.68%
2011	55,746	4,942	82	9,741	70,511	56.466	422,422	16.69%
2012	57,032	6,296	69	9,848	73,245	55.068	488,629	14.99%
2013	56,870	6,677	1,731	9,923	75,201	54.631	432,743	17.38%
2014	57,802	7,154	1,767	9,935	76,658	NA	438,971	17.46%

Source: Cowley County Clerk, Treasurer, and Appraiser Offices

Notes: Property in Cowley County is reassessed annually. Commercial property is assessed at 25% of actual value, and residential at 11.5%.

[a] includes oil and gas. Beginning in 2007, certain types of personal property were removed from the tax rolls.

#### **Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(rate per \$1,000 pf assessed dollars)

l able 7
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				Overlapping Rates					
Year	Basic Rate	General Obligation Debt Svce	Total Direct Rate	[a] USD 465	[b] State of Kansas	[b] Community College	[b] Cowley County		
2005	35.685	11.325	47.010	56.239	1.500	18.425	36.754		
2006	40.778	10.406	51.184	58.327	1.500	18.595	39.035		
2007	40.487	9.984	50.471	56.222	1.500	19.932	40.876		
2008	40.893	11.747	52.640	60.679	1.500	19.976	42.270		
2009	45.363	9.189	54.552	59.346	1.500	20.226	42.064		
2010	56.746	9.650	66.396	62.251	1.500	20.219	43.036		
2011	46.816	9.650	56.466	63.096	1.500	20.013	43.420		
2012	45.704	9.364	55.068	58.600	1.500	19.020	40.100		
2013	43.966	9.602	53.568	62.909	1.500	19.388	43.302		
2014	45.252	9.141	54.393	55.795	1.500	18.790	43.186		

Source: Cowley County Clerk's office

Notes: The city's property tax rates are set annually by the City commission. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county govenrments that apply to property owners within the City of Winfield.

- [a] Approximately 76% of USD 465 property taxes are paid by City of Winfield citizens.
- [b] Approximately 30% of Cowley County, the State of Kansas and the Community College property taxes are paid by City of Winfield citizens.

# Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table 8

		2014			2005	
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation [1]	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value [a]	Assessed Valuation [1]	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value [a]
Newell Rubbermaid	\$ 6,501,771	1	9.96%	\$ 7,041,779	1	11.31%
Walmart	2,166,180	2	3.32%	-	-	0.00%
Insite	-	-	-	-	-	-
Winfield Economic Development, Inc	-	-	-	1,235,428	3	1.98%
Meadwestvaco/Calmar	1,912,752	3	2.93%	1,229,600	4	1.97%
Union Pacific Railroad	882,955	5	1.35%	391,306	10	0.63%
General Electric Company	1,762,766	4	2.70%	1,303,095	2	2.09%
Calmar	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dillons	568,725	6	0.87%	779,300	6	1.25%
Galaxy Tool	427,029	9	0.65%	773,284	7	1.18%
Southwestern Bell	-	-	-	885,298	5	1.42%
The State Bank	-	-	-	489,391	9	0.79%
William Newton Memorial Hospital	-	-	-	682,321	8	1.10%
Robert Tyler	475,855	7	0.73%	-	-	-
Elko Inc	434,207	8	0.67%	-	-	-
BNSF	387,297	10	0.59%	-	-	-

[a] excludes motor vehicle valuation

Source: Cowley County Appraiser's Office

# Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied		Collected w Fiscal Year		Collections	Total Collections to Date		
Year	For Fiscal Year	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years [a]	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2005	2,730,930	,	5 2,661,557	97.46%	45,666	2,707,223	99.13%	
2006	2,928,070	ę	5 2,774,735	94.76%	50,203	2,824,938	96.48%	
2007	3,224,850	ę	3,066,776	95.10%	54,037	3,120,813	96.77%	
2008	3,361,313	ę	3,093,973	92.05%	60,621	3,154,594	93.85%	
2009	3,439,637		3,357,994	97.63%	65,116	3,423,110	99.52%	
2010	3,571,586		3,462,827	96.95%	53,150	3,515,977	98.44%	
2011	3,532,436	\$	3,493,214	98.89%	32,621	3,525,835	99.81%	
2012	3,532,435	\$	3,371,833	95.45%	42,135	3,413,968	96.65%	
2013	3,590,753	Ş	3,484,949	97.05%	102,552	3,587,501	99.91%	
2014	3,562,198	Ş	3,538,003	99.32%	165,638	3,703,641	103.97%	

