## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### **CITY COMMISSION AND MAYOR**

Mayor Michael D. Ledy Commissioner G. Thomas McNeish Commissioner Phillip R. Jarvis

## **CITY MANAGER**

Warren Porter

### **CITY CLERK/DIRECTOR OF FINANCE**

**Diane Rosecrans** 

#### **CITY TREASURER/FINANCE OFFICER**

Anne Jarrett

### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

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#### COMPLIANCE SECTION:

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August 23, 2004

To the Citizens of the City of Winfield, Kansas Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Winfield, Kansas for the year ended December 31, 2003, is herby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City and its component units. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the city's financial activities have been included.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that assets of the city are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Kansas statutes require an annual audit of all funds of the City by independent certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 are free of material misstatement. The firm of Edw. B. Stephenson & Co. has included their opinions in the report. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent audit or concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in State Statutes, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the Single Audit Section. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures from federal awards, findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are included in the single audit section of this report. The audit for the year ended December 31, 2003, disclosed no reportable conditions, material weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Managements' Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### The Reporting Entity and Its Services

The City of Winfield, incorporated in 1873, has a population of 12,016, and has an incorporated area of 12.35 square miles. Winfield is located in south central Kansas, approximately 35 miles southeast of Wichita, Kansas. Winfield serves as the county seat for Cowley County, population 35,860. The other major city in Cowley County is Arkansas City, population 11,788, located twelve miles south of Winfield. Many of the area's employers have work forces consisting of residents of both cities. According to a County profile provided by the Kansas Department of Commerce & Housing, manufacturing and services are the largest sectors of employment in Cowley County.

The City is unique in that it provides a full range of municipal utility services to its citizens, including electric and gas utilities, water, wastewater, and sanitation services. Other municipal services include police and fire protection; construction and maintenance of streets, drainage facilities and other infrastructure; recreation and cultural activities; a municipal golf course, community and industrial development; planning and zoning; building inspection; cemetery maintenance; general administration; and internal support services. In addition, library services and low-income housing are provided by City component units. Additional information on the component units can be found in Note 1.A. in the notes to the financial statements.

The City of Winfield operates under a Commission/Manager form of government. One member of the threemember commission is elected annually by the Commission to act as Mayor. The City Manager is appointed by the City Commission and is responsible to them for the management of all City employees and administration of all City affairs. Regular city elections are held in each odd year. The person receiving the largest number of votes is elected to a four-year term and the person receiving the second largest number of votes is elected to a twoyear term.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the city's financial planning and control. All departments submit proposed department budgets to the City Manager each spring, which are used as the starting point for developing a City proposed budget. A final proposed budget is submitted to the City Commission for review in July each year. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than August 25.

The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at an individual fund level, but is monitored by function and activity within an individual fund. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as a tool of budgetary control. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end; however, legal encumbrances at year end are carried forward to the subsequent year. As demonstrated by statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the city continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual fund for which an appropriated budget has been adopted. For the general fund, the comparison is presented on page A-xxx as part of the basic financial statements. For other funds, the comparison is presented in the combining statements and schedules area of this report, beginning on page B-1.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

Historically, the Midwest region lags behind the east and west coasts in times of recession and respectively, lags behind during recovery periods. This trend holds true in Winfield. While it appears the national economy is beginning to recover in 2004, the Midwest region has not yet seen a turnaround. Wichita, 35 miles to the north, acts as a major employer for Cowley County residents, and has a large aviation industry still rebounding from 9/11.

Future Beef Industries, located in Arkansas City, filed for bankruptcy in August, 2002, and was sold under auction in early 2003 to Creekstone Farms, a Black Angus branded beef operator. The plant reopened in March 2003; however, operations have been hindered by the U.S. mad cow case in Washington State. Creekstone sales were greatly impacted by the loss of export sales to Asia and the Far East.

Wittur Industries, an elevator manufacturer, located at Strother Field, temporarily closed as a result of pending bankruptcy. The business was recently purchased reorganized under the name Elevators Solutions, Inc. Prime Plastics Containers, a plastic closure manufacturer, closed following bankruptcy application in early 2004, resulting in a loss of four FTE positions.

Several industries have invested significant dollars in the past two years into expansions in the Winfield and Cowley County area, primarily Saint-Gobain Calmar, Inc., a global manufacturer of non-aerosol dispensing systems, and Newell-Rubbermaid.

Despite current conditions, local sales tax collections have remained relatively stable over the past three years, and as of July 31, 2004, year-to-date sales tax revenues are 11% above the prior year to date collections. The increase is a result of the revision of Kansas sales tax statutes, effective July 1, 2003, that changed the collection of sales tax from 'point of sale' to 'point of delivery'. In addition, the statutes allowed the City to begin collecting its 1% share on all use tax collections.

The City issued 182 building permits in 2003, at a construction value of \$7.9 million. This is a 45% dollar decrease over 2002, but comparable to the five year period 1996-2001. There were several major industrial expansions beginning in 2002, with completion in late 2003, which accounted for the 2002 spike in construction value.

#### **Major Initiatives**

The City began \$5.6 million in upgrades to the water treatment plant in late 2003, completion expected to be early 2005. The upgrades were done to comply with EPA and KDHE federal and state drinking water programs, and include ozone treatment of the water as a disinfectant. This project is being funded through a twenty-year KDHE loan

Phases 1 and 2 of the \$2.1 million project for drainage and street improvements along Andrews and Bliss Streets, was completed in mid 2003. The two-year project was financed primarily with general obligation bonds.

A major ice storm hit the City of Winfield in January of 2002, causing substantial damage to the City's electric distribution system. Electric system rebuild costs are estimated to near \$5 million, and will involve rebuilding more than one quarter of the system. FEMA has committed to reimburse the City 75% of those costs, and the construction period is expected to cover two to three years. At the end of 2003, approximately \$2.1million had been expended for reconstruction, of which FEMA grants had reimbursed the City \$1.6 million.

The City's Capital Improvements Program (CIP), funded by one-half of local sales tax revenues and contributory transfers from other funds, provides for planned construction projects and improvements to City facilities and infrastructure. CIP also contributes toward debt payments for completed improvements, currently, the K-360 bypass route completed in 1996, the aquatic center completed in 1998, and improvements to the City flood levee, completed in 1999. In 2003, the CIP fund and general obligation debt financed a new fleet services building, costing \$900 thousand, and numerous improvements to city buildings.

In 2004, the City entered into a development contract with several Kansas municipalities, with the intent to develop and operate an electric Kansas Power Pool, part of a long-term solution to the City's electric power needs.

Also in 2004, the City broke ground for an additional industrial park area, and plans for the first manufacturing facility to be built and functional in early 2005.

Winfield City Lake, located twelve miles north of the City, acts as the City's water supply for all Winfield residents. The City increased lake permit fees and water fees the beginning of 2004, a portion of those increases earmarked toward long-term conservation measures of the City lake as a continuing water supply.

#### Cash Management

Kansas statutes authorize the City to invest idle funds in time deposits, U.S. Treasury bills or notes, bonds of municipalities of the State of Kansas, repurchase agreements, and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool (MIP). In 2003, idle funds in excess of very short term needs were invested primarily in certificates of deposit with local banking institutions. The City uses bidding procedures for these investments, which have historically generated higher interest yields than U.S. treasury paper or the Kansas MIP. The City sweeps all idle checking account funds into an overnight repurchase agreement. All deposits are insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized, as required by State statutes.

#### **Risk Management**

The City manages exposure to risk of loss in several ways. The City has contracts with commercial carriers for property insurance, surety bond coverage of officials and employees, and commercial liability coverage for specified situations. The City assumes the risk of loss for general liability not covered by commercial carriers. Funds for these programs are provided through allocations to all covered operations based upon actuarial experience factors and exposure. These funds are maintained in a risk management reserve fund. The City also maintains workers' compensation reserve fund, as authorized by Kansas statutes. The City has historically maintained low workers' compensation experience modification rates; the 2003 and 2004 rates are .59 and .60, respectively. Because of several large workers' compensation claims over the past three years, the workers' compensation reserve fund balance has dropped significantly, a balance of \$220 thousand at December 31, 2003. It is the City's intent to build back the reserves in the coming years to provide adequate cash balances.

#### **Certificate of Achievement and Acknowledgments**

The Certificate of Achievement, awarded by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2002. This was the fifth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the assistance of numerous persons in and out of local government. The firm of Edw. B. Stephenson & Co provided independent audit services. Specific appreciation is expressed to the dedicated staff of the City accounting department. We would also like to thank members of the other City departments who assisted and contributed to this report. Finally, preparation of this report would not be possible without the support of the City Commission. We express special appreciation to them for their leadership in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a professional, responsible and progressive manner in the best interests of the residents of Winfield.

Respectfully submitted,

Warren Porter

Warren Porter City Manager

in Konciana

Diane Rosecrans City Clerk/Director of Finance

ne Jarrett

City Treasurer/Finance Officer

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Winfield, Kansas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2002

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

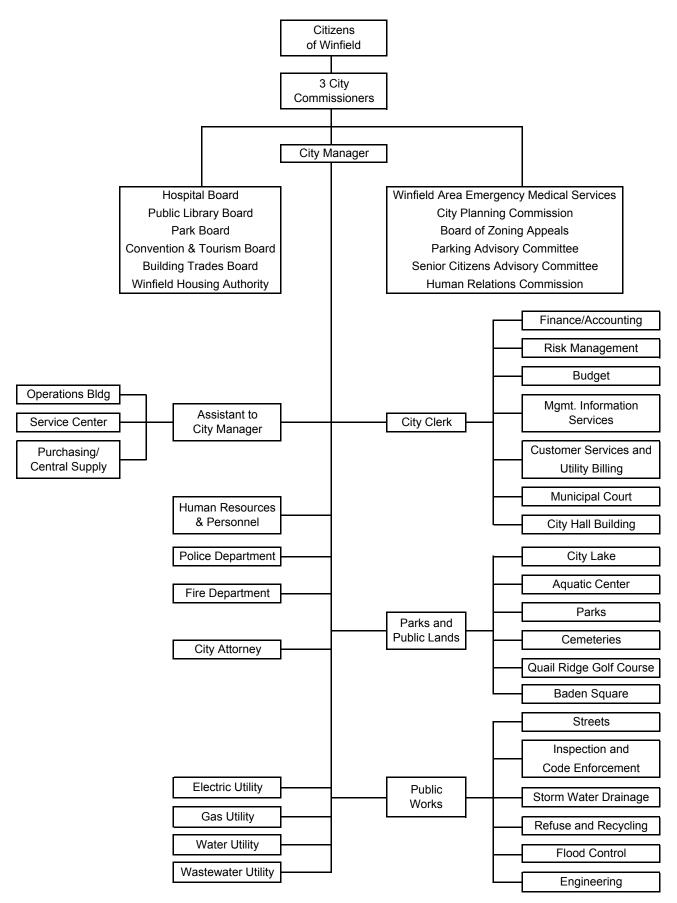


Edward Hang

President

**Executive Director** 

#### CITY OF WINFIELD, KANSAS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



## CITY OF WINFIELD, KANSAS LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2003

Mayor	Michael D. Ledy
City Commissioner	Phillip R. Jarvis
City Commissioner	G. Thomas McNeish
City Manager	Warren Porter
City Attorney	William Muret
Assistant to the City Manager	Gary Mangus
City Clerk/Director of Finance	Diane Rosecrans
City Treasurer/Finance Officer	Anne Jarrett
Fire Chief	Curtis Wilson
Police Chief	Jerry Devore
Director of Public Works/Engineering	Russell A. Tomevi
Staff Engineer	Robert Hellon
Municipal Judge	Thomas D. Herlocker
Director of Electric and Water Utilities	Colin M. Whitley
Director of Gas and Wastewater Utilities	George A. Bronson
Director of Parks and Public Lands	Mark Olney

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

EDW. B STEPHENSON & CO.

## CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

EDW. B. STEPHENSON (1905-1985)

> JAMES R. DOBBS (1927-1997)

HARRY L. SHETLAR, JR. (1931-2000)

MORRIS W. JARVIS (1935-1999)

#### <u>PARTNERS</u>

N. DEAN BRADBURY, C.P.A. LOREN L. PONTIOUS, C.P.A. MAURICE P. ROBERTS, C.P.A. AARON R. IVERSON, C.P.A.

#### STAFF ACCOUNTANTS

LEROY D. CAMMERER CHRIS L. LAMPSON TAMMY R. SPENCER

1002 Main Street Winfield, Kansas 67156 620-221-9320 FAX 620-221-9325 To the City Commissioners City Building Winfield, Kansas 67156

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Winfield, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Winfield, Kansas' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Winfield Housing Authority, which represents 69 percent and 62 percent, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the component units. Those financial statements of the Winfield Housing Authority were reviewed by us, and we issued a report expressing limited assurance that there are no material modifications that should be made to the statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the Kansas Municipal Audit Guide; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the limited assurance report as stated in the first paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Winfield, Kansas, as of December 31, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, the City has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement Number 34, *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*, as of December 31, 2003.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 6, 2004, on our consideration of the City of Winfield's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the Table of Contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Winfield but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Winfield, Kansas basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical tables listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Winfield, Kansas. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Winfield, Kansas. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, subject to the exceptions noted in the preceding disclaimer and qualification, are fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Edw. B. Stephenson & Co.

Winfield, Kansas May 6, 2004

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Calendar year 2003 marks the first year the City of Winfield has issued its financial statements in the format prescribed by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 34 (GASB 34), which requires the City to provide this overview of its financial activities for the fiscal year. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

## **Financial Highlights**

The City continues to struggle with the effects of the economic slowdown that began in 2001. Financial highlights of the year include the following:

- The City's total net assets increased \$2.24 million during the fiscal year ending 2003. At December 31, 2003, the City's net assets totaled \$59.9 million (Page A-13). Of this amount, \$9.3 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The cost of governmental activity was \$8.9 million. The amount paid by taxpayers through either property taxes or sales taxes was \$4.4 million, or 49 percent (Page A-14).
- The general fund, on a current financial resource basis, reported expenditures in excess of revenues and other financing resources and uses of \$188 thousand in the fiscal year ending 2003 (Page A-18).
- At the end of the fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$604,905, or 9.5 percent of the total general fund expenditures (including transfers out). Total fund balance represents 10 percent of that same amount of expenditures. (Page A-16).
- The City's total debt increased by \$605 thousand (2.5 percent) during the current fiscal year. Issuance of \$2.7 million of general obligation bonds for governmental and business-type activities was the key factor in this increase (Page A-13).

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: Introductory, financial, statistical, and single audit. The City of Winfield's financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The supplementary information is provided in addition to the basic financial statements.

The primary focus of local government financial statements has been summarized by fund type on a current financial resource basis. This approach has been modified and for the first time, the City's financial statements present two kinds of statements, each providing a different snapshot of the city's finances. The new focus is on both the city as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements, which are new, provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The fund financial statements, which have been provided in the past, focus on the individual parts of the City government, reporting the city's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the City's accountability.

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets will help answer the question "Is the city as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?"

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets (current year's revenues and expenses) are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement of activities for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are divided into three types of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental activities: police, fire, public works, cemetery, parks and recreation, health, and general administration. Fees, property taxes, other local taxes, and state and federal grants are the primary revenue sources of these activities.
- Business-type activities Business-type activities include these City activities: electric production and distribution, gas distribution, water purification and distribution, refuse collection, wastewater collection and treatment, stormwater drainage system, and municipal golf course. A fee is charged to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of services provided by business-type activities.
- Component units The Winfield Public Library and the Winfield Public Housing Authority are presented as components units of the City of Winfield.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages A-13 through A-15 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Winfield, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements provide more information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. All of the funds of the city of Winfield can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus on the government-wide statements, additional information is provided following the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages A-16 through A-18 of this report.

The City of Winfield maintains 26 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Capital

Improvements Fund, and the Debt Service Fund, all considered to be major funds. Data from the other 23 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements beginning on page B-3.

The City of Winfield adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund on page A-20 to demonstrate compliance with the appropriated budget.

Proprietary funds – Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. The city uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, gas, water, refuse, wastewater, stormwater, and golf course operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the city's various functions. Internal service funds account for the City's management services, fleet management, technology, purchasing and inventory, and self-insurance programs. Because internal services benefit both governmental and business-type functions, the assets and activities of the internal service funds have been allocated between governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds report the same types of information as the government-wide financial statements, however in greater detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the electric, gas, water, wastewater, and golf course funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Individual fund data for the stormwater and refuse funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor business-type funds is provided in the form of combining statements beginning on page C-2.

Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements, beginning on page D-2. The proprietary fund financial statements (enterprise and internal service funds) can be found on pages C-2 through D-10.

- Fiduciary funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. They are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City's responsibility is to ensure that the assets reported in these funds are used for the intended purposes only. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page A-32 of this report.
- Notes to the financial statements The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are found beginning on page A-36.
- Combining and individual fund statements and schedules In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents detailed information for nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, internal service funds, fiduciary funds, and capital assets owned by governmental funds.

## Financial Analysis of City as a Whole

**Net assets -** In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City is not required to restate prior periods for the purposes of providing comparative information. However, in future years, when prior year information is available, a comparative analysis of government-wide information will be presented.

## City of Winfield, Kansas Net Assets As of December 31, 2003 (in thousands of dollars)

Table 1

Total

	 ernmental ctivities	Business-type Activities				Primary Government		
Cash and investments	\$ 4,878	\$	8,036		\$	12,914		
Other assets	4,928		4,900			9,828		
Capital assets	20,307		49,354			69,661		
Total assets	30,113		62,290			92,403		
Long-term liabilities	10,491		11,694			22,185		
Other liabilities	 6,325		3,965			10,290		
Total liabilities	 16,816	15,659				32,475		
Net assets:								
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	12,890		36,233			49,123		
Restricted	282		1,239			1,521		
Unrestricted	125		9,159			9,284		
Total net assets	\$ 13,297	\$	46,631		\$	59,928		

Overall, during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2003, the total net assets of the *primary government* increased \$2.3 million, from \$57.6 million to \$59.9 million, a 4 percent increase. The net assets of the *governmental activities* decreased \$1.1 million, from \$14.4 million to \$13.3 million, an 8.5 percent decrease. This was primarily due to a combination of governmental and business-type capital project expenditures financed with general obligation debt proceeds. Net assets in *business-type activities* increased \$3.4 million, from \$43.2 million to \$46.6 million, an 8 percent increase. This was primarily due to capital construction financed with general obligation debt, one-time capital grants, and operating profits from the utilities.

Over 82 percent of the city's total net assets reflect investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements, equipment), less any outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, the capital assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of these assets, 2 percent, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions as to how they may be spent. The unrestricted portion of the net assets is \$9.3 million, 16 percent. Unrestricted net assets are normally the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants or other legal requirements.

**Governmental activities** - The governmental activities portion of unrestricted net assets totals \$125 thousand, or 1 percent of total governmental activities net assets. Capital assets, net of related debt, comprise 97 percent of total governmental activities net assets. Approximately 30 percent, or \$3 million, of the December 31, 2003 balance of general obligation outstanding debt has been used to finance business-type activities in current and prior years. In the Statement of Net Assets, all general obligation debt is reflected as governmental activities debt, and those assets related to business-type activities that were financed by general obligation debt are included as business-type capital assets.

**Business-type activities** – The business-type activities portion of unrestricted net assets total \$9.2 million, or 20 percent of total business-type activities net assets. Capital assets, net of related debt, comprise 78 percent of the total, and the remaining 2 percent are restricted net assets.

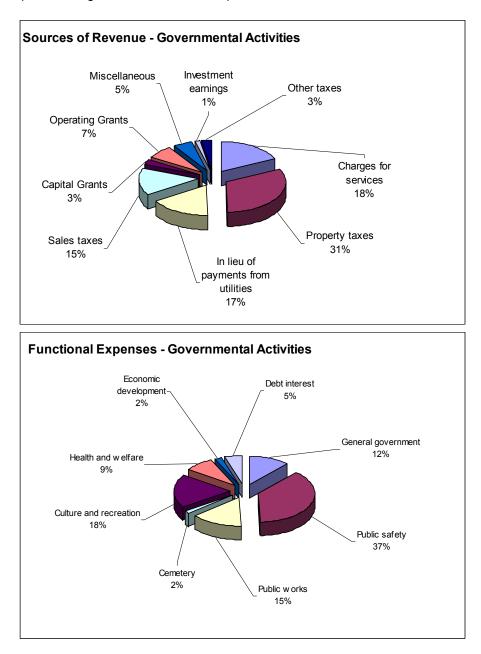
Table 2, below, summarizes total City revenues and expenses for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2003. Because 2003 is the first year of implementation of GASB No. 34 by the City, prior year information of revenues and expenses by governmental and business-type activities is not available. In future years, a comparative analysis of government-wide information will be presented.

Table 2

#### City of Winfield, Kansas Changes in Net Assets As of December 31, 2003 (in thousands of dollars)

	0	Covernmental				Total
		ernmental ctivities		iness-type Activities		Primary vernment
Revenues		Clivilles		Cuvilles	0	vennent
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	1,686	\$	27,962	\$	29,648
Operating grants and contributions	•	663	•	-	•	663
Capital grants and contributions		273		631		904
General revenues:						
Property taxes		2,997		-		2,997
Sales taxes		1,379		-		1,379
Franchise fees		141		-		141
Other taxes		133		-		133
In lieu of payments from utilities		1,561		-		1,561
Miscellaneous income		486		(701)		(215)
Investment interest		123		215		338
Total revenues		9,442		28,107		37,549
Expenses						
General government		1,041		-		1,041
Publci safety		3,357		-		3,357
Public works		1,318		-		1,318
Cemetery		139		-		139
Culture and recreation		1,662		-		1,662
Health and welfare		780		-		780
Economic development		168		-		168
Interest on debt		447		-		447
Electric		-		15,995		15,995
Gas		-		5,114		5,114
Water		-		1,734		1,734
Refuse		-		1,118		1,118
Wastewater		-		1,705		1,705
Stormwater drainage		-		55		55
Golf course		-		673		673
Total expenses		8,912		26,394		35,306
Excess before transfers		530		1,713		2,243
Transfers		(1,668)		1,668		-
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$	(1,138)	\$	3,381	\$	2,243

**Governmental activities -** As indicated above, governmental activities net assets decreased \$1.1 million during the year. The net transfer from governmental activities to business-type activities of \$1.7 million includes two capital asset related transactions: 1] \$1.3 million of stormwater infrastructure, and 2] the business-type activities' share of public building improvements, \$.5 million. Both were financed with general obligation debt, and that debt will be repaid with governmental revenues in future years. Excess revenues over expenses for governmental activities prior to transfers total \$530 thousand.



Revenues for the governmental activities are derived from several major sources, as the Sources of Revenue Chart above shows. \$3.0 million, or 31 percent of the City's 2003 revenue, came from property taxes. 'Other taxes' includes alcohol beverage and transient guest taxes. The City charges the electric, gas, water, and refuse funds 'in lieu of' franchise fees, a set percentage of gross revenues, similar to what would be assessed third-party utility companies supplying services to Winfield citizens. Capital grants included public safety and recreation one-time grants. Operating grants included public works dollars through the State of Kansas.

Public safety expense represents the largest governmental expense, \$3.4 million, or 37 percent of the City's total governmental expenses of \$8.9 million.

**Business-type activities -** The City operates six utilities and a municipal golf course. Combined, the electric and gas utilities account for 84 percent of the total business-type activity charges. Highlights in the business-type activities area include:

- The electric utility expended \$500 thousand of capital grant dollars in 2003, part of a multi-year reconstruction project of the electric distribution system damaged in a 2002 ice storm.
- Wastewater rates increased \$.15/1,000 gallons water usage in 2003. The increase is earmarked for future debt payments, financing prior years' wastewater treatment plant improvements.
- Construction began on a \$5.6 million water treatment plant project in late 2003. The City will begin using ozone as part of the water treatment process when the project is complete. The project is being financed through a twenty year loan from the Kansas Public Water Supply revolving loan program.
- Similar to prior years, the municipal golf course operated at a net loss, \$189 thousand in 2003. Cash flows from golf course revenues are not adequate to meet the debt payments, and the City transfers surplus funds from other proprietary funds annually to cover the gap. In 2003, golf course debt principal and interest amounted to \$355 thousand, and \$307 thousand was transferred from the electric and gas funds to the golf course fund.

### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Winfield uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds** - The focus of the City of Winfield's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Winfield's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2003, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$4.3 million, a decrease of \$791 thousand in comparison with the prior year. Approximately two-thirds of this total amount, \$2.9 million, constitutes unreserved fund balance, available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate encumbrances of the prior period, fund required debt reserves, fund inventory levels, and fund specific capital projects. The \$791 thousand decrease in fund balance is primarily due to increased street maintenance expenditures and capital project spending.

**General Fund** - The general fund is the major operating and taxing fund for the City of Winfield. At the close of 2003, the general fund balance had decreased \$188 thousand. Excluding transfers to and from the general fund, and allowing for the accounting change in funds where street maintenance costs are paid, overall general fund expenditures increased 2.3 percent, while revenues increased only .1 percent. Revenue highlights include:

- Property tax and sales tax revenues fell short of projected revenues by 6.9 percent and 2.7 percent, respectively. Property tax exemptions to a major industry accounted for the brunt of the property tax drop. Lower retail sales in the City than anticipated resulted in lower collection of sales tax.
- The State of Kansas eliminated demand transfers to cities beginning in late 2002, with 2003 as the first full year impact of the revenue reduction. A full year decrease amounts to approximately \$200 thousand in lost revenue to the City.
- In 2003, the City increased the 'in lieu of' franchise fees to the general fund, paid from the electric and gas funds, from 6 percent to 6.5 percent and from 5 percent to 5.5 percent of gross sales, respectively. In addition, electric sales were approximately 11 percent higher than projected in the 2003 budget. These increased franchise payments provided the primary revenue substitutions to the general fund.

