MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO
REXBURG, IDAHO
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
and
COMPLIANCE REPORTS
with
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ITEM	PAGE NO.
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion & Analysis	1 - 9
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Statement of Net Position	10 - 11
Statement of Activities	12 - 13
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	14 - 15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to	
the Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Governmental Funds	17 - 18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Proprietary Net Position - Proprietary Fund - Solid Waste	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance	
Proprietary Fund Types - Enterprise - Solid Waste	21
Statement of Cash Flows - All Proprietary Fund Types	22 - 23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	24
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	25
Index to the Notes to the Financial Statements	26 - 27
Notes to the Financial Statements	28 - 49
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budget and Actual (With Variances) - General Fund	50
Budget and Actual (With Variances) - Road and Bridge	51
Budget and Actual (With Variances) - Ambulance	52
Budget and Actual (With Variances) - Debt Service-Jail Bond	53
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	54

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ITEM	PAGE NO.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Governmental Fund Types	
Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund Types - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	55 - 59
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund Types - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	60 - 64
Fiduciary Fund Types	
Combining Balance Sheet - Fiduciary Fund Types - Private Purpose Trust Funds	65 - 69
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Fiduciary Fund Types - Private Purpose Trust Funds	70 - 74
Combining Balance Sheet-Fiduciary Fund Types-Agency Funds	75 - 77
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Analysis of Expenditures by Fund	78 - 98
Reconciliation of Expenditures - Cash Basis to GAAP Basis	99
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	
And on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	100 - 101
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major	
Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance	
Required by OMB Circular A-133	102-103
Schedule of Federal Awards	104
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	105-106
Status of Prior Year Findings	107

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable County Commissioners Madison County – State of Idaho Rexburg, Idaho Gerald W. Searle, CPA Steven J. Hart, CPA Farrell J Steiner, CPA Dana Eric Izatt, CPA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Madison County, Idaho as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Madison County, Idaho's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Madison Memorial Hospital which represent 100 percent and 100 percent respectively of the assets of net position and revenues of the component unit financial statements. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Madison Memorial Hospital in the component unit column, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that our audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the remaining aggregate

	·	,
	·.	
	•	

fund information of Madison County, Idaho as of September 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial positions and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 1 through 9 and 50 through 54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor funds, combining and individual private purpose trust funds, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor funds, combining and individual private purpose trust funds, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor funds, combining and individual private purpose trust funds, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Analysis of Expenditures and Reconciliation have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 9, 2014 on our consideration of Madison County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on

	·	

compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Madison County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Searle Hart + associates PLLC

Rexburg, Idaho June 9, 2014

·		

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2013

The discussion and analysis of Madison County, Idaho's financial performance provides an overall review of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The key financial highlights for 2013 are as follows:

At the end of the current year, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,524,489.

At the end of the current year, the fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,680,833, an increase of \$184,590 from the fund balance at September 30, 2012. The business-type activities reported net position of \$1,007,911, an increase of \$41,235 from the prior year.

USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Madison County, Idaho as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole County, presenting both an aggregate view of the County's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the County's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Madison County, Idaho, the General Fund and Road & Bridge are significant funds.

REPORTING THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The County-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the current year. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting method used by private sector companies. The basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the County as a whole, the financial position of the County has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the County, non-financial information such as changes in the County's tax base and the condition of the County's capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the County is divided into three kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities – Most of the County's programs and services are reported here, including general government, public safety, public works, health, human services, and economic development. These services are

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2013

funded primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Business-type Activities – These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or most of the cost of the services provided. The County's Solid Waste Fund activity is reported here.

Component Unit – The County's financial statements include financial data of the Madison Memorial Hospital. This component unit is separate and may buy, sell, lease, and mortgage property in their own name and can sue or be sued in their own name.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's major funds. Based on the restriction of the use of the moneys, the County has established many funds that account for the multitude of services provided to our residents. The County's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Road & Bridge, Ambulance, Jail Bond, and Solid Waste.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are reported in these funds that focus on how much flows into and out of the funds and the year-end balances available for spending. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting that measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services being provided, along with the financial resources available.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances through reconciliations to facilitate comparisons between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately on the governmental fund balance sheet and on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds – The County has one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the Solid Waste operations.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the County's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2013

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following tables summarize the County's net position for 2013 and 2012.

		2013	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Current and other assets	\$ 9,635,455	\$ 60,463	\$ 9,695,918
Capital assets	7,974,509	1,124,272	9,098,781
Total assets	17,609,964	1,184,735	18,794,699
Long-term debt outstanding	2,177,457	116,156	2,293,613
Other liabilities	522,505	60,668	583,173
Total liabilities	2,699,962	176,824	2,876,786
Net position Invested in capital assets, Net of related debt	6,686,911	1,069,407	7,756,318
riot of folded door	0,000,711	1,000,107	7,730,310
Restricted	699,724	-	699,724
Unrestricted	7,523,367	(61,496)	7,461,871
Total net position	\$ 14,910,002	\$ 1,007,911	\$15,917,913
	Governmental	2012 Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Current and other assets	\$ 9,393,077	\$ 328,858	1 Otal
Capital assets		D 320.030	
Total assets	6,937,741	\$ 328,838 891,731	\$ 9,721,935
	6,937,741	891,731	\$ 9,721,935 7,829,472
Long-term debt outstanding	16,330,818	891,731 1,220,589	\$ 9,721,935 7,829,472 17,551,407
		891,731	\$ 9,721,935 7,829,472
· ·	16,330,818 1,452,417	891,731 1,220,589 185,273	\$ 9,721,935 7,829,472 17,551,407 1,637,690
Other liabilities Total liabilities Net position Invested in capital assets,	16,330,818 1,452,417 1,249,744	891,731 1,220,589 185,273 68,640	\$ 9,721,935 7,829,472 17,551,407 1,637,690 1,318,384
Other liabilities Total liabilities Net position	16,330,818 1,452,417 1,249,744	891,731 1,220,589 185,273 68,640	\$ 9,721,935 7,829,472 17,551,407 1,637,690 1,318,384
Other liabilities Total liabilities Net position Invested in capital assets, Net of related debt	16,330,818 1,452,417 1,249,744 2,702,161 5,534,769	891,731 1,220,589 185,273 68,640 253,913	\$ 9,721,935 7,829,472 17,551,407 1,637,690 1,318,384 2,956,074 6,357,860
Net position Invested in capital assets,	16,330,818 1,452,417 1,249,744 2,702,161	891,731 1,220,589 185,273 68,640 253,913	\$ 9,721,935 7,829,472 17,551,407 1,637,690 1,318,384 2,956,074

Total net position of governmental activities increased by \$1,281,345. The increase was from change in net position and purchase of buildings, equipment, and infrastructure. The total liabilities of governmental activities decreased by \$79,288 from a decrease of debt.