Table 9

Source: Cowley County Clerk and County Treasurer's office

[a] Excludes interest penalties

#### Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

**Governmental Activities** Certificates General Sales Tax Obligation KDOT Contractual Revenue Temporary of Capital Year Bonds Bonds Notes Loan Debt Participation Leases 2005 9,235 485 755 234 333 283 -2006 9,365 2,335 253 375 800 201 1,219 2007 2,335 8,300 260 1,389 169 171 911 2008 11,730 145 1,232 87 827 \_ 136 2009 10,870 25 1,702 104 992 \_ \_ 2010 11,552 71 72 831 \_ \_ \_ 2011 10,373 36 39 663 \_ \_ \_ 2012 9,071 3,410 33 498 \_ \_ \_ 2013 7,843 4,695 128 349 \_ 2014 6,542 7,525 96 235 \_ \_

Year	General Obligation Bonds	Utility Revenue Bonds	Temporary Notes	KDHE Loans	Certificates of Parti- cipation	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2005	-	-	-	13,397	2,437	10	27,169	3.1%	2,286
2006	-	-	-	12,898	2,057	-	29,503	2.9%	2,513
2007	-	-	-	12,242	1,669	-	27,446	2.5%	2,379
2008	-	-	-	11,563	1,273	-	26,993	2.6%	2,348
2009	-	-	-	10,911	860	106	25,570	2.3%	2,294
2010	6,618	-	-	3,937	445	58	23,584	2.1%	1,917
2011	6,197	-	-	3,499	-	9	20,816	1.7%	1,693
2012	5,774	-	550	-	-	3,064	22,400	1.9%	1,812
2013	5,347	-	550	-	-	2,581	21,493	NA	1,743
2014	4,908		550	-	-	2,088	21,944	NA	1,790

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See Table 15 for personal income and per capita data

Table 10

#### Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 11

	C	General Bonde Debt Outstanding		LESS: Amounts	Percentage of				
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Temporary KDOT Notes GO Debt		Restricted to Repaying Principal	Total	Actual Taxable Value of Property [a]	Per Capita [b]		
2005	9,235	755	-	(78)	9,912	2.18%	834		
2006	9,365	2,335	-	(7)	11,693	2.50%	996		
2007	8,300	1,389	7	(79)	9,617	1.98%	833		
2008	11,730	1,232	1,232	(79)	14,115	2.91%	1,228		
2009	10,870	1,702	1,072	(191)	13,453	2.81%	1,207		
2010	18,170	71	72	(131)	18,182	3.83%	1,478		
2011	16,570	-	36	(159)	16,447	3.89%	1,338		
2012	14,865	3,960	-	(208)	18,617	3.81%	1,506		
2013	13,190	5,245	-	(463)	17,972	4.15%	1,457		
2014	[d] 11,450	8,075	-	(314)	19,211	4.38%	1,567		

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

[a] See T-6 for property value data

[b] Population data can be found in Table 15

[c] In accordance with KSA 10-1116 and KSA 79-5028, KDOT loans constitute 'bonds'

characterization. KDOT debt for street improvements are being repaid as general obligation debt.

[d] Includes \$4,908 thousand of GO debt, that is being repaid from water revenues.

# **Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt**

As of December 31, 2014

(dollars in thousands)

Table	12
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Jurisdiction	General Obligation Temporary Bonded Debt Notes Outstanding Outstanding		Capital Leases Outstanding		Interlocal Debt		Estimated Percentage Applicable to City of Winfield	Amount Applicable to City of Winfield		
Direct: [a] City of Winfield	\$	6,542	\$ 8,075	\$	235	\$	96	100.00%	\$	14,948
Overlapping: USD #465 Cowley County	. ,	005,000 010,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	59.46% 26.93%	\$	8,921,480 810,461
Total Overlapping Debt	18,	021,542	 8,075		235		96			9,731,941
Total direct and overlapping debt							Total	\$ 18,029,948	\$	9,746,889

[a] includes portion of GO bonds to be paid through property taxes

Sources: Assessed valuation provided by Cowley County Clerk. Debt outstanding data is provided by each governmental unit.

Percentage of debt applicable to the city of Winfield is based on the proportion that the assessed valuation of the city of Winfield bears to the assessed valuation of the overlapping entity.

# Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Debt limit [1]	\$ 21,764	\$ 21,901	\$ 23,104	\$ 22,713	\$ 22,726	\$ 22,346	\$ 21,153	\$ 21,974	\$ 22,560	\$ 22,997
Total debt subject to full faith, credit of city	23,387	25,398	24,267	24,525	22,853	22,178	20,105	14,865	18,435	19,525
Less self- supporting debt [2]	(13,397)	(12,898)	(12,242)	(11,563)	(10,911)	(10,555)	(9,696)	(5,773)	(5,347)	(4,908)
Total net debt applicable to limit	9,990	12,500	12,025	12,962	11,942	11,623	10,409	9,092	13,088	14,617
Legal debt margin	\$ 11,774	\$ 9,401	\$ 11,079	\$ 9,751 \$	5 \$ 10,784	\$ 10,723	\$ 10,744	\$ 12,882	\$ 9,472	\$ 8,380
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	45.90%	57.08%	52.05%	57.07%	52.55%	52.01%	49.21%	41.38%	58.01%	63.56%

[1] Under K.S.A. 10-308, the city's outstanding bonded indebtedness cannot exceed 30 percent of assessed valuation of the city.

[2] Principal amount of City's general obligation and state revolving fund debt which is anticipated to be paid from net revenues from the operation of the City's water and sewer systems.

## Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

Table 14

	Electric Revenue Bonds and Certificates of Participation Debt [2]									
	Utility Service	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt Se	ervice					
Year	Charges	Expenses [1]	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage				
2005	19,824	19,393	431	812	51	0.50				
2006	22,984	22,692	292	80	15	3.07				
2007	23,993	22,256	1,737	82	13	18.28				
2008	24,141	26,231	(2,090)	84	12	(21.77)				
2009	24,760	21,093	3,667	87	8	38.60				
2010	21,669	20,964	705	90	5	7.42				
2011	24,650	23,879	771	93	1	8.20				
2012	26,098	24,202	1,896	-	-	-				
2013	25,076	25,182	(106)	-	-	-				
2014	29,333	29,232	101	-	-	-				

#### Water Revenue Bonds and KDHE Debt

	Utility	Less:	Net	5.1.1.0		
	Service	Operating	Available	Debt Se	ervice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2005	2,160	1,708	452	84	88	2.63
2006	2,293	1,187	1,106	303	306	1.82
2007	2,164	1,764	400	301	305	0.66
2008	2,054	1,810	244	317	289	0.40
2009	2,041	1,819	222	329	276	0.37
2010	2,135	1,741	394	342	263	0.65
2011	2,376	2,326	50	421	149	0.09
2012	2,470	2,419	51	421	148	0.09
2013	2,189	2,328	(139)	427	138	(0.25)
2014	2,280	2,201	79	439	129	0.14

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

[1] Operating expenses do not include interest/amortization expense, but do include payments in lieu of franchise fees

[2] Certification of Participation was paid in full in 2012.

## Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

Table 14 (cont.)

	Wastewater KDHE Debt							
Veer	Utility Less: Service Operating Charges Expenses [1]		Net Available	Debt S		0		
Year	Charges	Expenses [1]	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage		
2005	1,536	987	549	329	181	1.08		
2006	1,522	767	755	340	170	1.48		
2007	1,498	1,091	407	351	162	0.79		
2008	1,646	1,110	536	363	151	1.04		
2009	1,672	936	736	413	153	1.30		
2010	1,810	1,095	715	434	132	1.26		
2011	1,943	1,729	214	438	125	0.38		
2012	2,073	1,781	292	465	87	0.53		
2013	2,095	1,629	466	482	66	0.85		
2014	2,016	1,483	533	493	55	0.97		

Quail Ridge	Golf Course Certifi	cates of Partici	pation Debt [2]
1	NI - 4		

	Golf	Less:	Net			
	Course	Operating	Available	Debt Se	ervice	
Year	Fees	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2004	407	348	59	256	149	0.15
2005	398	408	(10)	256	68	(0.03)
2006	371	407	(36)	301	61	(0.10)
2007	506	655	(149)	307	50	(0.42)
2008	510	731	(221)	312	41	(0.63)
2009	509	681	(172)	326	31	(0.48)
2010	468	615	(147)	325	20	(0.43)
2011	459	753	(294)	352	7	(0.82)
2012	449	674	(225)	-	-	0.00
2013	412	564	(152)	-	-	0.00
2014	348	539	(191)	-	-	0.00

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

[1] Operating expenses do not include interest/amortization expense, but do include payments in lieu of franchise fees.