**Capital Improvements Funds** - Included in the governmental funds are the capital projects funds. Major capital projects financed through general obligation debt included:

- Andrews/Bliss Streets asphalt and stormwater drainage improvements (stormwater is an enterprise fund, and the improvements were financed with governmental debt dollars)
- Fleet management facility (asset of an internal service fund, constructed with governmental debt proceeds)
- Fire station bunk room improvements
- Street infrastructure construction began in late 2003 for a new housing development, The Fairway (to be financed in 2004 with general obligation debt).

**Debt Service Fund -** The debt service fund had a total fund balance of \$382 thousand at year end, down \$62 thousand from the prior year. All of the debt service fund's fund balance is designated for future payments of debt service.

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Actual revenue sources did not meet the expectations of the original 2003 budget. Highlights of those deficiencies are discussed above under 'General Fund'. Reacting to those deficiencies, the City internally reduced the original 2003 budgeted expenditures, for management purposes, but did not amend the legally adopted budget. Under Kansas statutes, a legally adopted budget is required to be amended only when a fund's total expenditures increase over the original budget. In the general fund, the decrease amounted to an approximate 5 percent cutback from original budget. The City monitored position vacancies and other expenses closely during 2003. Other than a 1.5 percent COLA wage increase for employees in 2003, the City as a whole avoided increasing expenditures over prior year levels. In addition, several capital project and equipment replacement requests were deferred to future years. As a result, the City's unencumbered fund balance in the general fund decreased only 25 percent in 2003.

## **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2003, the City had \$69.7 million invested, net of depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets used in both governmental and business-type activities, summarized below:

Table 3

#### City of Winfield, Kansas Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation As of December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002) (in thousands of dollars)

	G	overnmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government				
2003		2003	2002		2003		2002		2003		2002		Percent Change
Land Infrastructure/ other improvements	\$ s	1,714 8,596	\$	1,714 7,631	\$	821 30,990	\$	821 29,166	\$	2,535 39,586	\$	2,535 36,797	0.0% 7.6%
Construction in progre	ss	112		1,229		482		295		594		1,524	-61.0%
Buildings and improvements		7,626		6,569		7,636		8,139		15,262		14,708	3.8%
Equipment		2,259		2,516		9,445		9,561		11,704		12,077	-3.1%
Total	\$	20,307	\$	19,659	\$	49,374	\$	47,982	\$	69,681	\$	67,641	3.0%

Completion of the Andrews/Bliss Streets improvements and stormwater drainage project in 2003 accounts for the significant drop in construction in progress. The City replaced approximately \$1.2 million of electric distribution assets in 2003, part of a multi-year reconstruction project. Other major capital projects are summarized in earlier paragraphs. Additional information regarding the City of Winfield's capital assets can be found in note 7, page A-45 of this report.

## Long-term Debt

At the end of 2003, the City had total long-term debt of \$25 million. Of this debt, \$18.8 million is backed by the full faith and credit of the government, although the City's intent is to use sales tax and utility revenue sources to repay \$9 million of that \$18.8 million.

Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the City may issue to 30 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$21.6 million, which is significantly higher than the general obligation outstanding debt.

Below is a summary of long-term debt:

Table 4

#### City of Winfield, Kansas Long-term Debt, net of Deferred Costs As of December 31, 2003 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2002) (in thousands of dollars)

-	Governmental Activities				Busines Activ		•	Total Primary Government			
_	2003		2002		2003		2002		2003		2002
General obligation bonds	§ 9,85	5\$	7,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,855	\$	7,900
Sales tax revenue bonds	1,02	C	1,175		-		-		1,020	\$	1,175
Utility revenue bonds		-	-		605		1,185		605		1,185
Certificate of participation	43	4	-		2,950		-		3,384		-
KDHE utility loans		-	-		8,673		8,696		8,673		8,696
Capital leases	10	1	615		1,089		4,693		1,190		5,308
Debt to other governments	29	3	257		-		-		298		257
Total	§ 11,70	3 \$	9,947	\$	13,317	\$	14,574	\$	25,025	\$	24,521

During 2003, the City combined and refinanced two capital leases and a certificate of participation issue with a \$3.6 million refunding certificates of participation issue. The result was a reduction in future debt service payments of \$355 thousand.

The City also issued new general obligation debt of \$2.71 million, funding street, drainage, and public building improvements, and a capital lease of \$92 thousand for a street sweeper in 2003.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The ongoing nationwide economic slump continues to affect the City of Winfield's financial condition. However, there are encouraging signs in 2003 and early 2004. A new housing development adjacent to the municipal golf course began groundwork in the fall of 2003. Newell-Rubbermaid, a major industry in Winfield completed a substantial 350,000 square foot building expansion in 2003, and increased their full-time employment workforce 20 percent. The

unemployment rate for Cowley County has dropped from 6.3 percent at the end of 2003 to 4.9 percent at the end of June 2004. The City purchased 5 acres in 2004, with the option to purchase an additional 50 adjoining acres, for a new industrial business park, focusing on light industry and business.

The State of Kansas will continue to eliminate demand transfers from cities during 2004 and the recovery of the local economy is expected to be slow and steady. Maintaining the current level of services to citizens, infrastructure maintenance, and spurring economic development are all factors considered in preparing the City's 2005 budget and monitoring the 2004 budget.

Both refuse collection and water rates are planned to increase in the 2004 year. Current refuse rates have not passed along the costs of increased landfill charges to customers over the past seven years. Debt incurred for 2002 water distribution system improvements and 2004-2005 water treatment system improvements will need to be repaid through increased customer water charges.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Winfield's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, P.O. Box 646, Winfield, KS 67156.

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2003

	F			
	Governmenta			Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 4,878,963	\$ 8,035,586	\$ 12,914,549	\$ 307,010
Receivables:				
Taxes	3,063,017	-	3,063,017	-
Special assessments	609,191	-	609,191	-
Accounts	271,867	3,115,270	3,387,137	4,851
Interest	8,665	-	8,665	114
Investment in land held for resale	48,432	-	48,432	-
Due from other governmental agencies	793,301	-	793,301	9,395
Due from component units	94,085	-	94,085	-
Inventories and prepaid assets	38,055	1,508,300	1,546,355	4,116
Cash and investments, restricted	-	209,048	209,048	-
Deposits	-	6,000	6,000	5,712
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	20,307,279	49,353,758	69,661,037 62,817	2,073,812
Investment in joint venture Total assets	30,112,855	<u>62,817</u> 62,290,779	92,403,634	2,405,010
10101 035615	50,112,055	02,230,779	32,403,034	2,400,010
Accounts payable	362,444	1,408,262	1,770,706	16,512
Accrued interest payable	176,179	223,406	399,585	-
Claims payable	121,723	121,723	243,446	-
Grant funds received in advance	-	395,005	395,005	-
Accrued compensated absences	202,423	193,457	395,880	2,483
Long-term liabilities			-	-
Due within one year	1,217,505	1,623,506	2,841,011	-
Due in more than one year	10,490,873	11,693,986	22,184,859	-
Due within one year to primary government	-	-	-	10,454
Due in more than one year to primary governm	nen -	-	-	83,631
Deferred revenue	4,245,176	-	4,245,176	1,060
Total liabilities	16,816,323	15,659,345	32,475,668	114,140
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	12,889,971	28,896,832	41,786,803	582,342
Invested in capital assets		7,336,601	7,336,601	1,397,385
Restricted for:		7,000,001	7,000,001	1,007,000
Capital projects	137,624	395,005	532,629	_
Debt service	143,568	844,298	987,866	_
Total restricted net assets	13,171,163	37,472,736	50,643,899	1,979,727
	13,171,103	57,472,750	50,045,099	1,979,727
Unrestricted net assets	125,369	9,158,698	9,284,067	311,143
Total net assets	\$ 13,296,532	\$ 46,631,434	\$ 59,927,966	\$ 2,290,870

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

		Program Revenues								
	_	Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions						
Primary government: Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 1,040,783	\$ 429,391	\$-	\$ 147,444						
Public safety	3,356,623	220,323	10,966	171,001						
Public works	1,318,185	1,756	651,953	-						
Cemetery	139,508	44,475	-	-						
Culture and recreation	1,662,247	376,533	-	102,174						
Health and welfare	780,187	613,792	-	-						
Economic development	167,920	-	-	-						
Interest on debt	447,137	-	-							
Total governmental activities	8,912,590	1,686,270	662,919	420,619						
Business-type activities:										
Electric	15,994,897	18,139,113	-	599,397						
Gas	5,113,599	5,340,838	-	20,359						
Water	1,734,755	1,452,037	-	10,204						
Refuse	1,117,730	1,012,291	-	-						
Wastewater	1,705,536	1,526,984	-	1,346						
Stormwater drainage	55,330	83,362	-	-						
Golf course	672,691	407,404	-	-						
Total business-type activities	26,394,538	27,962,029	-	631,306						
Total primary government	\$ 35,307,128	\$ 29,648,299	\$ 662,919	\$ 1,051,925						
Component Units:										
Winfield Public Library	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-						
Winfield Housing Authority	-	-	-	-						
Total component units										

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Investment earnings

Transient guest taxes

Franchise taxes

Alcohol beverage taxes

Miscellaneous

Payments from City of Winfield

In lieu of transfer payments from utilities

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning Prior period adjustments

Net assets - beginning, restated

Net assets - ending

		Net (Expense) Revenue a Primary Government						
Go	vernmental	Business-type			Compor	nent		
	Activities	Activities		Total	Units			
-								
\$	(463,948)	\$-	\$	(463,948)	\$	-		
,	(2,954,333)	-	,	(2,954,333)		-		
	(664,476)	-		(664,476)		-		
	(95,033)	-		(95,033)		-		
	(1,183,540)	-		(1,183,540)		-		
	(166,395)	-		(166,395)		-		
	(167,920)	-		(167,920)		-		
	(447,137)			(447,137)		-		
	(6,142,782)			(6,142,782)		-		
	-	2,743,613		2,743,613		-		
	-	247,598		247,598		-		
	-	(272,514)		(272,514)		-		
	-	(105,439)		(105,439)		-		
	-	(177,206) 28,032		(177,206)		-		
	-	(265,287)		28,032 (265,287)		-		
		2,198,797		2,198,797		-		
	(6,142,782)	2,198,797		(3,943,985)		_		
	-	-		-	(	420,141)		
	-			-		<u>27,483</u> 392,658)		
					(	392,000)		
	2,997,374	-		2,997,374		-		
	1,379,400	-		1,379,400		-		
	123,218	214,527		337,745		6,632		
	61,406	-		61,406		-		
	141,005	-		141,005		-		
	71,313	-		71,313		-		
	338,863	(700,740)		(361,877)		128		
	-	-		-		368,739		
	1,560,510	-		1,560,510		-		
	(1,668,614)	1,668,614		-	_	-		
	5,004,475	1,182,401		6,186,876		375,499		
	(1,138,307)	3,381,198		2,242,891		(17,159)		
	14,229,175	42,561,157		56,790,332	2,	303,655		
	205,664	689,079		894,743		4,374		
	14,434,839	43,250,236		57,685,075	2,	308,029		
\$	13,296,532	\$ 46,631,434	\$	59,927,966	\$2,	290,870		

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net	let Assets
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#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2003

Assets		General Fund		Bond and Interest Fund		Capital provements Fund	Other Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
Pooled cash and investments	\$	551,565	\$	382,053	\$	653,787	\$	2,355,645	\$	3,943,050
Receivables:	φ	551,505	φ	302,033	φ	055,707	φ	2,355,045	φ	3,943,050
Taxes		1,915,409		659,751		-		487,857		3,063,017
Special assessments		-		609,191		-				609,191
Accounts		36,848		-		-		233,438		270,286
Interest		8,665		-		-		-		8,665
Due from other governmental										
agencies		-		709,995		100,000		77,391		887,386
Due from other funds		-		-		24,000		-		24,000
Advances to other funds		31,368		-		-		-		31,368
Investment in land held		40,400								40,400
for resale	¢	48,432	¢		¢	-	¢		¢	48,432
Total assets	\$	2,592,287	\$	2,360,990	\$	777,787	\$	3,154,331	\$	8,885,395
Liabilities Accounts and wages payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$	175,660 - 1,778,382	\$	- - 1,978,937	\$	2,612 - -	\$	114,693 24,000 487,857	\$	292,965 24,000 4,245,176
Total liabilities		1,954,042		1,978,937		2,612		626,550		4,562,141
Fund Balances Reserved for: Encumbrances Capital outlay Advances to other funds Debt service Unreserved: Designated for subsequent year appropriation Undesignated, reported in special revenue funds Undesignated, reported in permanent fund		1,972 31,368 - 604,905 -		- - 143,568 238,485 -		71,192 703,983 - - -		65,842 412,916 - - 2,005,426 37,597 6,000		139,006 1,116,899 31,368 143,568 2,848,816 37,597 6,000
Total fund balances		638,245		382,053		775,175		2,527,781		4,323,254
		-, -		,		1 -		, , -		, , -
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,592,287	\$	2,360,990	\$	777,787	\$	3,154,331	\$	8,885,395

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2003

Total fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$	4,323,254
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different from those reported in the governmental funds above because of the following:		
CAPITAL ASSETS         Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. These assets consist of:         Land       \$ 1,711,194         Construction in progress       \$ 1,711,194         Buildings, net of \$1,384,242 accumulated depreciation       \$ 6,982,338         Improvements other than buildings, net of \$2,542,370 accumulated depreciation       \$ 8,576,465         Machinery and equipment, net of \$3,775,361 accumulated depreciation       2,054,087	-	19,435,695
<b>BOND ISSUANCE COSTS</b> Issuance costs associated with new debt issued by the City in 2003 were reported as expenditures in the governmental fund when the debt was issued, whereas bond issuance costs are deferred in the statement of net assets. Deferred bond issuance costs are amortized, over the life of the debt issued, as an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities.		48,037
<b>INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS</b> Internal services funds are used by the city to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other City departments, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		1,582,895
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net assets.		
Balances at December 31, 2003 are: Accrued interest payable Compensated absences Payable to other governmental agencies Certificates of participation payable General obligation and sales tax revenue debt payable Capital leases payable		(176,179) (160,755) (297,920) (481,950) (10,875,000) (101,545)
Total net assets of governmental activities	\$	13,296,532

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

		General Fund	Bond and Interest Fund	Ir	Capital nprovements Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	1,820,809	\$ 678,922	\$	-	\$	497,643	\$ 2,997,374
Sales taxes		1,379,400	-		-		-	1,379,400
Special assessments		-	147,444		-		-	147,444
In lieu of taxes from utility funds Franchise taxes		1,560,510 141,005	-		-		-	1,560,510 141,005
Intergovernmental revenue		325,779	- 131,877		- 100,000		- 800,510	1,358,166
Licenses and permits		28,279	131,077		100,000		000,010	28,279
Fines and penalties		158,459	_				_	158,459
Interest income		37,601	15,362		21,946		52,423	127,332
Use of property		104,080	10,002		21,040		52,425	104,080
Charges for services and sales		485,896					535,630	1,021,526
Other		400,000 54,419	239		_		165,477	220,135
Total revenues		6,096,237	 973,844		121,946		2,051,683	 9,243,710
Total revenues		0,000,207	 575,044		121,040		2,001,000	 5,245,710
Expenditures								
Current operations:								
General government	\$	823,764	\$ -	\$	4,342	\$	136,657	\$ 964,763
Public safety	·	3,086,262	-		-		67,755	3,154,017
Public works		-	10,331		33,600		1,106,399	1,150,330
Cemetery		118,990	,		,		342	119,332
Culture and recreation		939,601	-		26,955		369,805	1,336,361
Health and welfare		-	-		-		724,297	724,297
Economic development		-	-		-		167,920	167,920
Debt service:								
Debt principal payments		8,705	910,000		60,013		54,636	1,033,354
Debt interest payments		865	365,699		30,254		2,396	399,214
Capital outlay		118,600	-		2,909,404		791,255	3,819,259
Total expenditures		5,096,787	 1,286,030		3,064,568		3,421,462	 12,868,847
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		999,450	(312,186)		(2,942,622)		(1,369,779)	(3,625,137)
(under) experiateree		000,400	 (012,100)		(2,042,022)		(1,000,110)	 (0,020,107)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		40,000	350,363		735,499		627,853	1,753,715
Transfers out		(1,310,065)	(100,000)		(339,325)		(60,000)	(1,809,390)
Proceeds from general obligation bond issue		-	-		2,608,600		101,400	2,710,000
Proceeds of refunding debt		-	-		481,950		-	481,950
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent		-	-		(481,950)		-	(481,950)
Proceeds from capital lease issue		-	-		-		92,417	92,417
Sale of property		82,358	 -		-		5,495	 87,853
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,187,707)	 250,363		3,004,774	_	767,165	 2,834,595
Net change in fund balances		(188,257)	(61,823)		62,152		(602,614)	(790,542)
Fund balances, beginning of year		826,502	443,876		713,023		2,924,731	4,908,132
Prior period adjustment			 	_			205,664	 205,664
Fund balances, beginning of year, restated		826,502	 443,876		713,023		3,130,395	 5,113,796
Fund balances, end of year	\$	638,245	\$ 382,053	\$	775,175	\$	2,527,781	\$ 4,323,254

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds       \$         Anounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: <b>Capial asset transactions</b> Systemmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, to those assets, which meet capitalization requirements, is allocated over their estimated outlives and reported as depreciation expense. <b>Asset financed with governmental fund revenues, and transferred to proprietary funds Asset financed with governmental fund revenues, and transferred to proprietary funds (1.612,939)</b> ( <b>B54,548)</b> ( <b>D69,978)</b> Depreciation       (1.612,939) ( <b>B54,548)</b> ( <b>D16,978)</b> (108,978)         Systemment of governmental fixed assets       (108,978)       (108,978)         Net capital asset transactions       (108,978)       (108,978) <b>Asset financed with</b> governmental fixed assets       (108,978)       (108,978)         Net capital asset transactions <b>Evenues Asset financed requipment donated to governmental funds</b> , but issuing debt forscereds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt forsceases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of debt principal as and principal payments <b>Activities and elegation bond principal payments</b> Longer Long Loligation bond principal payments       Careiral balagation bond issuance proceeds       Careiral balagation bond issuance proceeds         Define locule tothout tothout the statement of activities, b	
Capital asset transactions         Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets, which meet capitalization requirements, is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.         Capital outlay expenditures       3,819,259         Assets financed with governmental fund revenues, and transferred to proprietary funds       (1,612,939)         Depreciation       (854,548)         Loss on retirement of governmental fixed assets       (108,978)         Net capital asset transactions       (108,978)         Evenues       net statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.         Fair market value of equipment donated to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditures in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Assets, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.         General obligation bond principal payments Capital lease principal payments         Gatial lease principal payments         Capital lease issuance proceeds         Capital lease issuance proceeds         Capital lease i	(790,542)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets, which meet capitalization requirements, is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay expenditures S, 819,259 Assets financed with governmental fund revenues, and transferred to proprietary funds (1,612,939) Depreciation (854,548) Loss on retirement of governmental fixed assets (108,978) Net capital asset transactions  Revenues Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Fair market value of equipment donated to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditures in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Assets, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities. General obligation bond principal payments Capital lease principal payments Capital lease principal payments Capital lease issuance proceeds Accrual of non-current items The amounts below are included in the statement of activities, but do not require the use of current	
Assets financed with governmental fund revenues, and transferred to proprietary funds (1,612,939) Depreciation (854,548) Loss on retirement of governmental fixed assets (108,978) Net capital asset transactions <b>Revenues</b> Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Fair market value of equipment donated to governmental funds <b>Long-term debt</b> Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditures in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Assets, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities. General obligation bond principal payments Capital lease principal payments General obligation bond issuance proceeds Capital lease issuance proceeds <b>Accrual of non-current items</b> The amounts below are included in the statement of activities, but do not require the use of current	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.         Fair market value of equipment donated to governmental funds         Long-term debt         Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditures in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Assets, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.         General obligation bond principal payments         Capital lease principal payments         Capital lease issuance proceeds         Capital lease issuance proceeds         The amounts below are included in the statement of activities, but do not require the use of current	1,242,794
Long-term debt         Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditures in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Assets, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.         General obligation bond principal payments         Capital lease principal payments         General obligation bond issuance proceeds         Capital lease issuance proceeds         The amounts below are included in the statement of activities, but do not require the use of current	
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditures in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Assets, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities. General obligation bond principal payments Capital lease principal payments General obligation bond issuance proceeds Capital lease issuance proceeds The amounts below are included in the statement of activities, but do not require the use of current	55,749
Capital lease principal payments General obligation bond issuance proceeds Capital lease issuance proceeds Accrual of non-current items The amounts below are included in the statement of activities, but do not require the use of current	
Capital lease issuance proceeds Accrual of non-current items The amounts below are included in the statement of activities, but do not require the use of current	910,000 123,354
The amounts below are included in the statement of activities, but do not require the use of current	(2,710,000) (92,417)
Compensated absences Interest payable Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs	6,115 (45,002) (2,921)
Allocation of internal service funds activity Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as management services and insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities	164,563
Change in net assets of governmental activities	(1,138,307)

## GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues and other sources:			
Taxes:			
Property	\$ 1,955,530	\$ 1,801,866	\$ (153,664)
Sales	1,418,000	1,382,349	(35,651)
Franchise	138,500	142,644	4,144
Licenses and permits	26,180	27,985	1,805
Intergovernmental	585,510	349,899	(235,611)
Rentals, charges for services and sales	591,250	712,658	121,408
Fines and penalties	150,400	158,459	8,059
Interest earnings	37,000	28,936	(8,064)
Payments in lieu of taxes	16,911	18,943	2,032
Payments in lieu of taxes - utilities	1,354,213	1,560,509	206,296
Reimbursed expenditures	46,116	37,526	(8,590)
Transfers from other funds	40,000	40,000	-
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances	-	293	293
Total revenues and other sources	6,359,610	6,262,067	(97,543)
Expenditures and other uses:			
General government:			
Legal	96,246	90,919	5,327
Administrative	875,811	816,678	59,133
Cemetery maintenance	136,133	124,497	11,636
Public safety:			
Police department	1,744,633	1,621,639	122,994
Fire department	1,411,418	1,364,670	46,748
Building inspection	146,396	129,633	16,763
Parking	30,681	18,983	11,698
Culture and recreation:			
City lake	267,800	244,386	23,414
Park maintenance	597,030	590,564	6,466
Baden Square	221,918	174,015	47,903
Aquatic facility	164,222	149,496	14,726
Operating transfers out:	1,069,000	1,052,929	16,071
Total expenditures and other uses	6,761,288	6,378,409	382,879
Revenues and other sources over			
(under) expenditures and other uses	(401,678)	(116,342)	285,336
Unencumbered fund balance, Jan 1	401,678	490,275	88,597
Unencumbered fund balance, Dec 31	\$	\$ 373,933	\$ 373,933

## DEBT SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues and other sources:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$	742,913	\$ 678,475	\$	(64,438)
Payments in lieu of taxes		353	447		94
Special assessments		169,932	147,444		(22,488)
Other revenues:					
Interest income		22,000	15,362		(6,638)
Payments from other governmental entities,					
debt payment shares		137,923	131,877		(6,046)
Other		-	14,872		14,872
Transfers in		352,170	 350,363		(1,807)
Total revenues and other sources		1,425,291	 1,338,840		(86,451)
Expenditures and other uses:					
Bond interest payments		432,996	365,699		67,297
Bond principal payments		845,000	910,000		(65,000)
Transfer to other fund for debt payment		100,000	100,000		-
Other		50	-		50
Contingency		457,469	 10,330		447,139
Total expenditures and other uses		1,835,515	1,386,029		449,486
Revenues and other sources over					
(under) expenditures and other uses		(410,224)	(47,189)		363,035
Unencumbered fund balance, Jan 1		501,999	 429,243		(72,756)
Unencumbered fund balance, Dec 31	\$	91,775	\$ 382,054	\$	290,279

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Enterprise Funds					
	Electric	Gas	Water			
	Utility	Utility	Utility			
A = = = 4	Fund	Fund	Fund			
Assets Current assets						
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 5,383,247	\$ 796,150	\$ 562			
Utility billing receivables, net	569,150	205,208	پ 502 17,505			
Accounts receivable, net	31,473	7,317	367,909			
Due from other funds	5,000	-	-			
Inventories and prepaid assets	65,950	303,362	-			
Total current assets	6,054,820	1,312,037	385,976			
Noncurrent assets						
Restricted assets - cash and investments						
Capital assets Land	275 700	6 200	0 001			
Buildings and improvements	375,709 3,367,508	6,300	8,801 460,310			
Improvements other than buildings	20,861,733	6,227,265	8,954,393			
Construction in progress	119,057	0,227,205	362,823			
Machinery, equipment, other	16,108,830	881,856	624,948			
Less accumulated depreciation	(20,372,688)	(3,014,223)	(3,800,673)			
Net capital assets	20,460,149	4,101,198	6,610,602			
		.,	0,010,002			
Other assets						
Sales tax deposit	-	-	-			
Advances to internal service funds	2,205,086	472,147	217,610			
Investment in joint venture	-	-	-			
Unamortized loss on refunding	-	-	-			
Unamortized issuance costs	11,880	-	-			
Total other assets	2,216,966	472,147	217,610			
Total noncurrent assets	22,677,115	4,573,345	6,828,212			
Total assets	28,731,935	5,885,382	7,214,188			