The following shows the changes in net position for 2013 and 2012.

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2013

	2013					
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 2,575,582	\$ 1,350,473	\$ 3,926,055			
Operating & capital grants &						
contributions	2,417,163	-	2,417,163			
General revenues			, ,			
Property taxes	9,867,032	-	9,867,032			
Public service taxes	2,006,758	-	2,006,758			
Intergovernmental			, ,			
revenues	2,637,540	-	2,637,540			
Investment earnings	27,509	-	27,509			
Other	(338,633)		(338,633)			
Total revenues	19,192,951	1,350,473	20,543,424			
Expenses						
General government	3,908,416	-	3,908,416			
Public works	2,875,084	-	2,875,084			
Public safety	8,695,497	-	8,695,497			
Health and welfare	2,079,671	-	2,079,671			
Recreation	194,425	-	194,425			
Conservation	74,954	-	74,954			
Interest on long-term debt	83,559	-	83,559			
Solid waste		1,309,238	1,309,238			
Total expenses	17,911,606	1,309,238	19,220,844			
Increase (decrease) in net						
position	\$ 1,281,345	\$ 41,235	\$ 1,322,580			

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2013

		2012	
	Governmental	Business-type	=
	Activities	Activities	Total
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 2,463,382	\$ 1,307,239	\$ 3,770,621
Operating & capital grants &			
contributions	2,076,367	-	2,076,367
General revenues			
Property taxes	9,644,527	-	9,644,527
Public service taxes	1,835,449	-	1,835,449
Intergovernmental			
revenues	3,538,264	-	3,538,264
Investment earnings	55,552	-	55,552
Other	68,067	-	68,067
Total revenues	19,681,608	1,307,239	20,988,847
Expenses		-	
General government	4,963,425	-	4,963,425
Public works	6,914,982	-	6,914,982
Public safety	3,025,005	-	3,025,005
Health and welfare	2,073,559	-	2,073,559
Recreation	167,404	-	167,404
Conservation	51,609	-	51,609
Interest on long-term debt	134,735	-	134,735
Solid waste	-	1,250,170	1,250,170
Total expenses	17,330,719	1,250,170	18,580,889
Increase (decrease) in net			
position	\$ 2,350,889	\$ 57,069	\$ 2,407,958

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The County's grant revenues from federal and state sources made up \$5,054,703 or 26% of total governmental revenues. The major recipient of intergovernmental program revenues was public safety.

The Road and Bridge accounted for \$4,033,863 of the \$17,911,606 total expenses for governmental activities, or 23% of total expenses.

Table 3 – for governmental activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services, and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues.

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2013

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Service	
General government	\$ 3,908,416	\$ 3,889,959	
Public works	2,875,084	1,406,280	
Public safety	8,695,497	5,932,567	
Health and welfare	2,079,671	1,411,641	
Recreation	194,425	119,901	
Conservation	74,954	74,954	
Interest on long-term debt	83,559	83,559	
Total	\$ 17,911,606	\$ 12,918,861	

Charges for services and operating and capital grants of \$4,992,745 (28% of the total costs of services) are received and used to fund the general government expenses of the County. The remaining \$12,918,861 in general government expenses is funded by property taxes, public service taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other.

Business-type activities

The net position for business-type activities increased by \$41,235 during 2013 and the major revenue sources were charges for services of \$1,350,473.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of September 30, 2013, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,524,489, an increase of \$178,345 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 50% of this total, \$4,215,960 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned for a variety of assigned purposes (\$4,308,529).

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of 2013, unassigned fund balance was \$1,680,833. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare fund balance to total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 24% of total General Fund expenditures.

The County's General Fund balance has increased by \$184,590 during fiscal year 2013. That increase was excess of revenues over expenditures.

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2013

Enterprise Funds

The County's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Solid Waste Fund at September 30, 2013, was \$(61,496). Unrestricted net position decreased by \$205,081.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

By state statute, the Board of County Commissioners adopts the annual operating budget for the County effective the first day of October.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – Madison County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2013, amounts to \$9,098,781 (net of depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure (acquired since September 30, 2003) and construction in progress. (See table below.) The total increase in the County's investments in capital assets for the current fiscal year (including depreciation, additions, and deductions) was 16% (a 15% increase for governmental activities and a 1% increase for business-type activities).

	Govern Activ	nmental vities	Busines Activ	~ 1	To	otal
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Land	\$ 483,235	\$ 483,235	\$107,973	\$107,973	\$ 591,208	\$ 591,208
Buildings & improvements	3,602,481	3,658,532	547,703	255,977	4,150,184	3,914,509
Machinery & equipment	3,265,022	2,157,967	468,596	527,781	3,733,618	2,685,748
Infrastructure Construction in	623,771	638,007	-	-	623,771	638,007
Progress	• -	-	_	-	-	_
Total	\$ 7,974,509	\$ 6,937,741	\$1,124,272	\$891,731	\$ 9,098,781	\$ 7,829,472

Major capital additions include the various purchases of heavy equipment.

The County has not recorded the infrastructure acquired before October 1, 2003, at this time.

Additional information on Madison County's capital assets can be found in Note 9 to the financial statements for fiscal year 2013.

Long-term Debt – At September 30, 2013, the County had total general obligation debt outstanding of \$1,294,790. The County's long-term debt decreased by \$103,319 or 7.4% during fiscal year 2013 in a large part explained by the payments of principal on debt.

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2013

		nmental vities		ss-type vities	To	otal
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Compensated						
absences & payroll	\$ 608,927	\$ 563,141	\$ 61,291	\$ 59,283	\$ 670,218	\$ 622,424
Capital leases	724,790	428,110	-	-	724,790	428,110
Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contracts payable	-	-	-	-	_	_
Bonds	570,000	970,000	٠ -	-	570,000	970,000
Total	\$1,903,717	\$1,961,251	\$61,291	\$59,283	\$1,965,008	\$2,020,534

In addition to the bonded debt, the County's long-term obligations include compensated absences and accrued payroll. Note 4 will provide information regarding bonded indebtedness and additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of this report under the Notes to Financial Statements.

Current Financial Issues and Concern

Financial issues and concerns for 2013 include: Replacement of a control panel in our jail. This system is out of date and has been for many years. The Sheriff's Department has worried that if it quit working, we would have to transfer inmates to another facility quickly. This is a very costly system and we will be looking to the 2015 budget year to replace this system.

In addition, we have realized the need to put in place in our budgets employee accruals for comp time, vacation and sick time. There have been a few employees quit or be terminated that needed to be paid out and funds have not been allocated for that purpose. This has presented problems for departments and before a replacement employee could be hired, the department had to be short staffed for a period of time to remain within budget.