[2] Certification of Participation was paid in full in 2012.

## Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

Table 14 (continued)

	Special Assessment Bonds									
	Special									
	Assessment	Debt Ser	vice [1]							
Year	Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage						
2005	108	129	30	0.68						
2006	116	133	25	0.73						
2007	176	112	121	0.76						
2008	168	155	68	0.75						
2009	164	69	123	0.85						
2010	206	186	152	0.61						
2011	208	192	145	0.62						
2012	257	219	138	0.72						
2013	205	225	130	0.58						
2014	224	237	121	0.63						

#### Sales Tax Revenue Bonds [2]

	Sales Tax	Debt Se	ervice							
Year	Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage						
2005	1,515	105	18	12.32						
2006	1,602	110	16	12.71						
2007	1,653	115	13	12.91						
2008	1,768	115	9	14.26						
2009	1,643	120	5	13.14						
2010	1,653	25	1	63.58						
2011	1,781	-	-	-						
2012	1,746	-	-	-						
2013	1,766	-	-	-						
2014	2.186	-	-	-						

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

[1] Debt service includes total project costs, including city-at-large portion

[2] The City's 1 percent sales tax is pledged against payment of the 2002 refunding sales tax bonds. Bonds paid in full in 2010

# Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

Table 14 (concluded)

			KDOT Stormwater Revenue Debt								
		water	Les	-		Net		Date			
Year	-	enue ctions	Opera Expens	•		Available Revenue		Debt Service Principal Interest		est	Coverage
2007	\$	152	\$	47	\$	105	\$	70	\$	28	1.07
2008		158		92		66		70		28	0.67
2009		149		35		114		73		25	1.16
2010		149		61		88		75		23	0.90
2011		150		114		36		82		9	0.40
2012		150		106		44		84		7	0.48
2013		152		110		42		85		6	0.46
2014		151		94		57		87		6	0.61

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

[1] Operating expenses do not include interest/amortization expense, but do include payments in lieu of franchise fees

			_		Table 15
		Personal	Per		
Year	Population [1]	Income [1] (thousands of dollars)	Capita Personal Income [1]*	School Enrollment [2]	Unemployment Rate [3]
2005	11,886	873,042	26,942	2,411	5.8%
2006	11,741	1,016,576	29,304	2,403	4.7%
2007	11,539	1,081,637	30,471	2,384	3.4%
2008	11,497	1,051,005	31,713	2,434	5.4%
2009	11,148	1,126,122	30,391	2,475	6.8%
2010	12,301	1,135,511	30,359	2,536	7.1%
2011	12,292	1,196,317	32,982	2,461	6.2%
2012	12,365	1,199,453	37,004	2,318	5.8%
2013	12,333	N/A	40,178	2,449	4.8%
2014	12,258	N/A	N/A	2,332	4.4%

## Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Fiscal Years

[1] Provided by Kansas University Institute for Policy and Social Research

[2] Provided by U.S.D. #465. Includes public school system only. Non-weighted FTE.

[3] Kansas Department of Human Resources, Cowley First, end of year

\*Kansas University Institute for Policy and Social Research combined City of Arkansas City and City of Winfield as a Micropolitan Area in 2012.

## Principal Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table 16

		2014			2005	
			Percentage of Total			Percentage
	Estimated		County	Estimated		of Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Newell-Rubbermaid	1,054	1	21.57%	N/A	-	0.00%
General Electric Aviation	750	2	15.35%	N/A	-	0.00%
Creekstone Farms Premium Beef	690	3	14.12%	N/A	-	0.00%
U.S. D. #465	660	4	13.51%	N/A	-	0.00%
U.S. D. #470	463	5	9.47%	N/A	-	0.00%
William Newton Memorial Hospital	290	6	5.93%	N/A	-	0.00%
Kan-Pak	279	7	5.71%	N/A	-	0.00%
Meadwestvaco Calmar	275	8	5.63%	N/A	-	0.00%
South Central Medical Center	216	9	4.42%	N/A	-	0.00%
Galaxy Technology	210	10	4.30%	N/A	-	0.00%
Western Industries	-	-	-	N/A	-	0.00%
Southwestern College	-	-	-	N/A	-	0.00%
Winfield Correctional Facility	-	-	-	N/A	-	0.00%
City of Winfield	-	-	-	N/A	-	0.00%
Cowley College	-	-	-	N/A	-	0.00%
Cowley County	-	-	-	N/A	-	0.00%
Kansas Veteran's Home	-	-	-	N/A	-	0.00%
City of Arkansas City	-	-	-	N/A	-	0.00%

Source: Kansas Department of Commerce and respective employer representatives Comparable data was unavailable for 2005.