			Enterp	orise F	unds				
Utilit	Wastewater Utility		uail Ridge olf Course		Other Enterprise	Total Enterprise		Int	ternal Service
Fun	d		Fund		Funds		Funds		Funds
28	9,674 8,122	\$	13,567	\$	456,762 17,127	\$	7,019,962 837,112	\$	1,951,537 1,856,905
	1,071		3,877		8,022		419,669 5,000		3,162
:	2,208		-		-		371,520		_ 1,174,834
40	1,075		17,444		481,911		8,653,263		4,986,438
			208,927		121		209,048		-
23	3,355		399,949		3,503		817,617		6,500
	3,240		484,822		44,673		10,300,553		1,679,354
9,19	3,826		2,346,358		2,527,322		50,110,897		74,073
2 14	337 4,301		- 346,384		- 1,013,704		482,217 21,120,023		- 1,544,025
-	5,787)		(1,699,916)		(805,845)		(34,349,132)		(1,560,787)
12,64			1,877,597		2,783,357		48,482,175		1,743,165
	_				_				6,000
6	5,302		_		52,284		3,012,429		- 0,000
	, -		-		62,817		62,817		-
	-		130,305		-		130,305		-
	-		41,285		-		53,165		-
6	5,302		171,590		115,101		3,258,716		6,000
12,714	4,574		2,258,114		2,898,579		51,949,939		1,749,165
13,11	5,649		2,275,558		3,380,490		60,603,202		6,735,603

(Continued)

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Enterprise Funds						
				Gas		Water	
	Utility			Utility			Utility
Liabilities		Fund		Fund			Fund
Current liabilites							
Accounts payable	\$	497,820		5	650,770	\$	38,361
Due to other funds	Ψ			Ψ		Ψ	5,000
Accrued interest payable		62,673			-		39,070
Current portion of long-term debt		982,760			-		79,853
Grant funds received in advance		395,005			-		-
Accrued compensated absences		62,167			28,200		28,841
Total current liabilities		2,000,425	_		678,970		191,125
Noncurrent liabilities							
State of Kansas KDHE loans payable		_			-		2,537,010
Capital leases/certificates payable		1,325,674			-		-
Payable from restricted assets		-			-		-
Deferred gain on refunding bonds		10,067			-		-
Claims payable		-			-		-
Advances from other funds		-			-		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,335,741	_		-		2,537,010
Total liabilities		3,336,166	_		678,970		2,728,135
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets		-			4,101,198		-
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		18,141,648			-		3,993,739
Restricted by debt covenants		635,250			-		-
Restricted for capital projects		395,005					
Unrestricted		6,223,866	_		1,105,214		492,314
Total net assets	\$	25,395,769	(	\$	5,206,412	\$	4,486,053

Internal Service	Total Enteprise	Other Enterprise	Quail Ridge Golf Course	Wastewater Utility	
Funds	Funds	Funds	Fund	Fund	
\$ 201,408	\$ 1,276,332	\$ 50,268	\$ 13,381	25,732	
	5,000	-	-	-	
	223,406	348	55,500	65,815	
	1,647,423	10,000	255,949	318,861	
	395,005	-	-	-	
83,33	151,789	13,618	8,539	10,424	
284,743	3,698,955	74,234	333,369	420,832	
	0.074.704				
	8,274,764	-	- 2,014,107	5,737,754	
	3,359,660 209,048	19,879 121	2,014,107 208,927	-	
	10,067	121	200,927	-	
243,44	10,007	-	-	-	
3,043,79	_	_	_	_	
3,287,240	11,853,539	20,000	2,223,034	5,737,754	
3,571,983	15,552,494	94,234	2,556,403	6,158,586	
1,743,16	6,465,019	2,363,821	-	-	
, -,	28,896,832	389,657	(220,869)	6,592,657	
	844,298	121	208,927	-	
	395,005		,		
1,420,45	8,449,554	532,657	(268,903)	364,406	
\$ 3,163,620	45,050,708	\$ 3,286,256	\$ (280,845)	6,957,063	

Total net assets per the government-wide Statement of Net Assets

(Concluded)

\$ 46,631,434

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Enterprise Funds				
	Electric	Gas	Water		
	Utility	Utility	Utility		
Operating revenues	Fund	Fund	Fund		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 17,890,565	\$ 5,327,101	\$ 1,430,798		
Other	248,548	13,737	21,239		
Total operating revenues	18,139,113	5,340,838	1,452,037		
Operating expenses					
Services and supplies	13,257,081	4,659,223	1,361,173		
Payments in lieu of franchise fees	1,152,553	290,255	71,554		
Depreciation	1,436,966	164,121	207,188		
Total operating expenses	15,846,600	5,113,599	1,639,915		
Operating income (loss)	2,292,513	227,239	(187,878)		
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Interest income	108,430	30,002	9,621		
Loss on joint venture	-	-	-		
Interest expense	(148,297)	-	(94,840)		
Other	(718,151)	(179,466)	57		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(758,018)	(149,464)	(85,162)		
Income (loss) before contributions					
and transfers	1,534,495	77,775	(273,040)		
Capital contributions and operating transfers:					
Capital contributions	599,397	20,359	10,204		
Transfers in (out) - cash	(153,650)	(153,650)	-		
Transfers in (out) - capital assets	(5,431)		163,524		
Change in net assets	1,974,811	(55,516)	(99,312)		
Total net assets - beginning	23,420,958	5,261,928	4,537,547		
Prior period adjustment			47,818		
Total restated net assets - beginning	23,420,958	5,261,928	4,585,365		
Total net assets - ending	\$ 25,395,769	\$ 5,206,412	\$ 4,486,053		

	Total	Other	Quail Ridge	Wastewater
Internal Servic	Enterprise	Enterprise	Golf Course	Utility
Funds	Funds	Funds	Fund	Fund
\$ 2,665,153	\$ 27,630,951	\$ 1,052,626	\$ 406,288	\$ 1,523,573
1,188,992	331,078	43,027	1,116	3,411
3,854,145	27,962,029	1,095,653	407,404	1,526,984
4,476,610	21,535,504	1,009,572	347,756	900,699
	1,560,509	46,147	-	-
128,270	2,677,591	113,354	152,784	603,178
4,604,880	25,773,604	1,169,073	500,540	1,503,877
(750,735	2,188,425	(73,420)	(93,136)	23,107
45,571	168,956	11,182	1,347	8,374
	(1,941)	(1,941)	-	-
	(620,934)	(3,987)	(172,151)	(201,659)
(1,779	(818,137)	4,500	74,923	-
43,792	(1,272,056)	9,754	(95,881)	(193,285)
(706,943	916,369	(63,666)	(189,017)	(170,178)
	631,306			1,346
(19,820	75,495	(20,000)	307,300	95,495
1,056,235	1,593,119	1,340,688	6,457	87,881
329,472	3,216,289	1,257,022	124,740	14,544
2,834,148	41,145,340	1,392,251	(408,523)	6,941,179
	689,079	636,983	2,938	1,340
2,834,148	41,834,419	2,029,234	(405,585)	6,942,519
\$ 3,163,620	\$ 45,050,708	\$ 3,286,256	\$ (280,845)	6,957,063
	1,580,726	nd activiites	e certain internal service fu	Adjustment to consolida
	\$ 46,631,434	t of Net Assets	government-wide Statemen	Total pat apparts par the

## CITY OF WINFIELD, KANSAS

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Enterprise Funds					
		Electric Utility Fund		Gas Utility Fund		Water Utility Fund
Cash flows from operating activities	•	(10,100,-00)	•	( <del>.</del>	•	
Payments to suppliers	\$	(12,182,508)	\$	(4,343,712)	\$	(702,273)
Payments to employees		(1,376,426)		(495,286)		(652,571)
Payments of claims		-		-		-
Internal activity-receipts from (payments to) other funds		(1 150 552)		(200.255)		(71 554)
Receipts from customers		(1,152,553) 17,697,660		(290,255) 5,257,013		(71,554) 1,421,569
Other receipts (expenses)		407,262		29,901		29,623
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,393,435		157,661		23,023
Net oush provided by operating dolivities		0,000,400		107,001		24,104
Cash flows from noncapital financing actvities						
Advances from ( to) other funds		(142,691)		(43,293)		(1,957)
Operating subsidies and transfers from (to) other funds		(153,650)		(153,650)		-
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		(296,341)		(196,943)		(1,957)
Cash flows from capital and related						
financing activities						
Debt payments - principal		(580,000)		-		(76,946)
Debt payments - interest		(58,670)		-		(95,853)
Issuance of debt		660,363		-		-
Retirement of debt		(671,549)		-		-
Debt issuance costs		(13,177)		-		-
Transfers (to) from other funds for debt payments		-		-		-
Transfers (to) from other funds for capital acquisiton		-		-		-
Capital lease and cert of part payments - principal		(359,366)		-		-
Capital lease and cert of part payments - interest		(93,387)		-		-
Sale of land		-		-		-
Capital contributions		122,011		20,359		10,204
Acquisition of capital assets		(1,648,772)		(412,501)		(461,054)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(2,642,547)		(392,142)		(623,649)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Installment sale payments - principal		-		-		-
Interest income		108,430		30,002		9,621
Net cash provided from investing activities		108,430		30,002		9,621
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalent		562,977		(401,422)		(591,191)
Balances - beginning of the year		4 000 070		4 407 570		504 750
(includes \$200,834 in restricted accounts)		4,820,270		1,197,572		591,753
Balances - end of the year	¢	E 000 047	¢	700 450	¢	500
(includes \$209,048 in restricted accounts)	\$	5,383,247	\$	796,150	\$	562

		Enterp	rise Fund	ds				
	Wastewater	Quail Ridge		Other		Total		
	Utility	Golf Course	I	Enterprise		Enterprise	Ir	nternal Service
	Fund	Fund		Funds		Funds		Funds
\$	(476,441)	\$ (105,951)	\$	(560,884)	\$	(18,371,769)	\$	(2,778,013)
,	(433,774)	(235,709)	,	(432,724)	,	(3,626,490)		(1,931,975)
				-		-		(330,851)
	-	-		(46,147)		(1,560,509)		(22,604,694)
	1,522,811	406,288		1,056,137		27,361,478		26,966,976
	4,608	(667)		30,915		501,642		58,414
. <u> </u>	617,204	63,961		47,297		4,304,352		(620,143)
	(7,926)	-		(5,081)		(200,948)		201,530
	-	307,300		(20,000)		(20,000)		-
	(7,926)	307,300		(25,081)		(220,948)		201,530
	(308,715)	(230,000)		-		(1,195,661)		-
	(205,014)	(125,280)		-		(484,817)		-
	_	2,462,667		-		3,123,030		-
	-	(2,470,000)		-		(3,141,549)		-
	-	(38,461)		-		(51,638)		-
	100,000	-		-		100,000		-
	(4,505)	-		-		(4,505)		(19,820)
	_	(18,781)		(10,000)		(388,147)		-
	-	(1,917)		(3,850)		(99,154)		-
	-	74,923		-		74,923		-
	1,346	-		-		153,920		-
	(225,094)	(14,495)		(73,478)		(2,835,394)		(48,039)
	(641,982)	(361,344)		(87,328)		(4,748,992)		(67,859)
	-	-		1,656		1,656		-
	8,374	1,347		11,183		168,957		45,571
	8,374	1,347		12,839		170,613		45,571
	(24,330)	11,264		(52,273)		(494,975)		(440,901)
	394,004	211,230		509,156		7,723,985		2,392,438
\$	369,674	\$ 222,494	\$	456,883	\$	7,229,010	\$	1,951,537
	· · · · · ·	<u>.</u>						(Continued)
								. ,

## **CITY OF WINFIELD, KANSAS**

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Enterprise Funds	
Electric	Gas	Water
Utility	Utility	Utility
Fund	Fund	Fund

## Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities

Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,292,513	\$ 227,239	\$ (187,878)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	1,436,966	164,121	207,188
Receivables, net Inventories/ prepaids	(34,191)	(53,923) (242,376)	(845)
Compensated absences Accounts and other payables	(2,343) (299,510)	1,002 61,598	2,329 4,000
Claims payable Deferred revenues		-	-
Total adjustments	 1,100,922	 (69,578)	212,672
Net cash provided (used) by operating activitie	\$ 3,393,435	\$ 157,661	\$ 24,794
Noncash Transactions			
Assets contributed from (to) other funds Asset sold through installment sale	(5,431)	-	163,524
Loss on joint venture	-	-	-

See accompanying notes to financial statements

		Enterpri	se Fun	ds				
 Wastewater Utility Fund		Quail Ridge Golf Course Fund		Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		ernal Service Funds
\$ 23,107	\$	(93,136 <u>)</u>	\$	(73,420)	\$	2,188,425	<u>\$</u>	(750,735)
603,178		152,784		113,354		2,677,591		128,270
435 (2,208)		(1,783)		3,510		(86,797) (244,584)		(140,972) (56,827)
(1,714) (5,594)		(93) 6,189		707 17,183		(112) (216,134)		2,677 (33,552)
 -		-		- (14,037)		- (14,037)		230,996
 594,097		157,097		120,717		2,115,927		130,592
\$ 617,204	\$	63,961	\$	47,297	\$	4,304,352	\$	(620,143)
87,881 - -		6,457 - -		1,340,688 (4,500) (1,941)		1,593,119 (4,500) (1,941)		1,056,235 - -

(Concluded)

# **CITY OF WINFIELD**

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Private-Purpose Trust	Agency Funds
Assets Pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$     88,553 62,461	13,594
Total assets	151,014	13,594
Liabilities Accounts payable	<u> </u>	13,594
Net Assets	\$ 151,014	<u>\$                                    </u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements

# **CITY OF WINFIELD**

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Private-Purpose Trust	) 
Additions Interest	\$ 52,130	
CDBG loan payments	50,932	
Other	1,491	_
Total additions	104,553	
Deductions:		
Expenditures	685	
Change in net assets	103,868	
Net assets - beginning of the year	47,146	_
Net assets - end of the year	\$ 151,014	_

See accompanying notes to financial statements

## **CITY OF WINFIELD, KANSAS**

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## **CITY OF WINFIELD, KANSAS**

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## CITY OF WINFIELD, KANSAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Winfield, Kansas was founded in 1869. Located in the northern half of Cowley County, Winfield has a population of 12,016 living within an area of 12 square miles. The City operates under a charter adopted February 2, 1873, and a Commission/ Manager form of government.

## A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the financial activity of the City, which is the primary government presented, along with the financial activities of its component units, entities for which the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

## 1) Blended Component Unit

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Winfield Area Emergency Medical Service (WAEMS) operates the local area ambulance service and is governed by the City Commission. The City Commission has contracted with William Newton Hospital to oversee the daily operations of the emergency medical service. WAEMS is treated as a governmental fund of the City.

## 2) Discretely Presented Component Units

*Winfield Public Library* - operates the City's public library. The library has its own financing levy under Kansas Statues, and the Library tax levy is included in the total City tax levy. Library tax distributions are paid to the City, and the City in turn distributes to the Library. The City appoints all Library Board members, and the City must approve acquisition or disposition of real property by the Library Board.

*Winfield Housing Authority* - operates the City's housing projects. The City created the Winfield Housing Authority as its agent in 1978, under K.S.A 17-2340. The City has delegated to the Housing Authority the power to operate and manage the low-rent housing projects of the City. The City of Winfield is financially accountable for the Housing Authority, and appoints all Housing Authority board members. The Housing Authority is on a June 30 fiscal year end. Data included in these financial statements are for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. The financial statements of the Winfield Housing Authority for this period were reviewed, not audited.

All component units of the City are considered to be nonmajor funds. Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices listed below:

Winfield Public Library 605 College Winfield, KS 67156 Winfield Housing Authority 1417 Pine Terrace Winfield, KS 67156

Winfield Area Emergency Medical Services 500 East 5<sup>th</sup> Ave Winfield, KS 67156

## 3) Joint Ventures

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement (or interlocal agreement) and is owned, operated or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control. The participants retain (a) an on-going financial interest or, (b) an on-going financial responsibility. The City participates in the following joint ventures:

Strother Field Airport and Industrial Park – The Cities of Winfield and Arkansas City, Kansas entered into an interlocal agreement to create the Strother Field Commission. Commissioners from both cities comprise the Strother Field governing body, and the two cities jointly own Strother Field. The cities provide no financial support to Strother Field. Separate audited financial statements are available from Strother Field Airport and Industrial Park. Below is selective information pulled from the December 31, 2003 Strother Field audited financial statements:

Operating revenues	\$ 468,180
Operating expenses	478,673
Nonoperating rev/exp	4,738
Transfers to grant funds	(926)
Net income	(6,682)
Net working capital	332,041
Total equity	93,741
Total assets (excluding fixed assets)	402,939

*Arkansas City/Winfield Recycling Center* – The Cities of Winfield and Arkansas City, Kansas entered into an interlocal agreement to jointly purchase and operate a recycling center. Records are maintained by the City of Winfield; both cities share equally in the costs and recycling revenues. No financial statements are prepared for this joint venture. Further financial information can be obtained through the City of Winfield, 200 E. 9<sup>th</sup>, Winfield, KS 67156. Below is a summary of 2003 revenues and expenses for the recycling center.

Recycling revenues	\$ 41,520
Recycling expenses	72,132
Depreciation expense	5,082

## 4) Related Organizations

A related organization is an organization for which a primary government is accountable because that government appoints a voting majority of the Board, but is not financial accountable.

*William Newton Hospital* – The City Commission is responsible for appointing the Board members of the Hospital, but the City's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making appointments.

## B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported discretely from the legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include [1] charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and [2] grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is

incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues and recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due.

Sales tax and other taxes, franchise fees, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Special assessments receivable that are not due within the current fiscal period and not susceptible to accrual are recorded as deferred revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

The <u>General fund</u> is the principal fund of the City that accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The majority of current operating expenditures of the City, other than proprietary fund activities, are financed through revenues received by the General fund. Its revenues consist primarily of taxes, investment income, licenses and permits, intergovernmental shared revenues, charges for services, fines, and payments in lieu of taxes from both city-owned and external utilities. General fund expenditures represent the general administration costs of government, and public safety (fire, police, and buildings inspection), parks and recreational facilities, and cemetery maintenance.

The <u>Debt Service fund</u> accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The <u>Capital Improvements fund</u> accounts for major capital improvements of the city (other than those financed in proprietary funds), financed primarily through one-half of the local sales tax revenues, issuance of general obligation bonds, and other City transfers.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The <u>Electric Utility fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's electric generation and distributions system. The city purchases electricity, and maintains a 40.95 KW generation capacity. Electric service is provided to more than 8,100 meters both within the city and in surrounding areas, and sold wholesale to two other cities

The <u>*Gas Utility fund*</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's gas distribution system. The City purchases natural gas, and provides service to approximately 5,450 meters.

The <u>Water Utility fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water treatment plant and the water distribution system. The Winfield City Lake provides an adequate quality supply of water to Winfield citizens, providing water to approximately 5,280 meters. The City also provides water to five rural water districts and two neighboring towns.

The <u>Wastewater Utility fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater collection system and wastewater treatment plant. The City collects and treats effluent of City residents, providing service throughout the City to more than 4,600 households.

The <u>Quail Ridge Golf Course fund</u> accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City-owned, four-star rated, 18-hole golf course. The course was constructed in 1991. Approximately 25,000 rounds were played on the course in 2003.

The City also reports the following fund types:

A *permanent fund* is used to report an endowment restricted to the perpetual care of municipal cemeteries.

<u>Capital project funds</u> are used to account financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

<u>Internal service funds</u> are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis and to account for the City's self-insurance activities.

<u>Agency funds</u> are used to report resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financials statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes between the City's enterprise funds and the general fund. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include [1] charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, [2] operating grants and contributions, and [3] capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. Principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these criteria are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## D. Pooled Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash resources of the individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and temporary investments. In addition to City-owned money-market and checking accounts, investments of the pooled accounts consist primarily of certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements. Interest income is allocated to the appropriate funds, based on the ratio of each individual fund cash balance to the total cash balance.

## E. Property Taxes and Other Receivables

In accordance with State statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10 of the ensuing year. State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1 of the ensuing year. Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, the taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. At December 31, such taxes are a lien on the property and are recorded as taxes receivable, net of anticipated delinquencies, with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred revenue on the balance sheet of the appropriate funds. It is not practicable to apportion

delinquent taxes held by the County Treasurer at the end of the year and, further, the amounts thereof are not material in relationship to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Recognized State-shared taxes represent payments received during the current fiscal period, and amounts collected or due to the State on behalf of the City at year-end.

Federal and state grant aid is reported as revenue when the related reimbursable expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted aid is reported as revenue in the fiscal year the entitlement is received.

## F. Revenue Recognition for Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds follow the policy of recognizing revenue on sales when services are rendered. The electric, gas, water, refuse, wastewater, and stormwater drainage utilities recognize revenues for unbilled services. All users, including other City departments, are charged for services provided by the respective proprietary funds. Account receivable represent uncollected charges (both billed and unbilled) at December 31, net of amounts estimated to be uncollectible.

## G. Special assessments receivable

State statutes require projects financed in part by special assessments to be financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds, which are secured by the full faith, and credit of the City. Special assessments paid prior to the issuance of general obligation bonds are recorded as revenue in the appropriate project. Special assessments received after the issuance of general obligation bonds are recorded as revenue in the debt service fund. State statutes allow levying additional ad valorem property taxes in the City's debt service fund to finance delinquent special assessments receivable, if necessary. Special assessments receivable are accounted for within the debt service fund. Special assessments are levied over a ten-year period and the annual installments are due and payable with annual ad valorem property taxes. Delinquent assessments against property benefited by special assessments constitute a lien against such property. When assessments are two years in arrears, they may be collected by foreclosure. At December 31, the special assessment taxes levied are a lien on the property and are recorded as special assessments receivable in the debt service fund with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred revenue.

## H. Inventories, Advances, and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses that benefit future periods, other than those recorded in the proprietary fund types, are recorded as expenditures during the year of purchase. A perpetual inventory is maintained in the Central Stores Fund. Cash advances from the general, electric, gas, water, sewer, and service center financed this fund's creation. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined by the average unit cost method.

## I. Restricted Assets

The City has outstanding certificates of participation debt in the golf course and refuse funds. In conjunction with this debt, outside trustees hold cash and investments on behalf of the City in restricted accounts, to be used only for payment of principal and interest.

## J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500, and dependent on the type of asset. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

With the implementation of GASB Statement 34, the City has recorded all its public domain (infrastructure) capital assets placed in service after January 1, 1980, which includes roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. For proprietary funds, interest costs incurred to bring certain assets to the condition and location necessary for their intended use are capitalized as part of the historical cost of acquiring the assets.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

For all funds:	<u>Asset</u>	Life (Years)
	Buildings Equipment Vehicles Meters	40-50 5-15 8 20-30
Specific to Enterprise Funds: Electric utility	Electric generation plants Transformers Electric poles Conductors and related equipment	30-35 15-20 25 35
Gas utility	Gas mains and lines	40-75
Water utility	Water treatment plant Water mains and lines	30-50 30-65
Sewer utility	Sewer mains Lift stations	50-75 25
Golf course	Improvements	20-30

## K. Payments in Lieu of Franchise Fees

The electric, gas, water, and refuse utilities pay monthly in lieu of franchise fees monthly to the general fund, in amounts ranging from 5% to 6.5% of gross sales. The percentages are determined annually by the City and included in the annual budget.

## L. Compensated Absences

All permanent full-time employees of the City are eligible for vacation benefits in varying annual amounts. For those employees with less than 10 years employment service for the City, vacation days are accumulated at the rate of 1 day for each month of employment, with a maximum of eighteen days. If employed 10 years or more, the rate is 1 ½ days per month, with a maximum of 24 days. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of 1 day per month, regardless of the length of employment, with the accumulated carryover not to exceed 90 days. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not pay accumulated sick leave to employees separating from service. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee terminations and retirements.

## M. Statement of Cash Flows

The reporting entity defines cash and cash equivalents used in the statement of cash flows as all cash and temporary investments (both restricted and unrestricted).

## N. Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires making estimates and assumptions that affect: [1] the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, [2] disclosures such as

contingencies, and [3] the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses included in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## O. Deficit Net Assets Balance

The Quail Ridge Golf Course Fund has a deficit net assets balance of (\$280,845) at December 31, 2003. The City provides operating transfers of surplus cash from other funds to supplement the golf course operations and debt payments as necessary.

## P. Deficit Fund Balance

The Fairways Projects, a capital project fund, had a deficit fund balance of \$(55,871) at December 31, 2003. The City authorized temporary notes issuance in 2003 to fund this construction, and those notes were issued in February 2004.

## 2. Budgetary Control

Applicable Kansas Statutes require that annual budgets be legally adopted for all funds (including proprietary funds) unless exempted by a specific statute. Funds exempted from legally adopted budgets include all capital project funds (including capital projects of proprietary funds); three special revenue funds: the COPS grant fund (a federal grant), Winfield Area EMS fund (a blended component unit), the equipment reserve fund; all fiduciary funds; and two internal service funds: the central stores fund and the A/R financing fund. Controls over spending in funds that are not subject to legal budgets are maintained by the use of internal spending limits established by management, federal regulations, or other statutes. K.S.A. 79-2926 et seq. provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- [1] Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1 of each year.
- [2] Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5 of each year. A minimum of ten days' notice of public hearing, published in local newspaper, on or before August 15 of each year.
- [3] Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25 of each year.

K.S.A. 79-2927 requires that all money to be raised by taxation and from all other sources for the ensuing budget year must be appropriated. The law does not permit an appropriation for sundry or miscellaneous purposes in excess of ten percent of the total. The budget for each fund with tax levies may include a non-appropriated balance not to exceed five percent of the total of each fund.

