MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO
REXBURG, IDAHO
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
and
COMPLIANCE REPORTS
with
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ITEM	PAGE NO.
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion & Analysis	1 - 9
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Statement of Net Position	10 - 11
Statement of Activities	12 - 13
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	14 - 15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	17 - 18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Proprietary Net Position - Proprietary Fund - Solid Waste	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance Proprietary Fund Types - Solid Waste	21
Statement of Cash Flows - All Proprietary Fund Types	22 - 23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	24
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	25
Index to the Notes to the Financial Statements	26 - 27
Notes to the Financial Statements	28 - 54
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Budget and Actual (With Variances) - General Fund	55
Budget and Actual (With Variances) - Road and Bridge	56
Budget and Actual (With Variances) - Ambulance	57
Budget and Actual (With Variances) - Debt Service-Jail Bond	58
Budget and Actual (With Variances) - Justice Fund	59
Notes to Budget and Actual Comparison Schedules	60

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ITEM	PAGE NO.
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI-Base Plan	61
Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI-Base Plan	62
Notes to PERSI Plan Schedules	63
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Governmental Fund Types	
Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund Types - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	64 - 68
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Types - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	69 - 73
Fiduciary Fund Types Combining Balance Sheet - Fiduciary Fund Types - Private Purpose Trust Funds	74 - 78
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Fiduciary Fund Types - Private Purpose Trust Funds	79 - 83
Combining Balance Sheet-Fiduciary Fund Types-Agency Funds	84 - 86
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	05 105
Analysis of Expenditures by Fund	87 - 105
Reconciliation of Expenditures - Cash Basis to GAAP Basis	106
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	107 - 108



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable County Commissioners Madison County – State of Idaho Rexburg, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Madison County, Idaho as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Madison County, Idaho's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Madison Memorial Hospital which represent 100 percent and 100 percent respectively of the assets of net position and revenues of the component unit financial statements. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Madison Memorial Hospital in the component unit column, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that our audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the remaining aggregate fund information of Madison County, Idaho as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial positions and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 26 to the financial statements, the beginning Net Position balance was restated because of implementing GASB 68 and 71 for pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison and schedules of employer's share of net pension liability and employer contributions PERSI information schedules on pages 1 through 9 and 55 through 63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor funds, combining and individual private purpose trust funds, and combining and individual agency funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor funds, combining and individual private purpose trust funds, and combining and individual agency funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor funds, combining and individual private purpose trust funds, and combining and individual agency funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Analysis of Expenditures and Reconciliation have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2016 on our consideration of Madison County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Madison County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Searle Hart + associates PLLC Rexburg, Idaho June 27, 2016

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2015

The discussion and analysis of Madison County, Idaho's financial performance provides an overall review of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The key financial highlights for 2015 are as follows:

At the end of the current year, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$7,923,177.

At the end of the current year, the fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,099,185, a decrease of \$88,522 from the fund balance at September 30, 2014. The business-type activities reported net position of \$808,567, a decrease of \$117,082 from the prior year.

USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Madison County, Idaho as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole County, presenting both an aggregate view of the County's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the County's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Madison County, Idaho, the General Fund, Justice Fund, and Road & Bridge are significant funds.

REPORTING THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The County-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the current year. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting method used by private sector companies. The basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the County as a whole, the financial position of the County has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the County, non-financial information such as changes in the County's tax base and the condition of the County's capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the County is divided into three kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities – Most of the County's programs and services are reported here, including general government, public safety, public works, health, human services, and economic development. These services are

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2015

funded primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Business-type Activities – These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or most of the cost of the services provided. The County's Solid Waste Fund activity is reported here.

Component Unit – The County's financial statements include financial data of the Madison Memorial Hospital. This component unit is separate and may buy, sell, lease, and mortgage property in their own name and can sue or be sued in their own name.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's major funds. Based on the restriction of the use of the moneys, the County has established many funds that account for the multitude of services provided to our residents. The County's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Road & Bridge, Ambulance, Jail Bond, Justice Fund, and Solid Waste.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are reported in these funds that focus on how much flows into and out of the funds and the year-end balances available for spending. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting that measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services being provided, along with the financial resources available.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances through reconciliations to facilitate comparisons between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately on the governmental fund balance sheet and on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds – The County has one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the Solid Waste operations.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the County's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2015

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following tables summarize the County's net position for 2015and 2014.

		2015	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Current and other assets	\$9,449,972	\$217,464	\$9,667,436
Capital assets	7,925,258	909,902	8,835,160
Total assets	17,375,230	1,127,366	18,502,596
Deferred outflows of resources			
Expenses unavailable for use	1,565,441	79,103	1,644,544
Long-term debt outstanding	5,425,919	278,434	5,704,353
Other liabilities	1,197,974	10,196	1,208,170
Total liabilities	6,623,893	288,630	6,912,523
Deferred inflows of resources			
Revenue unavailable for use	2,162,489	109,272	2,271,761
Net position			
Invested in capital assets, Net of related debt	6,550,149	831,964	7,382,113
Restricted	1,541	-	1,541
Unrestricted	3,602,559	-23,397	3,579,202
Total net position	\$10,154,289	\$808,567	\$10,962,856
		2014	
	Governmental	Business-type	Tr. 4 . 1
Current and other assets	Activities \$ 8,800,255	Activities \$ 79,677	Total \$ 8,879,932
Capital assets	8,507,940	1,001,050	9,508,990
Total assets	17,308,195	1,080,727	18,388,922
Long-term debt outstanding	2,004,708	124,789	2,129,497
Other liabilities	739,238	30,289	769,527
Total liabilities	2,743,946	155,078	2,899,024
Net position	<u> </u>		
Invested in capital assets,			
Net of related debt	7,095,174	925,702	8,020,876
Restricted	706,152	-	706,152
Unrestricted	6,762,923	(53)	6,762,870
Total net position	\$ 14,564,249	\$ 925,649	\$15,489,898

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2015

Total net position of governmental activities decreased by \$4,409,960 partly due to restatement of net position for pension liability (see Note 26). The total liabilities of governmental activities increased by \$3,879,947 from an increase of pension liability as stated above.

The following shows the changes in net position for 2015 and 2014.

		2015	
	Governmental	Business-type	TD 1
_	Activities	Activities	Total
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 4,045,407	\$ 1,453,599	\$ 5,499,006
Operating & capital			
grants &			
contributions	2,574,161	-	2,574,161
General revenues			
Property taxes	10,709,007	-	10,709,007
Public service taxes	2,193,370	-	2,193,370
Intergovernmental			
revenues	2,259,356	-	2,259,356
Investment earnings	85,793	-	85,793
Other	(494,874)	-	(494,874)
Total revenues	21,372,220	1,453,599	22,825,819
Expenses			
General government	4,615,982	-	4,615,982
Public works	4,176,557	-	4,176,557
Public safety	9,468,329	-	9,468,329
Health and welfare	2,370,851	-	2,370,851
Recreation	173,899	-	173,899
Conservation	83,093	-	83,093
Interest on long-term debt	811,300	-	811,300
Solid waste	-	1,364,407	1,364,407
Total expenses	21,700,011	1,364,407	23,064,418
Increase (decrease) in net			
position	\$ (327,791)	\$ 89,192	\$ (238,599)

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2015

		2014			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 3,830,680	\$ 1,411,762	\$ 5,242,442		
Operating & capital grants &					
contributions	2,790,067	-	2,790,067		
General revenues					
Property taxes	10,052,333	-	10,052,333		
Public service taxes	2,184,972	-	2,184,972		
Intergovernmental					
revenues	1,509,594	-	1,509,594		
Investment earnings	14,480	-	14,480		
Other	(603,797)	-	(603,797)		
Total revenues	19,778,329	1,411,762	21,190,091		
Expenses					
General government	4,532,984	-	4,532,984		
Public works	3,408,603	-	3,408,603		
Public safety	9,470,628	-	9,470,628		
Health and welfare	2,429,456	-	2,429,456		
Recreation	160,037	-	160,037		
Conservation	74,643	-	74,643		
Interest on long-term debt	45,439	-	45,439		
Solid waste	-	1,494,024	1,494,024		
Total expenses	20,121,790	1,494,024	21,615,814		
Increase (decrease) in net					
position	\$ (343,461)	\$ (82,262)	\$ (425,723)		

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The County's grant revenues from federal and state sources made up \$7,026,887 or 33% of total governmental revenues. The major recipient of intergovernmental program revenues was public safety.

The Road and Bridge accounted for \$4,176,557 of the \$21,700,011 total expenses for governmental activities, or 20% of total expenses.

Table 3 – for governmental activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services, and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues.

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2015

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Service
General government	\$ 4,615,982	\$ 4,599,603
Public works	4,176,557	2,646,128
Public safety	9,468,329	5,053,904
Health and welfare	2,370,851	1,758,769
Recreation	173,899	127,646
Conservation	83,093	83,093
Interest on long-term debt	811,300	811,300
Total	\$ 21,700,011	\$ 15,080,443

Charges for services and operating and capital grants of \$6,619,568 (31% of the total costs of services) are received and used to fund the general government expenses of the County. The remaining \$15,080,443 in general government expenses is funded by property taxes, public service taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other.

Business-type activities

The net position for business-type activities decreased by \$117,082 during 2015 due to pension liability (see Note 26), and the major revenue sources were charges for services of \$1,453,599.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of September 30, 2015, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$7,923,177, an increase of \$98,363 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 52% of this total, \$4,152,812 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned for a variety of assigned purposes (\$3,770,365).

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of 2015, unassigned fund balance was \$2,099,185. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare fund balance to total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 44% of total General Fund expenditures.

The County's General Fund balance has increased by \$88,522 during fiscal year 2015. That increase was due to excess of revenues over expenditures.

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2015

Enterprise Funds

The County's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Solid Waste Fund at September 30, 2015, was (\$23,397). Unrestricted net position increased by \$89,192.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

By state statute, the Board of County Commissioners adopts the annual operating budget for the County effective the first day of October.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – Madison County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2015, amounts to \$8,835,160 (net of depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure (acquired since September 30, 2003) and construction in progress. (See table below.) The total decrease in the County's investments in capital assets for the current fiscal year (including depreciation, additions, and deductions) was 7.62% (a 7.35% decrease for governmental activities and a 0.27% decrease for business-type activities).

	Govern Activ			ss-type vities	Total			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Land	\$ 483,235	\$ 483,235	\$107,973	\$ 107,973	\$ 591,208	\$ 591,208		
Buildings & improvements Machinery &	3,288,046	3,437,631	515,992	512,266	3,804,038	3,949,897		
equipment	3,558,787	3,977,614	285,937	380,811	3,844,724	4,358,425		
Infrastructure	595,190	609,460	-	-	595,190	609,460		
Construction in Progress		-	-	-	-			
Total	\$ 7,925,258	\$ 8,507,940	\$909,902	\$1,001,050	\$ 8,835,160	\$ 9,508,990		

Major capital additions include the various purchases of heavy equipment.

The County has not recorded the infrastructure acquired before October 1, 2003, at this time.

Additional information on Madison County's capital assets can be found in Note 9 to the financial statements for fiscal year 2015.

Long-term Debt – At September 30, 2015, the County had total general obligation debt outstanding of \$1,375,110. The County's long-term debt decreased by \$36,979 or 2.62% during fiscal year 2015, in large part explained by paying off the jail bond.

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2015

		nmental vities	Business-type Activities		To	otal
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Compensated						
absences & payroll	\$ 617,243	\$ 591,942	\$ 37,032	\$ 49,441	\$ 654,275	\$ 641,383
						_
Capital leases	1,375,110	1,277,089	-	-	1,375,110	1,277,089
Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contracts payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds	-	135,000	-	-	-	135,000
Total	\$1,992,353	\$2,004,031	\$37,032	\$49,441	\$2,029,385	\$2,053,472

In addition to the bonded debt, the County's long-term obligations include compensated absences and accrued payroll. Note 4 will provide information regarding bonded indebtedness and additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of this report under the Notes to Financial Statements.

Current Financial Issues and Concerns

Financial issues and concerns for 2016 include:

Implementing replacement of a control panel in our jail. This system is old and parts to maintain are no longer available. It is now vital that we save to fund replacement of the system so inmates and the revenue they bring in won't have to be moved out of county. This project will begin in 2016, but we have begun putting money aside for the project.

Levy limits are still a concern, especially in the Courts, Juvenile Probation and Justice Funds. Court and Probation numbers are down sharply and our attempts to maintain our courts properly will be a balancing act over the next few years. Our Justice Fund is still pushing levy limits.

The number one goal for the County budget in the past has been to reward our valuable employees with a modest increase each year. In the past few years this has only been a 1% cost of living increase and the possibility of a 2% merit increase. We are hoping to keep giving this increase on an annual basis.

Madison County is facing a medical insurance increase of 18% for the upcoming year and will require increasing the employee portion of medical insurance to balance the budget. The county employee contribution, even with the increase, is still less than neighboring counties. The increase in medical insurance will require all additional revenue sources and most increases in budgets will be denied.

Other items impacting the budget for 2016 are:

- o 27 pay periods, rather than the normal 26, which happens every 11 years.
- O Aging buildings and the maintenance required to keep them up.
- o Removal of asbestos in the Court house that will have to be removed this year.
- Old original boilers in the Courthouse are failing and parts to repair them are no longer available. Replacement is inevitable.

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2015

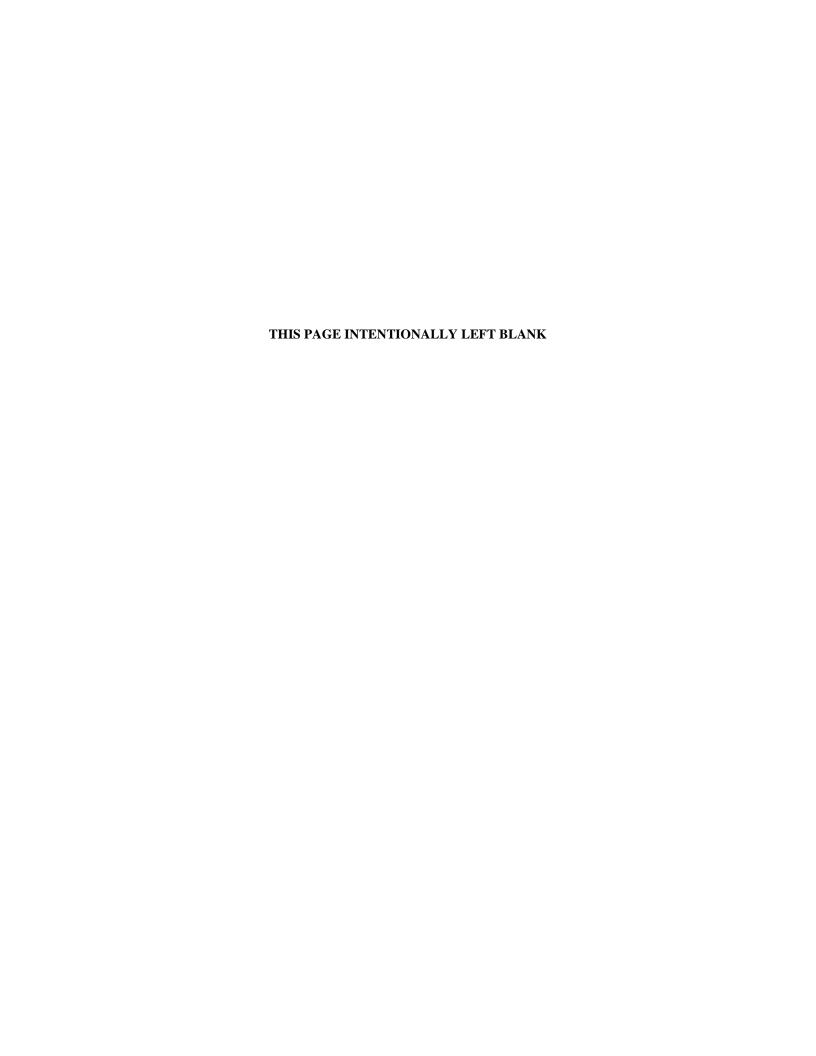
Economic Factors

BYU-I which resides in Madison County continues to increase enrollment. There are a few large apartment complexes coming on the tax roll this year, which may help our budget in the next year and will have a positive impact to our local economy.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Madison County Auditor 134 East Main Rexburg, Idaho 83440





MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2015

				BUSINESS-				
		VERNMENTA ACTIVITIES	A L	TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	(COMPONENT UNIT
ASSETS			_		•		_	
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	7,326,537	\$	124,083	\$	7,450,620	\$	7,318,173
Taxes receivable		266,497		-		266,497		-
Receivables		293,353		93,381		386,734		10,567,946
Internal balances		417,815		-		417,815		-
Due from other governmental								
agencies		1,145,770		-		1,145,770		-
Inventories		-		-		-		3,890,092
Other assets		-		-		-		129,708
Other assets limited as to use		-				-		19,140,874
Capital Assets								
Land and improvements not								
being depreciated		483,235		107,973		591,208		5,143,241
Infrastructure and infrastructure in								
progress		651,616		-		651,616		-
Buildings		9,349,221		1,028,919		10,378,140		83,528,482
Equipment and furniture		10,823,762		1,016,663		11,840,425		46,635,628
Construction in progress		-		-		-		984,975
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	(13,382,576)	_	(1,243,653)		(14,626,229)	_	(64,238,981)
Total Capital Assets	_	7,925,258	_	909,902		8,835,160	_	72,053,345
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	17,375,230	\$_	1,127,366	\$	18,502,596	\$_	113,100,138
Deferred outflows of resources								
Expenses unavailable for use	_	1,565,441	_	79,103		1,644,544	_	