The City of Winfield is located approximately twelve miles from the city of Arkansas Ciy, Kansas (population approx. 12,000). Both cities are located in Cowley County, and many employers have work forces consisting of residents of both cities. Major employers listed above are for the Arkansas City/Winfield populations

# Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years

								Ta	ble 17	
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General government										
Management services	15	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	14	13
Legal/court	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Utility billing	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	7	7
Engineering	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	8	7	7
Service and operations center	10	10	10	9	9	9	8	9	10	10
Public safety										
Fire	20	20	20	20	20	20	19	19	20	28
Police	29	29	30	28	31	32	31	31	26	31
Public works/stormwater	8	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Cemetery	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Culture and recreation	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Health and welfare		-								
Economic development		-								
Electric	31	31	29	29	28	29	29	28	26	26
Gas	13	12	12	11	11	10	9	8	8	8
Water	12	12	12	12	13	12	12	11	12	12
Refuse	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	9	8	8
Wastewater	8	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Golf course	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	2
Total	186	187	185	179	181	181	176	174	168	179

Source: City records

# **Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years**

									Table 18	
_	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General government										
Building permits issued	192	212	185	254	309	381	328	324	313	310
Muncipal court cases	1,381	1,409	1,456	1,418	1,141	908	1,066	929	984	799
Police										
Class I Offenses	908	856	1,016	799	630	610	762	615	734	558
Domestic Violence/										
DUI/Drug Arrests	292	245	330	301	327	385	276	181	201	165
Accidents	423	354	494	395	408	362	311	346	322	304
Fire/EMS						4	4 = 0.0	. =		
Total responses*	1,441	1,491	1,582	1,530	1,481	1,682	1,723	1,734	1,606	2,239
Parks and recreation										
Aquatic center attendance	21,163	22,344	18,885	18,466	19,931	20,618	20,565	17,613	14,441	15,888
Annual lake permits	2,200	2,285	1,929	1,851	2,315	3,088	2,159	1,548	1,429	1,811
Cemetery										
Cemetery spaces sold	73	82	41	61	85	62	77	77	49	45
Streets maintenance										
Resurfacing, annual in tons	4,460	4,617	4,940	1,343	1,965	1,285	4,660	5,774	3,220	3,583
Electric utility				~~~ ~~~						
MWH sold, annual	276,206	295,879	322,231	306,588	259,957	281,210	277,467	293,650	304,843	309,246
Peak daily consumption, MWH	61,900	66,700	68,700	66,000	59,420	61,132	65,385	66,825	64,734	63,408
Gas Utility	004 700	540.057	574 057	000.005	570.004	500 500	574 050	400.000	570 505	040.007
MCF sold, annual	604,736	546,357	574,357	636,285	576,264	582,502	574,253	469,299	573,585	648,287
Water Utility										
Gallons sold, annual	701 400	705 050	604 020	647 747	664 400	COO 500	700 700	744 004	705 070	700 400
in thousands	701,406	785,958	691,838	647,747	661,432	688,586	762,729	741,021	705,878	700,180
Refuse										
(annual tons, in thousands)										
Refuse collected	8,926	8,700	8,375	8,142	7,883	8,170	8,032	7,617	7,784	7,783
Recyclables collected	1,069	1,166	1,185	1,241	1,176	1,174	1,147	1,150	518	697
Wastewater Utility										
Sewage treatment										
avg daily flow										
(in thousands of gallons)	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500

Sources: City departments

In July 2014, City of Winfield Fire Department took over Winfield Area EMS operations. Includes Fire & EMS calls.

# Capital Asset Statistics by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Table 19	
-	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units (marked)	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	22	23
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
Streets (miles)	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
Parks and recreation										
Public park acreage	294	294	294	294	294	294	294	294	294	294
Base/softball diamonds	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Soccer fields	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Football fields	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Electric Utility										
Electric lines (miles) [1]	N/A	N/A	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114
Gas Utility										
Gas main lines (miles) [1]	N/A	N/A	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	94
Water Utility										
Water main lines (miles) [1]	N/A	N/A	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
Fire hydrants [1]	N/A	N/A	535	535	535	535	535	535	535	535
Storage capacity (thousands)	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750	2,750
Refuse										
Collection trucks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewer (miles)	N/A	N/A	71	71	71	71	71	73	73	76
Treatment capacity										
(thousands, per day)	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000

[1] Information on miles of utility infrastructure from prior years not available in reliable consistent form, and not included on this trends page.