Kansas statutes prohibit creating expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. In accordance with Kansas statutes, the legal level of control for the city is established at the individual fund level, also permitting the transfer of budgeted amounts from one object or purpose to another within the same fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the year, except for outstanding encumbrances, which carry over to the following fiscal year. Kansas statutes permit original budgets to be increased for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. The City must first publish a notice of hearing to amend the budget. Ten days after publication, a public hearing is held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. Budgetary data presented in the financial statements represent the revised budgeted amounts and includes the following expenditures revision for increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes:

	Original		Amended
Proprietary Funds	Budget	Increase	Budget
Gas Fund	\$5,323,635	\$476,365	\$5,800,000
Special Parks and Rec	52,957	47,043	100,000

#### 3. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

Budgets are prepared on a basis (budgetary basis) different from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). For budgeting, revenues are recognized when received. Expenditures include cash disbursements, payables, and encumbrances (purchases orders, contracts, and other commitments). Encumbrances are reflected as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP) as opposed to the equivalent of expenditures (budgetary). Adjustments necessary to convert the net change in fund balances and the ending fund balances from GAAP basis to budgetary basis for the general fund is as follows:

	Net change in fund balance
General Fund balance - GAAP basis	(\$188,257)
Accrued revenue:	
December 31, 2003	(182,543)
December 31, 2002	177,637
Assets held for resale	
December 31, 2003	(48,432)
December 31, 2002	97,997
Encumbrances:	
December 31, 2003	(1,972)
December 31, 2002	29,228
Budgetary basis	(\$116,342)

#### 4. Compliance with Kansas Statutes

Management is aware of the following instance of noncompliance with Kansas statutes during the year ended December 31, 2003:

K.S.A. 12-1680 requires second-class cities to publish quarterly statements of budgetary basis receipts and expenditures, along with debt information. The City did not publish the second quarter of 2003 in the local newspaper.

#### 5. Pooled Cash Deposits and Investments

At year end, the reporting entity's deposits and investments were comprised of the following:

	Primary	Component	-
	Government	Units	Total
Cash on hand	\$ 1,850	\$ -	\$ 1,850
Bank deposits	12,121,603	307,010	12,428,613
Deposits held by third-party trustees, restricted	209,048	-	209,048
Overnight repurchase agreement	893,243		893,243
Total	\$ 13,225,744	\$ 307,010	\$ 13,532,754
Reconciliation to funds:			
General fund			\$ 551,565
Capital project funds			150,173
Capital improvements fund			653,787
Special revenue funds			2,199,472
Debt service fund			382,053
Permanent fund			6,000
Enterprise funds			7,019,962
Enterprise funds - restricted			209,048
Internal service funds			1,951,537
Fiduciary funds			102,147
Component units			307,010
Total deposits and investments			\$ 13,532,754

## Cash deposits

State law (K.S.A. 9-1402) requires that collateral be pledged equal to or greater than 100 percent of the market value of the reporting entity's deposits. All City deposits with financial institutions are fully insured or collateralized by securities held by a third-party in the City's name.

## Investments

State law (K.S.A. 12-1675-12-1677) allow monies, not otherwise regulated by statute, to be invested in:

- a. Temporary notes of the City of Winfield
- b. Time deposits, open accounts or certificates of deposits with maturities of not more than four years
- c. Repurchase agreements with commercial banks, state or federally chartered savings and loan associations, which have offices located in the City
- d. U.S. treasury bills or notes with maturities not exceeding four years
- e. U.S. government-agency securities with a maturity of not more than four years that do not have any more interest rate risk than U.S. government obligations or similar maturities
- f. The municipal investment pool fund operated by the State Treasurer

State law (K.S.A. 10-131) allows investment of the proceeds of bonds and temporary notes in the following, in addition to those stated above:

- a. U.S. Government and agency obligations
- b. Time deposits with banks and trust companies
- c. FNMA, FHLB and FHLMC obligations
- d. Collateralized repurchase agreements
- e. Mutual funds with portfolios consisting entirely of obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. Government agencies, FNMA, FHLB, and FHLMC
- f. Certain Kansas municipal bonds

The City's investments include the following:

- Overnight repurchase agreement, valued at cost. The investments underlying the repurchase
  agreement are fully collateralized by securities held by a third-party trustee in the City's name.
- Funds restricted for debt payment of certain certificates of participation amounting to \$209,048 are
  invested by trustees in allowable mutual funds and held under trust indentures. The City's policy is
  not to reflect any eligible investments at amortized cost, and had no such investments during 2003.

## 6. Receivables

## A. Utility Receivables

The City operates six utilities. Each month, utilities receivables of each of these enterprise funds are "sold", for the estimated net amount collectible, to the Accounts Receivable Financing Fund. Unbilled receivables, that have not been sold to the Accounts Receivable Financing Fund at the end of the year, are reflected in the respective funds as accounts receivable. Below is a summary of the receivables included in the Accounts Receivable Financing Fund and the next unbilled receivables included in the utility funds at December 31, 2003:

Utility receivables, accounts receivable financing fund	\$ 2,395,609
Less provision for uncollectible accounts	(538,704)
Net	 1,856,905
Net unbilled utility receivables, individual	
Net unbilled utility receivables, individual utility funds	837,112
Total utility receivables, net of provision for uncollectible accounts	\$ 2,694,017

## **B.** Long-term Receivables

The City entered in several interlocal agreements in prior years with other local governmental entities, related to debt financing and repayment arrangements. The City included project costs of these entities in general obligation bond issues, and the interlocal agreements provide for repayment of the principal, interest, and issuance costs to the City over set time periods. Below is a summary of the receivables as of December 31, 2003:

	Total	[1]Winfield	[2]Winfield	[3]Strother	City of	
	Payments	Public	Recreation	Field Ind	Arkansas	Cowley
	Due	Library	Commission	Park	City	County
2004	\$ 134,478	\$ 10,454	\$ 39,174	\$ 59,850	\$ 15,000	\$ 10,000
2005	130,982	10,454	37,578	57,950	15,000	10,000
2006	127,437	10,454	35,983	56,000	15,000	10,000
2007	123,841	10,454	34,387	54,000	15,000	10,000
2008	120,246	10,454	32,792	52,000	15,000	10,000
2009	41,650	10,454	31,196	-		
2010	10,454	10,454	-	-		
2011	10,454	10,454	-	-		
2012	10,454	10,454				
	\$ 709,996	\$ 94,086	\$ 211,110	\$ 279,800	\$ 75,000	\$ 50,000

[1] Winfield Public Library is a discrete component unit of the City, and is reflected on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as 'Due From Component Units'

[2] Winfield Recreation Commission is a discrete component unit of the local school district.

[3] Strother Field Industrial Park is jointly owned with the City of Arkansas City, described further in note 1.A.3.

## 7. Changes in General Fixed Assets

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2003 was as follows:

		Balance January 1		Additions	(	Deletions		Transfers		Balance December 31
Governmental activities:										
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	•		•		•		•		•	
Land	\$	1,714,444	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,714,444
Construction in progress		1,228,922		1,568,551		-		(2,685,862)		111,611
Total capital assets, not being										
depreciated		2,943,366		1,568,551		-		(2,685,862)		1,826,055
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings		7,958,920		776,282		(57,479)		528,534		9,206,257
Other improvements/infrastructure		9,988,875		1,154,851		-		12,146		11,155,872
Machinery and equipment		6,443,212		298,737		(188,158)		47,673		6,601,464
Total capital assets, being depreciated		24,391,007		2,229,870		(245,637)		588,353		26,963,593
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		(1,389,913)		(189,832)		-		-		(1,579,745)
Infrastructure		(2,358,328)		(154,102)		-		(47,364)		(2,559,794)
Machinery and equipment		(3,927,484)		(570,389)		131,407		23,636		(4,342,830)
Less accumulated depreciation		(7,675,725)		(914,323)		131,407		(23,728)		(8,482,369)
Total capital assets, being										
depreciated, net	\$	19,658,648	\$	2,884,098	\$	(114,230)	\$	(2,121,237)	\$	20,307,279

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance December 31
Business activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 820,867	′\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 820,867
Construction in progress	295,195	482,217	(295,195)		482,217
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	1,116,062	482,217	(295,195)		1,303,084
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	11,243,957	41,612	(618,000)	472,661	11,140,230
Other improvements/infrastructure	47,956,226	5 1,641,720	(1,047,901)	1,617,889	50,167,934
Machinery and equipment	21,334,097	746,520	(195,541)	6,960	21,892,036
Total capital assets, being depreciated	80,534,280	2,429,852	(1,861,442)	2,097,510	83,200,200
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(3,105,225	5) (524,913)	125,661	-	(3,504,477)
Infrastructure	(18,789,854	(1,416,340)	1,027,860	-	(19,178,334)
Machinery and equipment	(11,773,478	8) (800,474)	103,508	23,729	(12,446,715)
	(33,668,55	(2,741,727)	1,257,029	23,729	(35,129,526)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	\$ 47,981,78	\$ 170,342	\$ (899,608)	\$ 2,121,239	\$ 49,373,758

## 8. Depreciation allocations

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government, as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 81,345
Public safety	202,606
Public works	167,855
Cemetery	20,176
Cutlure and recreation	325,886
Health and welfare	 56,680
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 854,548
Business-type activities:	
Electric	1,436,966
Gas	164,121
Water	207,188
Refuse	97,541
Wastewater	603,178
Stormwater drainage	15,813
Golf course	 152,784
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,677,591

## 9. Temporary Notes

Kansas law permits the issuance of temporary notes to finance certain capital improvement projects which will be refinanced with general obligation bonds. Prior to the issuance of the temporary notes, the City must take the necessary legal steps to authorize the issuance of general obligation bonds. Temporary notes issued may not exceed the aggregate amount of bonds authorized, are interest bearing and have a maturity date not later than four years from the date of issuance. During 2003, the City issued \$16,755 in temporary notes.

## 10. Long-Term Debt

## A. Capitalized Lease Obligations

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the purchase of several assets. Such leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, accordingly, have been recorded at the present value of the minimum payments at the date of lease inception. The total cost of those assets being purchased through capital leases amount to \$134,024 of governmental activities assets and \$1,462,555 of business-type activities assets. Below is a listing of the capital leases payable at December 31, 2003:

	Interest	Balance	
	Rate	De	cember 31
Governmental activities			
Street sweeper	3.30	\$	92,417
Storage Building	4.85		9,128
Total governmental activities		\$	101,545
Business-type activities			
Recycling building	5.50	\$	30,000
Electric utility trucks	3.60		265,506
Mower	6.90		16,314
Cooling tower improvements	4.78		777,546
Total business-type activities		\$	1,089,366

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital lease obligations are as follows:

Year	Governm	ent activities	Business-ty	pe activities
Ending				
_Dec 31_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2004	\$ 38,853	\$ 3,624	\$ 329,112	\$ 49,550
2005	30,837	2,069	343,096	35,016
2006	31,855	1,051	208,763	20,282
2007			208,395	10,100
	\$ 101,545	\$ 6,744	\$ 1,089,366	\$ 114,948

## B. Refunding Certificates of Participation

The City issued \$3,605,000 in refunding certificates of participation on March 15, 2003. See note 10.L. below for refunding details. Below is a summary of the certificates outstanding at December 31, 2003.

	Interest Rate		Balance December 3 <sup>2</sup>	
Governmental activities:			•	
Recreation complex	2.00-3.40	=	\$	481,950
Business-type activities:				
Electric generators	2.00-4.00			660,383
Quail Ridge golf course	2.00-4.00	_		2,462,667
Total business-type activities		_	\$	3,123,050

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the refunding certificates of participation are as follows:

395.821

1,273,079

3,123,050

S

\$

52.722 73,931

477,365

Year Ending	Governmental Activities						
December 31		Total		Principal		Interest	
2004	\$	88,398	\$	70,403	\$	17,995	
2005		88,399		78,484		9,915	
2006		88,398		80,069		8,329	
2007		88,398		81,894		6,504	
2008		88,397		84,180		4,217	
2009-2011		88,398		86,920		1,478	
	\$	530,388	\$	481,950	\$	48,438	
Year Ending		Bu	siness	ess-type Activities			
December 31		Total		Principal		Interest	
2004	\$	449,961	\$	314,597	\$	135,364	
2005		451,193		371,516		79,677	
2006		452,091		379,930		72,161	
2007		451,617		388,107		63,510	

## C. General Obligation Bonds Payable

2008

2009-2011

General obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2003 are as follows:

S

448.543

1,347,010

3,600,415

			Final	
		Interest	Maturity	Total
		Rate	Date	 12/31/03
	Series 153 GO refunding	4.35-6.35	2004	65,000
1)	Series 1998-A GO	3.60-5.00	2008	1,225,000
2)	Series 1999A - GO	4.70-6.25	2019	2,785,000
	Series 2001A GO	3.95-5.65	2011	385,000
3)	Series 2002A GO	3.00-4.10	2012	630,000
	Series 2002B GO refunding	3.00-4.10	2015	2,055,000
	Series 2003A GO	2.00-4.00	2018	 2,710,000
	Total GO bonds			\$ 9,855,000

1) \$1,250,000 of the 1998A general obligation bond issue was to finance an economic development grant. In conjunction with this grant, the City entered into an interlocal agreement with the City of Arkansas City, Kansas and Cowley County, Kansas. The agreement states Arkansas City will pay the City of Winfield \$15,000 for ten consecutive years (\$150,000), and Cowley County will pay the City of Winfield \$10,000 for ten consecutive years (\$100,000), as their shares of funding the grant.

Another portion of the 1998A general obligation issue, \$500,000, was used to make public water supply system improvements at Strother Field. The City of Winfield entered into an interlocal agreement with Strother Field Airport/Industrial Park (a related organization) whereby Strother Field will reimburse the City \$500,000 over the term of the bond issue.

2) \$300,000 of the 1999A general obligation issue proceeds was used for building improvements for a City-owned building leased to the Winfield Recreation Commission. The City of Winfield entered into an interlocal agreement with the Winfield Recreation Commission, whereby the Commission will reimburse the City \$300,000 over a ten year period.

3) \$85,000 of the 2002A general obligation issues proceeds was used for building improvements at the Winfield Public Library. The City of Winfield entered into an interlocal agreement with the Winfield Public Library, whereby the Library will reimburse the City \$85,000 over a ten year period. The remaining \$600,000 of the 2002A issue was for several city building and infrastructure maintenance projects.

See Note 6.B. for details on the receivable balances related to these debt issues.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending					
Dec 31	 Total	Total Principal		_	Interest
2004	\$ 1,347,600	\$	920,000	\$	427,600
2005	1,298,313		940,000		358,313
2006	1,289,611		965,000		324,611
2007	1,240,938		950,000		290,938
2008	1,177,653		920,000		257,653
2009-2013	3,784,460		2,925,000		859,460
2014-2018	2,370,567		2,060,000		310,567
2019	 184,625		175,000		9,625
	\$ 12,693,767	\$	9,855,000	\$	2,838,767

## D. Sales Tax Bonds Payable

At December 31, 2003, the City had the following sales tax bonds outstanding:

			Final		
	Interest Maturity				overnmental
		Rate	Date		Activities
1)	Series 1998B	3.70-5.50	2008	\$	330,000
2)	Series 2002 refunding	2.50-3.70	2010		690,000
	Total Sales tax bonds			\$	1,020,000

- 1) The Series 1998-B bonds are general obligations of the City. Principal and interest shall be paid from revenues derived from sales tax collections, and if not so paid, from ad valorem taxes which may be levied without limitation as to rate or amount upon all the taxable tangible property within the territorial limits of the City. The City's intent is to use sales tax revenues to pay off this debt.
- 2) The Series 2002 refunding bonds are special obligations of the City, payable solely from amounts received from a citywide one-half cent local option sales tax and a debt service reserve fund established for the payment of the bonds. The taxing power of the City is not pledged to the payment of the bonds or the interest thereon.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for sales tax revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	 Governmental Activities				
Dec 31	 Principal	Interest			
2004	\$ 160,000	\$	33,705		
2005	170,000		28,925		
2006	175,000		23,765		
2007	185,000		18,085		
2008	185,000		11,720		
2009-2010	 145,000		6,050		
	\$ 1,020,000	\$	122,250		

## E. Revenue Bonds Payable

The City had one revenue bond outstanding at December 31, 2003:

		Final					
	Interest	Interest Maturity Business-type					
	Rate	Date		Activities			
Electric system refunding							
1993 issue	4.0-5.0	2004	\$	605,000			

Electric utility income is pledged to pay this debt service, which matures in 2004. The final 2004 bond payment will consist of \$605,000 principal, and \$30,250 interest.

## F. KDHE Loans Payable

At December 31, 2003, the City had the following loans outstanding with the Kansas Department of Health and Environment:

		Final	
	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Business-type Activities
Wastewater treatment plant improvements	3.26	2018	\$ 6,056,615
<ol> <li>Water treatment plant improvements</li> </ol>	3.78	2025	362,823
Water distribution system improvements	4.16	2022	2,254,040
			\$ 8,673,478

1) The City has loan authorization to borrow an amount not to exceed \$5,640,000 from the State of Kansas' Drinking Water Loan Fund. The loan is federally funded, to assist public water supply systems in financing infrastructure costs needed to achieve compliance with the federal 1996 amendments to the Safe Water Drinking Act. City water treatment plant improvements began construction in late 2003. At December 31, 2003, the City had expended \$362,823 in project costs, and submitted a loan draw request from the State of Kansas, that was received by the City in 2004. No interest was capitalized in 2003.

The City's loan agreements with KDHE pledge the wastewater and water systems revenues as security for payment of the principal and interest amounts. In addition, the agreements direct the City to levy ad valorem taxes without limitation for debt repayment, if the systems' revenues are insufficient. The City's intent is to generate adequate systems' revenues to meet debt payments.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for KDHE loans are as follows:

Business-type activities							
Year Ending							
Dec 31		Total		Principal	_	Interest	
2004	\$	686,527	\$	398,713	\$	287,814	
2005		888,746		592,386		296,360	
2006		873,000	3,000 609,858			263,142	
2007		686,527		441,695		244,832	
2008		686,528		457,040		229,488	
2009-2013		3,432,639		2,534,930		897,709	
2014-2018		3,432,639		3,008,117		424,522	
2019-2022		691,194		630,739		60,455	
	\$	11,377,800	\$	8,673,478	\$	2,704,322	

## G. Long-term Contracts Payable

The City has interlocal agreements with the City of Arkansas City, Kansas related to two joint projects – construction of a county-wide animal shelter and extension of water and sewer services for business expansion. The agreements provide for the City of Winfield to make annual payments to Arkansas City for an agreed upon share of the costs. Below is a summary of the liabilities at December 31, 2003:

	Governmenta			
	_	Activities		
Animal shelter	\$	234,935		
Water/sewer extensions		62,985		
	\$	297,920		

The annual debt service requirements to maturity of these interlocal agreements are as follows:

Year Ending	
Dec 31	Total
2004	\$ 32,082
2005	32,233
2006	32,331
2007	32,352
2008	32,431
2009-2013	 136,491
	\$ 297,920

## H. Changes in Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2003 is as follows:

	Balance January 1	Additions	Payments/ Refundings	D	Balance ecember 31	e within e year
Governmental Activities	<u> </u>		ŭ			 <u> </u>
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,900,000	\$ 2,710,000	\$ 755,000	\$	9,855,000	\$ 920,000
Deferred issuance costs	-	(50,958)	(2,921)		(48,037)	(3,833)
Sales tax revenue bonds	1,175,000	-	155,000		1,020,000	160,000
Refunding cert of participation	-	481,950	-		481,950	70,403
Capital leases	615,010	92,417	605,882		101,545	38,853
Interlocal agreement debt	 257,201	 62,985	 22,266		297,920	 32,082
Total long-term liabilities -						 
governmental activities	\$ 9,947,211	\$ 3,296,394	\$ 1,535,227	\$	11,708,378	\$ 1,217,505
Business-type Activities						
Electric revenue refunding bond	\$ 1,185,000	\$ -	\$ 580,000	\$	605,000	\$ 605,000
KDHE loans	8,696,316	362,823	385,661		8,673,478	398,714
Refunding cert of participation	-	3,123,050	-		3,123,050	314,597
Capital leases	4,849,063	-	3,759,697		1,089,366	329,112
Deferred refunding gain	-	11,166	1,099		10,067	1,389
Deferred refunding loss	(89,123)	(55,411)	(14,229)		(130,304)	(17,973)
Deferred issuance costs	 (66,677)	 7,707	 (5,805)		(53,165)	 (7,333)
Total long-term liabilities -						
business-type activities	\$ 14,574,579	\$ 3,449,335	\$ 4,706,423	\$	13,317,492	\$ 1,623,506

## I. Revenue Bond Reserve Requirements

Revenue bond covenants related to the issuance of revenue bonds of the electric fund and to the issuance of sales tax revenue bonds provides for specific deposits to debt service and other related bond reserve and maintenance accounts. At December 31, 2003 the City met all reserve requirements. Below is a summary of the required reserves at December 31, 2003:

	ncipal and est reserve	 placement Reserve	Bond Reserve		
Governmental activities: Sales tax revenue 2002 refunding bond Sales tax revenue 1998B bond	\$ 40,230 24,338	\$ 79,000	\$	-	
Business-type activities: Electric revenue 1993 refunding bond	170,250	415,000		50,000	

#### J. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time the City has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. These are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. At December 31, 2003, there were six series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$14,313,520.

#### K. Prior Years' Debt Defeasance

In prior years, the City defeased an electric revenue bond by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements of the City. At December 31, 2003, bonds outstanding of \$585,000 related to business-type activities are considered defeased.

## L. Current Year Debt Defeasances

*Capital leases refunding* - On March 15, 2003, the City of Winfield issued \$3,605,000 in refunding certificates of participation interest rates ranging from 2% to 4%. The new certificates current refunded \$717,630 in an electric utility capital lease (4.7% interest rate), \$2,700,000 in a municipal golf course capital lease (interest rates ranging from 4% to 5.1%), and \$542,541 in a general obligation capital lease (5.5% interest rate). The new certificates of participation have staggered maturities, final maturity of April 1, 2011.

The bonds were issued at an original issue discount of \$1,296. After payment of \$33,050 in issuance costs, the net proceeds were \$2,258,990, which were used to create an irrevocable escrow account. As a result of this refunding, the City reduced its total debt service requirements by \$355,141, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$218,987. Below is a breakdown between governmental and business-type activities:

	overnmental Activities	isiness-type Activities
Current refunded amounts	\$ 542,541	\$ 3,417,630
Present value of net savings	40,000	178,987
Reduction in debt svce requirements	59,141	296,000
Original issue discount (premium)	(484)	1,760
Issuance costs	4,507	28,543

## 11. Leases

## A. Long-Term Operating Leases

The City leases certain equipment under long-term non-cancelable operating leases from third-party vendors. Below is a summary of the non-cancelable minimum future rental payments:

Year Ending December 31	ernmental	Business-type Activities			
2004	\$ 17,651	\$	26,116		
2005	17,651		26,116		
2006	17,651		26,116		
2007	 17,651		-		
Total minimum future rentals	\$ 70,604	\$	78,348		

## B. Direct Financing Leases

The City sold a used recycling trailer to the City of Burden, Kansas in 2003, under a lease-purchase arrangement. Below is a summary of the lease payments to be received:

		ness-type
	A	ctivities
2004	\$	2,321
2005		580
Total minimum lease payments to be received		2,901
Less: unearned income		(57)
Net investment in direct financing leases	\$	2,844

## 12. Inter-fund Transfers

The City had both cash and capital asset transfers between various funds during 2003. Below is a summary of inter-fund cash operating transfers:

	<u>Transfers to</u>										
		E	Bond and		Capital	Ν	Ionmajor		Q	uail Ridge	
Transfers from	General		Interest	Imp	provements	Go	vernmental	Sewer	Go	olf Course	Totals
Primary Government:								 			 
General	\$	\$	-	\$	691,174	\$	618,891	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,310,065
Bond and Interest	-		-		-		-	100,000		-	100,000
Capital Improvements	40,000		290,363		-		8,962	-		-	339,325
Nonmajor Governmental	-		60,000		-		-	-		-	60,000
Electric	-		-		-		-	-		153,650	153,650
Gas	-		-		-		-	-		153,650	153,650
Sewer	-		-		4,505		-	-		-	4,505
Nonmajor enteprise funds	-		-		20,000		-	-		-	20,000
Internal Service	-		-		19,820		-	-		-	19,820
Total Reporting Entity	\$ 40,000	\$	350,363	\$	735,499	\$	627,853	\$ 100,000	\$	307,300	\$ 2,161,015

The following is a summary of inter-fund capital asset transfers, net of depreciation:

	Transfers to						
		Nonmajor			Quail Ridge	Nonmajor	Internal
	General	Governmental	Water	Sewer	Golf Course	Enterprise	Service
Transfers from							
General	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 146	\$-	\$ 88,565
Bond and Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Improvements	584,576	583,224	163,972	81,412	6,312	1,347,578	943,760
Nonmajor Governmtl	412,962	-	-	-	-	-	23,910
Electric	-	5,431	-	-	-	-	-
Water	448	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refuse	-	-	-	6,890	-	-	-
Sewer	421	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Reporting Entity	\$ 998,407	\$ 588,655	\$ 163,972	\$ 88,302	\$ 6,458	\$ 1,347,578	\$ 1,056,235

## 13. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund receivables/payables and advances to and from funds are netted in the statement of net assets.

At December 31, 2003, the City had one interfund receivable/payable. \$5,000 was moved short-term from the electric utility fund to the water utility fund, to create a positive cash balance at year end, until KDHE loan proceeds were received in January 2004.