		VERNMENTA ACTIVITIES	ΔL	BUSINESS- TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL		COMPONENT UNIT
LIABILITIES	_		-		-		-	
Accounts payable and accrued								
expenses	\$	504,830	\$	5,469	\$	510,299	\$	5,494,064
Warrants payable		693,144		4,727		697,871		-
Long-term liabilities								
Due within one year								
Bonds, capital leases and contracts		670,459		-		670,459		2,162,818
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll & comp. absences		556,222		24,847		581,069		-
Accrued landfill closure costs		-		77,938		77,938		-
Due in more than one year								
Bonds, capital leases and contracts		704,650		-		704,650		47,633,161
Pension liability		3,352,622		169,410		3,522,032		-
Compensated absences	_	141,966	_	6,239	_	148,205	_	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	6,623,893	_	288,630	_	6,912,523	_	55,290,043
Deferred inflows of resources								
Revenue unavailable for use	-	2,162,489	-	109,272	-	2,271,761	-	688,896
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFE	RRE	D						
INFLOW OF RESOURCES	_	8,786,382	_	397,902	-	9,184,284	_	55,978,939
NET POSITION								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt		6,550,149		831,964		7,382,113		22,764,914
Restricted for:		-,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		., , -		, ,.
Debt service		1,541		_		1,541		3,731,250
Unrestricted	_	3,602,599	_	(23,397)	-	3,579,202	_	30,625,035
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	10,154,289	\$_	808,567	\$	10,962,856	\$ _	57,121,199

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

					PR	OGRAM REV	EN	UE
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses	-	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary government	_		-		_		•	_
Governmental activities:								
General Government	\$	4,615,982	\$	16,379	\$		\$	-
Public Safety		9,468,329		3,405,143		1,009,282		-
Public Works		4,176,557		-		-		1,530,429
Health, Welfare and Sanitation		2,370,851		612,082		-		-
Culture and Recreation		173,899		11,803		34,450		-
Conservation/Economic Development		83,093		-		-		-
Interest on long-term debt	-	811,300	-	-	-			<u>-</u>
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	-	21,700,011	-	4,045,407		1,043,732	,	1,530,429
Business-type activities:								
Solid Waste	-	1,364,407	-	1,453,599				
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	-	1,364,407	-	1,453,599			,	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	23,064,418	\$	5,499,006	\$	1,043,732	\$	1,530,429
Component Units								
Madison Memorial Hospital	\$	71,528,119	\$	72,577,146	\$	679,676	\$	
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$	71,528,119	\$	72,577,146	\$	679,676	\$	-

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for specific purposes

Public service taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Special item - gain (loss) on sale of assets

Transfers

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES, SPECIAL ITEMS, AND TRANSFERS

Change in net position

Net Position, October 1, 2014

NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

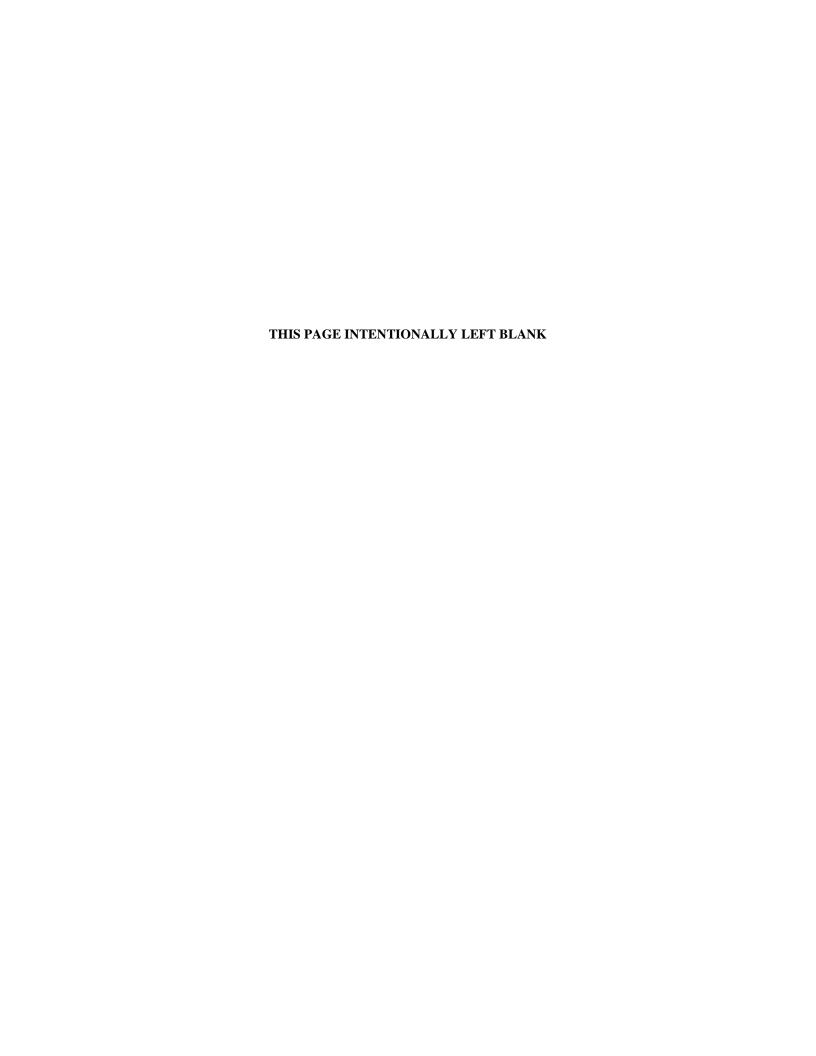
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

-]		ary Governm		NET ASSETS		
-	Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities	•	Total	·	Component Units
-	(4,599,603) (5,053,904) (2,646,128) (1,758,769) (127,646) (83,093) (811,300) (15,080,443)	\$		\$	(4,599,603) (5,053,904) (2,646,128) (1,758,769) (127,646) (83,093) (811,300) (15,080,443)		
	(15,080,443)	- -	89,192 89,192 89,192		89,192 89,192 (14,991,251)		
						\$	1,728,703 1,728,703
	1,924,585 8,784,422 2,193,370 2,259,356 85,793 382,491 (877,365)	_	- - - - - -		1,924,585 8,784,422 2,193,370 2,259,356 85,793 382,491 (877,365)		- - - 791,890 -
	14,752,652 (327,791)	_	89,192		14,752,652 (238,599)	,	791,890 2,520,593
	10,482,080	\$_	719,375 808,567	\$	11,201,455 10,962,856	\$	54,600,606 57,121,199

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2015

		GENERAL FUND		ROAD & BRIDGE		AMBULANCE
ASSETS	-		•			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,424,717	\$	1,489,181	\$	-
Taxes receivable, net		52,571		61,998		9,910
Due from other funds		417,815		-		-
Receivable from other governments		502,295		445,711		9,512
Other receivables	-			-		194,051
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,397,398	\$	1,996,890	\$	213,473
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Warrants payable	\$	221,375	\$	201,350	\$	_
Accounts payable	Ψ	14,567	Ψ	10,613	Ψ	_
Due to other funds				-		417,815
Other accrued expenses	-	14,561		10,061		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	250,503		222,024		417,815
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Revenues unavailable for use	-	47,710		57,775		9,167
FUND BALANCES						
Assigned to:						
Debt service		-		-		-
Other purposes		-		-		-
Unassigned	-	2,099,185		1,717,091		(213,509)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	2,099,185		1,717,091		(213,509)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED AND						
FUND BALANCES	\$	2,397,398	\$	1,996,890	\$	213,473

	DEBT SERVICE JAIL BOND		JUSTICE FUND	(OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	1,088	\$	563,488	\$	3,848,063	\$ 7,326,537
	6,557		66,309		69,152	266,497
	-		-		-	417,815
	-		86,477		201,077	1,245,072
	-					194,051
\$	7,645	\$	716,274	\$	4,118,292	\$ 9,449,972
\$	-	\$	44,012	\$	226,407	\$ 693,144
	-		33,140		28,695	87,015
	-		-		-	417,815
	-		26,506		29,817	80,945
•	-	. ,	103,658		284,919	1,278,919
	6,104		62,571		64,549	247,876
	1,541		_		-	1,541
	-		-		3,768,824	3,768,824
	-		550,045			4,152,812
•	1,541	, ,	550,045		3,768,824	7,923,177
\$	7,645	\$	716,274	\$	4,118,292	\$ 9,449,972



MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2015

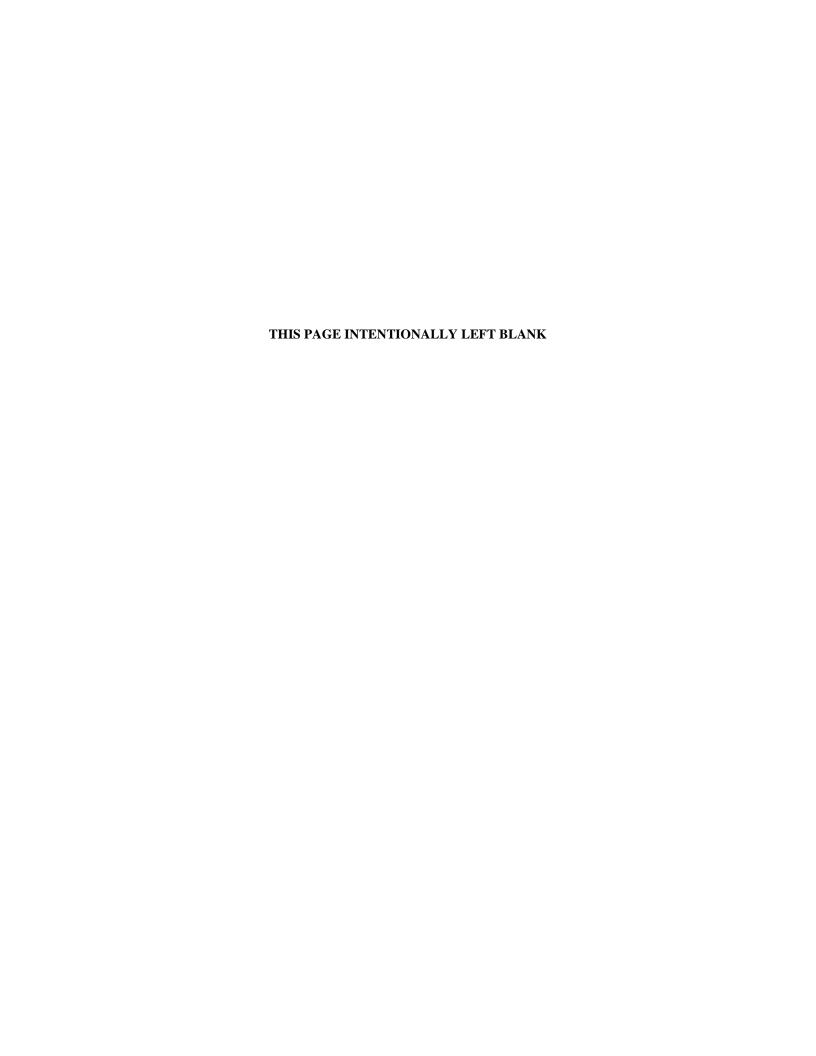
Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 7,923,177
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	7,925,258
Certain deferred outflows are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	1,565,441
Certain deferred inflows are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	(2,023,885)
Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, Pension Liability, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of	
Net Position.	 (5,235,702)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 10,154,289

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	_	GENERAL FUND		ROAD & BRIDGE	AMBULANCE
REVENUES			_	_	
Property taxes	\$	1,912,911	\$	2,528,086	305,444
Fees and fines		175,676		-	-
Licenses and permits		323,841		-	-
Intergovernmental		2,013,304		1,689,461	30,963
Charges for services		16,379		-	612,082
Investment earnings		85,793		-	-
Miscellaneous	-	318,414		513	5,217
	_	4,846,318	_	4,218,060	953,706
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		3,829,289		-	-
Public safety		344,747		-	-
Public works		467,456		3,123,490	-
Health and sanitation		20,888		-	1,305,317
Culture and recreation		-		-	-
Conservation/economic development		83,093		-	-
Debt Service:					
Principal		-		105,734	-
Interest and other charges		_		51,042	-
Capital outlay	_	12,323		297,243	53,217
	_	4,757,796	_	3,577,509	1,358,534
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	_				
over expenditures		88,522		640,551	(404,828)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from long-term debt, net		-		203,755	-
Transfers in		-		-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	(892,558)	
		-		(688,803)	-
SPECIAL ITEM					
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	_		
Net change in fund balances		88,522		(48,252)	(404,828)
Fund Balances, October 1, 2014	-	2,010,663		1,765,343	191,319
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2015	\$	2,099,185	\$	1,717,091	(213,509)

_	DEBT SERVICE JAIL BOND	JUSTICE FUND	(OTHER GOVERNMENTAI FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	177,918 \$	2,936,183	\$	2,835,178	\$	10,695,720
·	,	, , , <u>-</u>	·	98,836		274,512
	=	-		, =		323,841
	13,406	_		3,196,537		6,943,671
	-	1,311,755		1,498,937		3,439,153
	-	-		-		85,793
_		11,284		214,856		550,284
_	191,324	4,259,222		7,844,344		22,312,974
				920 400		4 640 770
	-	3,779,410		820,490 4,358,267		4,649,779 8,482,424
	-	3,779,410		4,338,207		3,992,810
	_	_		869,874		2,196,079
	_	_		94,023		94,023
	-	-		-		83,093
	893,707	_		_		999,441
	2,228	_		_		53,270
_		133,719		493,580		990,082
_	895,935	3,913,129		7,038,098		21,541,001
	(704,611)	346,093		806,246		771,973
	_	-		-		203,755
	-	13,243		1,950		15,193
_						(892,558)
	-	13,243		1,950		(673,610)
_						
	(704,611)	359,336		808,196		98,363
_	706,152	190,709		2,960,628		7,824,814
\$_	1,541 \$	550,045	\$	3,768,824	\$	7,923,177



MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 98,363
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The amount capitalized is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlays \$454,928 exceeded depreciation \$1,037,610 in the current period.	(582,682)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	11,674
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure, In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.	135,000
Governmental funds do not recognize lease payments as expenditures until they are paid. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats leases payable as a long-term liability. This amount is the net change in the leases payable liability.	(98,021)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences not reflected on Governmental funds Deferred outflows of resources not reflected on Governmental funds	(25,301)
Deferred outflows of resources not reflected on Governmental funds Net pension liability not reflected on Governmental funds Accrued interest not reflected on Governmental funds	(1,352,144) 1,484,643 677
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (327,791)

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF PROPRIETARY NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND - SOLID WASTE September 30, 2015

ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	124,083
Taxes receivable-special fee		9,122
Accounts receivable	_	84,259
Total current assets	-	217,464
Noncurrent Assets		
Land		107,973
Building and equipment		2,045,582
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,243,653)
Total noncurrent assets	-	909,902
TOTAL ASSETS	-	1,127,366
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Expenses unavailable for use		79,103
Emperates unavanante for dec	-	7,7100
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Warrants payable		4,727
Accounts payable		5,469
Accrued expenses		3,961
Current portion of compensated absences		20,886
Landfill closure liability		77,938
Total current liabilities	-	112,981
Long-term Liabilities		
Pension liability		169,410
Compensated absences payable		6,239
Total long-term liabilities	_	175,649
TOTAL LIABILITIES	=	288,630
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Revenues unavailable for use	_	109,272
NET POSITION		
		921 064
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted		831,964
Onlestricted	-	(23,397)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	808,567

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES - SOLID WASTE

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

REVENUES, GAINS AND OTHER SUPPORT		
Charges for services	\$	1,453,168
Other revenue	_	431
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		1,453,599
TOTAL OF EXATING REVENUES	_	1,433,399
EXPENSES		
Salaries and wages		574,919
Professional fees		527,245
Supplies and other		23,284
Repairs and maintenance		96,129
Utilities		22,599
Depreciation and amortization		117,641
Provision for uncollectible accounts		-
Landfill closure and post closure expense		2,590
Miscellaneous	_	_
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,364,407
101112 01 2111111 0 2111 21 020	-	1,001,107
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS		89,192
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Investment income		-
Interest expense	_	
NET OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE	_	
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		
Capital contributions		-
Transfers in		-
Transfers out	_	-
NET CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		-
	-	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$	89,192
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
Balance, beginning	\$	719,375
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	_	89,192
ENTERPRISE NET POSITION - September 30, 2015	\$_	808,567

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	PF	ROPRIETARY FUND	Y C	COMPONENT UNIT
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-		_	
Cash received from service revenues	\$	1,453,473	\$	69,399,774
Cash received from other operating revenues		-		114,108
Cash paid for salaries and benefits		(574,919)		(30,841,518)
Cash paid for supplies, professional fees and				
other operating expenses	_	(720,557)	_	(29,833,670)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	157,997	_	8,838,694
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Change in deferred inflows and outflows	_	(33,914)	_	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	(33,914)	_	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACT	IV	ITIES		
Net members contributions (distributions)		_		(2,332,801)
Purchase of property and equipment		-		(4,038,581)
Principal payments on long-term debt		-		(1,155,000)
Principal payments on capital lease obligations		-		(323,889)
Interest paid	_		_	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_		_	(7,850,271)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of investments		-		(17,466,316)
Disposal of investments		-		18,829,506
Increase in notes receivable	_	-	_	1,092,121
Net cash provided by investing activities	_		_	2,455,311
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	ſS	124,083		3,443,734
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_		_	8,360,056
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	124,083	\$ _	11,803,790

NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 FUND	UNIT	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	\$ 89,192 \$	2,330,326	
Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations			
to net cash provided by operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization	117,641	7,271,188	
Minority interest	-	(151,483	
Gain on disposal of assets	-		
Decrease (increase) in current assets			
Receivables			
Patient accounts, net	-	(672,513	
Other	(8,561)	32,040	
Inventories	-	(80,92)	
Prepaid expenses	-	(51,600	
Gain on investments	-		
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities			
Accounts payable	(25,110)	1,013,77	
Payroll and related liabilities	(13,068)		
Accrued vacation	(4,687)	191,889	
Medicaid contractual adjustment payable	-	(1,044,003	
Landfill closure liabilty	 2,590		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 157,997 \$	8,838,694	
HEDULE OF NONCASH TRANSACTIONS			
In-Kind contributions to investments	\$ - \$		
Gain on sale of assets transferred to investments	\$ - \$		

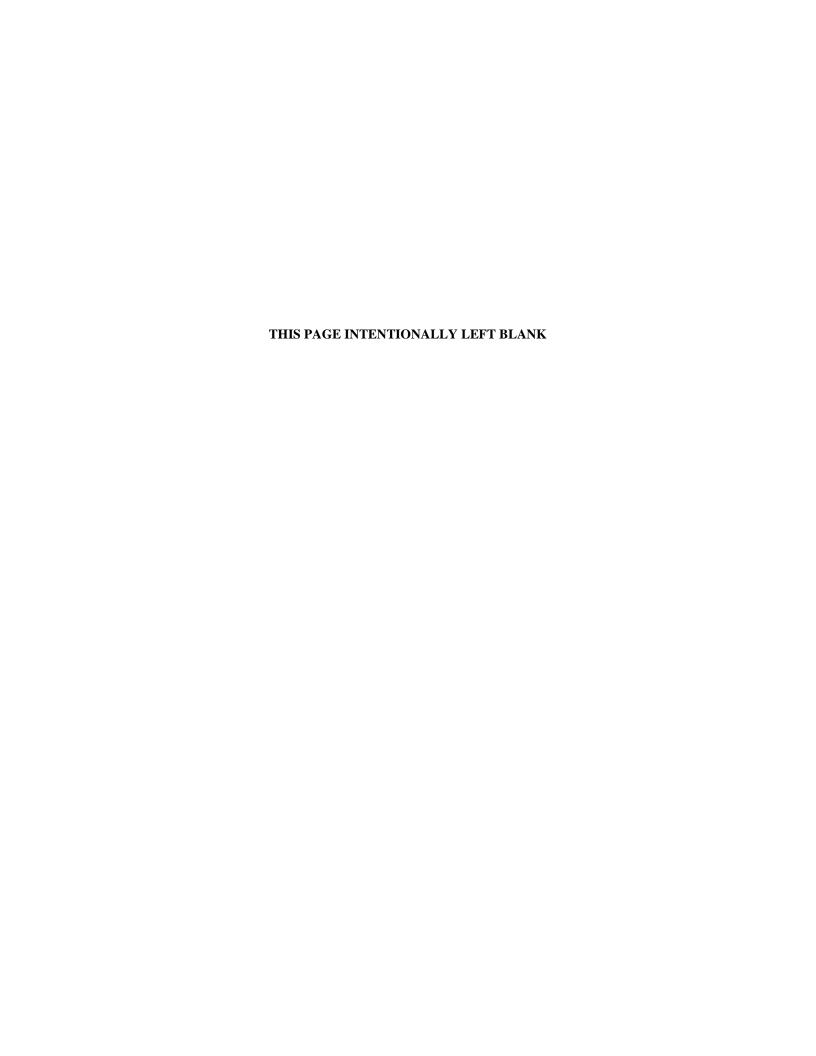
MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2015

	Т	PRIVATE PURPOSE RUST FUNDS	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS	_		
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	1,969,018 \$	347,788
Taxes receivable		-	333,532
Receivables from other agencies	-		151,233
TOTAL ASSETS	-	1,969,018	832,553
LIABILITIES			
Warrants payable		318,211	193,764
Payable to the State of Idaho		-	660
Payable to taxing districts	-	<u> </u>	638,129
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	318,211	832,553
NET POSITION Held in trust for individuals, organizations and			
other governments	\$	1,650,807 \$	-

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2015

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

	TRUST FUNDS				
ADDITIONS					
Taxes	\$	295,037			
Licenses and permits		2,929,148			
Intergovernmental revenues		79,699			
Charges for services		-			
Fines and forfeitures		1,186,752			
Investment interest		-			
Misc and contributions		876,777			
Transfers from other funds		-			
Total additions	_	5,367,413			
DEDUCTIONS					
Trust operating expenses		4,440,071			
Transfers to other funds		15,193			
Total deductions	_	4,455,264			
Change in net position		912,149			
Net position - October 1, 2014	_	738,658			
Net position - September 30, 2015	\$_	1,650,807			





MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO INDEX TO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

NOTES INDEX

- 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
 - A. General
 - B. Reporting Entity
 - C. Discretely Presented Component Unit
 - D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements
 - E. Fund Accounting
 - F. Basis of Accounting
 - G. Property Taxes
 - H. Budgets
 - I. Cash and Investments
 - J. Receivables/Payables
 - K. Capital Assets
 - L. Compensated Absences
 - M. Long-Term Obligations
 - N. Prepayments and Deferrals
 - O. Capitalization of Interest
 - P. Fund Equity
 - Q. Risk Management
 - R. Estimates
 - S. Pension
- 2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments
- 3. Property Taxes
- 4. Bonds Payable
- 5. General Long-Term Obligations
- 6. Interfund Receivables and Payables/Interfund Transfers
- 7. Pension Plan
- 8. Contingencies
- 9. Capital Assets
- 10. Warrants Payable
- 11. Nonspendable and Spendable Fund Balances and Net Position
- 12. Deferred Compensation Plan
- 13. Closure and Postclosure Care Costs
- 14. Deficits Fund Balances
- 15. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO INDEX TO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

- 16. Contingent Liabilities
- 17. Joint Ventures
- 18. Accounts Receivable
- 19. Concentration of Credit Risk
- 20. Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses
- 21. Long-Term Receivables
- 22. Component Unit: Net Patient Service Revenue
- 23. Joint Venture/Jointly Governed Organization
- 24. Subsequent Events
- 25. Recent Accounting Pronouncements
- 26. Prior Period Adjustments

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. GENERAL

The financial statements listed in the table of contents have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

In June 1999, the GASB issued and approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. These statements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments, public colleges, and universities throughout the United States. They require new information and restructure much of the information that governments have presented in the past. Certain significant changes in the statement include the following:

- A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section provides an analysis of the County's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Financial statements prepared using the full accrual accounting method for all County activities, including infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.).

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial position.

B. REPORTING ENTITY

Madison County (the County) is governed by a three member Board of County Commissioners (the Board) elected by the voters of Madison County. The Board serves as the taxing authority, the contracting body, and the chief administrators of public services for the County. Other elected officials are the Clerk, Treasurer, Assessor, Sheriff, Prosecutor, Coroner, 1 District Judge, and 1 Magistrate Judge.

The elected officials and their departments comprise the primary government unit for Madison County. As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of Madison County (the primary government) and Madison County Memorial Hospital, a component unit. Madison County Memorial Hospital is included as a discretely presented component unit in the reporting entity because of the significance of its financial relationship with the County, as discussed below in the component unit section.

C. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the basic financial statements of Madison Memorial Hospital have been included in the financial reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit, emphasizing their nature as a legally separate entity from the County. It is presented as separate columns within the basic financial statements on the combined financial statements.

The members of the governing board of Madison Memorial Hospital (the Hospital) are approved by the County Commissioners. The County is responsible for general obligation bonds if issued by the Hospital.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Complete financial statements of the individual component unit can be obtained directly from its administrative office located at:

Madison Memorial Hospital 450 East Main Rexburg, Idaho 83440

D. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Primary government activities are distinguished between governmental and business-type activities. Government activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets: invested in capital assets, net of debt; restricted net assets; or unrestricted net assets. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt. Restricted net position result when constraints placed on net position use are imposed by third parties, through constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Expense allocation decisions are made on a program-by-program basis when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Restricted net position balance will fluctuate as related accounting transactions occur. Unrestricted net position consist of net position that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position may have constraints or designations placed upon them by management, but they can be unilaterally removed.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of governmental functions, business-type activities, and component units are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific governmental function, business-type activity, or component unit. Revenues are broken out by program and general designations. Program revenues display the extent to which programs are self-funded. Program revenues include 1) charges to (customers or applicants) who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, activity, or component unit, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

E. FUND ACCOUNTING

The County uses funds to report on its financial position and results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate 'fund types.'

Separate fund financial statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide statements. The emphasis in the fund statements is on major funds. Major governmental and business-type funds are reported as separate columns in the fund statement. The remaining governmental and business-type funds are considered to be nonmajor funds and are consolidated in a nonmajor funds column (on the combined fund statements). The nonmajor funds are displayed individually in combining schedules.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for services that include general government, public safety and corrections, and liability and health insurance. The General Fund includes all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Road & Bridge Fund is the fund that accounts for the County's maintenance of the roads and bridges in Madison County. Road & Bridge includes only the financial resources used for road and bridge maintenance.

The Ambulance Fund is the fund that accounts for the County's ambulance services. Ambulance only includes the financial resources used for ambulance services in the County.

The Debt Service-Jail Bond Fund is the fund that accounts for the payment of the bond issue. Jail Bond only includes the financial resources used for debt service in the County.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the County's solid waste disposal and landfill.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds account for the County's general activities including current expendable financial resources (except for those accounted for in proprietary funds), and are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects or expendable trusts) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds - The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources used to acquire major capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and for the repayment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The County transfers money from other funds to pay the bonded indebtedness.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary Funds account for ongoing organizations and activities of a government, which are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon the determination of net income. Madison County has one proprietary fund type, an enterprise fund used to account for solid waste disposal activities.

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise Funds account for operations that meet one of two criteria: 1) the activity runs in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Moreover, the intent of the governing body is that the ongoing operating costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or 2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary Funds account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position.

Trust and Agency Funds - Expendable Trust Funds account for funds held in a trustee capacity. The accounting is essentially the same manner used for governmental funds. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature (assets = liabilities) thus do not involve measurement of the results of operations.

F. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The County adopted GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003. The adoption of this statement is meant to present the information in a format more closely resembling that of the private sector and to provide the user with more managerial analysis regarding the financial results and the County's financial outlook.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include intergovernmental revenues (including state and federal grants) and charges for current services. Other revenues including licenses, permits, fines, forfeitures, and miscellaneous are not measurable until received; therefore, recognition occurs upon collection. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to debt service, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Deferred inflows arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the revenue is recorded and the deferred inflows is reduced.

The proprietary fund is accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e. net total position) is segregated into contributed capital, if applicable, and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position.

The proprietary fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue recognition occurs in the accounting period in which they are both earned and become measurable. Expenditure recognition is in the period incurred, if measurable. The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses as the revenues and expenses generally resulting from provision of services in connection with the operation of waste disposal. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The agency funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). 'Measurable' means the amount of the transaction can be determined and 'available' means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

G. PROPERTY TAXES

The County levies property taxes on or before the third Monday in September and billings are sent to the taxpayers in November. The taxes are due in two installments. One-half of the real property taxes and all of the personal property taxes are due by December 20. The remainder is due by the following June 20. Real property taxes not paid constitute a lien on the property when entered on the real property assessment role as delinquent on the first day of January of the succeeding year. In accordance with applicable GAAP standards, we record the property taxes collected within the sixty days following the fiscal year closing, as revenue for the period ending September 30. The related property tax levy occurred in the prior year(s). Deferred inflows include the balance of delinquent taxes, which are those not collected within the sixty-day period.

H. BUDGETS

The fiscal year for Idaho counties begins on October 1, and runs through September 30 of the ensuing calendar year. By state law, the County is required to adopt annual budgets for all funds except trust and agency funds, and does so.

Madison County employs formal budgetary accounting as a management control. The Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) adopts the annual budget via resolution and formally integrates the budget in the accounting system. The annual budget is prepared and adopted on a cash basis. Budgets for governmental funds are prepared in accordance with the cash basis, which is not the same accounting basis used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures. The enterprise fund budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is not the same basis that we use to recognize revenues and expenses.

The level of budgetary control at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations is the department level. Management can revise the budget to meet unanticipated events, but not increase the overall budget after adoption. The one budget revision exclusion is the transfer of funds between personnel and non-personnel costs. The County may only increase the total appropriations budget through the receipt of unanticipated revenue. Budget increases can only occur after advertising the proposed change, holding a public hearing, and a subsequent resolution of the BOCC.

All appropriations, other than appropriations for incomplete capital improvements, lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Appropriation accounts remain open until the first Monday in November for the payment of claims incurred against such appropriations before the close of the fiscal year. Payment of any lawful claim presented after that day comes out of the ensuing budget.

All balances in any appropriation for incomplete capital improvements carry forward and integrate into the budget for the ensuing year.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements.

J. RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds and the General Fund for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as 'due from other funds' or 'due to other funds' on the balance sheet. See Note 6 for interfund activity schedule.

Receivables in the General Fund consist primarily of fees for services and property tax. Business-type activities are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Business type receivables occur as part of the ordinary course of business.

K. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, and equipment assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 for equipment, \$15,000 for vehicles, \$100,000 for buildings and land, \$500,000 for infrastructure, and an initial useful life of one year or greater. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Buildings and improvements and equipment assets are depreciated using the straight-line depreciation method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30
Equipment	3-15
Vehicles	3-4
Infrastructure	15-50

Infrastructure (roads and bridges) is presented for additions since September 30, 2002.

L. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Government Accounting Standards Board codification specifies that a liability should be accrued for leave benefits that meet the following conditions:

- a. The employer's obligation relative to employee rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employee services already rendered.
- b. The obligation related to rights that vest or accumulate.
- c. Payment of the obligation is probable.
- d. The amount can be reasonably estimated.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The County records a liability for accrued vacation and sick time when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The County uses the vesting method to calculate the compensated absence liability.

In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expended when earned. The entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a liability.

At September 30, 2015, total compensated absences payable by the County is \$644,368. Of this amount, \$617,243 arises from governmental activity operations, and \$27,125 is attributable to business activity operations.

M. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS.

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. Long-term liabilities to be repaid or financed by proprietary fund operations are accounted for in the proprietary fund.

N. PREPAYMENTS AND DEFERRALS

The County utilizes the nonallocation method of accounting for prepayments and deferrals. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

O. CAPITALIZATION OF INTEREST

County policy is to capitalize net interest on proprietary fund construction projects until substantial completion of the project. Capitalized interest is amortized over the estimated useful life of the asset on the same basis as the asset.

P. FUND EQUITY

Fund equity represents the difference between fund assets and fund liabilities. For governmental and fiduciary fund types the equity position is called fund balance, while for proprietary fund types that operate on a business basis it is called retained earnings. Contributed capital is also recorded in proprietary funds, which represents cash from other funds. Fund equity is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted resources are used first to fund appropriation.

The County first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Q. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to a considerable number of risks of loss, including: a) damage to and loss of property and contents; b) employee torts; c) professional liability, i.e. errors and omissions; d) environmental damage; e) workers' compensation, i.e. employee injuries; and f) medical insurance costs of employees. Commercial policies, transferring the risks of loss, except for relatively small deductible amounts, are purchased for property and content damage, employee torts, and professional liabilities. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

R. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the County to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. PENSION

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The County in effect maintains a cash and investment pool that is available to funds as allocated. Cash deposits and cash investments by the County Treasurer (including \$5,070 petty cash) as of September 30, 2015 totaled \$9,767,426 of which \$6,572,880 represent demand and savings deposits and CD's and \$3,194,546 represented investments in government backed securities. Of the total deposits for the County, \$7,326,537 was allocated to governmental funds.

The deposits and simple investments by the County are not collateralized nor are they required to be by Idaho State statue.

The County follows the requirements of the Idaho Public Depository Law (Idaho Code Section, Title 57-100), and applicable investments rights and restrictions cited by Idaho Code Section, Title 67, 67-1210.

Deposits

At year end, the carrying amount of the County's deposits in financial institutions was \$6,572,880 and the bank balance was \$5,585,189. The amount not covered by FDIC insurance was \$4,465,270.

Investments

The fair value of the County's investments at year end was \$3,194,546. The amount not covered by SPIC or FDIC insurance was \$2,444,546.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

credit risk. As of September 30, 2015, \$6,909,816 of the government's bank balance of \$8,779,735 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized of \$6,909,816 for a total of \$6,909,816. At year end, the County had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Fair		1-5	> 5			
Туре	 Value	< 1 year	years	 years	 Cost	Rating	%
						S&P	
FHLMC	\$ 36,859	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,859	\$ 37,000	AA+	1.1%
						S&P	
FHLB	-	-	-	-	-	AA+	0.0%
						S&P	
FNMA	429,692	44,981	-	384,711	433,000	AA+	13.5%
						S&P	
FFCB	841,010	99,925	-	741,085	844,405	AA+	26.3%
						S&P	
Corporate Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	AA+	0.0%
						S&P	
Tennessee VY	175,114	-	-	175,114	217,000	AA+	5.5%
Certificates of						Not	
Deposits	 1,711,871	 189,399	 1,422,368	 100,104	 1,713,059	Rated	53.6%
Total							
Investments	\$ 3,194,546	\$ 334,305	\$ 1,422,368	\$ 1,437,873	\$ 3,244,464		100.00%
Component Unit:							

The Hospital is authorized under Idaho Code to invest in cash, certificates of deposit, U.S. Government securities, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements. All investments must be held by or registered in the name of the Hospital.