Madison County has been pushing levy limits to the maximum for the past few years. We have spent the past few years researching a Justice Fund. Funds were allocated during this year to begin a Justice Fund with the 2014 budget year. We anticipate some relief to the General Fund levy and hope that our research and planning will payoff in implementing this new fund.

The County is required to contribute to students taking online classes from three Community Colleges in the State. While elected officials feel that the best investment for county funds is continuing education for our students, the costs associated with this requirement are increasing at such an accelerated pace, we have concerns of funding to support this program. Meetings are continuing to review the mandate from the state to possibly have cities help with this demand or possibly fund it on a state level.

Economic Factors

BYU-Idaho continues to help stabilize the economy and they are projecting student enrollment to level off in the next year. The existing and planned growth at BYU-Idaho continues to have a positive effect.

We continue to seek grants to help with the replacement of a bridge at Twin Bridges, Park improvements and other projects.

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2013

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Madison County Auditor 134 East Main Rexburg, Idaho 83440





MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2013

		/ERNMENTA	L -	BUSINESS- TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL		COMPONENT UNIT
ASSETS								
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	8,158,845	\$	150	\$	8,158,995	\$	2,033,598
Taxes receivable		351,382		-		351,382		-
Receivables		141,330		96,414		237,744		7,120,287
Internal balances		36,101		(36,101)		-		-
Due from other governmental								
agencies		947,797		-		947,797		-
Inventories		-		-		_		2,654,767
Other assets		-		-		_		1,648,295
Other assets limited as to use		-				_		24,356,552
Capital Assets								, ,
Land and improvements not								
being depreciated		483,235		107,973		591,208		4,463,969
Infrastructure and infrastructure in						•		, , ,
progress, net of depreciation		651,616		-		651,616		_
Buildings		9,140,787		1,028,919		10,169,706		72,644,016
Equipment and furniture		9,478,100		1,191,883		10,669,983		40,764,545
Construction in progress		-		-		-		742,663
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	(11,779,229)	_	(1,204,503)	_	(12,983,732)	-	(50,384,283)
Total Capital Assets	_	7,974,509	_	1,124,272	_	9,098,781	-	68,230,910
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	17,609,964	\$_	1,184,735	\$_	18,794,699	\$	106,044,409

		VERNMENTA ACTIVITIES	.L	BUSINESS- TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL		COMPONENT UNIT
LIABILITIES	•		_		-		•	
Accounts payable and accrued								
expenses	\$	1,069	\$	-	\$	1,069	\$	7,041,510
Warrants payable		516,379		60,668		577,047		-
Deferred revenues		-		_		-		-
Long-term liabilities								
Due within one year								
Bonds, capital leases and contracts		481,447		_		481,447		1,412,920
Accrued interest		2,808		_		2,808		-
Accrued payroll & comp. absences		754,863		51,558		806,421		_
Accrued landfill closure costs		-		54,865		54,865		_
Due in more than one year				,		,		
Bonds, capital leases and contracts		803,343		_		803,343		50,078,424
Accrued interest		, <u>-</u>		_		-		, , ,
Compensated absences	-	140,053	_	9,733	_	149,786	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	2,699,962		176,824		2,876,786		58,532,854
Deferred inflows of resources		-					_	
Bond issue premium, net of amort.	-		-	-	_		-	751,476
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFE	RRE	D						
OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	-	2,699,962	-	176,824	_	2,876,786		59,284,330
NET POSITION								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt		6,686,911		1,069,407		7,756,318		16,092,722
Restricted for:								
Debt service		699,724		_		699,724		3,731,250
Unrestricted	-	7,523,367	-	(61,496)	_	7,461,871	-	26,936,107
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ _	14,910,002	\$_	1,007,911	\$_	15,917,913	\$	46,760,079

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

			PROGRAM REVENUE					UE
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Evmanaaa		Charges for		Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and
		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions
Primary government								
Governmental activities:	_							
General Government	\$	3,908,416	\$	18,457	\$	-	\$	-
Public Safety		8,695,497		1,878,400		884,530		-
Public Works		2,875,084		-		=		1,468,804
Health, Welfare and Sanitation		2,079,671		668,030		-		-
Culture and Recreation		194,425		10,695		63,829		_
Conservation/Economic Development		74,954		-		-		_
Interest on long-term debt		83,559						-
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		17,911,606		2,575,582		948,359		1,468,804
Business-type activities:								
Solid Waste		1,309,238		1,350,473				
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		1,309,238		1,350,473		<u> </u>		-
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ _	19,220,844	\$	3,926,055	\$	948,359	\$.	1,468,804
Component Units								
Madison Memorial Hospital	\$.	59,146,116	\$	62,199,124	\$	1,798,303	\$.	_ _
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$ =	59,146,116	\$	62,199,124	\$	1,798,303	\$.	

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for specific purposes

Public service taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

DDOCD AM DEVENUE

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Special item - gain (loss) on sale of assets

Transfers

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES, SPECIAL ITEMS, AND TRANSFERS

Change in net position

Net Position, October 1, 2012

NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

			ary Governm		NET ASSETS		
			Business-				
	Governmental		type				Component
	Activities	_	Activities		Total		Units
\$	(3,889,959)	\$		\$	(3,889,959)		
•	(5,932,567)	-		•	(5,932,567)		
	(1,406,280)				(1,406,280)		
	(1,411,641)				(1,411,641)		
	(119,901)				(119,901)		
	(74,954)				(74,954)		
	(83,559)				(83,559)		
	(12,918,861)				(12,918,861)		
			41.025		41.225		
		_	41,235		41,235		
		_	41,235		41,235		
	(12,918,861)	_	41,235		(12,877,626)		
						\$	4,851,311
						Ψ-	*** **
						-	4,851,311
	3,699,153		_		3,699,153		_
	6,167,879		_		6,167,879		<u>-</u>
	2,006,758		-		2,006,758		_
	2,637,540		_		2,637,540		-
	27,509		-		27,509		-
	308,845		-		308,845		102,749
	44,388		-		44,388		-
	(691,866)	_			(691,866)	-	<u>. </u>
	14,200,206		-		14,200,206		102,749
•	***************************************	_	41.005	•		-	
	1,281,345		41,235		1,322,580		4,954,060
	13,628,657	_	966,676		14,595,333	-	41,806,019
\$	14,910,002	\$_	1,007,911	\$	15,917,913	\$_	46,760,079