The City utilizes three internal service funds to account for utilities billings, centralized inventories, and fleet management inventories. Advances from the general fund and the enterprise utility funds were used to create the internal service funds. These advances are considered to be long-term, and the intent is not to repay these amounts within one year. Below is a summary of the advances to the internal service funds:

	Ad	Interfund vances from	Interfund Advances to			
Fund						
General Fund	\$	31,368	\$	-		
Business-type funds:						
Electric		2,205,086		-		
Gas		472,147		-		
Water		217,610		-		
Sewer		65,302		-		
Subtotal		2,991,513		-		
Nonmajor business-type funds:						
Refuse		51,749		-		
Stormwater drainage		534		-		
Subtotal		52,283		-		
Internal Service funds:						
Central inventory		-		1,110,890		
Fleet management		-		70,000		
Utility receivables financing		-		1,862,906		
Subtotal		-		3,043,796		
Total	\$	3,043,796	\$	3,043,796		

## 14. Net Assets and Fund Balances

## A. Net Assets

Net Assets are the excess of all the City's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net Assets are divided into three captions under GASB Statement 34. Theses captions apply only to Net Assets, which are determined only at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

*Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt* describes the portion of Net Assets which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

*Restricted* describes the portion of Net Assets which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include debt service requirements.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Assets which is not restricted as to use.

## B. Reserves and Designations of Fund Balances

Reserved fund balance is reported to denote portions of fund balance that are either legally restricted to a specific future use or not available for appropriation or expenditures. The following reservations of fund balance are used by the City: [1] reserved for encumbrances – used to segregate a portion of fund balance for expenditures upon vendor performance; [2] reserved for inventory – used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate that inventories do not represent available or spendable resources, and [3] reserved for advances to other funds – used to segregate a portion of fund balance to indicate inventory fund does not represent available or spendable resources.

Designations of fund balances are not legally required segregations, but segregate unreserved fund balance for a specific purpose.

## 15. Changes in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2003, the City of Winfield has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments;* GASB Interpretation No. 6, *Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements;* GASB Statement No. 36, *Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues;* GASB Statement No. 37, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus;* and paragraphs 6 through 10 of GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures.* 

These statements create new basic financial statements for reporting on the City's financial activities. The financial statements now include government-wide financial statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and fund financial statements which present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Nonmajor funds are presented as a total in one column within the basic financial statements. The statements require new information and restructure much of the information that the City has presented in the past. Comparability with reports issued in prior years is affected.

Restatement of fund balance: The transition from governmental fund balance as reported at December 31, 2002 to the balance reported under GASB 34 is presented below:

Fund balance of governmental fund types, December 31, 2002	\$ 4,759,878
Reclassification of expendable trust funds to special revenues funds	142,254
Permanent fund	6,000
Fund balance of governmental fund types for December 31, 2002, restated	\$ 4,908,132

## **16. Prior Period Adjustments**

*Governmental funds* - \$205,644 of outstanding accounts receivable due to the component unit, Winfield Area Emergency Medical Services (treated as a nonmajor special revenue fund), at December 31, 2002 were not reflected on the 2002 financial statements.

*Business-type funds* - \$689,079 of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, were not reflected as assets on the 2002 financial statements.

## 17. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

**Plan description**. The City of Winfield participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and the Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System (KP&F). Both are cost sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plans as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et seq. KPERS and KP&F provide retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and death benefits. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS and KP&F issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and require supplementary information. Those may be obtained by writing to KPERS (400 SW 8<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Suite 200, Topeka, KS 66603-3925) or by calling 1-800-228-0366. *Funding policy* - K.S.A. 74-4919 establishes the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 4% of covered salary. K.S.A. 74-4975 establishes KP&F member-employee contribution rate at 7% of covered salary. The employer collects and remits member-employee contributions according to the provisions of section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. State law provides that the employer contribution rates be determined annually based on the results of an annual actuarial valuation. KPERS and KP&F are funded on an actuarial reserve basis. State law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The KPERS employer rate established for the period January 1, 2003 through March 31, 2003 is 3.67%, and 3.07% for the period April 1, 2003 through December 31, 2003. The City of Winfield employer contributions to KPERS for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$171,852, \$159,102, and \$145,503, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. The KP&F employer rate established for fiscal years beginning in 2003 is 9.47%. Employers participating in KP&F also make contributions to amortize the liability for past service costs, if any, which is determined separately for each participating employer. The City of Winfield contributions to KP&F for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002, and 2001 were \$257,441, \$281,052, and \$214,189, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

## 18. Risk Management

The City's insurance coverage consists of both self-insurance and policies maintained with various carriers. The City uses four internal service funds to address four risk areas – general risk management, workers' compensation, health insurance, and short-term disability insurance. The City records liabilities for known claims and estimated liabilities incurred but not reported at year-end. These claims are reflected under accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the internal service funds.

## A. Risk Management Reserve

Established in 1987 according to the provisions of K.S.A. 12-2615, this fund provides for paying for deductibles, excess liability losses, uninsured losses, and insurable losses not otherwise covered. Insurance deductibles vary by type of property insurance coverage. Funding, when determined necessary, of the risk management reserve fund is provided by annual contributions from other city functions that have an insurable risk, based on actuarial computations provided by an insurance consultant. During 2003, the City purchased commercial insurance coverage for all substantial areas of risk, including property loss, auto liability, boiler and machinery, general and public officials' liability. Individual funds paid their portions of insurance policy premiums, reflected as expenditures or expenses in those funds.

The following is a summary in changes of liability activity under the plan for 2003 and the prior two years:

	2003			2002	 2001
Liability balance, beginning	\$	3,980	\$	25,807	\$ 18,541
Claims incurred		81,278		1,877,187	206,228
Less insurance/other reimbursements		(6,839)		(828,663)	 (169,541)
Total costs incurred		78,419		1,074,331	 55,228
Less claims paid		(77,919)		(1,070,351)	 (29,421)
Liability balance, ending	\$	500	\$	3,980	\$ 25,807

## B. Worker's Compensation Reserve

The workers' compensation program is a partially self-funded program covering substantially all fulltime and part-time employees of the City. Funding is provided by annual contributions from other city functions that have an insurable risk, based on actuarial computations provided by an insurance consultant. The City has insurance coverage for excess claims, summarized below:

All employees	\$300,000
Employers' liability limit	1,000,000
Aggregate retention	500,370

The following represents the changes in the liability activity under the plan for 2003 and the prior two years:

	 2003	 2002	 2001
Liability balance, beginning	\$ 65,750	\$ 1,055	\$ 848
Claims incurred	576,622	262,576	54,978
Less insurance coverage reimbursements	 (4,372)	 (1,566)	 (628)
Total costs incurred	 638,000	 262,065	55,198
Less claims paid	 (341,254)	 (196,315)	 (54,143)
Liability balance, ending	\$ 296,746	\$ 65,750	\$ 1,055

## C. Health Insurance Reserve

The City created the health insurance reserve in 1993, the purpose to accumulate monies to eventually fund a partially self-insured health insurance program. Funds accumulated may be used to pay excess losses, health claims, partial payments of health insurance premiums for employees, and other miscellaneous health insurance related expenses. Annual funding is provided by contributions from other funds, as determined by management in the budgeting process. In 2003, the City began paying all health insurance premiums through this reserve fund, and contributions were made from other funds to partially replenish the cash balances. The following is a summary of the liability activity under the plan for 2003 and the prior two years:

		2003	 2002	 2001
Liability balance, beginning	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Health insurance premiums charged to fund		1,160,992	77,692	43,877
Health insurance premiums paid	(	(1,160,992)	(77,692)	(43,877)
Liability balance, ending	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

## D. Short Term Disability Reserve

This reserve was created in 1997 to provide financial assistance to regular employees following sixty days of continuous disability. The benefit amounts to 50% of pre-disability weekly gross earnings up to a maximum weekly benefit of \$650, and is payable to an employee for a maximum of twenty-six weeks immediately following completion of the sixty-day waiting period. An employee may receive this benefit for a maximum of fifty-two weeks over his/her career with the City. The following is a summary of the liability activity under the plan for 2003 and the prior two years:

		2	2002	20	001	
Liability balance, beginning	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Claims incurred		1,199		-		-
Less claims paid		(1,199)		-		-
Liability balance, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_

## 19. Claims and Judgments

As noted in 1.L., the City is contingently liable for accumulated sick pay that is not vested. At December 31, 2003, this sick pay accumulation amounted to \$1,485,441.

## 20. Segment Information

The City issued revenue bonds to finance electric power plant improvements in a prior year. The City refinanced electric generator purchases and golf course improvements through refunding certificates of participation in 2003. In addition, the City has KDHE loan balances outstanding, to finance water distribution system improvements, water treatment plant improvements, and wastewater treatment plant improvements. For all the above debt, the revenue streams from the respective enterprise funds are pledged in support of the debt. Summary financial information for these funds is presented below:

Condensed Statement of Net Asse	ets						Quail Ridge		
		Electric		Water	V	Vastewater	Golf Course		
Assets:									
Current assets	\$	6,054,820	\$	385,976	\$	401,075	\$	17,444	
Restricted assets		-		-		-		208,927	
Capital assets	2	20,460,149		6,610,602		12,649,272		1,877,597	
Advances to internal service fund	ls	2,205,086		217,610		65,302		-	
Other assets		11,880		-		-		171,590	
Total assets		28,731,935		7,214,188		13,115,649		2,275,558	
Liabilities:									
Current liabilities		2,000,425		191,125		420,832		333,369	
Current liabilities payable from									
restricted assets		-		-		-		208,927	
Noncurrent liabilities		1,335,741		2,537,010		5,737,754		2,014,107	
		/							
Total liabilities		3,336,166		2,728,135		6,158,586		2,556,403	
Net assets:									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt		18,141,648		3,993,739		6,592,657		(220,869)	
Restricted		1,030,255		-		-		208,927	
Unrestricted		6,223,866		492,314		364,406		(268,903)	
Total net assets	\$ 2	25,395,769	\$	4,486,053	\$	6,957,063	\$	(280,845)	

## Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

and Changes in Net Assets	Electric		Water			Vastewater	Quail Ridge
Utility charges (pledged against debt)	\$ 18,139,113		\$	1,452,037	\$	1,526,984	\$ 407,404
Depreciation expense	(1,436,966)			(207,188)		(603,178)	(152,784)
Other operating income (expense)	(14,409,634)			(1,432,727)		(900,699)	 (347,756)
Operating income	2,292,513			(187,878)		23,107	(93,136)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)							
Interest income	108,430			9,621		8,374	1,347
Interest expense	(148,297)			(94,840)		(201,659)	(172,151)
Other	(718,151)			57		-	74,923
Transfers in (out)	(159,081)			163,524		183,376	313,757
Capital contributions	599,397			10,204		1,346	 
Change in net assets	1,974,811			(99,312)		14,544	124,740
Beginning net assets	23,420,958			4,585,365		6,942,519	 (405,585)
Ending net assets	\$ 25,395,769	-	\$	4,486,053	\$	6,957,063	\$ (280,845)

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows	s Electric		Water		Wastewater		Quail Ridge Golf Course	
Net cash provided (used) by:								
Operating activities	\$	3,393,435	\$	24,794	\$	617,204	\$	63,961
Noncapital financing activities		(296,341)		(1,957)		(7,926)		307,300
Capital and related financing								
activities		(2,642,547)		(623,649)		(641,982)		(361,344)
Investing activities		108,430		9,621		8,374		1,347
Net increase (decrease)		562,977		(591,191)		(24,330)		11,264
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		4,820,270		591,753		394,004	_	211,230
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,383,247	\$	562	\$	369,674	\$	222,494

## 21. Capital Projects

At December 31, 2003, the uncompleted construction projects, for which the City has bond authorization and funding, are as follows:

	Expenditures Project To-Date		Construction Commitments at 12-31-03	
\$ 239,800	\$	58,125	\$	31,080
464,000		30,102		18,630
321,000 143.000		2,790 22,979		8,900 7,650
	464,000	Amount Authorized 7 \$ 239,800 \$ 464,000 321,000	Amount Authorized         Project To-Date           \$ 239,800         \$ 58,125           464,000         30,102           321,000         2,790	Amount Authorized         Project To-Date         Cor at           \$ 239,800         \$ 58,125         \$ 464,000         \$ 30,102           \$ 321,000         2,790         \$

## 22. Contingencies and Commitments

## A. Electric Purchase Commitments

The City has entered into participation energy and supplemental energy contracts with Oklahoma Municipal Power Authority (OMPA) and Kansas Municipal Energy Agency (KMEA) for the purchase of electricity for resale.

## OMPA Electric Purchase Contract

The City is committed to purchase 9 megawatts of capacity per month from OMPA, at a fixed capacity charge of \$10.32/kW. The City also has a reserve option to purchase 38 megawatts of supplemental energy per month from OMPA. The monthly reservation cost was \$1.49/kW in year 2000. Energy and supplemental energy charges vary. The OMPA contract term is through December 31, 2013.

## KMEA Electric Purchase Contract

The City is a participant city of KMEA, a municipal energy agency of the State of Kansas. In 1982, each of six cities entered into a Nearman Power Sales contract with the agency. The Nearman contract requires payment on a "take-or-pay" basis for each participant's entitlement share of power and energy from the Nearman project. The City of Winfield holds a 33.33% entitlement share. Under certain conditions beyond the control of the City, such as loss of load, the entitlement share may be reduced. Monthly payments of \$43,000 per month were paid to KMEA in 2003, into a Power Supply fund, for the future acquisition of an adequate, economical and reliable supply of electric power and energy for the City.

The City is committed to the demand purchase of 12.5 megawatts of electricity monthly from KMEA, at a fixed rate of \$5.75/KW. Energy costs are variable. The contract is in force through May 31, 2022.

The City has an additional agreement with KMEA for a demand amount of 6 megawatts for the months of May through October annually, and 4 megawatts for the remaining months, at a fixed rate of \$8.38/KW. The contract period is May 1, 2000 through April 30, 2010.

## **B.** Gas Purchase Commitments

As of December 31, 2003, the City had three outstanding fixed price contracts with its primary natural gas supplier for delivery of 270,000 MMBtu of gas during the months January through March, 2005, at set prices ranging from \$4.985 to \$5.41 per MMBtu. Total value of the contracts amounted to \$1,410,950.

## C. Legal Matters

The City generally follows the practice of recording liabilities resulting from claims and legal actions only when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The City is defending its interest in various legal actions and claims against the City presently pending involving various miscellaneous claims, including workers' compensation claims. The ultimate liability that might result from the final resolution of the above matters is not presently determinable. In the opinion of management and its legal counsel, the probability of material aggregate liabilities resulting from these claims will not have an adverse material effect on the City's financial statements.

## D. Gas Litigation

The city joined together with seventeen other municipalities in 2003 to file a civil action suit under the federal antitrust laws for overcharges in natural gas prices incurred by municipal gas systems, that have taken place in the last four years and projected to continue into the future. The complaint was filed against five major natural gas companies. At December 31, 2003, the lawsuit was underway, with no monetary developments to disclose.

## 23. Related Party Transactions

During 2003, the City approved an application with the State of Kansas Board of Tax Appeals, for property tax exemption on real property owned by Winfield Economic Development, Inc. (WED). The City of Winfield Manager serves on the board of directors of WED, a 501[c][3] organization, and abstained from signing the application.

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted by either the City Commission or by outside entities for expenditures for specific purposes.

Flood Control – Maintenance and improvement costs of the flood levee are paid from this fund.

<u>Special Parks and Recreation</u> – Park and park equipment upgrades are paid from this fund. K.S.A. 79-49a102 requires one-third of the 10% gross receipts tax on the sale of alcoholic liquor be deposited into this fund for park enhancements.

<u>Special Alcohol Program</u> – Transfers are made from this fund to the City's D.A.R.E. Program fund. K.S.A. 79-49a102 requires one-third of the 10% gross receipts tax on the sale of alcoholic liquor to be deposited into this fund for expenses of drug and alcohol education, treatment, or prevention programs.

<u>Law Enforcement Trust</u> – K.S.A. 65-4173 requires the City to deposit the net proceeds of sales of forfeited property and moneys related to controlled substances activities to be deposited into a separate fund. Appropriations from this fund are not to be used to meet normal operating expenses of the police department. The statute defines allowable expenditures.

<u>Senior Citizen Facility</u> – Senior Citizen Center expenses are paid from this fund. Funds are received from the Cowley Council on Aging for this purpose.

<u>Special Liability</u> – City and City employee legal defense costs and various uninsured risk costs may be paid from this fund. Under K.S.A. 75-6110, the City levies property taxes to provide funding for this purpose.

<u>Law Enforcement, Ambulance, and Fire Fighting Equipment</u> – Law enforcement, ambulance and fire fighting equipment purchases may be paid from this fund. Kansas statutes authorize the City to levy property taxes to provide funding for this purpose.

<u>Gasoline Tax</u> – Street and highway-related maintenance expenses are paid from this fund. The State of Kansas gasoline tax allotments are the primary funding source, and must be used for this purpose.

<u>Industrial Development</u> – Industrial and economic development related expenses are paid from this fund. Kansas statutes authorize the City to levy property taxes to provide funding for this purpose.

<u>Tourism and Convention</u> – Local tourism and convention promotional expenses are paid from this fund. Transient guest taxes are the primary funding source, received through the State of Kansas.

<u>Cemetery Improvement</u> – Cemetery operations and maintenance expenses may be paid from this fund. One-third of the sales proceeds of each cemetery space and "pre-need" payments are the primary funding sources.

<u>Library</u> – Property taxes are levied for library operations. The City receives these collections from Cowley County, and remits to the Winfield Public Library, to be used for library operations.

<u>Library Employee Benefits</u> - Property taxes are levied for library employee benefits. The City receives these collections from Cowley County, and remits to the Winfield Public Library, to be used for library employee benefits. These include FICA, retirement, workers' compensation, health insurance, and unemployment insurance.

<u>Equipment Reserve</u> - Transfers from other funds are accumulated to this fund, to provide for future equipment purchases.

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued)

<u>Fairgrounds Improvements</u> – Cowley County Fairgrounds maintenance and improvement expenses may be paid from this fund. Fairgrounds facilities usage fees are the primary funding source.

<u>Special Improvements</u> – This fund acts as a revolving fund to provide working capital to finance the initial costs of projects eventually paid for through special assessments to property owners in a benefit district.

<u>COPS Grant</u> - A federal grant program, COPS in Schools, provided funds for the salary of a law enforcement officer to work in the local school district buildings. This grant closed out in 2003.

<u>Winfield Area EMS</u> – This blended component unit provides City ambulance services. Primary funding sources include City and County contributions and charges for services.

<u>Baden Hall Restoration</u> – The City owns Baden Hall, a building to be renovated in Baden Square. Private contributions from citizens and St. John Alumni, designated for the renovation of Baden Hall, have been accumulated in this fund. Renovations are planned in the near future.

#### Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major facilities, and for building and general improvements of city-owned structures and facilities, other than those financed by special revenue and enterprise funds.

K-360 Project – This highway bypass project, begun in 1993, was closed out in 2003.

<u>2002 Maintenance Bond Issue</u> – The City issued \$685,000 in general obligation debt in 2002 to finance numerous city-owned building improvements.

<u>The Fairway Projects</u> – The Fairway is a new housing development area near the municipal golf course. The City is providing streets, sewer and water infrastructure through this fund.

## Permanent Fund

<u>Cemetery Endowment</u> – This endowment from a citizen prohibits the use of the principal, and only the investment earnings can be used for cemetery improvements.

### Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2003

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Flood Control		Special			Special Alcohol		Law	9	Senior	
			P	Parks and				orcement	Citizen		
			Recreation		Program		Trust		Facility		
ASSETS											
Pooled cash and											
investments	\$	239,171	\$	55,628	\$	9,599	\$	6,383	\$	4,782	
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-		-	
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		-	
Due from other governmental agencie	s	-		5,820		5,820		-		-	
Total assets	\$	239,171	\$	61,448	\$	15,419	\$	6,383	\$	4,782	

### LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenues	\$ 1,579 - -	\$ 3,857 - -	\$ 1,226 - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Total liabilities	 1,579	 3,857	 1,226	 -	 -
Fund balances					
Reserved for encumbrances	12,400	1,177	-	-	-
Reserved for capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved:					
Designated for subsequent					
year expenditures	214,905	56,414	14,193	6,383	4,782
Undesignated	 10,287	 -	 -	 	 -
Total fund balances	 237,592	 57,591	 14,193	 6,383	 4,782
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 239,171	\$ 61,448	\$ 15,419	\$ 6,383	\$ 4,782

Special Revenue Funds														
	Special Liability			nce Gasoline Industrial					ourism and onvention		cemetery provement	Library		
\$	859,882 100 - - 859,982	\$	46,935 96,555 - - 143,490	\$ \$	25,318 - 734 47,790 73,842	\$	15,229 30,908 - - 46,137	\$	124,239 - - 17,961 142,200	\$ \$	73,416 - 200 - 73,616	\$	- 339,983 - - 339,983	
\$	300 - 100	\$	335 - 96,555	\$	10,630 -	\$	7 - 30,908	\$	2,901	\$	-	\$	- - 339,983	
	400		96,890		10,630		30,908	_	2,901			_	339,983	
	-		9,674 -		8,511 -		-		3,000 -		-		-	
	832,908 26,674		36,926 -		54,701 -		15,222 -		136,299 -		73,616		-	
	859,582		46,600		63,212		15,222		139,299		73,616			
\$	859,982	\$	143,490	\$	73,842	\$	46,137	\$	142,200	\$	73,616	\$ (C	339,983 Continued)	

### Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2003

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Library Employee Benefits	Equipment Reserve	Fairgrounds Improvements	Special Improvements	COPS Grant						
ASSETS											
Pooled cash and											
investments	\$-	\$ 92,457	\$ 30,720	\$ 28,750	\$-						
Taxes receivable	20,311	-	-	-	-						
Accounts receivable	-	86,399	29	-	-						
Due from other governmental agenci	e <u>s -</u>										
Total assets	\$ 20,311	\$ 178,856	\$ 30,749	\$ 28,750	\$-						
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Accounts payable	\$-	\$ 19,910	\$ 113	\$ 3,510	-						
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-						
Deferred revenues	20,311	-	-	-	-						
Total liabilities	20,311	19,910	113	3,510							
Fund balances:											
Reserved for encumbrances	-	-	-	-	-						
Reserved for capital outlay Unreserved:	-	158,946	-	-	-						
<ul> <li>Designated for subsequent</li> </ul>											
- year expenditures	-	-	30,000	25,240	-						
- Undesignated			636								
Total fund balances		158,946	30,636	25,240	<u> </u>						
Total liabilities											
and fund balances	\$ 20,311	\$ 178,856	\$ 30,749	\$ 28,750	\$-						

Special Rev	venue Funds	Ca	apital Projects Fu	Permanent Fund		
Winfield Area EMS	Baden Hall Restoration	K-360 Project	2002 Mtnce Bond Issue	The Fairway Projects	Cemetery Endowment	TOTALS
\$ 383,666 - 146,076 - \$ 529,742	\$ 203,297 - - - \$ 203,297	\$ - - - <u>-</u> \$ -	\$ 149,524 - - - \$ 149,524	\$ 649 - - - \$ 649	\$ 6,000 - - <u>-</u> \$ 6,000	\$ 2,355,645 487,857 233,438 77,391 \$ 3,154,331
\$ 25,905 - 	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 11,900 - - 11,900	\$ 32,520 24,000 	\$ - - 	\$ 114,693 24,000 <u>487,857</u> 626,550
-	- 203,297	-	31,080 106,544	- (55,871)	-	65,842 412,916
503,837		-	-	-	- 6,000	2,005,426 43,597
503,837	203,297		137,624	(55,871)	6,000	2,527,781
\$ 529,742	\$ 203,297	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 149,524</u>	<u>\$ 649</u>	\$ 6,000	<u>\$3,154,331</u> (Concluded)

### Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Special Revenue Funds									
			-	pecial		Special		Law	Senior	
	Floo Contr			ks and		lcohol		orcement	Citizen Facility	
Revenues	Contr	01	Rec	reation		rogram		Trust		acinty
Property Taxes	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues	Ţ	-		23,771	•	23,771	•	-	•	2,250
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Interest	5,	313		1,456		274		-		162
Other		-	;	31,823		5,447		623		3,290
Total revenues	5,	313	!	57,050		29,492		623		5,702
Expenditures										
General government		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		37,451		3,050		8,611
Public works	1,	594		-		-		-		-
Cemetery		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		953		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-	9	90,946		-		-		-
Capital lease principal paid		-		-		-		-		-
Capital lease interest paid		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	1,	594		91,899		37,451		3,050		8,611
Revenues over (under) expenditures	3,	719	(;	34,849)		(7,959)		(2,427)		(2,909)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	8,	962		10,000		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		-
General obligation bond proceeds		-		-		-		-		-
Capital lease proceeds		-		-		-		-		-
Sale of property		-		-						-
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,	962		10,000		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and										
other sources over (under)										
expenditures and other uses	12,	681	(2	24,849)		(7,959)		(2,427)		(2,909)
Fund balances, January 1	224,	911		32,440		22,152		8,810		7,691
Prior period adjustment		-		-				-		-
Fund balances, January 1, restated	224,	911		82,440		22,152		8,810		7,691
Fund balances, December 31	\$ 237,	592	\$	57,591	\$	14,193	\$	6,383	\$	4,782