Cash balances of most of the Hospital funds are invested. The Hospital maintains two primary checking accounts and other miscellaneous accounts with local banks where a minimum balance is maintained. These accounts invest in time certificates of deposit, local government tax anticipation notes, federal loans, U.S. treasury notes and other U.S. governmental securities. Information regarding insurance or collateralization of amounts invested in the pooled accounts is not available. All funds are invested in investments that meet the requirements of state law.

The Hospital's cash accounts are insured through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 per depository.

The Hospital adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* for the year ended September 30, 2015. This statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment and deposit risk; accordingly, the note disclosures on cash and investments are in conformity with provisions of GASB Statement No. 40.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits-At September 30, 2015 the carrying amounts of the Hospital's deposits were \$9,799,147 and the bank balances totaled \$10,322,592.

Custodial Credit Risk, Deposits-Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Hospital's deposits may not be returned. As of September 30, 2015, \$4,876,210 of the total deposits of \$10,322,592 were not covered by federal depository insurance, and thus were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments-As of June 30, 2015 the Hospital had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Fair		1-5	6-10	>10
Type	Value	< 1 year	years	years	years
Corporate Bonds	\$ 2,748,179	\$ 1,164,898	\$ 1,583,281	\$ -	\$ -
Municipal Bonds	485,371	255,653	224,648	5,070	-
US Treasuries	3,733,111	3,733,111	-	-	-
US Agencies	4,940,172	4,158,245	772,288	-	9,639
State Pool	288,047	288,047		<u> </u>	
Total Invest.	\$ 12,194,880	\$ 9,599,954	\$ 2,580,217	\$ 5,070	\$ 9,639

3. PROPERTY TAXES

In accordance with Idaho State Law, ad valorem property tax is levied in dollars in September for each calendar year. Taxes are recorded by the County using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Levies are made on the second Monday of September. All of the personal property tax and one-half of the real property tax are due on or before December 20. The remaining one-half of the real property tax is due on or before June 20 of the following year. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year. Notice of foreclosure is filed with the County clerk on property three years from the date of delinquency. The property tax revenue is budgeted for the ensuing fiscal year.

4. BONDS PAYABLE

In June of 2003, the County issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$3,355,000 to refinance the General Obligation Bonds dated September 12, 1995 for the jail construction and renovation. Principal and interest on the bonds are payable February 1 and August 1 (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year is computed at various rates from 2.0% to 3.3%).

In a prior year, the County defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased debt is not included in these financial statements. Outstanding at September 30, 2015 is the General Obligation Bonds, 1995 series in the amount of \$220,000, which is considered defeased.

4. BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

Principal is due August 1, of each year in the following amounts over the remaining life of the bonds.

Year Ended	2003 F	Refunding			Total I	Principal
September 30,	B	onds	Inte	erest	and I	nterest
2016	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2017		-		-		-
2018		-		-		-
2019		-		-		-
2020		-		-		-
2021						
		_				
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

5. GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term Obligation Activity:

General long-term obligations of the County include capital leases and other debt, including leases and contracts payable. During the year ending September 30, 2014, the following changes occurred in general long-term debt:

	Balance 9/30/2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/2015	Amounts due within one year
Governmental activities					
Bonds payable	\$ 135,000	\$ -	\$ 135,000	\$ -	\$ -
Compensated absences	591,942	25,301	-	617,243	475,277
Capital leases	1,277,089	203,755	105,734	1,375,110	670,459
Leases	-	-	-	-	-
Contracts payable					
Total governmental act.	\$ 2,004,031	\$ 229,056	\$ 240,734	\$ 1,992,353	\$ 1,145,736
Business activities Compensated absences Capital leases	\$ 42,318	\$ -	\$ 5,286	\$ 37,032	\$ 20,886
Total business act.	\$ 42,318	\$ -	\$ 5,286	\$ 37,032	\$ 20,886

5. GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Capital Leases:

Capital equipment leases are arranged through lease financing agreements with Wells Fargo, Zions Bank, Summit National Bank, US Bank, Citizens Community Bank, Citicapital Commercial Corporation, and Caterpillar Financial Services. The arrangements provide for an initial down payment with annual payments varying from three to five years and interest ranging from 3.60% to 6.95%. There was one capital lease addition for equipment during the year ended September 30, 2015. All new additions to property, plant, and equipment are financed through current revenues.

The schedule below is an analysis of assets under capital leases as of September 30, 2015:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Capital Assets Under Capital Leases
Building and Improvements Machinery, equipment, and other	\$ - 1,962,378	\$ -	\$ 1,962,378
Total assets under capital leases	\$ 1,962,378	\$	\$ 1,962,378

Obligations of governmental activities under capital leases and contracts as of September 30, 2014, are as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 670,459	\$ 36,716	\$ 707,175
2017	203,315	13,384	216,699
2018	180,532	12,319	192,851
2019	160,783	11,429	172,212
2020	160,021	4,979	165,000
Total	\$ 1,375,110	\$ 78,827	\$ 1,453,937

5. GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Debt service for governmental fund types is budgeted and expended from the fund to which the debt belongs. The majority of long-term debt belongs to the general fund, and is paid from that fund when due.

Component Unit:

The financial information in this report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015, includes discretely presented financial information from the component unit, Madison Memorial Hospital. The long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2015, for the Hospital is \$48,015,000. The capital lease obligations, net of current maturities, is \$46,800,000 at September 30, 2015.

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES/ INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The County had the following interfund balances at September 30, 2014:

General interfund receivable	\$ 417,815
Proprietary Fund interfund	
payable	\$ 417,815

Transfers were made to transfer money to the various funds.

The following transfers were made:

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Road & Bridge	\$ -	\$ 892,558
Fiduciary Funds-Agency Funds	892,558	-
Private Purpose Trust Funds	=	15,193
Nonmajor Special Revenue	1,950	-
Justice Fund	13,243	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 907,751	\$ 907,751

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statue or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

7. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The County contributes to the Base Plan, which is cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	2015
Members:	
Active	67,008
Terminated and vested	11,859
Retirees and beneficiaries	42,657
Total members	121,524

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement of 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

7. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2015 it was 6.79% for general employees and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% for general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters. The County's contributions were \$880,280 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2015, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At July 1, 2015, the County's proportion was .002674614.

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the County recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$741,087. At September 30, 2015, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	. <u>-</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	422,216
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		128,267		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		1,296,207		-
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences				
between the employer's contributions and the employer's				
proportionate contributions		-		(15,677)
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	220,070	_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	1,644,544	\$	406,539

\$220,070 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2016.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2014 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2015 is 5.6 years.

7. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses (revenue) as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2016	\$ (361,286)
2017	(361,286)
2018	(361,286)
2019	262,230
2020	(25,659)
Total	\$ (847,287)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, <u>Idaho Code</u>, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increases	4.25 - 10.00%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return (net of investment expenses)	7.1%
Cost-of-living adjustments	1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed in 2012 for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2015 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

7. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on the approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are show below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2014.

			Long-Term
		Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	30.00%	0.80%
Broad US Equities	Russell 3000	55.00%	6.9%
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI ACWI ex USA	15.00%	7.55%
Assumed Inflation – Mean			3.25%
Assumed Inflation – Standard Deviation			2.00%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return			8.42%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			13.34%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			7.50%
Assumed Investment Expenses			0.40%
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return	. Net of Investment Expenses		7.10%
======================================	,	:	,,,,,,

^{*} Arithmetic return

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher

7. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

(8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Discount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability (asset)	\$8,578,384	\$3,522,032	(\$681,659)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At September 30, 2015, the County reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

8. CONTINGENCIES

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the County. These claims and lawsuits are presently handled by the County's insurance company and the probability of potential loss in excess of insurance coverage is remote.

Component Unit:

The Hospital is currently a defendant in several civil lawsuits and tort claims, the outcomes of which are not known. The Hospital denies liability and is defending against the allegations. The Hospital is unable to determine the amounts at risk in these claims.

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance 10/1/2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/2015
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 9,234,487	\$ 114,734	\$ -	\$ 9,349,221
Machinery and equipment	10,516,514	340,194	(32,946)	10,823,762
Infrastructure	651,616			651,616
Total capital assets, being depreciated	20,402,617	454,928	(32,946)	20,824,599
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	(5,796,856)	(264,319)	-	(6,061,175)
Machinery and equipment	(6,538,900)	(759,021)	32,946	(7,264,975)
Infrastructure	(42,156)	(14,270)		(56,426)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,377,912)	(1,037,610)	32,946	(13,382,576)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	8,024,705	(582,682)	-	7,442,023
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	483,235	-	-	483,235
Construction in progress				
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	483,235			483,235
Government activity capital assets, net	\$ 8,507,940	\$ (582,682)	\$ -	\$ 7,925,258

9. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance			Balance
	10/1/2014	Additions	Deletions	9/30/2015
Business-type Activities (Solid Waste)				
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,028,919	\$ 39,670	\$ (46,890)	\$1,021,699
Machinery and equipment	1,191,883		(168,000)	\$1,023,883
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,220,802	39,670	(214,890)	\$2,045,582
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	(516,653)	(35,944)	46,890	(505,707)
Machinery and equipment	(811,072)	(81,690)	154,816	(737,946)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,327,725)	(117,634)	201,706	(1,243,653)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	893,077	(77,964)	(13,184)	801,929
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	107,973			107,973
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 1,001,050	\$ (77,964)	\$ (13,184)	\$ 909,902

Depreciation expense was charged to current function of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 65,198
Health and Welfare	-
Public Safety	534,034
Public Works	379,621
Recreation	58,757
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,037,610
Business-type Activities	
Solid Waste	\$ 117,641
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 117,641

The County commissioned Valuations Northwest, an independent appraisal service, to compile a detailed record of the fixed assets for the County. The appraisal report established a detailed record as of June 24, 2002. The amount carried in the capital assets includes assets listed in the appraisal report including equipment, buildings, and transportation equipment, plus assets acquired after the date of the report. The infrastructure (i.e. roads and bridges) has been added if acquired after September 30, 2002. The County has not included infrastructure acquired prior to that date.

10. WARRANTS PAYABLE

The County pays its claims by issuing a warrant ordering the County treasurer to pay for the warrant upon presentation. Warrants issued but not yet presented for payment are reported as warrants payable.

11. NONSPENDABLE AND SPENDABLE FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

Fund Balance and net position are divided into multiple designations.

Fund balance is separated into nonspendable and spendable fund balance. Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (1) not in spendable form; or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Spendable amounts are classified into restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The following is a list of nonspendable and spendable fund balance designations for Madison County.

Assigned for Debt Service. The fund balance is assigned by approval of the County Commissioners to the servicing of debt and will be spent for future debt services expenditures.

Assigned for Other Purposes. The fund balance is assigned by approval of the County Commissioners to various other purposes and will be spent for the various other purposes expenditures.

Unassigned. This fund balance is not assigned to any specific purpose. Madison County will use the unassigned fund balance for expenditures in the subsequent fiscal year.

Unrestricted net position- No restriction. This is used for the proprietary fund.

Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt - This is used by the proprietary fund.

12. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The County funds all amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, at the direction of the covered employee, through investments in fixed annuity contracts administered by PEBSCO Deferred Compensation Plan Administrator.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the County (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject only to the claims of the County's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the County in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

The County has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The County believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

13. CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federallaws and regulations require that Madison County, Idaho place a final cover on its Non-Municipal Solid Waste Site (NMSWS) when closed. The NMSWS is classified as a C and D site which only accepts certain types of refuse like trees, shrubs, wood, and concrete but no household refuse. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the NMSWS, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the NMSWS no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these NMSWS closure and post closure care costs is based on the amount of NMSWS used during the year. The estimated liability for NMSWS closure and post closure care costs has a balance of \$77,938 as of September 30, 2015, which is based on 20% usage (filled) of the NMSWS. It is estimated that an additional \$310,106 will be recognized as closure and post closure care expenses between the date of the balance sheet and the date the NMSWS is expected to be filled to capacity (2034). The estimated total current cost of the NMSWS closure and post closure care (\$388,044) is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the NMSWS were acquired as of September 30, 2015. However, the actual cost of closure and post closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

14. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The County had a deficit fund balance in the Ambulance Fund of \$213,509.

15. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The County had deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (see Note 7 for amounts).

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. See Note 7 for any deferred inflows of resources for the statement of Net Position. The County has one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2015 consisted of \$247,876 in governmental funds.

16. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. The audits of these programs have been completed in previous years in compliance with single audit requirements. The County appears to be meeting the grant requirements. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in several lawsuits. Although the outcome of the lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the County.

17. JOINT VENTURES

The County has entered into a joint venture, with Fremont, Teton, Clark, and Jefferson Counties, to construct and maintain a Five County Juvenile Detention Center. The construction of the Juvenile Detention Center was completed in 2003. The joint venture's new facility cost \$3,933,020 and has a debt for which the counties are jointly liable. The previous building is located in Madison County and has been converted to a women's facility. Madison County is reimbursing the other counties for their interest in the building by allowing them to pay a reduced fee for housing inmates in this facility beginning in the 2004 fiscal year.

Fremont County is currently the trustee for all funds although Madison County was previously. The Detention Center is included in Fremont County's audit.

The operation of the Five County Juvenile Detention Center is funded by the five counties based on a predetermined percent.

Madison County's share of operation expenses in 2015 was \$449,137. The expense was paid out of the District Court special revenue fund. Total expenses for the Detention Center were \$2,483,942 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

In addition to the Five County Juvenile Detention Center, the County has entered into a joint venture with the City of Rexburg and the Fire District to construct and maintain an ambulance building. Construction was completed March 1999. The operation of the Ambulance building will be funded by the Fire District, City of Rexburg, and Madison County. The operational funds will be accounted for by the City of Rexburg. A quarterly reconciliation was completed for all expenses associated with the ambulance and fire station, and each entity will be responsible for their share of the total expenses. From October 2014 to September 2015 Madison County's share consisted of all expenses attributed to the ambulance which totaled \$1,358,534.

17. JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

The Archer Fire Station was completed in 2002 by Madison County using County and grant funds. It is owned by the County and managed by the Madison Fire District, a separate entity.

18. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The County has no allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Component Unit:

Receivables at September 30, 2015, include the following:

Patients and third party payers \$ 17,999,118

Less allowance for doubtful accounts (7,431,172)

Total \$ 10,567,946

19. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Component Unit:

The Hospital is engaged in providing medical services to individuals throughout the Upper Snake River Valley. Fluctuations in the economy in the area can affect the profit of the Hospital. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Hospital to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable, which are carefully monitored to reduce such risk.

20. NONOPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Component Unit:

Nonoperating revenues and expenses for the year ended September 30, 2014, is as follows:

Interest income and finance charges	\$ 603,216
Contributions and grants	679,676
Other income	18,916
Joint Venture Income	151,483
Interest expense	 (2,562,736)

Total nonoperating revenues and expenses \$(1,109,445)

21. LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES

Component Unit:

The long-term receivables are from individuals. They are due within three years of the origination of the note with provisions of penalty for nonrepayment.

Long-term receivables \$ 1,303,898

Less current portion (62,333)

Long-term receivables net of current portion \$1,241,565

22. COMPONENT UNIT: NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE

A summary of gross and net patient service revenue for the year ended September 30, 2014 is as follows:

Gross patient service revenue \$ 106,999,416

Deductions from revenue

Medicare contractual adjustment	15,556,809
Medicaid contractual adjustment	6,891,849
Other deductions	14,710,327
	'-

37,158,985

Net patient service revenue \$ 69,840,431

23. JOINT VENTURE/JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Madison County, along with three other counties, created the Eastern Idaho Regional Solid Waste District, a separate government entity. One commissioner from each county serves on the board. Clark County is where the project will be located and has spent \$178,862 as funding for the District's start-up costs. The District will repay the County through grants they receive and a revenue bond. None of the counties will be responsible for any debt or financial claims against the District.

24. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been considered through the date of June 27, 2016. There are no known subsequent events that will have a material impact on the operation of the County.

25. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In March 2011, the GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Statement No. 65 which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012, amends or supersedes accounting and financial reporting guidance for certain items previously reported as assets or liabilities.

26. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 became effective for the County during 2015 (see Note 7). Implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 impacted the County's deferred outflows and inflows of resources, liabilities and net position for the year ended September 30, 2014. Contribution payments associated with the pension have historically been recorded as an expense in the current year. Under GASB Statements No. 68, pension expense (revenue) is actuarially determined and adjusted by amortization of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Prior to the issuance of GASB Statement No. 68, the County was not required to record their proportionate share of the net pension liability. Additionally, under GASB Statements No. 68 and 71, any contributions made subsequent to the pension liability measurement date are classified as deferred outflows of resources. The effects of the retroactive implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 require a restatement of the financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, as follows:

		eviously orted	As Restated
Statement of Net Position - City Wide			
Governmental Activities:			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$	-	\$357,305
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net pension liability		-	1,867,979
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Investments		-	2,339,614
Experience		-	231,881
Net Position	14,5	564,249	10,482,080
Statement of Net Position - City Wide			
Business-type Activities:			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$	-	\$18,055
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net pension liability		-	94,390
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Investments		-	118,222
Experience		-	11,717
Net Position	Ģ	925,649	719,375
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds			
Solid Waste:			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$	_	\$18,055
Noncurrent Liabilities:			, -,
Net pension liability		_	94,390
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			,
Investments		_	118,222
Experience		-	11,717
Net Position	Ģ	925,649	719,375
		•	*



MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES) - CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2015	BUDGETH	ED AN	MOUNTS		ACTUAL AMOUNTS BUDGETARY	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	LD AN	FINAL	•	BASIS	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	ORIGINIE	. –	THVIL	•	DITISIS	(IVEGITIVE)
Taxes \$	1,817,531	\$	1,817,531	\$	1,867,179	\$ 49,648
Licenses and permits	300,000		300,000		323,801	23,801
Intergovernmental revenues	2,000,000		2,000,000		1,880,386	(119,614)
Charges for services	50,000		50,000		16,419	(33,581)
Fines and forfeitures	300,000		300,000		175,676	(124,324)
Investment interest	100,000		100,000		85,793	(14,207)
Misc. and contributions	427,777	_	427,777	•	432,163	4,386
	4,995,308	· <u> </u>	4,995,308	<u>.</u> 1	4,781,417	(213,891)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	4,032,088		4,032,088		3,829,782	202,306
Public safety	398,740		398,740		389,715	9,025
Public health	21,335		21,335		20,888	447
Street and public improvement	468,730		468,730		467,456	1,274
Parks, recreation, public property	-		-		-	-
Conservation/Economic development	82,640		82,640		83,093	(453)
Debt Service:						
Principal	-		-		-	-
Interest and other charges	-		-		-	-
Capital outlay	33,000	· <u> </u>	33,000	<u>.</u>	12,323	20,677
	5,036,533	_	5,036,533	<u>.</u>	4,803,257	233,276
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(41,225)		(41,225)		(21,840)	\$ 19,385
Estimated beginning cash balance	41,225	· <u> </u>	41,225	•		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and cash balance over expenditures \$		\$_	-	•	(21,840)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out					-	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN REVEN	UE ACCRUALS				64,901	
NET (INCREASE) DECREASE IN EXPEN	DITURE ACCRU	JALS			45,461	
Net change in fund balances					88,522	
Fund Balances, October 1, 2014					2,010,663	
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2015				\$	2,099,185	

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES) - CASH BASIS ROAD AND BRIDGE

For the year ended September 30, 2015	BUDGETE	TD 4	MOUNTS		ACTUAL AMOUNTS BUDGETARY	F	ARIANCE WITH INAL BUDGET- POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	JD A	FINAL	•	BASIS	L	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES		-		•		•	<u>(- := -; -)</u>
Taxes \$	2,491,368	\$	2,491,368	\$	2,504,382	\$	13,014
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	839,518		839,518		1,657,887		818,369
Fines and forfeitures Investment interest	- - -		-		- -		- -
Misc. and contributions		_	-	-	513		513
	3,330,886		3,330,886		4,162,782	•	831,896
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government Public safety	-		-		-		-
Public health	-		-		_		-
Street and public improvement	3,351,714		3,351,714		3,307,803		43,911
Parks, recreation, public property	-		-		-		-
Conservation/Economic development Debt Service:	-		-		-		-
Principal	_		_		_		_
Interest and other charges	_		_		-		-
Capital outlay	77,000		77,000		93,488		(16,488)
	3,428,714		3,428,714	•	3,401,291		27,423
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(97,828)		(97,828)		761,491	\$	859,319
Estimated beginning cash balance	97,828		97,828			.	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and cash balance over expenditures \$		\$	-	•	761,491		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from capital leases					203,755		
Transfers in Transfers out					(892,558)		
		. ~					
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN REVEN	UE ACCRUAI	∠S			55,278		
NET (INCREASE) DECREASE IN EXPEN	DITURE ACC	RU	ALS		(176,218)	<u>.</u>	
Net change in fund balances					(48,252)		
Fund Balances, October 1, 2014					1,765,343		
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2015				\$	1,717,091	ı	

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES) - CASH BASIS AMBULANCE

For the year ended September 30, 2015		BUDGETI	וויס	D A 11/4	IOUNTS		ACTUAL AMOUNTS BUDGETARY		ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE
	-	ORIGINAL	L.	J AIVI	FINAL	•	BASIS		(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	-	01110111111	-		111,111		211010	•	(1,201111,2)
Taxes	\$	288,390		\$	288,390	\$	301,203	\$	12,813
Licenses and permits		-			-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		28,000			28,000		28,700		700
Charges for services		564,693			564,693		563,823		(870)
Fines and forfeitures		-			-		-		-
Investment interest		-			-				-
Misc. and contributions	-		-		-	-	5,217	•	5,217
	_	881,083	_		881,083	-	898,943		17,860
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-			-		-		-
Public safety		-			-		-		-
Public health		1,305,317			1,305,317		1,305,317		-
Street and public improvement		-			-		-		-
Parks, recreation, public property		-			-		-		-
Conservation/Economic development Debt Service:		-			-		-		-
Principal		_			_		_		_
Interest and other charges		_			_		_		_
Capital outlay	-	177,634	_		177,634	-	53,217		124,417
	-	1,482,951	_		1,482,951	-	1,358,534		124,417
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(601,868)			(601,868)		(459,591)	\$	142,277
Estimated beginning cash balance	_	601,868	_		601,868	-		•	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and cash balance over expenditures	\$ _		=	\$	_	=	(459,591)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out							- -		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN REVE	ENU	JE ACCRUALS	S				54,763		
NET (INCREASE) DECREASE IN EXPI	ENI	DITURE ACCE	ξĮ	UALS	}				
Net change in fund balances							(404,828)		
Fund Balances, October 1, 2014							191,319	į,	
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2015						\$	(213,509)		

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)-CASH BASIS DEBT SERVICE-JAIL BOND

For the year ended September 30, 2015					AMOUNTS	F	ARIANCE WITH
	BUDGETE ORIGINAL	MOUNTS FINAL	BUDGETARY BASIS		POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES	ORIGINAL	_	FINAL		DASIS	•	(NEGATIVE)
Taxes \$	170,149	\$	170,149	\$	173,856	\$	3,707
Licenses and permits	-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues	24,040		24,040		17,875		(6,165)
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	-		-		-		-
Investment interest	-		-		-		-
Misc. and contributions			_		_		<u>-</u>
		-				•	(2.170)
	194,189	_	194,189		191,731		(2,458)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-		-		-		-
Public safety Public health	-		-		-		-
Street and public improvement	_		_		-		_
Parks, recreation, public property	_		_		-		_
Conservation/Economic development	-		-		-		-
Debt Service:							
Principal	1,000,189		1,000,189		893,707		106,482
Interest and other charges	-		-		2,228		(2,228)
Capital outlay		. –	-				
	1,000,189	_	1,000,189		895,935		104,254
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(806,000)		(806,000)		(704,204)	\$	101,796
Estimated beginning cash balance	806,000	. <u>-</u>	806,000			Ī	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and cash balance over expenditures \$		\$ _	-		(704,204)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from capital leases Transfers in Transfers out					- - -		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN REVEN	UE ACCRUALS	S			(407)		
NET (INCREASE) DECREASE IN EXPEN		<u>.</u>					
Net change in fund balances					(704,611)		
Fund Balances, October 1, 2014					706,152	1	
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2015				\$	1,541		

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES) JUSTICE FUND

For the year ended September 50, 2015							
	BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL FINAL			-	BUDGETARY BASIS		OSITIVE EGATIVE)
REVENUES	ORIGINAL	FIIN	AL	-	DASIS	(111)	EGATIVE)
Taxes \$	2,922,359	\$ 2,92	22,359	\$	2,936,183	\$	13,824
Licenses and permits	-	,	_		, , , , <u>-</u>		, -
Intergovernmental revenues	-		-		-		-
Charges for services	1,163,190	1,16	53,190		1,311,755		148,565
Fines and forfeitures	-		-		-		-
Investment interest	-		-		-		-
Misc. and contributions			-	-	11,284		11,284
	4,085,549	4,08	35,549	_	4,259,222		173,673
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-	•	-		-		-
Public safety	3,960,069	3,96	50,069		3,779,410		180,659
Public health	-		-		-		-
Street and public improvement Parks, recreation, public property	-		-		-		-
Conservation/Economic development	-		-		-		-
Debt Service:	-		-		-		-
Principal	_		_		_		_
Interest and other charges	-		_		_		_
Capital outlay	138,000	13	38,000	-	133,719		4,281
	4,098,069	4,09	98,069	-	3,913,129		184,940
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(12,520)	(1	12,520)		346,093		358,613
Estimated beginning cash balance	12,520	1	12,520	-		·	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			_	:	346,093		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out					13,243		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN REVE	NUE ACCRUAL	S			-		
NET (INCREASE) DECREASE IN EXPE			i				
Net change in fund balances					359,336		
Fund Balances, October 1, 2014					190,709	·	
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2015				\$	550,045	\$	

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON SCHEDULES For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

- 1. The legally adopted budget for Madison County State of Idaho is based on the cash basis of accounting.
- 2. The difference between the cash basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis of accounting is reconciled at the bottom of each individual Budget to Actual (With Variances) statement.

MADISON COUNTY – STATE OF IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERSI – BASE PLAN LAST 10 – FISCAL YEARS*

	2015
Employer's portion of net the pension liability	.2674614 %
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,522,032
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$7,465,140
Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its	47.18 %
covered-employee payroll	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.38 %

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those use for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2015

MADISON COUNTY – STATE OF IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI – BASE PLAN LAST 10 – FISCAL YEARS*

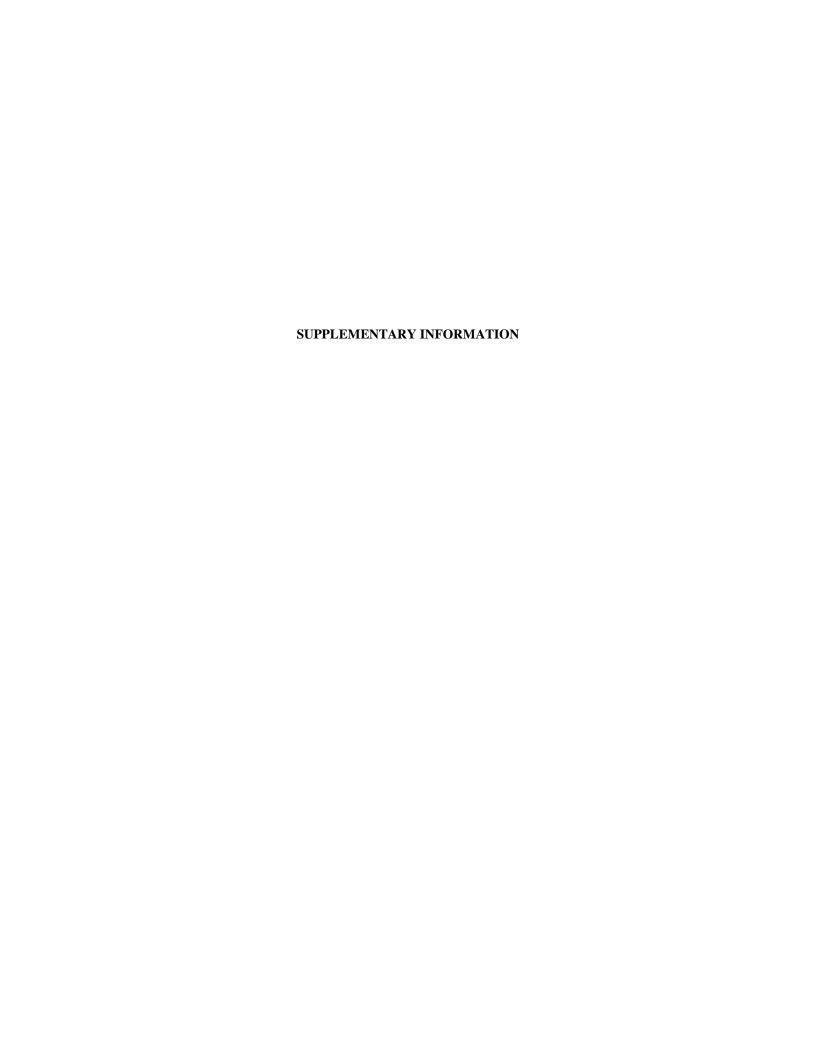
	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 874,871
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 859,195
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$ (15,677)
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,465,140
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.51 %

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those use for which information is available.

Data is reported is measured as of June 30, 2015.

MADISON COUNTY – STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO PERSI PLAN SCHEDULES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

- 1. There were no changes in benefit terms during the Plan year ended June 30, 2015.
- 2. There were no changes in composition of the population during the Plan year ended June 30, 2015.
- 3. There were no changes in assumptions during the Plan year ended June 30, 2015.



MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2015

		DISTRICT COURT	&	FAIR GROUNDS BUILDINGS	HEALTH DISTRICT		INDIGENT AND CHARITY
ASSETS						-	
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	88,949	\$	45,275 \$	21,479	\$	499,900
Taxes receivable Accounts receivable		14,969		3,680	3,993		9,708
Receivables from other agencies		44,084		606	770		1,715
	\$	148,002	\$ =	49,561 \$	26,242	\$	511,323
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Warrants payable	\$	11,799	\$	6,348 \$	-	\$	715
Accounts payable		5,525		960	-		1,262
Due to other funds		-		-	-		-
Accrued expenses		3,841		723			704
		21,165		8,031		_	2,681
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Revenues unavailable for use		13,944		3,757	3,718		8,892
FUND BALANCES							
Reserved fund balances designate for specific purposes	d						
Unreserved fund balances		112,893		37,773	22,524		499,750
Omeserved fund varances		112,093		31,113		-	477,130
		112,893		37,773	22,524		499,750
	\$	148,002	\$	49,561 \$	26,242	\$	511,323

PARKS AND RECREATION	RE- VALUATION	TORT	WEEDS	FEDERAL & STATE GRANTS	MENTAL HEALTH ENHANCE
\$ 175,493 S 2,444	\$ 196,951 \$ 14,735	107,353 \$ 4,374	127,274 \$ 4,684	1,107,218 \$	8,050
464	864	1,110	642	38,033	
\$ 178,401	\$ 212,550 \$	112,837 \$	132,600 \$	1,145,251 \$	8,050
\$ 700 S	\$ 53,463 \$ 2,045	- \$ -	2,044 \$ 1,328	4,934 \$ 4,617	-
445	1,995	<u> </u>	1,501	3,770	<u>-</u>
1,148	57,503	<u> </u>	4,873	13,321	
2,276	13,737	4,077	4,372		
174,977	141,310	108,760	123,355	1,131,930	8,050
174,977	141,310	108,760	123,355	1,131,930	8,050
\$ 178,401	\$ 212,550 \$	112,837 \$	132,600 \$	1,145,251 \$	8,050

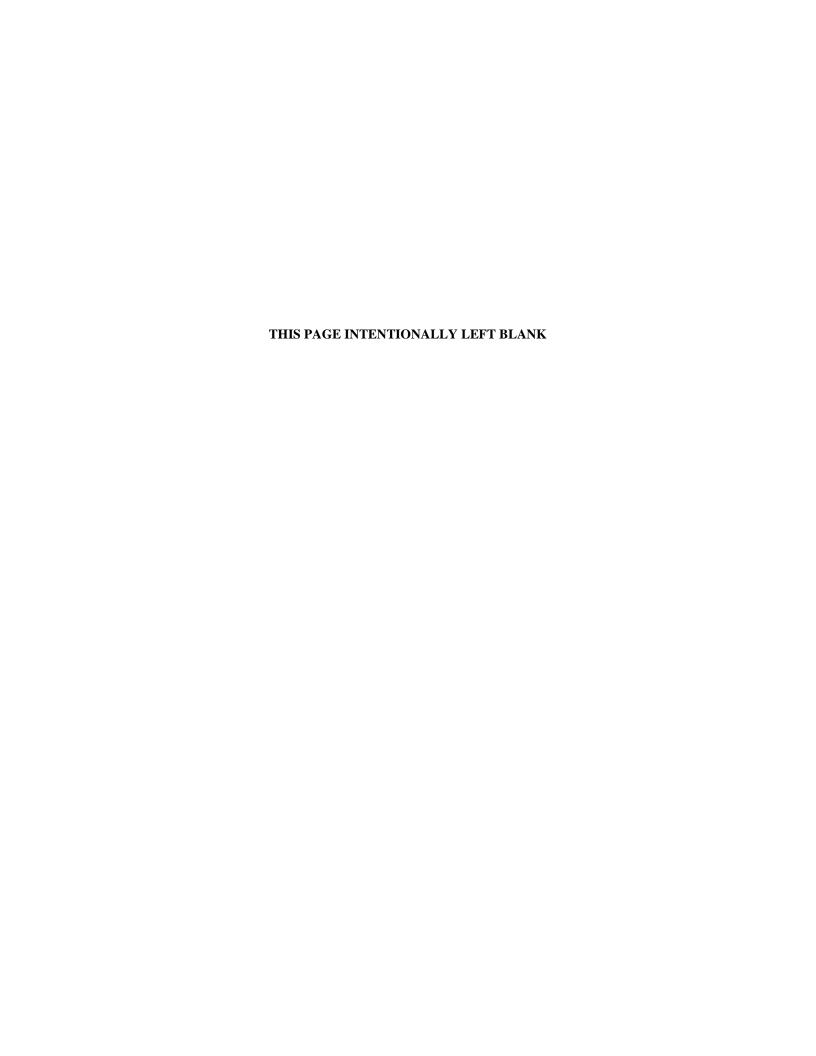
MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2015