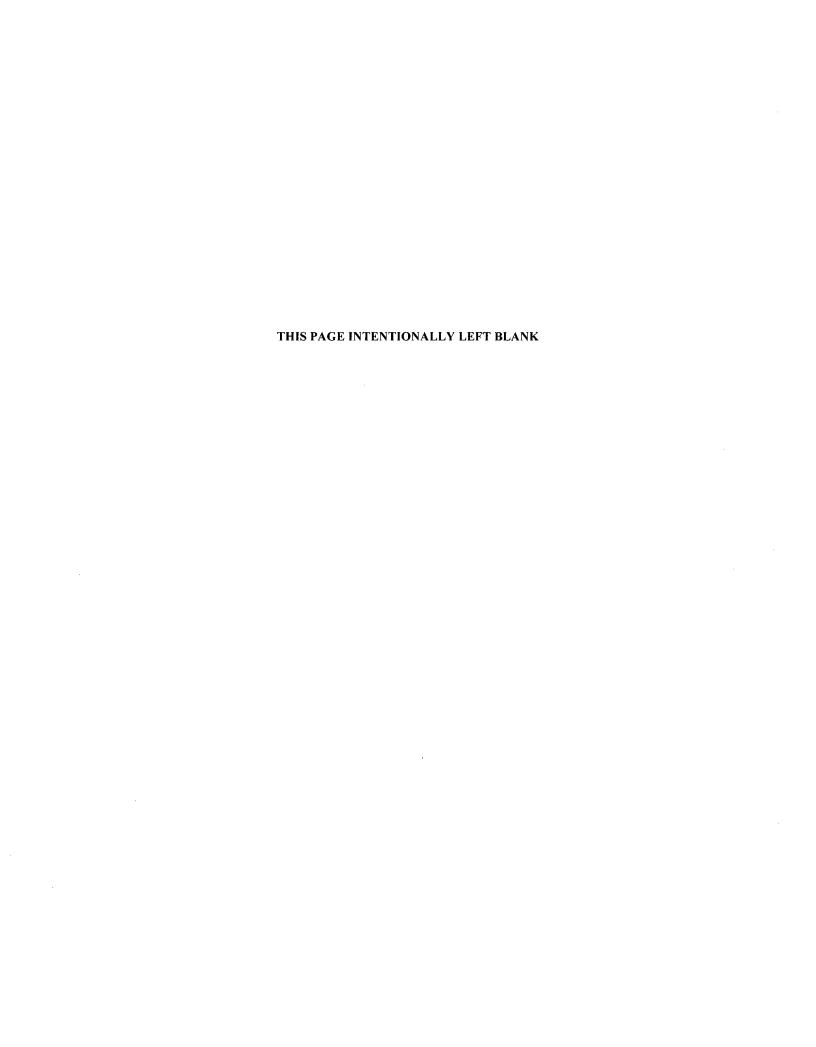
MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2013

		GENERAL FUND		ROAD & BRIDGE	AMBULANCE
ASSETS	-		-		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,463,956	\$	1,671,890	\$ 397,352
Taxes receivable, net		137,075		79,696	19,482
Due from other funds		36,101		-	-
Receivable from other governments		502,563		367,877	8,423
Other receivables	-		-	<u>.</u>	141,330
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ =	2,139,695	\$ _	2,119,463	\$ 566,587
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Warrants payable	\$	185,821	\$	4,103	\$ 22,236
Due to other funds		-		-	-
Deferred revenue		118,401		71,937	17,617
Other accrued expenses	-	154,640	-	35,030	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	458,862	-	111,070	39,853
FUND BALANCES					
Assigned to:					
Debt service		-		-	-
Other purposes		-		-	-
Unassigned	_	1,680,833	-	2,008,393	526,734
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	1,680,833	-	2,008,393	526,734
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
FUND BALANCES	\$ =	2,139,695	\$ =	2,119,463	\$ 566,587

	DEBT SERVICE JAIL BOND		OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	693,734	\$	3,931,913	\$	8,158,845
-	15,658	-	99,471	_	351,382
	-		-		36,101
	4,469		64,465		947,797
			<u> </u>		141,330
\$	713,861	\$	4,095,849	\$	9,635,455
\$	-	\$	304,219	\$	516,379
	-		-		- 212.506
	14,137		90,494		312,586
	-		91,262		280,932
	14,137		487,044		1,110,966
	699,724		_		699,724
	077,721		3,608,805		3,608,805
					4,215,960
	699,724		3,608,805		8,524,489
\$	713,861	\$	4,095,849	\$	9,635,455

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2013

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 8,524,489
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	7,974,509
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	312,586
The County issued debt in a previous year and the issuance costs needs to be capitalized net of amortization for the statement of net position.	-
Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long- term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are	
included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	 (1,901,582)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 14,910,002



MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

		GENERAL FUND		ROAD & BRIDGE		AMBULANCE
REVENUES	•					
Property taxes	\$	3,693,199	\$	2,257,262	\$	566,814
Fees and fines		143,446		-		-
Licenses and permits		1,353,793		-		-
Intergovernmental		1,936,499		1,584,089		31,430
Charges for services		18,457		_		668,030
Investment earnings		27,456		_		-
Miscellaneous	-	4,830	-			103
		7,177,680	_	3,841,351		1,266,377
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		2,984,547		-		-
Public safety		3,399,201		-		-
Public works		415,400		2,488,463		-
Health and sanitation		15,484		-		1,089,545
Culture and recreation		-		-		· -
Conservation/economic development		73,960		-		-
Debt Service:						
Principal		-		459,979		-
Interest and other charges		-		54,471		-
Capital outlay	-	104,498	-	1,030,950		204,554
	_	6,993,090	_	4,033,863		1,294,099
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		184,590		(192,512)		(27,722)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from long-term debt, net		_		756,660		_
Transfers in		_		-		_
Transfers out	_	-	_	(691,866)		(1,065)
		-		64,794		(1,065)
SPECIAL ITEM						
Proceeds from sale of assets	_	-	-	62,251		-
Net change in fund balances		184,590		(65,467)		(28,787)
Fund Balances, October 1, 2012	-	1,496,243	_	2,073,860		555,521
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013	\$ =	1,680,833	\$ _	2,008,393	\$.	526,734

_	DEBT SERVICE JAIL BOND	(OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	429,913	\$	2,914,540	\$	9,861,728
	-	•	120,232	•	263,678
	-		, <u>-</u>		1,353,793
	17,876		2,694,705		6,264,599
	-		1,047,593		1,734,080
	-		-		27,456
_	-		387,053		391,986
-	447,789		7,164,123		19,897,320
	_		874,480		3,859,027
	-		4,273,674		7,672,875
	-		329,947		3,233,810
	-		911,705		2,016,734
	-		98,109		98,109
	-		-		73,960
	410,000		-		869,979
	31,143		-		85,614
-			595,910		1,935,912
_	441,143		7,083,825		19,846,020
	6,646		80,298		51,300
	-		-		756,660
	-		1,065		1,065
_					(692,931)
	-		1,065		64,794
-	· <u>-</u>				62,251
	6,646		81,363		178,345
-	693,078		3,527,442		8,346,144
\$ _	699,724	\$	3,608,805	\$	8,524,489



MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 178,345
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The amount capitalized is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlays \$1,935,912 exceeded depreciation	
\$881,375 in the current period.	1,054,537
Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain (loss) on the sale of the assets.	(17,863)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	848
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure, In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.	410,000
	•
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Net change in accrued expenses. Governmental funds do not recognize lease payments as expenditures until they are	(2,055)
paid. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats leases payable as a long-term liability. This amount is the net change in the leases payable liability.	(296,681)
Governmental funds do not recognize compensated absences as expenditures until they	
are paid. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats compensated absences as a long-term liability. This amount is the net change in the compensated absence liability.	(45,786)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,281,345
	-,:,

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF PROPRIETARY NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND - SOLID WASTE September 30, 2013

ASSETS Current Assets		
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	150
Taxes receivable-special fee	Ψ	13,419
Accounts receivable		82,995
Receivables from other agencies	_	-
Total current assets		96,564
Noncurrent Assets		
Land		107,973
Building and equipment		2,220,802
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(1,204,503)
Total noncurrent assets	_	1,124,272
TOTAL ASSETS	_	1,220,836
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Warrants payable		60,668
Due to other funds		36,101
Accrued expenses		18,973
Current portion of compensated absences		32,585
Landfill closure liability	_	54,865
Total current liabilities	_	203,192
Long-term Liabilities		
Lease payable		-
Compensated absences payable	_	9,733
Total long-term liabilities	_	9,733
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	212,925

Investment in capital assets, net of related debt

1,069,407

1,007,911

(61,496)

NET POSITION

Unrestricted

TOTAL NET POSITION

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES - ENTERPRISE - SOLID WASTE For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

REVENUES, GAINS AND OTHER SUPPORT		
Charges for services	\$	1,316,492
Other revenue	_	33,981
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	_	1,350,473
EXPENSES		
Salaries and wages		622,469
Professional fees		419,562
Supplies and other		36,804
Repairs and maintenance		112,588
Utilities		18,456
Depreciation and amortization		113,134
Provision for uncollectible accounts		-
Landfill closure and post closure expense		(13,775)
Miscellaneous	_	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	_	1,309,238
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS		41,235
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Investment income		-
Interest expense	_	
NET OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE	_	
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		
Capital contributions		_
Transfers in		_
Transfers out	_	<u> </u>
NET CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	_	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$=	41,235
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
CHANGES IN NET POSITION Polymon havinging	o	066.676
Balance, beginning Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	\$ 	966,676 41,235
ENTERPRISE NET POSITION - September 30, 2013	\$_	1,007,911

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

	PF	ROPRIETARY FUND	COMPONENT UNIT
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	 	
Cash received from service revenues	\$	1,319,738 \$	59,835,547
Cash received from other operating revenues		34,160	-
Cash paid for salaries and benefits		(622,469)	(25,486,841)
Cash paid for supplies, professional fees and			
other operating expenses	_	(623,166)	(21,565,903)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	108,263	12,782,803
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from donations and other			
nonoperating gains	_		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities			<u>-</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVIT	TES		
Net members distribution	ILG	_	(302,000)
Purchase of property and equipment		(337,132)	(5,449,791)
Principal payments on long-term debt		(037,102)	(1,050,000)
Principal payments on capital lease obligations		_	(86,358)
Interest paid			
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(337,132)	(6,888,149)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of investments		_	(21,568,132)
Disposal of investments		_	21,908,753
Investment in Rehab Center	_		(3,197,216)
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	<u>-</u>	(2,856,595)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(228,869)	3,038,059
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	229,019	8,155,796
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$_	150 \$	11,193,855

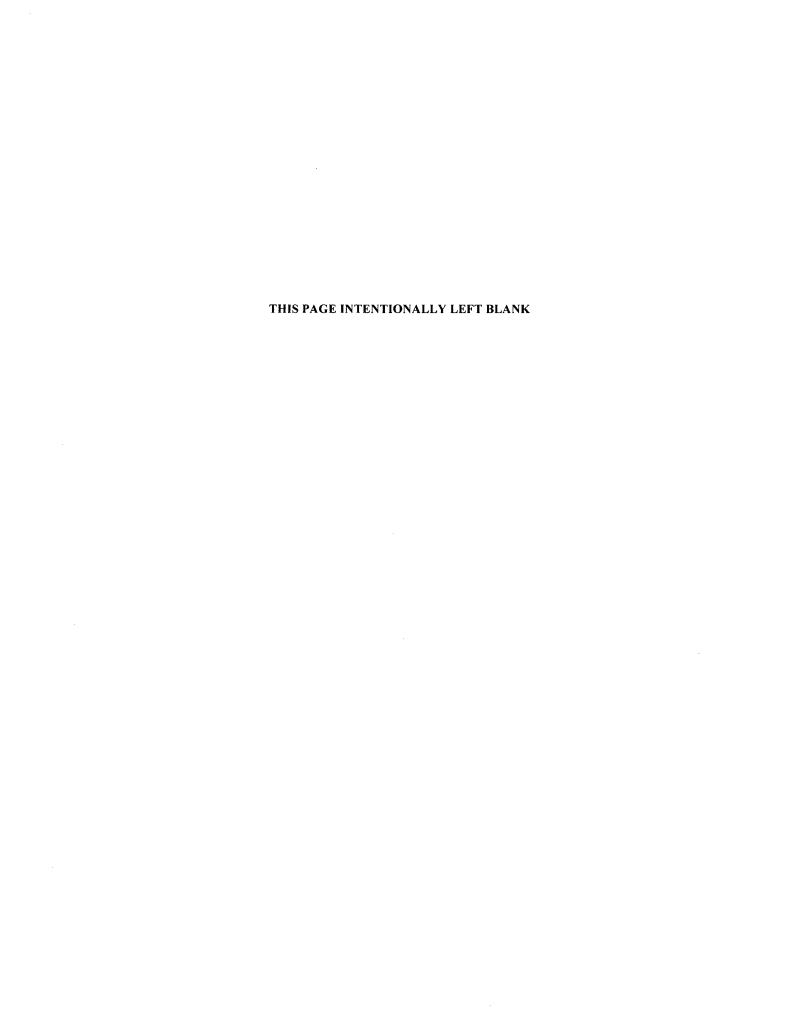
PR	OPRIETARY FUND	COMPONENT UNIT		
\$	41,235 \$	4,954,060		
	112 124	6,475,237		
	115,154	340,753		
	-	340,733		
		-		
	_	(769,955)		
	3.425	125,976		
	5,425	(63,415)		
	-	(38,920)		
	-	(36,920)		
	(20.221)	1,644,039		
		1,044,039		
	` ' '	115,028		
	(, ,	113,028		
_	(13,773)	-		
\$	108,263 \$	12,782,803		
\$	- \$	-		
\$	- \$	-		
	\$ \$ = \$	\$ 41,235 \$ 113,134 3,425 - (29,221) (3,692) (2,843) (13,775) \$ 108,263 \$		