	Law Enforce.					
Special Liability	Ambulance Fire Equip.	Gasoline Tax	Industrial Development	Tourism and Convention	Cemetery Improvement	Library
137	\$ 98,665	\$-	\$ 30,693	\$-	\$-	\$ 347,040
-	620	469,665	-	61,406	-	
- 18,905	- 2,316	- 7,071	- 775	4,980 3,012	5,850 1,582	
10,303	2,310	1,756	-	10,490	656	
19,059	101,601	478,492	31,468	79,888	8,088	347,04
80,675	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	1,078,606	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	342	347,04
_	_	-	_	-	-	547,04
-	-	-	71,349	96,571	-	
-	37,981	122,417	-	-	-	
-	54,636 2,396	-	-	-	-	
80,675	95,013	1,201,023	71,349	96,571	342	347,04
(61,616)	6,588	(722,531)	(39,881)	(16,683)	7,746	
-	-	335,000	-	-	-	
-	(35,000)	(25,000)	-	-	-	
-	-	- 92,417	-	-	-	
-	-	92,417	- 5,495	-	-	
-	(35,000)	402,417	5,495			
(04.040)				(10,000)	10	
(61,616)	(28,412)	(320,114)	(34,386)	(16,683)	7,746	
921,198 -	75,012	383,326	49,608	155,982 -	65,870 -	
921,198	75,012	383,326	49,608	155,982	65,870	
859,582	\$ 46,600	\$ 63,212	\$ 15,222	\$ 139,299	\$ 73,616	\$

(Continued)

### Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Library								
	Employee	Equipment	Fairgrounds	Special	COPS				
	Benefits	Reserve	mprovements	Improvements	Grant				
Revenues									
Property Taxes	\$ 21,102	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -				
Intergovernmental revenues	-	60,185	-	-	10,966				
Charges for services	-	-	8,000	-	-				
Interest	-	3,764	601	682	-				
Other Total revenues	21,102	54,447	8,601	682	10.066				
	21,102	118,396	0,001	002	10,966				
Expenditures									
General government	-	-	-	-	-				
Public safety	-	7,677	-	-	10,966				
Public works	-	-	-	12,239	-				
Cemetery Culture and recreation	- 21,694	-	- 112	-	-				
Health and welfare	21,034	_	-	_	_				
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay	_	125,550	90	-	-				
Capital lease principal paid	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital lease interest paid	-	-	-	-	-				
Total expenditures	21,694	133,227	202	12,239	10,966				
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(592)	(14,831)	8,399	(11,557)					
Other financing sources (uses)									
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	16,755	-				
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-				
General obligation bond proceeds	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital lease proceeds	-	-	-	-	-				
Sale of property									
Total other financing sources (uses)				16,755					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and									
other sources over (under)									
expenditures and other uses	(592)	(14,831)	8,399	5,198	-				
Fund balances, January 1 Prior period adjustment	592	173,777	22,237	20,042	-				
Fund balances, January 1, restated	592	173,777	22,237	20,042					
Fund balances, December 31	\$-	\$ 158,946	\$ 30,636	\$ 25,240	\$-				

Special Revenue Funds		Ca	apital Projects Fun	ıds	Permanent Fund	
Winfield Area EMS	Baden Hall Restoration	K-360 Project	2002 Mtnce Bond Issue	The Fairway Projects	Cemetery Endowment	TOTALS
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 497,643
-	-	-	147,876	-	-	800,510
516,800	-	-	-	-	-	535,630
1,808	4,114	588	-	-	-	52,423
-	56,928	-	-			165,477
518,608	61,042	588	147,876			2,051,683
-	-	-	55,982	-	-	136,657
-	-	-	-	-	-	67,755
-	-	13,960	-	-	-	1,106,399
-	-	-	-	-	-	342
-	-	-	-	-	-	369,805
724,297	-	-	-	-	-	724,297
-	-	-	-	-	-	167,920
-	-	-	358,400	55,871	-	791,255
-	-	-	-	-	-	54,636 2,396
724,297		13,960	414,382	55,871		3,421,462
(205,689)	61,042	(13,372)	(266,506)	(55,871)		(1,369,779)
257,136	_	_	_	_	_	627,853
207,100	_	-	_	_	_	(60,000)
-	_	-	101,400	-	-	101,400
-	_	-	-	-	-	92,417
-	-	-	-	-	_	5,495
257,136			101,400			767,165
F1 117	61,042	(10 070)	(165 106)	(66 071)		(602 614)
51,447	61,042	(13,372)	(165,106)	(55,871)	-	(602,614)
246,726	142,255	13,372	302,730	-	6,000	2,924,731
205,664						205,664
452,390	142,255	13,372	302,730		6,000	3,130,395
\$ 503,837	\$ 203,297	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 137,624	\$ (55,871)	\$ 6,000	\$ 2,527,781
						(Concluded)

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#### BUDGETED NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	FL	OOD CONTRO	)L	SPECIAL PARKS AND RECREATION					
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance			
Revenues and other sources									
Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -			
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	26,754	23,859	(2,895)			
Interest	6,500	5,313	(1,187)	1,000	1,456	456			
Other	-	-	-	-	31,823	31,823			
Temporary Note Proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers from other funds	8,962	8,962			10,000	10,000			
Total revenues and									
other sources	15,462	14,275	(1,187)	27,754	67,138	39,384			
Expenditures and other uses									
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Contractual services	12,000	450	11,550	-	-	-			
Materials and supplies	-	1,129	(1,129)	-	-	-			
Other	-	15	(15)	-	953	(953)			
Capital outlay	15,000	12,400	2,600	80,148	90,155	(10,007)			
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Contingency	197,668		197,668	19,852		19,852			
Total expenditures									
and other uses	224,668	13,994	210,674	100,000	91,108	8,892			
Revenues and other sources									
over (under) expenditures									
and other uses	(209,206)	281	209,487	(72,246)	(23,970)	48,276			
Unencumbered fund balance,									
January 1	220,439	224,911	(4,472)	27,849	74,563	46,714			
Unencumbered fund balance,									
December 31	\$ 11,233	\$ 225,192	\$ 213,959	\$ (44,397)	\$ 50,593	\$ 94,990			

SP	PECIAL	ALC	OHOL PF	ROG	RAM		LAW EN	ENFORCEMENT TRUST SENIOR CITIZENS FACILIT					ТҮ				
Bud	lget		Actual		/ariance		Budget		Actual	v	ariance		Budget		Actual	v	ariance
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
26	6,754		23,859		(2,895)		-		-		-		7,660		2,250		(5,410)
	600		274		(326)		-		-		-		350		162		(188)
6	6,000		5,447		(553)		1,000		623		(377)		2,500		3,290		790
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
33	3,354		29,580		(3,774)		1,000		623		(377)		10,510		5,702		(4,808)
33	3,222		33,308		(86)		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		8,050		7,472		578
Ę	5,000		4,143		857		3,000		3,050		(50)		450		-		450
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,140		1,140		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
11	- 3,696		-		- 13,696		- 1,141		-		- 1,141		- 10,983		-		- 10,983
1	3,090				13,090		1,141				1,141		10,965				10,965
5	1,918		37,451		14,467		4,141		3,050		1,091		20,623		8,612		12,011
(18	8,564)		(7,871)		10,693		(3,141)		(2,427)		714		(10,113)		(2,910)		7,203
2^	1,159		16,245		(4,914)		3,347		8,810		5,463		11,143		7,692		(3,451)
¢	2,595	\$	8,374	\$	5,779	\$	206	\$	6,383	\$	6,177	\$	1,030	\$	4,782	\$	3,752
φ 2	2,585	φ	0,374	φ	5,119	φ	200	φ	0,303	φ	0,177	φ	1,030	φ	4,702	φ	5,752
																(Cor	ntinued)

#### BUDGETED NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	SPI	ECIAL LIABILI	ТҮ		LAW ENFORCEMENT, AMBULANCI AND FIRE EQUIPMENT					
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance				
Revenues and other sources										
Taxes	\$ 116	\$ 137	\$ 21	\$ 108,089	\$ 98,665	\$ (9,424)				
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-	9,030	9,030				
Interest	30,000	18,905	(11,095)	4,000	2,316	(1,684)				
Other	-	17	17	-	-	-				
Temporary Note Proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers from other funds										
Total revenues and										
other sources	30,116	19,059	(11,057)	112,089	110,011	(2,078)				
Expenditures and other uses										
Personal services	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Contractual services	4,000	4,030	(30)	-	-	-				
Materials and supplies	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other	113,201	76,644	36,557	-	-	-				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	106,095	104,688	1,407				
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	72,068	35,000	37,068				
Contingency	788,431		788,431							
Total expenditures										
and other uses	905,632	80,674	824,958	178,163	139,688	38,475				
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(875,516)	(61,615)	813,901	(66,074)	(29,677)	36,397				
Unencumbered fund balance, January 1	920,796	921,197	401	74,980	66.601	(8,379)				
-		021,107				(0,010)				
Unencumbered fund balance, December 31	\$ 45,280	\$ 859,582	\$ 814,302	\$ 8,906	\$ 36,924	\$ 28,018				

	GASOLINE TA	X	INDUST	RIAL DEVELO	PMENT	TOURISM AND CONVENTION		
Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
-	\$-	\$-	\$ 33,755	\$ 30,693	\$ (3,062)	\$-	\$-	\$-
421,500	387,739	(33,761)	-	-	-	70,000	63,986	(6,014)
8,800	7,071	(1,729)	3,000	775	(2,225)	3,000	3,012	12
-	14,325	14,325	-	5,495	5,495	6,000	16,593	10,593
100,000	-	(100,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-
360,000	335,000	(25,000)						
890,300	744,135	(146,165)	36,755	36,963	208	79,000	83,591	4,591
351,119	321,856	29,263	-	_	-	1,620	697	923
209,552	162,993	46,559	70,950	60,064	10,886	60,200	59,531	669
85,950	72,614	13,336	1,000	-	1,000	1,500	926	574
6,530	31,477	(24,947)	14,500	11,286	3,214	22,500	22,541	(41)
390,000	381,210	8,790	-	-	-	3,500	3,500	-
25,000	-	25,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
66,860		66,860	1,951		1,951	96,796		96,796
1,135,011	970,150	164,861	88,401	71,350	17,051	186,116	87,195	98,921
(244,711)	(226,015)	18,696	(51,646)	(34,387)	17,259	(107,116)	(3,604)	103,512
294,711	232,193	(62,518)	51,646	49,609	(2,037)	116,421	121,942	5,521
50,000	<u>\$6,178</u>	<u>\$ (43,822)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 15,222	\$ 15,222	\$ 9,305	<u>\$ 118,338</u>	\$ 109,033
								(Continued)

#### BUDGETED NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	CEME	TERY	<b>IMPROVE</b>	MENTS		LIBRARY						
	Budget		Actual	Variance		Budget		Actual		Variance		
Revenues and other sources												
Taxes	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$	380,578	\$	347,046	\$	(33,532)		
Intergovernmental revenues	-		-	-		-		-		-		
Interest	1,800		1,582	(218)		-		-		-		
Other	10,500		6,306	(4,194)		-		-		-		
Temporary Note Proceeds	-		-	-		-		-		-		
Transfers from other funds	<u> </u>		-					-		-		
Total revenues and												
other sources	12,300		7,888	(4,412)		380,578		347,046		(33,532)		
Expenditures and other uses												
Personal services	-		-	-		-		-		-		
Contractual services			-	-		-		-		-		
Materials and supplies	-		342	(342)		-		-		-		
Other	-		-	-		380,578		347,046		33,532		
Capital outlay	-		-	-		-		-		-		
Transfers to other funds	-		-	-		-		-		-		
Contingency	75,986		-	75,986				-		-		
Total expenditures												
and other uses	75,986		342	75,644		380,578		347,046		33,532		
Revenues and other sources												
over (under) expenditures												
and other uses	(63,686	)	7,546	71,232		-		-		-		
Unencumbered fund balance,												
January 1	67,486		65,870	(1,616)	_	3,825				(3,825)		
Unencumbered fund balance,												
December 31	\$ 3,800	\$	73,416	\$ 69,616	\$	3,825	\$		\$	(3,825)		

 LIBR/	ARY	EMP BEN	EFIT	s	 FAIRGROUNDS IMPROVEMENTS SPECIAL IMPROVEME			IENT	S			
 Budget		Actual		/ariance	 Budget		Actual	 Variance	 Budget	 Actual		/ariance
\$ 22,827	\$	21,102	\$	(1,725)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
-		-		-	- 930 6,000		- 601 7,971	- (329) 1,971	- 1,300 -	- 682 -		- (618) -
 -		-		-	 -		-	 -	 -	 -		-
 22,827		21,102		(1,725)	 6,930		8,572	 1,642	 1,300	 682		(618)
-		-		-	-		-	-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-		-	-	-	11,195		(11,195)
23,777		21,694		2,083	-		-	-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-		203	(203)	-	-		-
 -		-		-	 - 41,236		-	 - 41,236	 - 33,500	 16,754 -		(16,754) 33,500
 23,777		21,694		2,083	 41,236		203	41,033	 33,500	 27,949		5,551
(950)		(592)		358	(34,306)		8,369	42,675	(32,200)	(27,267)		4,933
 950		592		(358)	 36,476		22,238	 (14,238)	 34,323	 35,752		1,429
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,170	\$	30,607	\$ 28,437	\$ 2,123	\$ 8,485	\$	6,362
											(Cor	ncluded)

(Concluded)

## Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund 2002 General Obligation Maintenance and Improvements Bond Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances From Inception and for the Year ended December 31, 2003

	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Project Authorization		
Revenues: Interest income State reimbursements	\$ 144 	\$- <u>147,876</u> 147,876	\$  144 <u>147,876</u> 148,020	\$ 144 147,876 148,020		
Expenditures: Bond issue costs	11,319	1,193	- - 12,512	12,512		
Improvement projects	<u>365,253</u> 376,572	413,189 414,382	778,442 790,954	916,066 928,578		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(376,428)	(266,506)	(642,934)	(780,558)		
Other financing sources (uses) Bond proceeds Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	): 685,000 <u>(5,842)</u> 679,158	101,400  _101,400	786,400 (5,842) 780,558	786,400 (5,842) 780,558		
Net change in fund balances	302,730	(165,106)	137,624	<u>\$ -</u>		
Fund balance-beginning of year		302,730				
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 302,730	\$ 137,624	\$ 137,624			

## Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund The Fairways Benefit District Projects Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances From Inception and for the Year ended December 31, 2003

	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Project Authorization		
Expenditures: Improvement projects	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 55,871	\$ 55,871	\$ 928,000		
Other financing sources (uses Temporary note proceeds Other financing Total other financing sources (uses)	s): 		- 	775,000 153,000 928,000		
Net change in fund balances	-	(55,871)	(55,871)	<u>\$ -</u>		
Fund balance-beginning of year						
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (55,871)	\$ (55,871)			

# NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the City Commission is to finance or recover the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis primarily through user charges; or the City Commission has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

<u>Refuse</u> - The Refuse Fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to the operation and maintenance of the refuse collection and recycling programs operated by the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and capital improvements. In addition, a pro-rata portion of administration, utility billings, and collection expenses are charged to this fund from the management services fund.

<u>Stormwater Drainage</u> - The Stormwater Utility Fund was established in 1996 as a way to fund major drainage projects throughout the City. Stormwater drainage fees are charged to city utility customers through the utility bill.

### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Refuse	Stormwater Drainage	Total
Assets			
Current assets	¢ 070 4 4 4	¢ 100.601	¢ 456.760
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 273,141 15 119	\$     183,621 2,009	\$ 456,762
Utility billing receivables, net Accounts receivable, net	15,118 8,022	2,009	17,127 8,022
Total current assets	296,281	185,630	481,911
Total current assets	290,201	100,000	401,911
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted asset: cash and temporary investments	121		121
Capital Assets:			
Land	3,503	-	3,503
Buildings	44,673	-	44,673
Improvements other than buildings	-	2,527,322	2,527,322
Machinery, equipment, other	1,004,408	9,296	1,013,704
Less accumulated depreciation	(633,048)	(172,797)	(805,845)
Net capital assets	419,536	2,363,821	2,783,357
Total noncurrent assets	419,657	2,363,821	2,783,478
Other assets			
Advances to internal service funds	51,750	534	52,284
Investment in joint venture	62,817	-	62,817
Total other assets	114,567	534	115,101
Total assets	830,505	2,549,985	3,380,490
Liabilities			
Current liabilites			
Accounts payable	38,421	11,847	50,268
Accrued interest payable	348	-	348
Accrued compensated absences	13,618	-	13,618
Current portion of capital lease payable	10,000	-	10,000
Total current liabilities	62,387	11,847	74,234
Noncurrent liabilities			
Capital leases payable	19,879	-	19,879
Payable from restricted assets	121	-	121
Total noncurrent liabilities	20,000		20,000
	00.007	44.047	04.024
Total liabilities	82,387	11,847	94,234
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets	-	2,363,821	2,363,821
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	389,657	-	389,657
Restricted for debt service	121	-	121
Unrestricted	358,340	174,317	532,657
Total net assets	\$ 748,118	\$ 2,538,138	\$ 3,286,256

## NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

		Refuse	-	tormwater Drainage		Total
Operating revenues Charges for services and sales	\$	969,264	\$	83,362	\$	1,052,626
Other	Ψ	43,027	Ψ	- 00,002	Ψ	43,027
Total operating revenues		1,012,291		83,362		1,095,653
Operating expenses						
Services and supplies		970,055		39,517		1,009,572
Payments in lieu of franchise fees		46,147		-		46,147
Depreciation		97,541		15,813		113,354
Total operating expenses		1,113,743		55,330		1,169,073
Operating income (loss)		(101,452)		28,032		(73,420)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)						
Interest income		7,250		3,932		11,182
Loss on joint venture		(1,941)		-		(1,941)
Interest expense		(3,987)		-		(3,987)
Other		4,500		-		4,500
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		5,822		3,932		9,754
Net income (loss) before transfers		(95,630)		31,964		(63,666)
Transfers out - cash		-		(20,000)		(20,000)
Transfers in (out) - capital assets		(6,890)		1,347,578		1,340,688
Change in net assets		(102,520)		1,359,542		1,257,022
Total net assets - beginning		910,491		481,760		1,392,251
Prior period adjustment		(59,853)		696,836		636,983
Total restated net assets - beginning		850,638		1,178,596		2,029,234
Total net assets - ending	\$	748,118	\$	2,538,138	\$	3,286,256

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

Cook flows from an article of initian		Refuse		ormwater Drainage		Total
Cash flows from operating activities	¢	(522,420)	¢	(07.750)	¢	(500.004)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	(533,126)	\$	(27,758)	\$	(560,884)
Internal activity-payments to other funds		(432,724) (46,147)		-		(432,724) (46,147)
Receipts from customers		974,138		- 81,999		1,056,137
Other receipts		30,915		01,999		30,915
Net cash provided by operating activities		(6,944)		54.241		47,297
not don provided by operating donvideo		(0,011)		01,211		11,201
Cash flows from noncapital financing actvities						
Advances to other funds		(5,081)		-		(5,081)
Transfer to other funds		-		(20,000)		(20,000)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		(5,081)		(20,000)		(25,081)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Capital lease payments - principal		(10,000)		-		(10,000)
Capital lease payments - interest		(3,850)		-		(3,850)
Acquisition of capital assets		(27,951)		(45,527)		(73,478)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(41,801)		(45,527)		(87,328)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Installment sale receipts - principal		1,656		-		1,656
Interest income		7,251		3,932		11,183
Net cash provided from investing activities		8,907		3,932		12,839
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(44,919)		(7,354)		(52,273)
Balances - beginning of the year						
(includes \$120 in restricted accounts)		318,181		190,975		509,156
Balances - end of the year						
(includes \$121 in restricted accounts)	\$	273,262	\$	183,621	\$	456,883

#### Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities

Operating income (loss)	\$ (101,452)	\$ 28,032	\$ (73,420)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation	97,541	15,813	113,354
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables, net	4,874	(1,364)	3,510
Compensated absences	707	-	707
Accounts and other payables	5,423	11,760	17,183
Deferred revenues	 (14,037)	 	 (14,037)
Total adjustments	 94,508	 26,209	 120,717
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (6,944)	\$ 54,241	\$ 47,297
Noncash Transactions			
Infrastructure assets contributed from (to) other funds	(6,890)	1,347,578	1,340,688
Asset sold through installment sale	(4,500)	, - , - · · -	(4,500)
Loss on joint venture	(1,941)		(1,941)
	(1,011)		(1,011)

#### BUDGETED ENTERPRISE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

		ELECTRIC	
	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues and other sources			
Charges for services	\$ 16,000,000	\$ 17,731,589	\$ 1,731,589
Interest income	100,000	108,430	8,430
Other	114,600	141,899	27,299
FEMA reimbursements	1,266,000	582,920	(683,080)
Reimbursement of expenditures Transfers from other funds	100,000	94,255	(5,745)
Total revenues and			
other sources	17,580,600	18,659,093	1,078,493
Expenditures and other uses			
Personal services	1,936,668	1,803,508	133,160
Contractual services	1,725,493	1,476,771	248,722
Materials and supplies	240,800	414,992	(174,192)
Other	144,347	202,630	(58,283)
Purchased power and fuel	10,810,000	10,208,712	601,288
Capital outlay	1,117,910	634,665	483,245
Debt service	857,190	997,150	(139,960)
In lieu of franchise taxes	962,250	1,152,553	(190,303)
Transfers to other funds	82,875	193,650	(110,775)
Contingency	820,025		820,025
Total expenditures			
and other uses	18,697,558	17,084,631	1,612,927
Revenues and other sources			
over (under) expenditures and other uses	(1,116,958)	1,574,462	2,691,420
Unencumbered fund balance, January 1	1,116,958	2,798,195	(1,681,237)
Unencumbered fund balance, December 31	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,372,657	\$ 4,372,657

	GAS							WATER		
Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual		Variance m amended		Budget		Actual		Variance
\$ 5,100,000 35,000 12,000	\$ 5,100,000 35,000 12,000	\$ 5,277,372 30,002 (30,064)	\$	177,372 (4,998) (42,064)	\$	1,595,000 22,000 14,000	\$	1,431,773 9,621 10,002	\$	(163,227) (12,379) (3,998)
- 15,000 -	- 15,000 -	- 17,779 -		- 2,779 -		- 25,000 -		- 13,413 -		- (11,587) -
5,162,000	5,162,000	5,295,089		133,089		1,656,000		1,464,809		(191,191)
671,248	671,248	651,693		19,555		646,116		684,318		(38,202)
538,238 26,250	538,238 26,250	510,763 26,572		27,475 (322)		546,558 108,500		542,581 123,900		3,977 (15,400)
18,815	18,815	30,561		(322)		54,876		39,353		15,523
3,500,000	3,976,365	3,909,552		-						- 10,020
164,500	164,500	180,721		(16,221)		155,500		87,067		68,433
-	-	-		-		170,895		172,799		(1,904)
257,250	257,250	290,255		-		78,013		71,554		56,700
82,875	82,875	153,650		(70,775)		82,875		-		82,875
64,459	64,459			64,459		326,850		-		326,850
5,323,635	5,800,000	5,753,767		12,425		2,170,183	<u> </u>	1,721,572		498,852
(161,635)	(638,000)	(458,678)		145,514		(514,183)		(256,763)		307,661
161,635	161,635	602,058		440,423		622,691		576,698		(45,993)
<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (476,365)	\$ 143,380	\$	585,937	\$	108,508	\$	319,935	\$	261,668
									(0	Continued)

#### BUDGETED ENTERPRISE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

-		REFUSE		WASTEWATER					
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance			
Revenues and other sources									
Charges for services	\$ 1,089,000	\$ 924,318	\$ (164,682)	\$ 1,498,000	\$ 1,525,078	\$ 27,078			
Interest income	16,000	7,164	(8,836)	12,000	8,374	(3,626)			
Other	30,000	42,763	12,763	1,000	(4,383)	(5,383)			
FEMA reimbursements	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Reimbursement of expenditur	re: 37,575	32,495	(5,080)	2,000	182	(1,818)			
Transfers from other funds			-	100,000	100,000				
Total revenues and									
other sources	1,172,575	1,006,740	(165,835)	1,613,000	1,629,251	16,251			
Expenditures and other uses									
Personal services	461,647	435,182	26,465	507,650	485,832	21,818			
Contractual services	556,664	482,307	74,357	356,920	374,726	(17,806)			
Materials and supplies	17,100	14,589	2,511	66,050	52,014	14,036			
Other	12,075	25,868	(13,793)	29,720	29,312	408			
Purchased power and fuel	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	42,500	23,061	19,439	174,200	179,331	(5,131)			
Debt service	23,850	23,850	-	513,729	513,729	-			
In lieu of franchise taxes	56,700	46,147	10,553	-	-	-			
Transfers to other funds	82,875	-	82,875	-	10,505	(10,505)			
Contingency	41,781		41,781	189,523		189,523			
Total expenditures									
and other uses	1,295,192	1,051,004	244,188	1,837,792	1,645,449	192,343			
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	<i></i>			<i></i>	<i></i>				
and other uses	(122,617)	(44,264)	78,353	(224,792)	(16,198)	208,594			
Unencumbered fund balance January 1	, 187,376	278,983	91,607	316,680	354,140	37,460			
Unencumbered fund balance	,								
December 31	\$ 64,759	\$ 234,719	\$ 169,960	\$ 91,888	\$ 337,942	\$ 246,054			

STOR	MWA	TER DRAI	NAGI	Ε	 QUAIL	AIL RIDGE GOLF COURSE						
Budget		Actual		Variance	 Budget		Actual	Variance				
\$ 66,750 5,000 -	\$	82,578 3,932 (580)	\$	15,828 (1,068) (580)	\$ 449,300 8,000 500	\$	406,288 8,274 74,256	\$	(43,012) 274 73,756			
-		-		-	 - 500 331,500		- - 307,300		- (500 (24,200			
71,750		85,930		14,180	 789,800		796,118		6,318			
-		-		-	234,171		236,803		(2,632			
12,500		32,166		(19,666)	88,414		87,035		1,379			
42,750		35,249		7,501	77,875		65,919		11,956			
-		20,060		(20,060)	3,800		2,884		916			
-		-		-	-	-	-		-			
2,000		4,207		(2,207)	31,000		43,122		(12,122			
-		-		-	355,280		355,280		-			
20,000		-		20,000	-		_		_			
143,119				143,119	 550				550			
220,369		91,682		128,687	 791,090		791,043		47			
(148,619)		(5,752)		142,867	(1,290)		5,075		6,365			
159,636		177,526		17,890	 1,290		4,038		2,748			
\$ 11,017	\$	171,774	\$	160,757	\$ -	\$	9,113	\$	9,113			

(Concluded)

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for services performed by one governmental department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis, and for risk financing activities.