	,	MOSQUITO ABATEMENT	EMF	911 RGENCY	LAW CLERKS	7TH JUDICAL DRUG COURT
ASSETS	1			<u> </u>	CLLING	COCKI
Cash - County Treasurer Taxes receivable	\$	525,112 S 10,565	\$	170,147 \$	58,157	\$ 385,512
Accounts receivable Receivables from other agencies		8,773		10,254	- -	12,825
	\$	544,450	\$	180,401 \$	58,157	\$ 398,337
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Warrants payable Accounts payable	\$	78,330 S 691	\$	20,722 \$ 348	4,331 3 3,286	\$ 11,923 8,630
Due to other funds Accrued expenses		1,062		1,243	3,291	11,242
		80,083		22,313	10,908	31,795
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Revenues unavailable for use		9,776				
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved fund balances designated for specific purposes	d	_		_	_	_
Unreserved fund balances		454,591		158,088	47,249	366,542
		454,591		158,088	47,249	366,542
	\$	544,450	\$	180,401 \$	58,157	\$ 398,337

			INTERLOCK	X/ SHERIFF'S		SHERIFF
S	NOWMOBILE	CLERK	MONITORIN	G REVOLVING	G WATERWAY	S GRANTS
\$	103,592 \$	22,685	\$ 5,593	\$ 88,230	\$ 14,005	\$ 90,818
	- 	80,911	- -	26	- 	
\$	103,592 \$	103,596	\$ 5,593	\$ 88,256	\$ 14,005	\$ 90,818
\$	- \$	30,147	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 244	\$ 707
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
•				_	_	-
		30,147			244	707
	<u> </u>	-	·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	-	_	_	-	-	_
	103,592	73,449	5,593	88,256	13,761	90,111
-	103,592	73,449	5,593	88,256	13,761	90,111
\$	103,592 \$	103,596	\$ 5,593	\$ 88,256	\$ 14,005	\$ 90,818

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2015

		SHERIFF'S CONCEALEI WEAPONS	D	TOTAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE
ASSETS	_			
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	6,270	\$	
Taxes receivable		-		69,152
Accounts receivable		_		201.077
Receivables from other agencies			-	201,077
	\$	6,270	\$	4,118,292
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Warrants payable	\$	-	\$	226,407
Accounts payable		-		28,695
Due to other funds		-		-
Accrued expenses				29,817
			_	284,919
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Revenues unavailable for use		_	-	64,549
FUND BALANCES				
Reserved fund balances designated				
for specific purposes		-		-
Unreserved fund balances		6,270		3,768,824
		6,270	_	3,768,824
	\$	6,270	\$	4,118,292



MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	DISTRICT COURT	FAIR GROUNDS & BUILDINGS	HEALTH DISTRICT	INDIGENT AND CHARITY
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	605,003	\$ 145,770 \$	162,243 \$	486,925
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	223,199	2,422	3,081	6,662
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures Investment interest	64,905	-	-	-
Misc. and contributions	20,364	68,228	<u>-</u>	45,712
	913,471	216,420	165,324	539,299
EXPENDITURES				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	858,065	-	_	-
Public health	-	104.249	164,911	270,502
Street and public improvement Parks, recreation, public property	-	194,248	-	-
Conservation/Economic development	_	_		_
Intergovernment expenditures	_	-	-	-
Sanitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	2,531	12,500	-	-
Trust remittance		-		
	860,596	206,748	164,911	270,502
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	52,875	9,672	413	268,797
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)			
Statutory transfers in	-	-	-	-
Statutory transfers out		-	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other uses	52,875	9,672	413	268,797
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2014	60,018	28,101	22,111	230,953
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2015 \$	112,893	\$ 37,773 \$	22,524 \$	499,750

PARKS AND	RE-	TOPT	WEED C	FEDERAL & STATE	MENTAL HEALTH
RECREATION	<u>VALUATION</u>	TORT	WEEDS	GRANTS	ENHANCE
\$ 84,672 \$	585,635 \$	173,705 \$	178,349 \$	- 9	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
14	3,456	4,440	2,230	1,542,866	-
11,205	-	-	_	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
238	-	-	30,893	24,031	-
96,129	589,091	178,145	211,472	1,566,897	
			, , ,	, ,	
_	558,623	_	_	_	_
-	-	177,719	-	817,339	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	207,616	-	-
61,771	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	_	-	-
-	- -	- -		-	-
21,119	-	-	_	175,012	-
			-	-	
82,890	558,623	177,719	207,616	992,351	<u> </u>
13,239	30,468	426	3,856	574,546	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
			-	-	
13,239	30,468	426	3,856	574,546	-
161,738	110,842	108,334	119,499	557,384	8,050
\$ 174,977 \$	141,310 \$	108,760 \$	123,355 \$	1,131,930	\$ 8,050

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	MOSQUITO ABATEMENT	911 EMERGENCY	LAW CLERKS	7TH JUDICAL DRUG COURT
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 412,876	\$ - \$	- \$	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	29,161	_	_	941,654
Charges for services	-	454,848	449,722	589,683
Fines and forfeitures Investment interest	-	-	-	-
Misc. and contributions	1,000	-	-	-
whise, and contributions	1,000			
	443,037	454,848	449,722	1,531,337
EXPENDITURES				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	271,049	417,915	1,531,028
Public health	434,461	-	-	-
Street and public improvement	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, public property	-	-	-	-
Conservation/Economic developmen	it -	-	-	-
Intergovernment expenditures Sanitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	121,558	160,860	-	-
Trust remittance	121,336	100,000		
Trust remittance				
	556,019	431,909	417,915	1,531,028
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(112,982)	22,939	31,807	309
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USE	(S)			
Statutory transfers in	-	-	-	-
Statutory transfers out			-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses	(112,982)	22,939	31,807	309
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2014	567,573	135,149	15,442	366,233
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2015	\$ 454,591	\$158,088 \$	47,249 \$	366,542

5	SNOWMOBILE _	CLERK	INTERLOCK/ S MONITORING R	SHERIFF'S EVOLVING WA	<u>ATERWAYS</u>	SHERIFF GRANTS
\$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-
	29,091	232,699	- -	131,254	7,622	53,626
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	150	-	- 779	-	- -	- -
	29,241	232,699	779	131,254	7,622	53,626
	-	261,867	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	141,362	-	95,913
	-	-	_	-	-	-
	22,931	-	-	-	9,321	-
	-	-	- -	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	22,931	261,867		141,362	9,321	95,913
	6,310	(29,168)	779	(10,108)	(1,699)	(42,287)
	1,950	-	-	-	-	-
		-			-	
	8,260	(29,168)	779	(10,108)	(1,699)	(42,287)
	95,332	102,617	4,814	98,364	15,460	132,398
\$	103,592 \$	73,449	\$ 5,593 \$	88,256 \$	13,761 \$	90,111

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	SHERIFF'S CONCEALED WEAPONS	TOTAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE
REVENUES		
Taxes \$	- \$	2,835,178
Licenses and permits	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	3,213,477
Charges for services	_	1,505,458
Fines and forfeitures	33,931	98,836
Investment interest	-	101.205
Misc. and contributions		191,395
	33,931	7,844,344
EXPENDITURES		
General government	-	820,490
Public safety	47,877	4,358,267
Public health	-	869,874
Street and public improvement	-	401,864
Parks, recreation, public property	-	94,023
Conservation/Economic development	: -	-
Intergovernment expenditures	-	-
Sanitation	-	-
Capital outlay	-	493,580
Trust remittance		
	47,877	7,038,098
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(13,946)	806,246
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES	S)	
Statutory transfers in	-	1,950
Statutory transfers out		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over expenditures and other uses	(13,946)	808,196
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2014	20,216	2,960,628
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2015	6,270 \$	3,768,824

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2015

		COURT		DISTRICT	I	MAGISTRAT	Έ				
		FACILITY		COURT		COURT	P	PROSECUTOR			
		TRUST		TRUST		TRUST	_	TRUST			
ASSETS											
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	107,686	\$	43,930	\$	276,000	\$	8,334			
	\$	107.696	Φ	42.020	Ф	277,000	Φ	9 224			
	3	107,686	Э	43,930	Э	276,000	=	8,334			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES											
Warrants payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,601	\$	-			
Accrued expenses		-		-	_	-	_				
		-		-		63,601	_				
FUND BALANCES											
Unreserved fund balances		107,686		43,930	_	212,399	_	8,334			
	\$	107,686	\$	43,930	\$	276,000	\$	8,334			

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2015

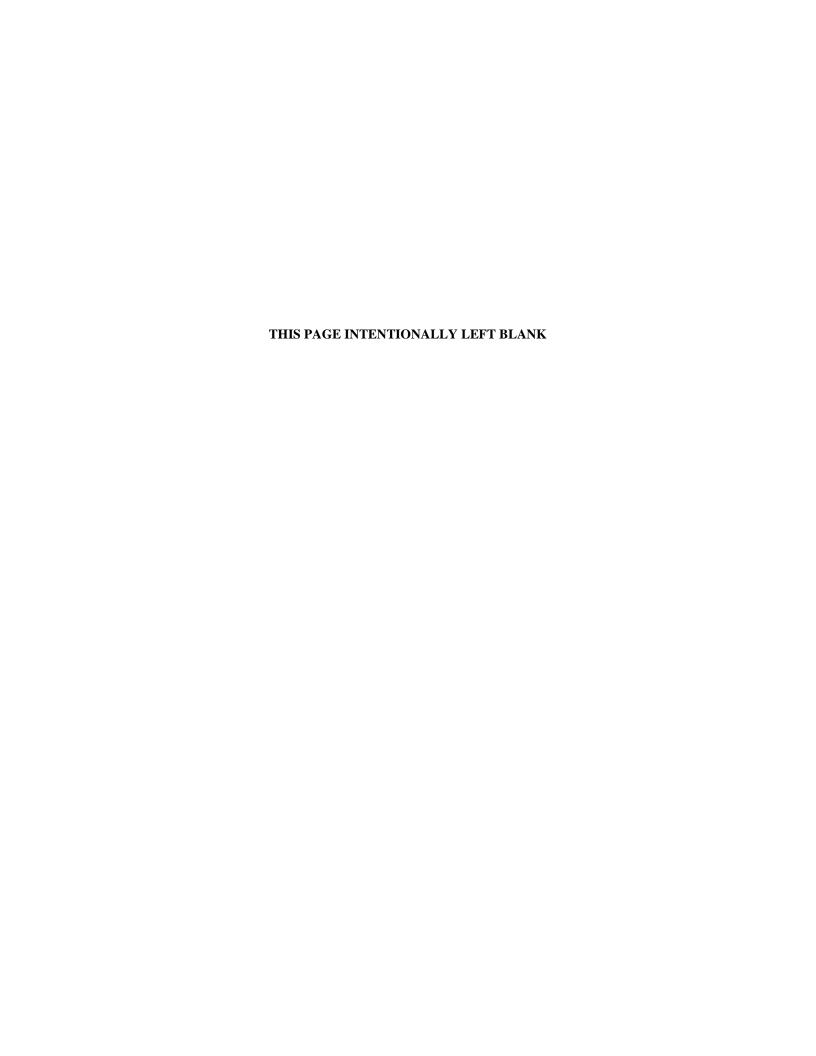
ASSETS]	JUVENILE PROBATION TRUST	PLANNING AND ZONING TRUST	1	UNCLAIMED PROPERTY TRUST	CLOUD SEEDING TRUST	
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	10,659 \$	163	\$	2,230 \$	860,236	
	\$	10,659 \$	163	\$	2,230 \$	860,236	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN LIABILITIES Warrants payable Accrued expenses	S \$	- \$ 	- -	\$	- \$ 		
		-	-				
FUND BALANCES Unreserved fund balances	·	10,659	163		2,230	860,236	
	\$	10,659 \$	163	\$	2,230 \$	860,236	

FAIR BOARD TRUST	TAYLOR GRAZING TRUST	A	AMBULANCE TRUST	VETERANS TRUST]	EMERGENCY FOOD AND SHELTER TRUST	DISTRICT COURT INV. POOL TRUST
\$ 5,000 \$	1,945	\$	\$	137,822	\$	\$	
\$ 5,000 \$	1,945	\$		137,822	\$	\$	
\$ - \$ 	- - -	\$	- \$ - -	- - - -	\$	- \$ 	- - - -
5,000	1,945		<u>-</u>	137,822			
\$ 5,000 \$	1,945	\$	- \$	137,822	\$	- \$	

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2015

A COLDING	C(TAX OLLECTOR'S TRUST	TAX REFUND TRUST		HOMELAND SECURITY TRUST	SHERIFF'S TRUST				
ASSETS Cash - County Treasurer	\$_	229,923 \$	-	\$	9,070 \$	21,182				
	\$_	229,923 \$	-	\$	9,070 \$	21,182				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES Warrants payable Accrued expenses	\$	- \$ - -	- - -	\$	- \$ 					
FUND BALANCES Unreserved fund balances	_	229,923	-	• ·	9,070	21,182				
	\$	229,923 \$	-	\$	9,070 \$	21,182				

MOTOR VEHICLES AND DL TRUST	•	TOTAL PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS			
\$ 254,838	\$	1,969,018			
\$ 254,838	\$	1,969,018			
\$ 254,610	\$	318,211			
254,610		318,211			
228		1,650,807			
\$ 254,838	\$	1,969,018			



MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

-	COURT FACILITY TRUST	DISTRICT COURT TRUST	MAGISTRATE COURT TRUST	PROSECUTOR TRUST
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	7.210	- 2.101	-	-
Fines and forfeitures Investment interest	7,210	3,181	869,700	-
Misc. and contributions	-	-	-	-
wise, and contributions				
	7,210	3,181	869,700	
EXPENDITURES				
General government	-	164	957,819	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public health	-	-	-	1,890
Street and public improvement	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, public property	-	-	-	-
Conservation/Economic development	-	-	-	-
Intergovernment expenditures	-	-	-	-
Sanitation	_	-	-	-
Capital outlay Trust remittance	-	-	-	-
Trust remittance	<u>-</u>	-		-
		164	957,819	1,890
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	7,210	3,017	(88,119)	(1,890)
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES))			
Statutory transfers in	-	-	-	-
Statutory transfers out	<u>-</u>			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses	7,210	3,017	(88,119)	(1,890)
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2014	100,476	40,913	300,518	10,224
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2015 \$	107,686 \$	43,930	\$ 212,399 \$	8,334

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	JUVENILE PROBATION TRUST	PLANNING AND ZONING TRUST	UNCLAIMED PROPERTY TRUST	CLOUD SEEDING TRUST
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	22,796	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures Investment interest	-	-	-	-
Misc. and contributions	-	333	-	- 876,444
	22,796	333		876,444
EXPENDITURES				
General government	-	170	-	16,208
Public safety	42,968	-	-	-
Public health	-	-	-	-
Street and public improvement	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, public property	-	-	-	-
Conservation/Economic development	-	-	-	-
Intergovernment expenditures	-	-	-	-
Sanitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay Trust remittance	-	-	-	-
Trust remittance				
	42,968	170		16,208
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(20,172)	163	-	860,236
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES	9			
Statutory transfers in	- -	-	-	-
Statutory transfers out				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses	(20,172)	163	-	860,236
-	20.021		2 220	
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2014	30,831		2,230	
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2015 \$	10,659 \$	163	\$ 2,230 \$	860,236

-	FAIR BOARD TRUST	TAYLOR GRAZING TRUST	AMBULANCE TRUST	VETERANS TRUST	EMERGENCY FOOD AND SHELTER TRUST	DISTRICT COURT INV. POOL TRUST
\$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	- :	\$ - \$	-
	-	247	-	10,039	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	- -		- -		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
-	<u>-</u>	247	<u> </u>	10,039		
	-	-	-	5,000	-	-
	-	-	-	_	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	297	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	<u>-</u>	297	<u> </u>	5,000		
	-	(50)	-	5,039	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
•			·			
	-	(50)	-	5,039	-	-
-	5,000	1,995		132,783		
\$	5,000 \$	1,945	\$\$	137,822	\$\$	

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	TAX COLLECTOR'S TRUST	TAX REFUND TRUST	HOMELAND SECURITY TRUST	SHERIFF'S TRUST
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 295,037 \$	-	\$ - \$	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	46,617	-
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	206.661
Investment interest	-	-	-	306,661
Misc. and contributions	_	_	_	_
wise, and contributions				
	295,037		46,617	306,661
EXPENDITURES				
General government	163,639	_	_	_
Public safety	103,037	_	37,547	286,695
Public health	-	_	-	-
Street and public improvement	-	-	-	_
Parks, recreation, public property	-	-	-	-
Conservation/Economic development	nt -	-	-	-
Intergovernment expenditures	-	-	-	-
Sanitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Trust remittance	-			
	163,639		37,547	286,695
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	131,398	-	9,070	19,966
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USI	ES)			
Statutory transfers in	-	_	-	_
Statutory transfers out				(13,243)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses	131,398	-	9,070	6,723
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2014	98,525	-	0	14,459
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2015	\$ 229.923 \$		\$ 9,070 \$	21,182
FUND DALAMCES, Sept. 30, 2015	\$ 229,923 \$		φ <u>9,070</u> \$	21,102