N/A not available from city records

			CITY OF WINFIELD, KA	NSAS			
			SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE CO	VERAGES			
			December 31, 2014				
	Policy Period From				Coverage		Table 16
Insurance Company	То	Туре	Coverage	Premium	Amount	Aggregate	Deductible
Kansas Eastern Region	1/1/2014	Workers'	All City Employees	\$ 171,71	0 \$ Statutory	\$	
Insurance Trust	12/31/2014	Compensation	Employers' liability limit				
			Bodily Injury by Accident	Each	1,000,000		
			Bodily Injury by Disease	Policy Limit			
			Bodily Injury by Disease	Each Empl.	1,000,000	1	
Travelers	4/1/2014	Property	Blanket Bldg & Contents	112,38	1 82,707,721		10,000
	4/1/2015	Replacement Cost					50,000 W&H
							,
			Business Income &	Incl in Proper	ty 1,000,000	1	10,000
			Extra Expense - Blanket				
Liberty International	4/1/2014	Property-E 12th &	E. 12th Power Plant	175,00	0 42,535,880		100,000
	4/1/2015	W.14th Power Plants	W. 14th Power Plant		10,532,790		100,000
	1/1/2010				10,002,700		100,000
Travelers	4/1/2014	Auto liability	Liability	42,10	9 \$1,000,000		╢─────────────────────────────────────
	4/1/2015	, late hability	Uninsured Motorists	68			
			Comprehensive	21,23			500
			Collision	18,03			1,000
			Hired/borrowed vehicles	17	0		100/250
			Endorsements	12	8		Varies
Federal Ins. Co - Chubb	12/1/2014	Boiler and machinery	Blanket	117,24	9 53,068,670	100,000,000	varies
	12/1/2015	Doner and machinery	Diamet		50,000,070	100,000,000	Varies
Travelara	4/1/2014	Canaral liability		80,14	2 1,000,000	2 000 000	5,000
Travelers	4/1/2014	General liability	Each occurance limit Products completed	80,14	1,000,000	2,000,000	(Sewer Backup)
	4/1/2015		Products completed			2,000,000	(Sewer Backup)
Travelers	4/1/2014	Employee benefits	Benefits	38	1 1,000,000	3,000,000	1,000
	4/1/2015						
United States Liability Ins. Co.	9/22/2014	Public officials liability	Each wrongful act-	1,32	0 1,000,000	1,000,000	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9/22/2015		Winfield Housing Auth.			,,	
Travelers	4/1/2014	Public officials liability	Linebacker -	49,76	0 1,000,000	2,000,000	5,000
Travelets	4/1/2014	Fublic officials liability	Directors & Officers & EPL	49,70	1,000,000	2,000,000	5,000
							(0.000
Travelers	4/1/2014	Public officials liability	Linebacker -	13,17	8 1,000,000	2,000,000	10,000
	4/1/2015		Law Enforcement				
Hartford Fire Insurance Co.	5/5/2014	Animal Mortality	Police Dog	74	2 10,600	1	
	5/5/2015		Canine - Kessy				
CNA Surety	12/1/2014	Public officials bond	City treasurer	30	0 100,000		
	12/1/2015						
Travelers	4/1/2014	Government Crime	Employee Theft/Blanket	61	4 100,000		1,000
	4/1/2015						
American Bankers Ins Co.	4/17/2014	Flood	Grandstands	7,22	1 500,000		4,000
of Florida	4/17/2015	1.1000		.,			1,000
Travelers	4/1/2014	Contractors equip	Contractors equipment	17,31			1,000
	4/1/2015	Property Floater	Golf Cars, Mowers	2,42	2 346,276		1,000
Employers Mutual	4/1/2014	General liability	Rural Fire Dist #7	50			11
	4/1/2015	Auto liability	+ +	15			H
		Linebacker	+ +	1,70	1 1,000,000	1,000,000	1,500
Travelers	4/1/2014	Trolley - Auto Cvg.	Liability	89	1 1,000,000		
	4/1/2015		Medical Payments		1 5,000		
			Basic PIP		1 4,500		
			Uninsured Motorists		4 50,000		
			Comprehensive	22			1,000
			Collision	18	8		1,000