<u>Management Services</u> – The Management Services Fund is a cost center for the City engineering, management information systems, utility billing, and general administration departments' expenses. These expenses are charged to other City funds based on several criteria and ratios.

<u>Service Center</u> – The Service Center Fund is a cost center for the City operations building and its equipment and for the service center department. The building and equipment maintenance costs are charged to other City funds on square footage, and the service center charges other departments based on usage.

<u>Central Stores</u> – The Central Stores Fund acts as a central inventory. Cash advances from several funds supplied the initial cash required to purchase inventory stock. When inventory is issued, the cost of the inventory issued is charged to the receiving fund. Funds utilizing the central store inventory include electric, gas, water, refuse, wastewater, service center, and general.

<u>Accounts Receivable Financing</u> - The Accounts Receivable Financing Fund acts as a central billing site for the City's utility billings. Utility receivables of each of the six City utility funds are "sold", for the estimated net amount collectible, to the Account Receivable Financing Fund after each billing cycle.

<u>Risk Management Reserve</u> – The Risk Management Reserve Fund pays for deductibles, excess liability losses, uninsured losses, and insurable losses not otherwise covered by commercial insurance. Funding is provided by annual contributions from other city funds that have an insurable risk, based on actuarial computations provided by an insurance consultant. The City purchases commercial insurance coverage for all substantial areas of risk, including property loss, auto liability, boiler and machinery, general and public officials' liability. Individual funds pay their portions of insurance policy premiums that are recorded as expenditures/expenses in those funds.

<u>Workers' Compensation Reserve</u> – The Workers' Compensation Reserve Fund accounts for all workers' compensation-related claims, judgments, and expenses. The City's workers' compensation program is a partially self-funded program covering substantially all full-time and part-time employees of the City. Funding is provided by annual contributions from other city functions that have an insurable risk, based on actuarial computations provided by an insurance consultant. The City has insurance coverage for excess claims, which varies by employee positions.

<u>Health Insurance Reserve</u> – The Health Insurance Reserve Fund was created to eventually fund a partially self-insured health insurance program. The fund currently is used to partially pay employee health insurance premiums.

<u>Short Term Disability Reserve</u> – The Short Term Disability Reserve Fund provides up to twentysix weeks of financial assistance to City full-time employees following sixty days of continuous disability.

### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2003

	N	lanagement Services		Operations Center		Central Stores		Accounts Receivable Financing
Assets								
Current assets	•	00.070	•	04 504	•	07 400	¢	40.005
Cash and temporary investments	\$	62,670	\$	31,594	\$	37,426	\$	42,285
Utility billing receivables, net Accounts receivable, net		- 3,162		-		-		1,856,905
Inventories		3,102		- 76,109		- 1,098,725		-
Total current assets		65,832		107,703		1,136,151	·	1,899,190
Total current assets		00,002		107,700		1,100,101		1,033,130
Noncurrent assets								
Capital assets								
Land		-		6,500		-		-
Buildings and improvements		235,574		1,443,780		-		-
Improvements other than building	S	-		74,073		-		-
Machinery, equipment, other		1,193,117		350,908		-		-
Less accumulated depreciation		(979,580)		(581,207)		-		_
Net capital assets		449,111		1,294,054		-		-
Other assets Sales tax deposit		-		-		-		6,000
Total assets	\$	514,943	\$	1,401,757	\$	1,136,151	\$	1,905,190
Liabilities								
Current liabilites								
Accounts payable	\$	60,823	\$	24,193	\$	20,166	\$	42,285
Accrued compensated absences	Ψ	72,621	Ψ	10,714	Ψ	20,100	Ψ	-2,205
Total current liabilities		133,444		34,907		20,166		42,285
		100,111		0 1,007		20,100		.2,200
Noncurrent liabilities								
Advances from other funds		-		70,000		1,110,890		1,862,905
Claims payable		-		-		-		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		70,000		1,110,890		1,862,905
Total liabilities		133,444		104,907		1,131,056		1,905,190
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets		449,111		1,294,054		-		-
Unrestricted		(67,612)		2,796		5,095		
Total net assets	\$	381,499	\$	1,296,850	\$	5,095	\$	-

1	Risk Management Reserve	Workers' mpensation Reserve	Health nsurance Reserve	bort-Term Disability Reserve	 Total
\$	1,095,801	\$ 516,384	\$ 50,065	\$ 115,312	\$ 1,951,537
	-	-	-	-	1,856,905
	-	-	-	-	3,162
	-	 -	 -	 -	 1,174,834
	1,095,801	 516,384	 50,065	 115,312	 4,986,438
	-	-	-	-	6,500
	-	-	-	-	1,679,354
	-	-	-	-	74,073
	-	-	-	-	1,544,025
		 -	 -	 -	 (1,560,787)
	-	-	-	-	1,743,165
	-	 	 -	 -	 6,000
\$	1,095,801	\$ 516,384	\$ 50,065	\$ 115,312	\$ 6,735,603
\$	500	\$ 53,301	\$ 140	\$ -	\$ 201,408
	_	 -	 -	 -	 83,335
	500	 53,301	 140	 -	 284,743
	-	-	-	-	3,043,795
	-	243,445	-	-	243,445
	-	 243,445	 -	 -	 3,287,240
	500	 296,746	 140	 	 3,571,983
					4 740 405
	-	-	40.005	-	1,743,165
	1,095,301	 219,638	 49,925	 115,312	 1,420,455
\$	1,095,301	\$ 219,638	\$ 49,925	\$ 115,312	\$ 3,163,620

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Management Services			Dperations Center	Central Stores	Accounts Receivable Financing
Cash flows from operating activities						
Payments to suppliers	\$	(465,399)	\$	(183,341)	\$ (864,259)	\$ -
Payments to employees		(1,638,889)		(291,887)		-
Payments of claims		-		-	-	-
Internal activity-receipts from (payments to) other fund	s	2,091,832		499,769	776,901	(27,113,960)
Receipts from customers		-		-	-	26,966,976
Other receipts		36,382		-	 -	 
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		23,926		24,541	(87,358)	(146,984)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Advances from other funds		-		-	 50,000	 151,530
Cash flows from capital and related financing activitie	s					
Transfers (to) from other funds		(10,000)		(0,000)		
for capital acquisition		(10,000)		(9,820)	-	-
Acquisition of capital assets		(33,889)		(14,150)	 	 -
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(43,889)		(23,970)	-	-
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest income		-		-	 -	 -
		(10.05-)				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(19,963)		571	(37,358)	4,546
Balances - beginning of year		82,633		31,023	 74,784	 37,739
Balances - end of year	\$	62,670	\$	31,594	\$ 37,426	\$ 42,285

#### Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities

Operating income (loss)	 (81,432)	 118	 347	 
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	92,955	35,315	-	-
Receivables, net Inventories	2,780	- (7,912)	23 (48,915)	(151,529)
Compensated absences	2,129	(7,912) 548	(40,913)	-
Accounts and other payables Claims payable	 7,494	 (3,528)	 (38,813) -	 4,545
Total adjustments	 105,358	 24,423	 (87,705)	 (146,984)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 23,926	\$ 24,541	\$ (87,358)	\$ (146,984)
Noncash Transactions Infrastructure assets contributed from (to) other funds	116,877	939,358	-	-

Totals	Short-Term Disability Reserve	I	Health Insurance Reserve	 Workers' mpensation Reserve	Co	Risk anagement Reserve	M
\$ (2,778,013) (1,931,975)	- (1,199)	\$	(1,160,852)	\$ (35,933)	\$	(68,229)	\$
(330,851) (22,604,694) 26,966,976	17,872		1,122,892	(317,771) - -		(13,080) - -	
58,414	-		-	7,439		14,593	
(620,143)	16,673		(37,960)	 (346,265)		(66,716)	
201,530				 			
(19,820) (48,039)	-		-	-		-	
(67,859)	-			 		-	
45,571	2,414		1,684	 15,535		25,938	
(440,901)	19,087		(36,276)	(330,730)		(40,778)	
2,392,438	96,225		86,341	847,114		1,136,579	
\$ 1,951,537	115,312	\$	50,065	\$ 516,384	\$	1,095,801	\$
(750,735)	16,673		(38,100)	 (577,261)		(71,080)	
128,270	-		-	-		-	
(140,972)	-		-	-		7,754	
(56,827)	-		-	-		-	
2,677	-		-	-		-	
(33,552) 230,996	-		140	- 230,996		(3,390)	
130,592	-		140	 230,990		4,364	
\$ (620,143)	16,673	\$	(37,960)	\$ (346,265)	\$	(66,716)	\$

1,056,235

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## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Management Services	Operations Center	Central Stores	Accounts Receivable Financing
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 2,091,832	\$ 499,769	\$-	\$ 73,552
Other	33,603		347	
Total operating revenues	2,125,435	499,769	347	73,552
Operating expenses				
Administration	2,113,912	464,336	-	73,552
Claims	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	92,955	35,315	-	-
Total operating expenses	2,206,867	499,651	-	73,552
Operating income (loss)	(81,432)	118	347	
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Interest income	-	_	-	_
Other	(324)	(1,455)	-	-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(324)	(1,455)		
Net income (loss) before operating transfers	(81,756)	(1,337)	347	
Transfers out to CIP - cash	(10,000)	(9,820)	-	-
Transfers in - capital assets	116,877	939,358	-	-
Net transfers	106,877	929,538	-	-
Change in net assets	25,121	928,201	347	-
Total net assets - beginning	356,378	368,649	4,748	
Total net assets - ending	\$ 381,499	\$ 1,296,850	\$ 5,095	<u>\$                                    </u>

Risk Management Reserve		Workers' Compensation Reserve		 Health Insurance Reserve	Short-Term Disability Reserve		Totals
\$	- 6,839	\$	- 7,439	\$ - 1,122,892	\$ - 17,872	\$	2,665,153 1,188,992
	6,839		7,439	 1,122,892	 17,872		3,854,145
	- 77,919 -		- 584,700 -	1,160,992 - -	- 1,199 -		3,812,792 663,818 128,270
	77,919		584,700	 1,160,992	 1,199		4,604,880
	(71,080)		(577,261)	 (38,100)	 16,673		(750,735)
	25,938 -		15,535 -	 1,684 -	 2,414 -		45,571 (1,779)
	25,938		15,535	 1,684	 2,414		43,792
	(45,142)		(561,726)	 (36,416)	 19,087		(706,943)
	- - -		- - -	 -	 - - -		(19,820) 1,056,235 1,036,415
	(45,142)		(561,726)	(36,416)	19,087		329,472
	1,140,443		781,364	 86,341	 96,225		2,834,148
\$	1,095,301	\$	219,638	\$ 49,925	\$ 115,312	\$	3,163,620

#### BUDGETED INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	MAN	MANAGEMENT SERVICES			NS CENTER	
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues and other sources						
Interfund contributions	\$ 2,150,438	\$ 2,091,832	\$ (58,606)	\$ 525,901	\$ 499,769	\$ (26,132)
Interest income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	5,500	7,095	1,595	500	1,581	1,081
Reimbursement of expenditure	s2,000	29,751	27,751			
Total revenues and						
other sources	2,157,938	2,128,678	(29,260)	526,401	501,350	(25,051)
Expenditures and other uses						
Personal services	1,597,787	1,648,048	(50,261)	295,815	293,521	2,294
Contractual services	345,824	310,446	35,378	157,800	127,744	30,056
Materials and supplies	120,955	115,285	5,670	42,150	43,326	(1,176)
Other	32,765	29,937	2,828	350	5,064	(4,714)
Capital outlay	50,650	32,000	18,650	25,100	14,941	10,159
Transfers to other funds	10,000	10,000	-	5,000	9,820	(4,820)
Contingency	130		130	1,730		1,730
Total expenditures						
and other uses	2,158,111	2,145,716	12,395	527,945	494,416	33,529
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(173)	(17,038)	(16.865)	(1,544)	6.934	8,478
	(110)	(17,000)	(10,000)	(1,011)	0,001	0,110
Unencumbered fund balance, January 1	173	18,884	18,711	1,544		(1,544)
Unencumbered fund balance,						
December 31	\$ -	\$ 1,846	\$ 1,846	\$ -	\$ 6,934	\$ 6,934

F	RISK MANAGEMEN	IT	WORKERS' COMPENSATION								
Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance						
\$- 50,000 -	\$- 25,938 28,469	\$- (24,062) 28,469	\$ 6,131 30,000 -	\$ 3,067 15,535 -	\$ (3,064) (14,465)						
		<u> </u>	3,000	4,372	1,372						
50,000	54,407	4,407	39,131	22,974	(16,157)						
- 102,000	-	- 102,000	- 56,000	- 218,746	- (162,746)						
- 20,520	- 55,374	- (34,854)	- 34,185	- 122,509	(88,324)						
- - 1,004,892	- - -	1,004,892	771,285	- - 	771,285						
1,127,412	55,374	1,072,038	861,470	341,255	520,215						
(1,077,412)	(967)	1,076,445	(822,339)	(318,281)	504,058						
1,077,412	1,096,269	18,857	822,339	781,364	(40,975)						
<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,095,302	\$ 1,095,302	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 463,083	\$ 463,083						
					(Continued)						

(Continued)

#### BUDGETED INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	HEALT	HEALTH INSURANCE RESERVE						SHORT-TERM DISABILITY RESERVE					
	Budget		Actual		Variance		Budget		Actual		Variance		
Revenues and other sources Interfund contributions Interest income	\$ - 5,000	\$	1,122,892 1,684	\$	1,122,892 (3,316)	\$	18,600 2,800	\$	17,872 2,415	\$	(728) (385)		
Other	-		-		-		-		-		-		
Reimbursement of expenditures			-		-		-		-		-		
Total revenues and													
other sources	5,000		1,124,576		1,119,576		21,400		20,287		(1,113)		
Expenditures and other uses													
Personal services	-		-		-		-		1,199		(1,199)		
Contractual services	-		-		-		-		-		-		
Materials and supplies	-		-		-		-		-		-		
Other	82,680		1,160,992		(1,078,312)		-		-		-		
Capital outlay	-		-		-		-		-		-		
Transfers to other funds	-		-		-		-		-		-		
Contingency	9,967				9,967		117,582		-		117,582		
Total expenditures													
and other uses	92,647		1,160,992		(1,068,345)		117,582		1,199		116,383		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures													
and other uses	(87,647)		(36,416)		51,231		(96,182)		19,088		115,270		
Unencumbered fund balance, January 1	87,647		86,341		(1,306)		96,182		96,225		43		
Unencumbered fund balance, December 31	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$	49,925	\$	49,925	\$		\$	115,313	\$	115,313		
										(0)	analudad)		

(Concluded)

# FIDICUIARY AND AGENCY FUNDS

#### **Private Purpose Trust Fund**

<u>CDBG Economic Development Loan</u> - to account for the receipt and disbursement of CDBG loan proceeds to a local manufacturing corporation.

#### Agency Funds

<u>Claims</u> - acts as a clearing account for all City checks written.

<u>Sales Tax</u> - to account for sales tax collected, to be remitted to State of Kansas.

<u>Fire Insurance Escrow</u> - to account for insurance proceeds being held pending the completion of repairs on a fire damaged home in the City.

<u>Sales Tax Refund Escrow</u> - to accumulate utility funds' sales tax refunds, prior to final State of Kansas decisions regarding certain sales tax claims.

## AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

	Balance January 1 2003	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31 2003		
Claims Assets: Cash and						
temporary investments	\$ 123,390	\$ 36,994,479	\$ 37,109,940	\$ 7,929		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 123,390	\$ 36,994,479	\$ 37,109,940	\$ 7,929		
Sales Tax						
Assets: Cash and temporary investments	\$ 5,030	\$ 97,038	\$ 96,403	\$ 5,665		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 5,030	\$ 97,038	\$ 96,403	\$ 5,665		
Fire Insurance Escrow Assets: Cash and						
temporary investments	\$ 9,713	\$ 1,197	\$ 10,910	<u>\$                                    </u>		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 9,713	\$ 1,197	\$ 10,910	<u>\$ -</u>		
Sales Tax Refund Escrow Assets: Cash and						
temporary investments	\$ 39,179	\$	\$ 39,179	<u>\$                                    </u>		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 39,179	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$ 39,179	<u>\$                                    </u>		
Totals - All Agency Funds Assets: Cash and						
temporary investments	\$ 177,312	\$ 37,092,714	\$ 37,256,432	\$ 13,594		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 177,312	\$ 37,092,714	\$ 37,256,432	\$ 13,594		

### FIDUCIARY FUND - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2003

	CDBG Economic _Dev Loan
Assets	
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 88,553
Accounts receivable	62,461
	151,014
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Net assets</b> Held in trust of State of Kansas	\$ 151,014

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS- PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

CDBG conomic ev Loan
\$ 52,130
50,932
1,491
 104,553 685
103,868
47,146
\$ 151,014
 \$

### CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE BY SOURCE [1] DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

Governmental funds capital assets	2003	 2002
Land	\$ 1,714,444	\$ 1,711,191
Buildings	9,206,257	7,549,391
Improvements other than buildings	11,155,872	1,438,323
Machinery and equipment	6,601,464	5,446,100
Construction in progress	111,611	1,232,922
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 28,789,648	\$ 17,377,927
Investment in governmental funds capital assets by source:		
General fund	\$ 15,965,000	\$ 14,728,480
Special revenue funds	11,005,313	1,416,525
Capital projects funds	111,611	1,232,922
Internal service funds	1,651,975	-
Donations	 55,749	 -
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 28,789,648	\$ 17,377,927

[1] This schedule includes 50% of capital assets reported in Internal Service Funds. Fifty percent of the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY [1] DECEMBER 31, 2003

Function and Activity	Land	Buildings	Improvements Other Than Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Construction in Progesss	Total
General government:						
Attorney	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 15,788	\$-	\$ 15,788
Administrative/other	242,091	4,396,790	198,557	914,972	-	5,752,410
Total general government	t 242,091	4,396,790	198,557	930,760	-	5,768,198
Public safety:						
Police	-	184,610	-	655,033	-	839,643
Fire	-	458,433	-	1,784,459	-	2,242,892
Inspection	-	-	-	19,315	-	19,315
Total public safety	-	643,043	-	2,458,807	-	3,101,850
Highways and streets:	-	15,425	6,815,467	1,400,132	-	8,231,024
Health and welfare	-	42,514	-	400,239	-	442,753
Culture and recreation	1,465,956	4,045,230	4,132,144	1,262,715	-	10,906,045
Cemetery	6,395	63,255	9,703	148,814	-	228,167
Construction in progress					111,611	111,611
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 1,714,442	\$ 9,163,743	\$ 11,155,871	\$ 6,601,467	\$ 111,611	\$ 28,789,648

[1] This schedule includes 50% of capital assets reported in Internal Service Funds. Fifty percent of the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY [1] FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

Function and Activity	Governmental Funds Capital Assets 1/1/03	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	Governmental Funds Capital Assets 12/31/03
General government:					
Attorney	\$ 15,788	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 15,788
Other	4,401,323	106,338	(72,472)	1,317,221	5,752,410
Total general	i	<u>·</u>		i	<u>·</u>
government	4,417,111	106,338	(72,472)	1,317,221	5,768,198
Public safety:					
Police	788,657	131,605	(69,305)	(11,314)	839,643
Fire	1,857,153	29,437	(1,190)	357,492	2,242,892
Inspection	19,315	-	-	-	19,315
Total public safety	2,665,125	161,042	(70,495)	346,178	3,101,850
Highways and streets	7,522,984	169,025	(102,670)	641,685	8,231,024
Health and welfare	330,013	112,740	-	-	442,753
Culture and recreation	10,526,599	278,493	-	100,953	10,906,045
Cemetery	222,659	5,508	-	-	228,167
Under construction	1,649,882	2,965,275		(4,503,546)	111,611
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 27,334,373	\$ 3,798,421	\$ (245,637)	\$ (2,097,509)	\$ 28,789,648

[1] This schedule includes 50% of capital assets reported in Internal Service Funds. Fifty percent of the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.

### NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNIT - BUSINESS-TYPE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2003

### WINFIELD HOUSING AUTHORITY

Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 238,573
Accounts receivable, net	13,769
Prepaids and materials inventory	 4,116
	 256,458
Capital Assets:	
Land	52,776
Buildings	2,527,678
Machinery, equipment, other	238,159
Less accumulated depreciation	 (1,421,228)
Net capital assets	1,397,385
Other assets	
Utility deposits	 5,712
Total assets	\$ 1,659,555
Liabilities	
Current liabilites	
Accounts payable	14,577
Accrued compensated absences	 2,483
Total liabilities	 17,060
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets	1,397,385
Unrestricted	 245,110
Total net assets	\$ 1,642,495

### NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNIT - BUSINESS-TYPE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### WINFIELD HOUSING AUTHORITY

Operating revenues	
Rental income	\$ 161,256
Other	6,309
Total operating revenues	167,565
Operating expenses	
Services and supplies	133,495
Depreciation	56,521
Total operating expenses	 190,016
Operating loss	 (22,451)
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Interest income HUD grants Other	 4,843 49,936 128
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	54,907
Change in net assets	 32,456
Total net assets - beginning	1,605,665
Prior period adjustment	4,374
Total restated net assets - beginning	1,610,039
Total net assets - ending	\$ 1,642,495

### NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNIT - GOVERNMENTAL TYPE BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### WINFIELD PUBLIC LIBRARY

Assets	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 74,744
Accounts receivable, net	 592
Total assets	\$ 75,336
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 2,994
Fund balance	 72,342
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 75,336

### NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNIT - GOVERNMENTAL TYPE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### WINFIELD PUBLIC LIBRARY

Revenues	
Property taxes	\$ 368,739
Intergovernmental revenue	27,589
Fines and penalties	3,236
Interest income	1,849
Charges for services and sales	8,378
Other	 8,585
Total revenues	 418,376
Expenditures	
Culture and recreation:	
Personal services	222,529
Contractual services	127,325
Commodities	44,215
Capital outlay	33,356
Contingency	 7,106
Total expenditures	 434,531
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(16,155)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 88,497
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 72,342

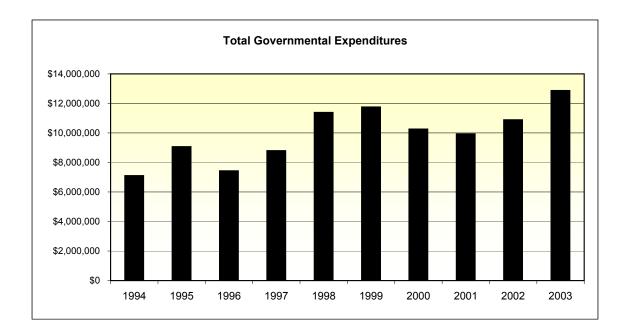
#### GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION [1] LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	General	Public	Public	Culture and	Debt	Employee	Capital	Economic	Health	
Year	Government	Safety	Works	Recreation	Service	Benefits	Outlay	Development	and welfare	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1994	845,462	2,303,932	793,730	732,266	1,681,415	597,961	130,458	18,309	-	7,103,533
1995	876,950	1,933,852	1,245,219	764,757	843,017	626,281	2,279,140	30,421	475,332	9,074,969
1996	794,398	1,964,487	989,951	787,991	936,476	645,883	584,722	115,465	619,264	7,438,637
1997	879,091	1,839,320	1,356,379	815,515	1,094,089	700,973	1,515,719	137,165	464,552	8,802,803
1998	811,927	2,021,120	1,422,949	941,998	1,872,308	698,058	1,671,921	1,352,558	594,843	11,387,682
1999	832,145	2,202,707	900,180	1,145,442	1,294,801	730,539	3,996,971	90,333	568,128	11,761,246
2000	763,164	2,658,366	998,889	1,242,483	1,428,396	783,718	1,719,190	137,856	525,183	10,257,245
2001	941,539	2,495,235	1,104,022	1,565,758	1,437,051	763,684	910,040	149,727	574,882	9,941,938
2002	974,591	2,647,989	772,363	1,331,801	1,430,419	812,755	1,983,662	146,171	788,974	10,888,725
2003	1,084,095	3,154,017	1,150,330	1,336,361	1,432,568	***	3,819,259	167,920	724,297	12,868,847

\*\*\* Employee benefits fund was closed out in 2002. For 2003 forward, employee benefit expenditures are included in each function

Source: Audited City financial records

[1] includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service funds

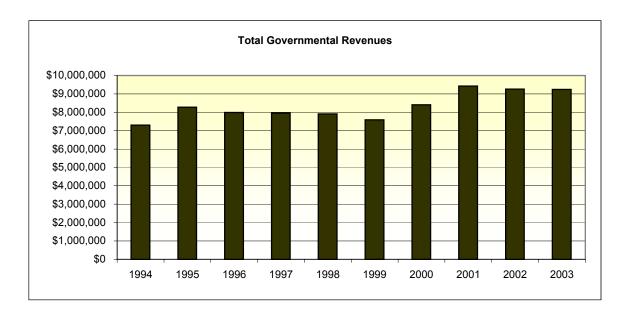


#### GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES BY SOURCES [1] LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Taxes (including special assess- ments)	Inter- Govern- mental	Licenses and Permits	Fines and Forfeitures	Charges for Services	Utilities in lieu of Taxes	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1994	4,016,187	1,087,303	7,448	98,833	569,790	1,109,932	408,834	7,298,327
1995	4,252,283	1,601,159	9,355	116,708	585,064	1,108,321	602,699	8,275,589
1996	4,252,376	1,189,769	8,149	110,927	630,955	1,193,786	607,637	7,993,599
1997	4,405,705	974,029	9,168	98,419	622,996	1,147,357	694,910	7,952,584
1998	4,486,725	763,297	7,400	108,117	752,821	1,144,009	647,613	7,909,982
1999	4,308,058	954,021	17,965	126,425	818,023	898,019	464,368	7,586,879
2000	4,583,041	1,237,512	7,044	116,286	805,250	953,541	703,968	8,406,642
2001	4,754,300	1,670,131	7,128	158,944	896,255	1,194,195	740,806	9,421,759
2002	4,725,344	1,313,125	8,345	166,004	955,399	1,302,919	785,408	9,256,544
2003	4,665,223	1,358,166	28,279	158,459	1,021,526	1,560,510	451,547	9,243,710

Source: Audited City financial records

[1] includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service funds



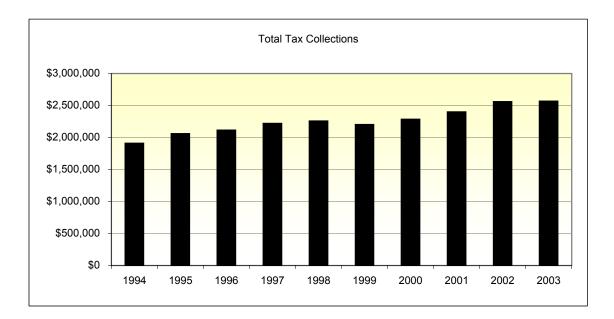
#### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy*	Current Tax Collections	Percentage of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Total Collections As % of Levy
	\$	\$		\$	\$	
1994	1,921,096	1,886,313	98.19%	23,361	1,909,674	99.41%
1995	2,053,196	2,018,272	98.30%	41,758	2,060,030	100.33%
1996	2,120,850	2,086,491	98.38%	27,698	2,114,189	99.69%
1997	2,235,427	2,202,057	98.51%	18,895	2,220,952	99.35%
1998	2,295,262	2,265,247	98.69%	(8,228)	2,257,019	98.33%
1999	2,191,077	2,152,149	98.22%	51,489	2,203,638	100.57%
2000	2,401,650	2,266,870	94.39%	17,941	2,284,811	95.14%
2001	2,530,011	2,343,414	92.62%	57,082	2,400,496	94.88%
2002	2,543,972	2,524,432	99.23%	35,273	2,559,705	100.62%
2003	2,857,163	2,537,557	88.81%	30,174	2,567,731	89.87% [1]

\* Tax levy year is year prior to collections. Above data is reflected by year of collection.