	MOTOR VEHICLES AND DL TRUST	TOTAL PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS
\$	- 2,929,148 - - - -	\$ 295,037 2,929,148 79,699 - 1,186,752 - 876,777
į	2,929,148	5,367,413
	2,927,674	4,070,674 367,210 1,890 - 297 - - -
,	2,927,674	4,440,071
	1,474	927,342
•	(1,950)	(15,193)
	(476)	912,149
į	704	738,658
\$	228	\$ 1,650,807

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - AGENCY FUNDS September 30, 2015

	DEPARTMENT OF							
	R	STATE EMITTANCE	E	TRANS- PORTATION	,	CITIES		SCHOOL DISTRICTS
ASSETS	•	,	_		-		-	
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	26,487 \$	5	148,130	\$	8,307	\$	6,275
Taxes receivable		-		-		70,947		170,979
Receivables from other agencies			_	-	_	115,703	_	_
	\$	26,487	§ =	148,130	\$ _	194,957	\$	177,254
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	CES							
LIABILITIES								
Warrants payable	\$	25,827 \$	5	148,130	\$	8,307	\$	6,275
Due to other agencies		660	_	-	_	186,650	_	170,979
	\$	26,487 \$	5	148,130	\$	194,957	\$	177,254

	LIBRARIES	(CEMETERIES	S	FIRE DISTRICTS	-	FLOOD DISTRICTS		FAIR BOARD]	HISTORICAL SOCIETY
\$	1,048	\$	359	\$	2,217	\$	1	\$	1,581	\$	7
	27,999		3,791		23,205		19		355		201
	16,163	_	3,076		15,911	_	5		-	_	
\$	45,210	\$	7,226	\$	41,333	\$	25	\$	1,936	\$	208
\$	1,048	\$	359	\$	2,217	\$	1	\$	1,581	\$	7
Ψ	44,162	Ψ	6,867	Ψ	39,116	Ψ	24	Ψ	355	Ψ	201
	44,102		0,807		39,110	_			333		201
\$	45,210	\$	7,226	\$	41,333	\$	25	\$	1,936	\$	208

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - AGENCY FUNDS September 30, 2015

		VETERAN'S MEMORIAL	AIRPORT	 VARIOUS OTHER AGENCY FUNDS	 TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS					
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	9	\$ 3	\$ 153,364	\$ 347,788
Taxes receivable		238	70	35,728	333,532
Receivables from other agencies			 	 375	 151,233
	\$	247	\$ 73	\$ 189,467	\$ 832,553
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	CES	S			
LIABILITIES					
Warrants payable	\$	9	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ 193,764
Due to other agencies		238	 70	 189,467	 638,789
	\$	247	\$ 73	\$ 189,467	\$ 832,553



For the Year Ended September 30, 2015					τ	ARIANCE
		BUDGET		ACTUAL	FA	AVORABLE FAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE	•		•		_	
Clerk/Auditor						
Salary - officer	\$	60,550	\$	62,803	\$	(2,253)
Salary - deputies	,	124,500		105,074	_	19,426
Total A	·	185,050		167,877	. <u>-</u>	17,173
Travel		4,183		3,954		229
Supplies		5,600		5,929		(329)
Repairs & maintenance		5,100		1,996		3,104
Dues/membership		700		985		(285)
Microfilm/microfiche		20,000		4,087		15,913
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Utilities		1,084		795		289
Capital outlay	•	-		-	_	<u>-</u>
Total B		36,667	•	17,746		18,921
Department totals		221,717		185,623		36,094
Assessor						
Salary - officer		54,433		56,465		(2,032)
Salary - deputy		97,758		93,439	_	4,319
Total A		152,191		149,904	_	2,287
Travel		-		-		-
Supplies		-		-		-
Repairs & maintenance		1,250		1,190		60
Dues/membership		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		6,750		6,453		297
Utilities		2,340		2,179		161
Capital outlay	•	-		-	_	<u>-</u>
Total B		10,340		9,822	_	518
Department totals	\$	162,531	\$	159,726	\$	2,805

Tor the real Educa September 50, 2016		BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	•			` -	
Treasurer/Tax Collector					
Salary - officer	\$	57,778	\$ 59,935	\$	(2,157)
Salary - deputies		85,800	81,467		4,333
Salary - employee, part-time		1,435	-		1,435
Salary - overtime	•	-	 -	-	-
Total A		145,013	 141,402	_	3,611
Travel		2,000	1,478		522
Supplies		3,875	3,814		61
Professional services-tax billing		4,545	4,125		420
Repairs & maintenance		1,000	896		104
Advertising		500	856		(356)
Dues/membership		100	150		(50)
Miscellaneous		1,300	1,364		(64)
Capital outlay		-	 -	-	<u> </u>
Total B		13,320	 12,683	_	637
Department Totals		158,333	 154,085	-	4,248
Commissioners					
Salary - commissioners		91,650	 95,068	-	(3,418)
Total A		91,650	 95,068	_	(3,418)
Travel		9,000	6,011		2,989
Supplies		1,000	149		851
Vehicles fuel		940	-		940
Dues/membership		1,550	1,390		160
Utilities		3,000	2,520		480
Centennial fund		-	-		-
Capital outlay		-	 -	-	-
Total B	•	15,490	 10,070	-	5,420
Department Totals	\$	107,140	\$ 105,138	\$	2,002

		BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)		BUDGET		ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
Coroner					
Salary - coroner	\$	12,860	\$	13,336	\$ (476)
Salary - deputy		975		992	(17)
	•				
Total A	•	13,835		14,328	(493)
Travel		1,000		814	186
Supplies		500		326	174
Utilities/telephone		1,000		760	240
Repairs & maintenance		-		-	-
Coroner		5,000		4,660	340
Capital outlay		-		-	<u> </u>
Total B		7,500	_	6,560	940
Department Totals		21,335		20,888	447
Building & Grounds					
Salary - supervisor		43,793		41,417	2,376
Salary - asst maint		88,964		92,085	(3,121)
Salary - other personnel		5,383		2,180	3,203
Total A		138,140	1	135,682	2,458
Supplies		6,000		5,689	311
Utilities		223,550		198,286	25,264
Repairs & maintenance Miscellaneous		81,040		103,746	(22,706)
Contracts		20,000		24,053	(4,053)
Capital outlay			i	-	<u> </u>
Total B		330,590	•	331,774	(1,184)
Department Totals	·	468,730		467,456	1,274
Prosecuting Attorney					
Salary - officer		106,476		110,427	(3,951)
Salary - deputies		71,919		74,573	(2,654)
Salary-civil attorney		56,281		58,370	(2,089)
Salary-other		12,000		16,971	(4,971)
Salary - employee, full-time		71,193	•	58,300	12,893
Total A		317,869		318,641	(772)
Travel		14,000		10,208	3,792
Supplies		6,000		9,260	(3,260)
Repairs & maintenance		1,200		1,204	(4)
Dues/membership		4,600		4,594	6
Miscellaneous		2,850		1,204	1,646
Capital outlay		5,000		3,156	1,844
Total B		33,650	.	29,626	4,024
Department Totals	\$	351,519	\$	348,267	\$

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)						
County Agent						
Salary - deputies	\$	36,196	\$	37,135	\$	(939)
Salary - employee, part-time		32,744	-	34,205		(1,461)
Total A		68,940		71,340	_	(2,400)
County Agent expenses		3,000		2,222		778
Supplies		1,800		2,551		(751)
Vehicles		3,300		998		2,302
Repairs & maintenance		500		692		(192)
Travel-Other		1,200		940		260
FF Agent expenses		2,800		2,774		26
Contracts		-		-		-
Cell phones		1,100		1,576		(476)
Capital outlay	-	1,000		-		1,000
Total B	•	14,700		11,753	_	2,947
Department Totals	-	83,640		83,093	_	547
Data Processing						
Salary - supervisor		-		-		-
Salary - employee, part-time	-	-	-	-	_	<u>-</u>
Total A	•	-	-	-	_	-
Travel		-		-		-
Supplies		-		-		-
Capital outlay	-	-		-	_	
Total B	•	-	-	-		<u>-</u>
Department Totals	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	_

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015					TARTANCE
					VARIANCE FAVORABLE
		BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	-			. `	·
Elections					
Salary - employee, full-time	\$	31,840	\$ 24,167	\$	7,673
Salary - employee, part-time	_	8,800	10,017		(1,217)
Total A	_	40,640	34,184	•	6,456
Travel		500	-		500
Repairs & maintenance		9,000	-		9,000
Election-workers		13,000	7,775		5,225
Election-expenses		23,000	11,510		11,490
Capital outlay	-	2,500	-		2,500
Total B	_	48,000	19,285	-	28,715
Department Totals	_	88,640	53,469	-	35,171
County General					
Personnel benefits		250,500	246,675		3,825
Insurance		960,348	957,821		2,527
Medical insurance buydown		150,000	150,000		-
Professional services		30,000	28,000		2,000
Contingency account		104,500	103,561		939
Dues & membership		30,177	19,891		10,286
Postage		15,000	14,938		62
Printing		9,000	2,709		6,291
Miscellaneous		24,000	12,942		11,058
Cloud seeding and legislative tour		3,500	3,500		-
Special funds		65,000	64,500		500
Soil Conservation		6,000	6,000		-
Senior Citizens Center		12,000	12,023		(23)
Project funds		109,244	109,172		72
D.A.R.E. program		7,500	7,500		-
Capital crimes defense fund		13,102	13,102		-
Project funds		6,000	6,908		(908)
Commissioner's reserve		550,000	549,594		406
Juvenile detention		450,110	449,137		973
Capital outlay	-	25,000	8,203		16,797
Total B	-	2,820,981	2,766,176		54,805
Department Totals	\$	2,820,981	\$ 2,766,176	\$	54,805

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015		BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	•			_	
Planning and Zoning					
Salary - building inspector	\$	22,895	\$ 25,781	\$	(2,886)
Salary - employee, full time		22,164	20,758		1,406
Salary - other	•	39,982	 37,374	-	2,608
Total A		85,041	 83,913	-	1,128
Travel		10,000	3,143		6,857
Supplies		1,300	1,246		54
Dues & membership		1,000	528		472
Printing		1,800	3,889		(2,089)
Miscellaneous		1,000	948		52
Education & training		4,500	3,975		525
Contracts - other		22,000	25,824		(3,824)
Utilities		2,400	2,438		(38)
Surveyor		46,000	 28,068	-	17,932
Total B	•	90,000	 70,059	-	19,941
Department Totals		175,041	 153,972	_	21,069
Homeland Security					
Salary - officer		29,519	27,840		1,679
Salary - employee, part-time		-	 -	-	
Total A		29,519	 27,840		1,679
Travel		1,500	820		680
Supplies		3,500	1,691		1,809
Repairs, maintenance & fuel		2,400	2,427		(27)
Dues		500	497		3
Contracts		600	250		350
Capital outlay		2,500	 2,167	-	333
Total B		11,000	 7,852	-	3,148
Department Totals	\$	40,519	\$ 35,692	\$	4,827

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015						VARIANCE	
		BUDGET		ACTUAL		AVORABLE NFAVORABLE)	
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	•		•		`-		
Information Technology							
Salary - employee, full time		48,110		49,886		(1,776)	
Salary - employee supervisor	-	65,840		68,283	_	(2,443)	
Total A	•	113,950		118,169	_	(4,219)	
Travel		7,000		-		7,000	
Supplies		4,000		2,116		1,884	
Project - Law Enforcement		15,800		2,115		13,685	
Software & hardware		-		-		-	
Project		20,000		19,900		100	
Software & hardware - Law Enforcement	-	164,405		117,003	_	47,402	
Total B		211,205		141,134	_	70,071	
Department Totals	\$	325,155	\$	259,303	\$_	65,852	
Service officer							
Salary - employee, full time		10,402		5,487	_	4,915	
Total A	-	10,402		5,487	_	4,915	
Travel		550		1,107		(557)	
Supplies		200		3,282		(3,082)	
Utilities		50		493		(443)	
Miscellaneous	-	50		-	_	50	
Total B	-	850		4,882	_	(4,032)	
Department Totals		11,252		10,369	_	883	
Adjustments		-		_	_		
TOTAL CURRENT EXPENSE	\$	5,036,533	\$	4,803,257	\$	233,276	

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
ROAD AND BRIDGE	-		•		(-	
Salary - supervisor	\$	42,900	\$	40,890	\$	2,010
Salary - foreman		52,500		14,515		37,985
Salary - employee, full time		877,000		909,033		(32,033)
Salary - employee, part-time	-	-		-	_	
Total A	_	972,400		964,438	_	7,962
Personnel benefits		607,014		596,084		10,930
Travel		-		-		-
Supplies		7,500		7,781		(281)
Utilities		45,000		46,563		(1,563)
Vehicles		363,000		344,250		18,750
Repairs & maintenance		262,000		253,591		8,409
Rent/lease		260,000		265,203		(5,203)
Transportation plan		450,000		451,778		(1,778)
Freight		1,500		-		1,500
Computer software		-		-		-
Dues		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		45,000		42,352		2,648
Education		5,000		7,258		(2,258)
Signs		15,000		14,453		547
Road oil		268,300		263,363		4,937
Concrete		-		-		-
Paint		-		-		-
Culverts		-		-		-
Crushed gravel		-		-		-
Plant asphalt mix		-		-		-
Contracts		-		-		-
Contributions to cities		-		-		-
Weed		-		-		-
UST testing & leak detection		-		-		-
Contingency account		50,000		50,689		(689)
Capital outlay	-	77,000		93,488	_	(16,488)
Total B	_	2,456,314		2,436,853	_	19,461
Total Road and Bridge	\$ _	3,428,714	\$	3,401,291	\$	27,423

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015	-	BUDGET	 ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE AVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
AMBULANCE					
Salary - employee, part time	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Salary - overtime		-	-		-
Salary - employee, full time	-	657,100	 657,100	_	<u>-</u>
Total A	=	657,100	 657,100	_	
Personnel benefits		348,674	348,674		-
Supplies		-	-		-
Travel		-	-		-
Uniforms		200.542	200.542		-
Miscellaneous Utilities		299,543	299,543		-
Repairs & maintenance		-	-		_
Printing			_		_
Education		_	_		<u>-</u>
Contingency account		_	_		_
Capital outlay	_	177,634	 53,217	_	124,417
Total B	_	825,851	 701,434	_	124,417
Total Ambulance	\$	1,482,951	\$ 1,358,534	\$	124,417
FAIR, GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS					
Salary - employee, full time	\$	54,350	\$ 63,351	\$	(9,001)
Salary-supervisor		0	-		-
Salary - employee, part-time	-	11,000	 3,573	_	7,427
Total A	_	65,350	 66,924	_	(1,574)
Personnel benefits		54,632	33,626		21,006
Utilities		11,050	12,853		(1,803)
Vehicles		1,500	1,084		416
Repairs & maintenance		16,740	19,179		(2,439)
Miscellaneous		56,000	62,484		(6,484)
Capital outlay	-	12,500	 12,500	_	
Total B	-	152,422	 141,726	_	10,696
Total Fair, Grounds and Buildings	\$	217,772	\$ 208,650	\$	9,122

		BUDGET	ACTUAL		FAVORABLE UNFAVORABLE)
DISTRICT COURT	-			,	
District & Magistrate					
Salary - employee, full time	\$	195,460	\$ 177,774	\$	17,686
Total A	_	195,460	177,774		17,686
Personnel benefits		122,170	101,422		20,748
Travel		1,000	1,165		(165)
Supplies		16,000	11,642		4,358
Repairs		3,000	3,550		(550)
Professional services		1,500	1,203		297
Contingency account		15,000	2,191		12,809
Law library		19,000	12,152		6,848
Postage		15,000	14,669		331
Reimbursement-General Fund		30,000	30,000		-
Workman's comp. insurance		500	-		500
Jury		109,875	117,516		(7,641)
Public defender		85,000	71,618		13,382
Utilities		-	(202)		202
Contracts		29,910	29,906		4
Capital outlay	-	1,288	 -		1,288
Total B	-	449,243	 396,832		52,411
Department Totals	_	644,703	574,606		70,097
Juvenile Probation					
Salary - supervisor		64,550	66,957		(2,407)
Salary - employee, full time		43,614	45,225		(1,611)
Intensive officer		39,555	41,017		(1,462)
Intensive secretary		14,820	15,225		(405)
Salary - employee, part-time	-	23,508	 21,391	,	2,117
Total A	_	186,047	 189,815		(3,768)
Personnel benefits		84,615	77,955		6,660
Travel		200	355		(155)
Supplies		800	756		44
Cell phones		4,550	2,691		1,859
Printing		200	458		(258)
Vehicles		6,750	4,898		1,852
Miscellaneous		8,000	8,828		(828)
Professional services		1,000	550		450
Drug screens		500	588		(88)
Training		3,750	3,680		70
Grants and assessement		5,828	5,900		(72)
Capital outlay	-	3,500	1,576	į	1,924
Total B	-	119,693	108,235		11,458
Department Totals	-	305,740	 298,050		7,690
Total District Court	\$	950,443	\$ 872,656	\$	77,787