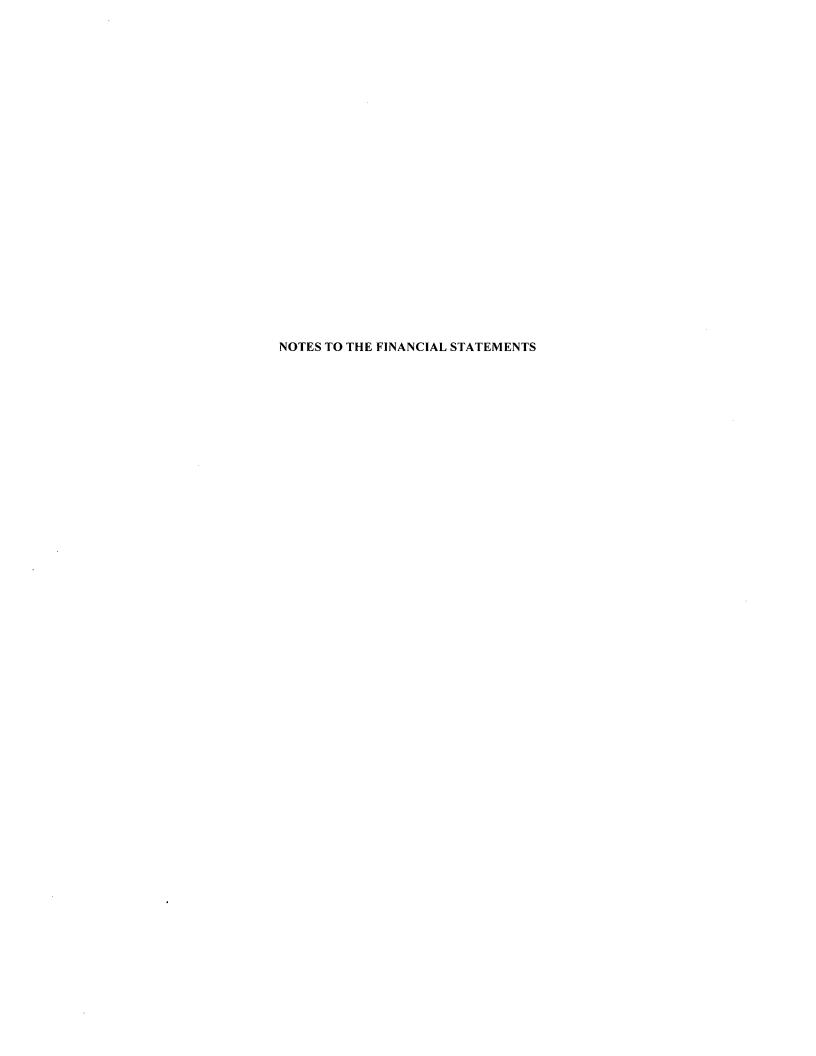
MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2013

]	PRIVATE PURPOSE UST FUNDS	AGENCY FUNDS	
ASSETS				
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	810,880 \$	451,671	
Taxes receivable		-	437,660	
Receivables from other agencies			124,752	
TOTAL ASSETS	_	810,880	1,014,083	
LIABILITIES				
Warrants payable		250,993	319,174	
Payable to the State of Idaho		-	661	
Payable to taxing districts			694,248	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	250,993	1,014,083	
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	559,887 \$	-	

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2013

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS					
ADDITIONS						
Taxes	\$	160,911				
Licenses and permits		2,693,494				
Intergovernmental revenues		38,180				
Charges for services		-				
Fines and forfeitures		1,318,838				
Investment interest		-				
Misc and contributions		1,710				
Transfers from other funds		<u>-</u>				
Total additions		4,213,133				
DEDUCTIONS						
Trust operating expenses		4,216,885				
Transfers to other funds		-				
Total deductions	_	4,216,885				
Change in net position		(3,752)				
Net position - October 1, 2012	_	563,639				
Net position - September 30, 2013	\$ _	559,887				





MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO INDEX TO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

NOTES INDEX

- 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
 - A. General
 - B. Reporting Entity
 - C. Discretely Presented Component Unit
 - D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements
 - E. Fund Accounting
 - F. Basis of Accounting
 - G. Property Taxes
 - H. Budgets
 - I. Cash and Investments
 - J. Receivables/Payables
 - K. Capital Assets
 - L. Compensated Absences
 - M. Long-Term Obligations
 - N. Prepayments and Deferrals
 - O. Capitalization of Interest
 - P. Fund Equity
 - Q. Risk Management
 - R. Estimates
- 2. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments
- 3. Property Taxes
- 4. Bonds Payable
- 5. General Long-Term Obligations
- 6. Interfund Receivables and Payables/Interfund Transfers
- 7. Retirement Plans
- 8. Contingencies
- 9. Capital Assets
- 10. Warrants Payable
- 11. Nonspendable and Spendable Fund Balances and Net Position
- 12. Deferred Compensation Plan
- 13. Closure and Postclosure Care Costs
- 14. Deficits Fund Balances
- 15. Budget to Actual Comparison

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO INDEX TO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

- 16. Contingent Liabilities
- 17. Joint Ventures
- 18. Accounts Receivable
- 19. Concentration of Credit Risk
- 20. Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses
- 21. Long-Term Receivables
- 22. Component Unit: Net Patient Service Revenue
- 23. Joint Venture/Jointly Governed Organization
- 24. Subsequent Events

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. GENERAL

The financial statements listed in the table of contents have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

In June 1999, the GASB issued and approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. These statements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments, public colleges, and universities throughout the United States. They require new information and restructure much of the information that governments have presented in the past. Certain significant changes in the statement include the following:

- A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section provides an analysis of the County's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Financial statements prepared using the full accrual accounting method for all County activities, including infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.).

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial position.

B. REPORTING ENTITY

Madison County (the County) is governed by a three member Board of County Commissioners (the Board) elected by the voters of Madison County. The Board serves as the taxing authority, the contracting body, and the chief administrators of public services for the County. Other elected officials are the Clerk, Treasurer, Assessor, Sheriff, Prosecutor, Coroner, 1 District Judge, and 1 Magistrate Judge.

The elected officials and their departments comprise the primary government unit for Madison County. As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of Madison County (the primary government) and Madison County Memorial Hospital, a component unit. Madison County Memorial Hospital is included as a discretely presented component unit in the reporting entity because of the significance of its financial relationship with the County, as discussed below in the component unit section.

C. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the basic financial statements of Madison Memorial Hospital have been included in the financial reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit, emphasizing their nature as a legally separate entity from the County. It is presented as separate columns within the basic financial statements on the combined financial statements.