[1] Major industrial tax exemption was granted in 2003, after tax levies were certified.

Source: Audited City financial records

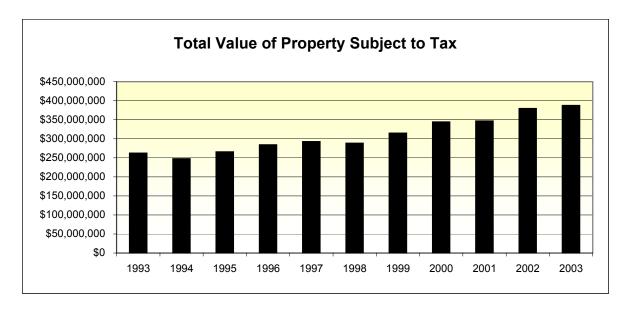


#### ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Real Pro	operty [1]	Personal Property [2]		Total	Total	Ratio of
Fiscal	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed
Year	Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value	To Actual
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
1993	28,378,082	188,341,295	9,956,461	73,747,123	38,334,543	262,088,418	14.63%
1994	30,240,914	201,083,250	11,660,355	46,217,497	41,901,269	247,300,747	16.94%
1995	32,262,596	217,343,110	12,109,133	48,280,075	44,371,729	265,623,185	16.70%
1996	34,024,967	230,100,674	12,925,076	54,009,928	46,950,043	284,110,602	16.53%
1997	35,908,900	246,075,665	11,664,515	46,457,846	47,573,415	292,533,511	16.26%
1998	36,473,175	251,878,693	9,236,433	36,470,132	45,709,608	288,348,825	15.85%
1999	39,128,311	271,992,490	10,325,585	42,690,760	49,453,896	314,683,250	15.72%
2000	41,914,244	290,233,985	12,176,813	53,992,738	54,091,057	344,226,723	15.71%
2001	43,495,039	303,641,610	10,329,072	42,978,168	53,824,111	346,619,778	15.53%
2002	46,643,389	323,212,250	13,922,927	56,337,003	60,566,316	379,549,253	15.96%
2003	48,286,562	332,451,490	13,598,595	55,024,643	61,885,157	387,476,133	15.97%

[1] Includes real property subject to property taxes and utilities properties. Excludes exempt properties.[2] Includes personal property subject to property taxes (excludes motor vehicles)

Source: Cowley County Clerk and Appraiser Offices



#### PROPERTY TAX RATES AND TAX LEVIES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### TAX RATES PER \$1,000 VALUATION FOR DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Tax Year*	City of Winfield	USD 465	State	Community College	Area Voc. Technical School	Cowley County	Total
1994	49.001	74.596	1.500	19.367	2.263	24.539	171.266
1995	47.796	65.749	1.500	19.313	2.370	24.923	161.651
1996	47.671	66.341	1.500	19.226	2.525	25.204	162.467
1997	48.242	64.046	1.500	18.968	2.473	26.192	161.421
1998	47.938	54.925	1.500	19.804	2.054	27.026	153.247
1999	48.434	53.251	1.500	20.648	2.114	28.293	154.240
2000	46.772	54.257	1.500	19.967	-	30.793	153.289
2001	47.308	54.451	1.500	16.936	-	32.270	152.465
2002	47.175	53.487	1.500	17.627	-	32.073	151.862
2003	47.281	56.358	1.500	17.561	-	32.491	155.191

\* "Year" is year in which tax is levied; collections are received in the year following.

Source: Cowley County Clerk's Office

# TOP NINE PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX TAXPAYERS 2003

Taxpayer	Product or Service	Assessed Valuation[1]	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
Newell-Rubbermaid	Plastics Manufacturer	\$ 6,482,547	10.703%
General Electric Engine	Engine Repair	1,513,595	2.499%
Winfield Economic Dev Inc.	Economic Development, Leasing	1,136,284	1.876%
Southwestern Bell	Telephone Utility	928,316	1.533%
Galaxy Tool Corporation	Molds Manufacturer	757,842	1.251%
Dillons	Grocery Store	684,650	1.130%
Philco Inns	Real Estate	598,225	0.988%
Wal-Mart	Discount Retail	378,920	0.626%
CornerBank	Financial Institution	338,733	0.559%
		Total	21.165%

[1] Includes valuation within City of Winfield only.

Source: Cowley County Appraiser's Office

Fiscal Year	Current Assessments Due	Assessments Collected	_	Percent Collected
	\$	\$		
1994	172,945	190,096		109.917%
1995	165,379	232,769	[1]	140.749%
1996	235,706	227,002		96.307%
1997	224,522	175,563	[2]	78.194%
1998	286,694	172,580	[2]	60.197%
1999	274,958	166,004	[2]	60.374%
2000	285,438	206,195	[2]	72.238%
2001	254,800	191,641	[2]	75.212%
2002	241,902	169,549	[2]	70.090%
2003	165,303	147,444		89.196%

#### SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS BILLINGS AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

[1] Land sold with multiple years' delinquent special assessments.

[2] Special assessments not paid on 64 lots in these years. City of Winfield foreclosed on these properties in 2001 and 2002. The City has sold the majority of the lots in 2003 and 2004, and plans to complete all sales in 2005. On a portion of the foreclosed lots, the special assessments were 'forgiven', and the lot sales price was increased to recover a portion of the City infrastructure investment.

Source: Cowley County Treasurer and Clerk Offices, audited City financial records

#### COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DECEMBER 31, 2003

Assessed Valuation for Bonded Debt [1]	\$ 72,063,516
Current Debt Limit (30% of Assessed Valuation; K.S.A. 10-308)	21,619,055
Existing G.O. Bonded Debt, subject to legal debt margin [2]	10,185,000
Less: Assets in Debt Service Funds	382,053
Total Amount Applicable to Debt Limit	9,802,947
Legal Debt Margin	11,816,108
Existing Percentage of Debt Limit	45.34%

(1) Includes real property, personal property, state assessed utilities, and motor vehicle valuations.

(2) Includes \$330,000 1998-B sales tax general obligation bonds. City intent is to pay off this debt with sales tax revenue collections.

Source: Cowley County Clerk office and City records.

#### RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population [1]	Assessed Value [2]	Gross General Obligation Bonded Debt [3]	Less Special Assessments Portion [4]	Less Debt to be Paid by Other Funds [5]	Less Debt Service Fund Available	Net Bonded Debt	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	Ratio Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Valuation
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
1994	11,701	50,343,468	3,767,695	865,087	494,706	607,321	1,800,581	154	3.58%
1995	11,731	53,657,085	3,128,000	749,388	437,858	606,517	1,334,237	114	2.49%
1996	11,743	56,415,382	5,473,780	1,477,844	1,676,437	804,098	1,515,401	129	2.69%
1997	12,090	57,311,187	4,782,000	1,286,517	1,605,566	669,536	1,220,381	101	2.13%
1998	11,804	53,740,744	6,514,000	1,570,823	1,499,277	714,856	2,729,044	231	5.08%
1999	11,947	57,908,108	8,916,000	1,374,223	2,862,839	638,665	4,040,273	338	6.98%
2000	12,206	63,478,942	8,083,000	1,181,194	2,591,063	429,574	3,881,169	318	6.11%
2001	12,158	63,591,303	7,745,000	971,961	1,831,519	444,278	4,497,242	370	7.07%
2002	12,214	70,731,262	7,900,000	775,638	1,757,268	443,876	4,923,218	403	6.96%
2003	12,016	72,063,516	9,855,000	609,191	1,209,995	382,053	7,653,761	637	10.62%

- [1] Source: Kansas Secretary of State
- [2] Includes real property, personal property, state assessed utilities, and motor vehicle valuations
- [3] Outstanding debt balance does not include the \$330,000 1998-B Sales Tax General Obligation Bond City intent is to pay with sales tax revenue. Also does not include \$8,673,478 KDHE loan balance. City intent is to pay with sewer and water charges.
- [4] Special assessments to be collected in future years, to pay off the portion of general obligation debt that financed the improvements being assessed.
- [5] The City is annually transferring \$100,000 of sales tax dollars from the Capital Improvements Fund into the Bond and Interest Fund to pay for a substantial portion of the aquatic center. These transfers began in 1997, and will continue through 2005. Also, through interlocal agreements, five governmental entities are contributing funds annually to pay for debt proceeds used to finance those entities' projects.

Source: Cowley County Clerk's Office, City records

#### RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Principal Paid [1]	Interest Paid [1]	Total Debt Service	General Expenditures [2]	Ratio of Debt Service to General Expenditures
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
1994	817,419	161,429	978,848	7,103,533	13.78%
1995	464,497	106,632	571,129	9,074,969	6.29%
1996	467,802	84,642	552,444	7,438,637	7.43%
1997	488,512	199,344	687,856	8,802,803	7.81%
1998	519,731	167,996	687,727	11,387,682	6.04%
1999	579,978	217,919	797,897	11,761,246	6.78%
2000	614,978	333,594	948,572	10,257,245	9.25%
2001	600,485	343,299	943,784	9,941,938	9.49%
2002	435,578	327,074	762,652	10,888,725	7.00%
2003	630,679	365,699	996,378	12,868,847	7.74%

[1] Net of Special Assessments portion and portion paid by other entities

[2] From Table 1

Source: City financial statements

#### COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2003

Governmental Unit	Net Debt Dutstanding (1)	Percent Applicable to City	City Share of Debt	
Overlapping Debt:				
Unified School District #465	\$ 24,985,000	64.32%	\$	16,070,352
Cowley County College [1]	7,780,000	30.28%		2,355,784
Cowley County	410,000	30.28%		124,148
Overlapping Debt				18,550,284
Direct Debt:				
City of Winfield [2]	7,653,761	100.00%		7,653,761
Total			\$	26,204,045

[1] Excludes revenue bond balance that will be paid through user fees.

[2] Excludes debt balances that will be paid from proprietary funds, special assessment debt with governmental commitment, debt to be repaid by other municipal entities, and sales tax bond issues, which will be paid with sales tax revenues.

Source: U.S.D. #465, Cowley County Clerk, City audited financial records

#### DEBT COVERAGE ELECTRIC UTILITY FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### ELECTRIC FUND

			Net Revenue				Debt
	Gross	Operating	Available for	Debt Se	ervice Requireme	ents [3]	Service
Year	Revenues [1]	Expenses [2]	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
1994	12,745,117	10,752,255	1,992,862	300,000	317,300	617,300	3.23
1995	12,639,767	9,817,810	2,821,957	325,000	297,950	622,950	4.53
1996	13,860,088	10,349,462	3,510,626	345,000	276,825	621,825	5.65
1997	13,428,333	11,084,330	2,344,003	450,000	224,308	674,308	3.48
1998	15,385,566	12,732,118	2,653,448	1,224,000	206,308	1,430,308	1.86
1999	14,853,750	12,799,560	2,054,190	480,000	152,623	632,623	3.25
2000	16,382,420	14,934,210	1,448,210	970,288	168,935	1,139,223	1.27
2001	17,178,455	15,226,913	1,951,542	1,022,408	133,789	1,156,197	1.69
2002	17,212,189	14,096,286	3,115,903	566,640	137,786	704,426	4.42
2003	18,247,543	14,409,634	3,837,909	939,366	147,000	1,086,366	3.53

#### WATER UTILITY FUND

			Net Revenue				Debt
	Gross	Operating	Available for	Debt Se	ervice Requireme	nts [3]	Service
Year	Revenues [1]	Expenses [2]	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
1994	1,156,867	1,058,074	98,793	80,000	37,605	117,605	0.84
1995	1,329,476	1,120,406	209,070	80,000	34,725	114,725	1.82
1996	1,398,417	992,911	405,506	85,000	31,445	116,445	3.48
1997	1,282,785	953,828	328,957	85,000	27,705	112,705	2.92
1998	1,465,931	1,159,642	306,289	90,000	23,710	113,710	2.69
1999	1,353,225	1,109,022	244,203	95,000	19,210	114,210	2.14
2000	1,490,405	1,153,735	336,670	95,000	12,560	107,560	3.13
2001	1,502,693	1,225,446	277,247	100,000	22,404	122,404	2.27
2002	1,381,987	1,423,040	(41,053)	65,000	2,427	67,427	(0.61)
2003	1,461,658	1,432,727	28,931	385,661	94,840	480,501	0.06

[1] Total revenues include interest income, exclude capital grants and contributions.

[2] Total operating expense exclusive of depreciation.

[3] Includes principal payments and interest expense on revenue bonds, capital leases, and KDHE loans. Does not include any debt defeasance transactions.

Source: Audited City financial statements.

#### DEBT COVERAGE WASTEWATER FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### WASTEWATER FUND

			Net Revenue				Debt
	Gross	Operating	Available for	Debt Se	rvice Requireme	nts [3]	Service
Year	Revenues [1]	Expenses [2]	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
1994	721,916	630,786	91,130	133,380	40,147	173,527	0.53
1995	792,844	679,232	113,612	54,435	16,386	70,821	1.60
1996	951,411	583,347	368,064	56,838	9,498	66,336	5.55
1997	1,217,008	533,203	683,805	71,637	9,537	81,174	8.42
1998	1,267,118	636,481	630,637	62,365	106,908	169,273	3.73
1999	1,283,214	684,360	598,854	286,541	172,080	458,621	1.31
2000	1,388,831	806,588	582,243	284,947	211,947	496,894	1.17
2001	1,443,937	752,821	691,116	289,381	240,094	529,475	1.31
2002	1,474,287	836,742	637,545	298,892	211,589	510,481	1.25
2003	1,535,358	900,699	634,659	308,715	201,659	510,374	1.24

[1] Total revenues include interest income.

[2] Total operating expense exclusive of depreciation.

[3] Includes principal payments and interest expense.

Source: City financial statements.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population[1]	Per Capita Income [2]	School Enrollment [3]	Unemployment Rate [4]
1994	11,701	\$ 17,459	2,594	6.2%
1995	11,731	17,502	2,609	5.4%
1996	11,743	18,359	2,662	4.8%
1997	12,090	19,124	2,823	4.8%
1998	11,804	20,054	2,684	5.9%
1999	11,947	20,666	2,622	3.7%
2000	12,206	22,258	2,642	4.8%
2001	12,158	22,258	2,814	3.9%
2002	12,214	22,258	2,790	7.0%
2003	12,016	22,258	2,514	6.3%

#### Sources:

- [1] Population Kansas Secretary of State
- Per Capita Income The U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Information System.
   Per Capita income reflected is for Cowley County. Total population of Cowley County is 36,291, per 2000 U.S. Census Bureau
- [3] School Enrollment U.S.D. #465. Includes public school system only. Non-weighted FTE.
- [4] Unemployment Rate Kansas Department of Human Resources. Annual average for all of Cowley County

#### BANK DEPOSITS AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Build	Building Permits		Commercial Bank		
Fiscal		Valuation		Deposits [1]		
Year	Number	(in thousands)		<u>(in t</u>	thousands)	
1994	166	\$	5,988	\$	204,576	
1995	148		8,158		215,200	
1996	121		7,955		223,686	
1997	82		13,814		241,400	
1998	108		7,900		255,476	
1999	119		8,822		249,220	
2000	126		10,432		250,538	
2001	153		10,188		253,068	
2002	185	*	14,530		255,339	
2003	182		7,891		262,116	

Source: City records, and FDIC statistical data

\*Several large industrial expansions were granted permits in 2002, and completed in 2002 and 2003

[1] as of June 30 of each year

#### SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGES December 31, 2003

	Policy Period From			Coverage		
Insurance Company	То	Туре	Coverage	Amount	Aggregate	Deductible
Employers Reinsurance Corp.	6/25/2003 6/25/2004	Workers' Compensation	All City Employees Employers' liability limit	\$ Statutory	\$ 505,505 1,000,000	300,000
Employers Mututal	4/1/2003 4/1/2004	Property-Replacement Cost	Building/contents, 90% coins. Lights, 90% coins. Golf course (bus. income), 50% coins. Extra exp, per location	38,402,281 443,106 200,000 250,000		1,000 1,000 1,000
Employers Mututal	4/1/2003 4/1/2004	Auto liability - all City rolling stock	Liability and U.M. Specified perils Comprehensive Collision Garage keeper's liability Hired/borrowed vehicles	500,000 20,000 20,000		100 250 500 250 100/500
Federal Insurance	9/22/2003 9/22/2004	Boiler and machinery	Blanket	20,000,000		varies
Employers Mututal	4/1/2003 4/1/2004	General liability	Each occurance limit Products completed	500,000 500,000	1,000,000 1,000,000	500
Employers Mutual	4/1/2003 4/1/2004	Employee benefits	Benefits	500,000	500,000	1,000
Northland Insurance Co.	9/22/2003 9/22/2004	Public officials liability	Each wrongful act- Winfield Housing Auth.	1,000,000	1,000,000	5,000
Employers Mutual	4/1/2003 4/1/2004	Public officials liability	Linebacker-law enforcement	1,000,000	1,000,000	3,000
American Alliance Ins.	10/26/2003 10/26/2004		Underground storage tanks	500,000	1,000,000	10,000
Farmers Alliance Mutual Ins.	9-1-96 continuous	Public officials bond	City treasurer	25,000		
Farmers Alliance Mutual Ins.	9-20-96 continuous	Public officials bond	All city employees	250,000	250,000	
American Reliable Ins. Co.	4/17/2003 4/17/2004	Flood	Grandstands	500,000		4,000
Employers Mutual	4/1/2003 4/1/2004	Contractors equip Property Builders risk Property Floater	Contractors equipment Telephone system Golf Cars, Mowers	1,951,516 94,000 320,000 156,720		1,000 500/5,000 1,000 1,000
Employers Mutual	4/1/2003 4/1/2004	General liability Auto liability Linebacker	Rural Fire Dist #7	500,000 500,000 1,000,000	500,000 500,000 1,000,000	- - 1,500

Source: City records

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY BOND COVENANTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### **Electric Fund - Customers Served**

	Number of meters served			
	12-31-03	12-31-02		
Residential customers	6,673	6,524		
Commercial customers	1,305	1,273		
Power wholesale	126	121		
Street lights	3	3		
Wholesale	2	2		
City departments	116	113		
Total	8,225	8,036		

#### **Golf Course - Customers Served**

	Number of cust	Number of customers served		
	12-31-03	12-31-02		
Green fees	26,377	26,530		
Cart fees - club	13,043	13,913		
Cart fees - private	6,385	5,730		

Source: City records

#### EDW. B STEPHENSON & CO.

### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

EDW. B. STEPHENSON (1905-1985)

JAMES R. DOBBS (1927-1997)

HARRY L. SHETLAR, JR. (1931-2000)

MORRIS W. JARVIS (1935-1999)

#### <u>PARTNERS</u>

N. DEAN BRADBURY, C.P.A. LOREN L. PONTIOUS, C.P.A. MAURICE P. ROBERTS, C.P.A. AARON R. IVERSON, C.P.A.

#### STAFF ACCOUNTANTS

LEROY D. CAMMERER CHRIS L. LAMPSON TAMMY R. SPENCER

1002 Main Street Winfield, Kansas 67156 620-221-9320 FAX 620-221-9325

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Commissioners City Building Winfield, Kansas 67156

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Winfield, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, which collectively comprise the City of Winfield, Kansas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 6, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; Kansas Municipal Audit Guide; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Winfield's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Winfield's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the City Commission of the City of Winfield, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Edw. B. Stephenson & Co.

Winfield, Kansas May 6, 2004

#### EDW. B STEPHENSON & CO.

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

EDW. B. STEPHENSON (1905-1985)

> JAMES R. DOBBS (1927-1997)

HARRY L. SHETLAR, JR. (1931-2000)

MORRIS W. JARVIS (1935-1999)

#### <u>PARTNERS</u>

N. DEAN BRADBURY, C.P.A. LOREN L. PONTIOUS, C.P.A. MAURICE P. ROBERTS, C.P.A. AARON R. IVERSON, C.P.A.

#### STAFF ACCOUNTANTS

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the City Commissioners City Building Winfield, Kansas 67156

We have audited the compliance of the City of Winfield, Kansas, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2003. The City of Winfield's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Winfield's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; Kansas Municipal Audit Guide; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Winfield's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Winfield's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Winfield, Kansas, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2003.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Winfield, Kansas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Winfield's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the City Commission of the City of Winfield, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Edw. B Stephenson I Co. Winfield, Kansas May 6, 2004

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	 Program Amount	Ex	Federal penditures
Federal Emergency Management Agency Passed Through State of Kansas, Adjutant General Kansas Division of Emergency Management Public Assistance Grants-Disaster #1402	83.544	4,485,182		501,351
Passed Through State of Kansas, Adjutant General Kansas Division of Emergency Management - Assistance to Firefighters Grant EMW-2002-FG-10972	83.554	51,405		51,405
Passed Through State of Kansas, Adjutant General Kansas Division of Emergency Management - Assistance to Firefighters Grant EMW-2003-FG-06028	83.554	60,930		8,780
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed Through Kansas Department of Commerce and Housing Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Emergency Shelter Grant S-00-DC 20-0001 2002-26	14.231	10,879		8,099
Emergency Shelter Grant S-01-DC 20-0001 2003-27	14.231	5,953		3,924
U.S. Coast Guard Passed Through Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks Local Recreational Boating Safety Program #CG-2003-06	20.005	2,174		2,174
U.S. Department of Transportation Passed Through Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks Ks Wildlife and Parks Trails Agreement #NR9-001-7	20.219	100,000		100,000
Environmental Protection Agency Passed through the Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Kansas Public Water Supply Loan Fund Project #2233	66.468	5,640,000		342,823
U.S. Department of Justice Bureau of Justice Assistance, Department of Justice 2002 Bulletproof Vest Grant Partnership Program	16.607	9,030		620
COPS in School Award Grant #2000SHWX0561	16.710	\$ 115,550	\$	9,882
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$	1,029,058

#### Schedule is prepared under generally accepted accounting principles.

Loans Outstanding: In addition to the federal expenditures listed above, the City of Winfield had the following loan balances outstanding at December 31, 2003:

	CFDA Number			Amount Outstanding	
Environmental Protection Agency, passed through the Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Kansas Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Loan Project C20 1271 01	66.458	\$	7,525,091	\$	6,056,615
Environmental Protection Agency, passed through the Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Kansas Public Water Supply Fund KPWSLF Project C20 1281	66.468		2,289,659		2,254,040
Environmental Protection Agency, passed through the Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Kansas Public Water Supply Fund Project #2233	66.468		362,823		362,823

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of the City of Winfield, Kansas.
- 2. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the "Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*."
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the City of Winfield, Kansas were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the "Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133".
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City of Winfield, Kansas, expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. Audit findings, if applicable, that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133 are reported in this Schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

Federal Emergency Management Agency	<b>CFDA No.</b>			
Emergency Management Public Assistance Grants	83.544			
Environmental Protection Agency Kansas Public Water Supply Loan Fund	66.468			

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B Programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The City of Winfield, Kansas did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

#### B. FINDINGS--FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS--MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None