VARIANCE

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURES BY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015	BUDGET		ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE AVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
HEALTH DISTRICT					
Utilities	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Repairs & maintenance	-		-		-
Miscellaneous	-		-		-
Building payments	164,911		164,911		-
Capital outlay			-	_	
Total B	164,911		164,911	_	
Total Health District	\$ 164,911	\$	164,911	\$ _	<u>-</u>
INDIGENT AND CHARITY					
Salary - employee, full time	\$ 30,940	\$	32,106	\$	(1,166)
Salary - employee, part time	20,000		21,250	_	(1,250)
Total A	50,940	•	53,356	_	(2,416)
Personnel benefits	41,800		40,961		839
Travel	1,400		1,350		50
Supplies	8,000		2,431		5,569
Hospital	250,000		105,549		144,451
Miscellaneous	50,000		50,000		-
Medical	8,000		-		8,000
Senior Citizens	-		-		-
Contingency	65,000		-		65,000
Food & housing	8,000		1,918		6,082
Utilities	8,000		1,317		6,683
Burials	5,000		1,700		3,300
Crisis Center	2,500		1,788		712
Catastrophic	120,000		10,753		109,247
Capital outlay		•	-	_	
Total B	567,700	•	217,767	_	349,933
Total Indigent	\$ 618,640	\$	271,123	\$	347,517

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015		DUDGET	ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE AVORABLE
PARKS AND RECREATION	_	BUDGET	 ACTUAL	(01	NFAVORABLE)
Salary - employee, full-time	\$	24,440	\$ 18,448	\$	5,992
Salary - employee, part-time	_	12,800	 9,635	_	3,165
Total A	_	37,240	28,083	. <u>-</u>	9,157
Personnel benefits		34,440	25,611		8,829
Travel		-	-		-
Supplies - other		20,100	1,077		19,023
Utilities		1,400	829		571
Vehicles		5,000	3,866		1,134
Repairs & maintenance		7,000	2,409		4,591
Miscellaneous		4,000	686		3,314
Contingency		-	-		-
Grant expenditures		-	-		-
Insurance		100	200		(100)
Capital outlay	_	20,000	21,119	. <u> </u>	(1,119)
Total B	_	92,040	 55,797	_	36,243
Total Parks and Recreation	\$ _	129,280	\$ 83,880	\$	45,400
REVALUATION					
Salary - employee, full-time	\$	188,400	\$ 209,138	\$	(20,738)
Salary - employee, part-time		103,200	101,182		2,018
Salary - officer		-	 -	_	<u>-</u>
Total A	_	291,600	 310,320	_	(18,720)
Personnel benefits		151,720	125,965		25,755
Travel		10,463	9,406		1,057
Supplies		6,500	6,180		320
Cell phone		_	80		(80)
Insurance		2,050	-		2,050
Vehicles		4,500	2,251		2,249
Miscellaneous		20,000	20,000		-
Contracts - appraisals		44,000	44,065		(65)
Dues		1,400	1,345		55
GIS expenses		61,000	44,828		16,172
Capital outlay	_	-	 -	_	
Total B	_	301,633	 254,120	_	47,513
Total Revaluation	\$ _	593,233	\$ 564,440	\$ _	28,793

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015					VARIANCE		
	BUDGE'	Г	ACTUAL		VORABLE FAVORABLE)		
TORT LIABILITY	1		-	`			
Insurance-liability \$	177,72	20 \$	177,719	\$	1		
Judgements Miscellaneous		-	-		-		
Total Tort Liability	177,72	20 \$	177,719	\$	1		
WEEDS							
Salary - employee, full and part-time	81,82	24 \$	68,849	\$	12,975		
Salary - supervisor	22,16		26,026	· <u> </u>	(3,862)		
Total A	103,98	88	94,875	_	9,113		
Personnel benefits	53,87	74	46,312		7,562		
Travel	2,50	00	1,549		951		
Supplies	1,00	00	654		346		
Utilities	4,60	00	835		3,765		
Vehicles	6,50	00	8,387		(1,887)		
Repairs & maintenance	6,50	00	5,080		1,420		
Contingency account		-	-		-		
Miscellaneous	10,00	00	10,000		-		
Information and education		-	-		-		
Chemicals/Contracts	35,50	00	40,134		(4,634)		
Capital outlay		_		<u> </u>			
Total B	120,47	74	112,951		7,523		
Total Weeds	224,46	52 \$	207,826	\$	16,636		
DRUG COURT GRANT							
Salaries - supervisor	19,47	75 \$	17,938	\$	1,537		
Salary - other		`		· <u> </u>			
Total A	19,47	75	17,938	. <u>—</u>	1,537		
Personnel benefits	8,72	24	7,001		1,723		
Medical-drug testing	39,19	91	30,310		8,881		
Insurance	32	25	-		325		
Supplies	1,50	00	572		928		
Travel	10,00	00	10,499		(499)		
Utilities and cell phone		-	27		(27)		
Capital outlay		_					
Total B	59,74	10	48,409		11,331		
Total Drug Court Grant	79,21	5 \$	66,347	\$	12,868		

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015		BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE UNFAVORABLE)
JUSTICE FUND	•			-	
Salaries - sheriff	\$	71,916	\$ 74,601	\$	(2,685)
Salaries - employees		2,557,081	 2,537,728	•	19,353
Total A		2,628,997	 2,612,329		16,668
Personnel benefits		526,872	504,549		22,323
HRA funding		50,000	50,000		-
Extradition		2,000	715		1,285
Utilities		29,000	25,709		3,291
Vehicles		135,000	111,447		23,553
Information technology		71,000	70,943		57
Repairs and maintenance		5,500	3,910		1,590
Jail		361,000	344,910		16,090
Dues/membership		3,200	3,450		(250)
Uniforms		19,000	18,731		269
Weapons/ammunition		14,000	13,903		97
Miscellaneous		6,000	5,254		746
SWAT team		500	488		12
Supplies		60,000	55,878		4,122
Training		30,000	28,394		1,606
Contracts		13,000	9,946		3,054
Community watch		1,000	647		353
Shooting range improvements		-	-		-
Juvenile expenses		4,000	2,510		1,490
Capital outlay		138,000	 133,719	-	4,281
Total B		1,469,072	 1,385,103		83,969
Total Justice Fund	\$	4,098,069	\$ 3,997,432	\$	100,637
CONSOLIDATED ELECTIONS					
Salaries - employees	\$	44,250	\$ 18,078	\$	26,172
Total A		44,250	 18,078		26,172
Personnel benefits		20,880	9,170		11,710
Travel		2,000	72		1,928
Repairs & maintenance		9,000	-		9,000
Administration fees		30,000	40,000		(10,000)
Election expenses		40,000	 21,733	-	18,267
Total B		101,880	 70,975		30,905
Total Consolidated Elections	\$	146,130	\$ 89,053	\$	57,077

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015	_	BUDGET	 ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE AVORABLE FAVORABLE)
TRI-COUNTY MSD. PROBATION					
Salaries Salary - other	\$	268,172	\$ 279,184 -	\$	(11,012)
Total A	-	268,172	 279,184	_	(11,012)
Personnel benefits		173,132	134,735		38,397
Travel		20,000	13,378		6,622
Supplies		7,500	5,172		2,328
Consultants		81,000	-		81,000
Operating expenses		13,600	5,595		8,005
Education classes		2,700	2,700		-
Testing lab		40,000	37,712		2,288
Utilities		5,400	4,844		556
Capital outlay	-	51,000	 15,484	_	35,516
Total B	-	394,332	 219,620	. <u> </u>	174,712
Total Tri-County Msd. Probation	\$	662,504	\$ 498,804	\$	163,700
MOSQUITO ABATEMENT					
Salaries-supervisor	\$	22,164	\$ 22,164	\$	-
Salary - employee, full and part-time	-	104,800	 93,573	_	11,227
Total A	-	126,964	 115,737		11,227
Travel-meetings		3,500	-		3,500
Supplies-office		2,300	408		1,892
Personnel benefits		46,400	43,047		3,353
State unemployment		4,000	-		4,000
Vehicles		12,000	13,313		(1,313)
Chemicals		150,000	150,000		-
Miscellaneous		81,000	82,156		(1,156)
Repairs & maintenance		30,000	25,676		4,324
Utilities		5,800	8,166		(2,366)
Capital outlay	-	100,000	 121,558		(21,558)
Total B	-	435,000	 444,324	_	(9,324)
Total Mosquito Abatement	\$	561,964	\$ 560,061	\$	1,903

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015				VARIANCE	
		BUDGET	ACTUAL		FAVORABLE JNFAVORABLE)
LAW CLERKS	-			. ` .	
Salary - employees	\$	304,000	\$ 300,778	\$	3,222
Total A	-	304,000	 300,778		3,222
Personnel benefits		144,715	123,238		21,477
Supplies Operating expenses Miscellaneous	_	8,719	 3,655	. ,	5,064
Total B	-	153,434	 126,893		26,541
Total Law Clerks	\$	457,434	\$ 427,671	\$	29,763
FEDERAL TRANSPORT					
Salaries	\$	10,000	\$ 5,830	\$	4,170
Total A	-	10,000	 5,830	. ,	4,170
Personnel benefits Travel		5,000	1,132		3,868
Vehicle Miscellaneous Capital outlay	_	5,500	 1,271		4,229
Total B	-	10,500	 2,403		8,097
Total Federal Transport	\$	20,500	\$ 8,233	\$	12,267
911 EMERGENCY					
Salaries - director Salaries - employees	\$	31,000 51,098	\$ 29,425 50,709	\$	1,575 389
Total A	-	82,098	 80,134		1,964
Personnel benefits Travel Training Contracts Supplies Dues		43,199 5,000 5,000 145,000 2,000 500	25,859 933 3,802 157,648 376		17,340 4,067 1,198 (12,648) 1,624 500
Miscellaneous Repairs & maintenance Capital outlay	-	8,000 285,000	 5,733 160,860		2,267 124,140
Total B	-	493,699	 355,211		138,488
Total Enhanced 911 Emergency	\$	575,797	\$ 435,345	\$	140,452

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015					VARIANCE FAVORABLE		
CEDE ED ANNING EQUIDATIVE		BUDGET		ACTUAL	(1	UNFAVORABLE)	
CERT TRAINING/EQUIPMENT							
Salaries - deputies	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
Total A		-		-	-		
Personnel benefits Miscellaneous Capital outlay		- - -		- 1,171 -	-	(1,171)	
Total B		-		1,171		(1,171)	
Total Cert Training/Equipment	\$	-	\$	1,171	\$	(1,171)	
SNOWMOBILE	•						
Salaries - employee, part-time Salaries - other	\$	13,000	\$	- 8,718	\$	4,282	
Total A		13,000		8,718		4,282	
Personnel benefits Supplies Vehicle Repairs & maintenance Utilities Miscellaneous Capital outlay		1,705 1,500 12,000 22,000 750 1,500		667 93 5,879 5,343 731 1,500	-	1,038 1,407 6,121 16,657 19	
Total B		39,455		14,213		25,242	
Total Snowmobile	\$	52,455	\$	22,931	\$	29,524	
7TH JUDICIAL DRUG COURT TREATMENT	•						
Salaries - clinical director Salary - other personnel	\$	73,042 844,462	\$	76,386 865,033	\$	(3,344) (20,571)	
Total A		917,504		941,419	_	(23,915)	
Personnel benefits Travel HRA Supplies Utilities Contingency Rent		452,926 58,000 15,500 40,503 23,000 20,000 110,464		331,752 53,175 16,750 45,168 20,694		121,174 4,825 (1,250) (4,665) 2,306 20,000 17,341	
Professional services Dues Capital outlay		46,221 12,000 20,000	_	43,587 13,252 1,187		2,634 (1,252) 18,813	
Total B	•	798,614		618,688		179,926	
Total 7th Judicial Drug Court Treatment	\$	1,716,118	\$	1,560,107	\$	156,011	
-					•		

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURES BY FUND

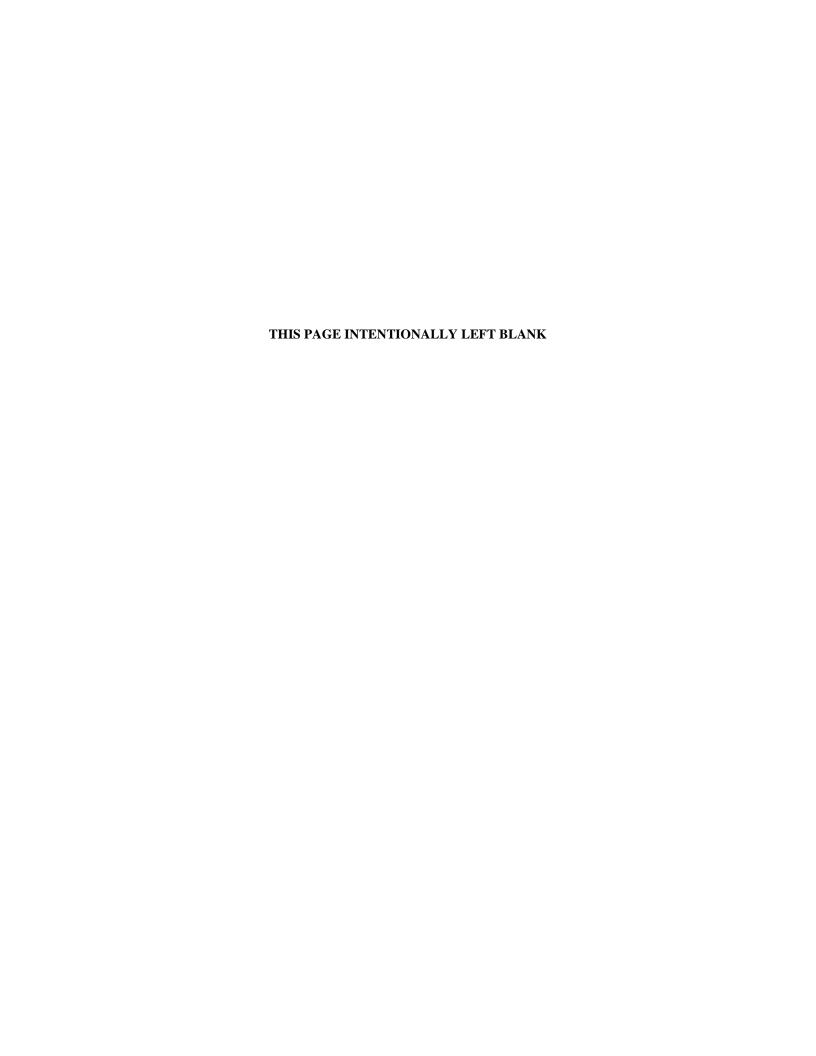
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015	BUDGET	· •	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE INFAVORABLE)
CLERK				
General government Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$	261,867	\$ (261,867)
Total Clerk	\$ 	\$	261,867	\$ (261,867)
INTERLOCK/MONITORING				
Public safety	\$ 	\$	-	\$
Total Interlock/Monitoring	\$ 	\$	-	\$ <u>-</u>
SHERIFF'S REVOLVING				
Public safety	\$ 	\$	141,362	\$ (141,362)
Total Sheriff's Revolving	\$ 	\$	141,362	\$ (141,362)
WATERWAYS TRUST				
Salaries	\$ 6,000	\$	4,500	\$ 1,500
Personnel benefits	2,194		790	1,404
Supplies	2,000		1,439	561
Repair & maintenance	-		119	(119)
Miscellaneous	600		500	100
Capital outlay	8,000		2,029	 5,971
Total Waterways Trust	\$ 18,794	\$	9,377	\$ 9,417
SHERIFF'S CONCEALED WEAPONS				
Public safety	\$ 	\$	47,877	\$ (47,877)
Total Sheriff's Concealed Weapons	\$ 	\$	47,877	\$ (47,877)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015					VARIANCE FAVORABLE
CONTRACT CARRY OVER	-	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(U	NFAVORABLE)
Salaries Personnel benefits	\$	52,856 25,400	\$ 19,000 7,983	\$_	33,856 17,417
Total Contract Carry Over	\$	78,256	\$ 26,983	\$ _	51,273
GRANTS-EQUIPMENT					
Travel Capital outlay	\$	-	\$ 8,014 175,012	\$ _	(8,014) (175,012)
Total Grants-Equipment	\$	-	\$ 183,026	\$ _	(183,026)
SHERIFF GRANTS & CONTRACTS					
Salaries - employee, full-time	\$	96,584	\$ 76,994	\$_	19,590
Total A	-	96,584	76,994	_	19,590
Personnel benefits Travel Supplies Project-E ticketing Capital outlay		9,400 - - - -	18,919 - - - -		(9,519) - - - -
Total B	-	9,400	18,919		(9,519)
Total Sheriff Grants & Contracts	\$	105,984	\$ 95,913	\$ _	10,071
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE	\$ _	16,561,346	\$ 15,744,590	\$_	816,756
JAIL BOND REDEMPTION					
Jail Bond Payment	\$	1,000,189	\$ 895,935	\$_	104,254
Total Jail Bond Redemption	\$	1,000,189	\$ 895,935	\$ _	104,254
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES	\$	22,598,068	\$ 21,443,782	\$ =	1,154,286

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF EXPENDITURES - CASH BASIS TO GAAP BASIS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Total expenditures - cash basis	\$	21,443,782
Clerk's expenditures not budgeted		261,867
Sheriff's Revolving expenditures not budgeted		141,362
Sheriff's Concealed Weapons not budgeted		47,877
Increase in expenditure accruals	_	(353,887)
	_	
Total expenditures - GAAP basis		21,541,001





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Commissioners Madison County – State of Idaho Rexburg, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Madison County, Idaho as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2016. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audit the financial statements of Madison Memorial Hospital, as described in our report on Madison County, Idaho's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Madison County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Madison County, Idaho's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Madison County, Idaho's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purposes described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Madison County, Idaho's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Searle Hart + associates PLLC Rexburg, Idaho

June 27, 2016