The members of the governing board of Madison Memorial Hospital (the Hospital) are approved by the County Commissioners. The County is responsible for general obligation bonds if issued by the Hospital.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Complete financial statements of the individual component unit can be obtained directly from its administrative office located at:

Madison Memorial Hospital 450 East Main Rexburg, Idaho 83440

D. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Primary government activities are distinguished between governmental and business-type activities. Government activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets: invested in capital assets, net of debt; restricted net assets; or unrestricted net assets. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt. Restricted net position result when constraints placed on net position use are imposed by third parties, through constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Expense allocation decisions are made on a program-by-program basis when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Restricted net position balance will fluctuate as related accounting transactions occur. Unrestricted net position consist of net position that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position may have constraints or designations placed upon them by management, but they can be unilaterally removed.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of governmental functions, business-type activities, and component units are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific governmental function, business-type activity, or component unit. Revenues are broken out by program and general designations. Program revenues display the extent to which programs are self-funded. Program revenues include 1) charges to (customers or applicants) who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, activity, or component unit, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

E. FUND ACCOUNTING

The County uses funds to report on its financial position and results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate 'fund types.'

Separate fund financial statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide statements. The emphasis in the fund statements is on major funds. Major governmental and business-type funds are reported as separate columns in the fund statement. The remaining governmental and business-type funds are considered to be nonmajor funds and are consolidated in a nonmajor funds column (on the combined fund statements). The nonmajor funds are displayed individually in combining schedules.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for services that include general government, public safety and corrections, and liability and health insurance. The General Fund includes all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Road & Bridge Fund is the fund that accounts for the County's maintenance of the roads and bridges in Madison County. Road & Bridge includes only the financial resources used for road and bridge maintenance.

The Ambulance Fund is the fund that accounts for the County's ambulance services. Ambulance only includes the financial resources used for ambulance services in the County.

The Debt Service-Jail Bond Fund is the fund that accounts for the payment of the bond issue. Jail Bond only includes the financial resources used for debt service in the County.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the County's solid waste disposal and landfill.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds account for the County's general activities including current expendable financial resources (except for those accounted for in proprietary funds), and are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects or expendable trusts) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds - The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources used to acquire major capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and for the repayment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The County transfers money from other funds to pay the bonded indebtedness.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary Funds account for ongoing organizations and activities of a government, which are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon the determination of net income. Madison County has one proprietary fund type, an enterprise fund used to account for solid waste disposal activities.

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise Funds account for operations that meet one of two criteria: 1) the activity runs in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Moreover, the intent of the governing body is that the ongoing operating costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or 2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary Funds account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position.

Trust and Agency Funds - Expendable Trust Funds account for funds held in a trustee capacity. The accounting is essentially the same manner used for governmental funds. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature (assets = liabilities) thus do not involve measurement of the results of operations.

F. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The County adopted GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003. The adoption of this statement is meant to present the information in a format more closely resembling that of the private sector and to provide the user with more managerial analysis regarding the financial results and the County's financial outlook.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include intergovernmental revenues (including state and federal grants) and charges for current services. Other revenues including licenses, permits, fines, forfeitures, and miscellaneous are not measurable until received; therefore, recognition occurs upon collection. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to debt service, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the revenue is recorded and the deferred revenue liability is reduced.

The proprietary fund is accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e. net total position) is segregated into contributed capital, if applicable, and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position.

The proprietary fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue recognition occurs in the accounting period in which they are both earned and become measurable. Expenditure recognition is in the period incurred, if measurable. The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses as the revenues and expenses generally resulting from provision of services in connection with the operation of waste disposal. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The agency funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). 'Measurable' means the amount of the transaction can be determined and 'available' means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

G. PROPERTY TAXES

The County levies property taxes on or before the third Monday in September and billings are sent to the taxpayers in November. The taxes are due in two installments. One-half of the real property taxes and all of the personal property taxes are due by December 20. The remainder is due by the following June 20. Real property taxes not paid constitute a lien on the property when entered on the real property assessment role as delinquent on the first day of January of the succeeding year. In accordance with applicable GAAP standards, we record the property taxes collected within the sixty days following the fiscal year closing, as revenue for the period ending September 30. The related property tax levy occurred in the prior year(s). Deferred revenues include the balance of delinquent taxes, which are those not collected within the sixty-day period.

H. BUDGETS

The fiscal year for Idaho counties begins on October 1, and runs through September 30 of the ensuing calendar year. By state law, the County is required to adopt annual budgets for all funds except trust and agency funds, and does so.

Madison County employs formal budgetary accounting as a management control. The Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) adopts the annual budget via resolution and formally integrates the budget in the accounting system. The annual budget is prepared and adopted on a cash basis. Budgets for governmental funds are prepared in accordance with the cash basis, which is not the same accounting basis used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures. The enterprise fund budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is not the same basis that we use to recognize revenues and expenses.

The level of budgetary control at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations is the department level. Management can revise the budget to meet unanticipated events, but not increase the overall budget after adoption. The one budget revision exclusion is the transfer of funds between personnel and non-personnel costs. The County may only increase the total appropriations budget through the receipt of unanticipated revenue. Budget increases can only occur after advertising the proposed change, holding a public hearing, and a subsequent resolution of the BOCC.

All appropriations, other than appropriations for incomplete capital improvements, lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Appropriation accounts remain open until the first Monday in November for the payment of claims incurred against such appropriations before the close of the fiscal year. Payment of any lawful claim presented after that day comes out of the ensuing budget.

All balances in any appropriation for incomplete capital improvements carry forward and integrate into the budget for the ensuing year.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements.

J. RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds and the General Fund for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as 'due from other funds' or 'due to other funds' on the balance sheet. See Note 6 for interfund activity schedule.

Receivables in the General Fund consist primarily of fees for services and property tax. Business-type activities are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Business type receivables occur as part of the ordinary course of business.

K. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, and equipment assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 for equipment, \$15,000 for vehicles, \$100,000 for buildings and land, \$500,000 for infrastructure, and an initial useful life of one year or greater. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Buildings and improvements and equipment assets are depreciated using the straight-line depreciation method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30
Equipment	3-15
Vehicles	3-4
Infrastructure	15-50

Infrastructure (roads and bridges) is presented for additions since September 30, 2002.

L. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Government Accounting Standards Board codification specifies that a liability should be accrued for leave benefits that meet the following conditions:

- a. The employer's obligation relative to employee rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employee services already rendered.
- b. The obligation related to rights that vest or accumulate.
- c. Payment of the obligation is probable.
- d. The amount can be reasonably estimated.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The County records a liability for accrued vacation and sick time when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The County uses the vesting method to calculate the compensated absence liability.

In proprietary funds, compensated absences are expended when earned. The entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a liability.

At September 30, 2013, total compensated absences payable by the County is \$651,245. Of this amount, \$608,927 arises from governmental activity operations, and \$42,318 is attributable to business activity operations.

M. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS.

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. Long-term liabilities to be repaid or financed by proprietary fund operations are accounted for in the proprietary fund.

N. PREPAYMENTS AND DEFERRALS

The County utilizes the nonallocation method of accounting for prepayments and deferrals. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

O. CAPITALIZATION OF INTEREST

County policy is to capitalize net interest on proprietary fund construction projects until substantial completion of the project. Capitalized interest is amortized over the estimated useful life of the asset on the same basis as the asset.

P. FUND EQUITY

Fund equity represents the difference between fund assets and fund liabilities. For governmental and fiduciary fund types the equity position is called fund balance, while for proprietary fund types that operate on a business basis it is called retained earnings. Contributed capital is also recorded in proprietary funds, which represents cash from other funds. Fund equity is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted resources are used first to fund appropriation.

The County first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Q. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to a considerable number of risks of loss, including: a) damage to and loss of property and contents; b) employee torts; c) professional liability, i.e. errors and omissions; d) environmental damage; e) workers' compensation, i.e. employee injuries; and f) medical insurance costs of employees. Commercial policies, transferring the risks of loss, except for relatively small deductible amounts, are purchased for property and content damage, employee torts, and professional liabilities. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

R. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the County to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The County in effect maintains a cash and investment pool that is available to funds as allocated. Cash deposits and cash investments by the County Treasurer (including \$5,070 petty cash) as of September 30, 2013 totaled \$9,421,546 of which \$6,772,873 represent demand and savings deposits and CD's and \$2,648,673 represented investments in government backed securities. Of the total deposits for the County, \$8,158,845 was allocated to governmental funds.

The deposits and simple investments by the County are not collateralized nor are they required to be by Idaho State statue.

The County follows the requirements of the Idaho Public Depository Law (Idaho Code Section, Title 57-100), and applicable investments rights and restrictions cited by Idaho Code Section, Title 67, 67-1210.

Deposits

At year end, the carrying amount of the County's deposits in financial institutions was \$6,772,873 and the bank balance was \$6,350,328. The amount not covered by FDIC insurance was \$5,726,883.

Investments

The fair value of the County's investments at year end was \$2,648,673. The amount not covered by SPIC or FDIC insurance was \$1,755,829.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2013, \$5,726,883 of the government's bank balance of \$6,350,328 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized of \$5,726,883 for a total of \$5,640,996.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At year end, the County had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Fair Value		< 1 year		1-5		> 5		Coat	Datina	0/
Туре	 value		\ I year		years	_	years		Cost	Rating	<u>%</u>
FHLMC	\$ 400,812	\$	-	\$	400,812	\$	-	\$	401,835	S&P AA+	15.1%
FHLB	122 164		100 741		100.056		24.467		420 125	S&P	17,007
LUTD	423,164		199,741		198,956		24,467		430,125	AA+ S&P	16.0%
FNMA	285,822		57,978		200,096		27,748		300,778	AA+	10.8%
										S&P	
FFCB	712,447		-		100,188		612,259		775,000	AA+	26.9%
T 1/1/	100 060						100000		•••	S&P	- /
Tennessee VY	138,060		-		-		138,060		209,000	AA+	5.2%
Certificates of										Not	
Deposits	 688,368		374,760		313,608		-		693,930	Rated	26.0%
Total											
Investments	\$ 2,648,673	\$	632,479		1,213,660	\$	802,534	\$:	2,810,668		100.00%

Component Unit:

The Hospital is authorized under Idaho Code to invest in cash, certificates of deposit, U.S. Government securities, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements. All investments must be held by or registered in the name of the Hospital.

Cash balances of most of the Hospital funds are invested. The Hospital maintains two primary checking accounts and other miscellaneous accounts with local banks where a minimum balance is maintained. These accounts invest in time certificates of deposit, local government tax anticipation notes, federal loans, U.S. treasury notes and other U.S. governmental securities. Information regarding insurance or collateralization of amounts invested in the pooled accounts is not available. All funds are invested in investments that meet the requirements of state law.

The Hospital's cash accounts are insured through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 per depository.

The Hospital adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* for the year ended September 30, 2013. This statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment and deposit risk; accordingly, the note disclosures on cash and investments are in conformity with provisions of GASB Statement No. 40.

Deposits-At September 30, 2013 the carrying amounts of the Hospital's deposits were \$11,018,727 and the bank balances totaled \$11,648,988.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk, Deposits-Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Hospital's deposits may not be returned. As of September 30, 2013, \$8,187,740 of the total deposits of \$11,648,988 were not covered by federal depository insurance, and thus were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments-As of June 30, 2012 the Hospital had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Fair		1-5	ϵ	5-10	>10
Type	Value	 < 1 year	years	у	ears	years
Corporate Bonds	\$ 2,714,773	\$ 635,496	\$ 2,079,277	\$	-	\$ _
Municipal Bonds	798,195	542,312	255,883		-	_
US Treasuries	3,836,479	3,836,479	-		-	_
US Agencies	6,082,800	4,504,305	1,563,677		-	14,818
State Pool	287,242	287,242			-	, <u>-</u>
	-		-			
Total Invest.	\$13,719,489	\$ 9,805,834	\$ 3,898,837	\$		\$ 14,818

3. PROPERTY TAXES

In accordance with Idaho State Law, ad valorem property tax is levied in dollars in September for each calendar year. Taxes are recorded by the County using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Levies are made on the second Monday of September. All of the personal property tax and one-half of the real property tax are due on or before December 20. The remaining one-half of the real property tax is due on or before June 20 of the following year. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year. Notice of foreclosure is filed with the County clerk on property three years from the date of delinquency. The property tax revenue is budgeted for the ensuing fiscal year.

4. BONDS PAYABLE

In June of 2003, the County issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$3,355,000 to refinance the General Obligation Bonds dated September 12, 1995 for the jail construction and renovation. Principal and interest on the bonds are payable February 1 and August 1 (interest payable February 1 and August 1 of each year is computed at various rates from 2.0% to 3.3%).

In a prior year, the County defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased debt is not included in these financial statements. Outstanding at September 30, 2013 is the General Obligation Bonds, 1995 series in the amount of \$820,000, which is considered defeased.

4. BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

Principal is due August 1, of each year in the following amounts over the remaining life of the bonds.

Year Ended	200	3 Refunding			Tota	al Principal
September 30,		Bonds I		nterest	an	d Interest
2014	\$	425,000	\$	17,843	\$	442,843
2015		135,000		4,455		139,455
2016		-		-		-
2017		-		-		-
2018		-		-		-
2019				-		
Total	\$	560,000	\$	22,298	\$	582,298

5. GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term Obligation Activity:

General long-term obligations of the County include capital leases and other debt, including leases and contracts payable. During the year ending September 30, 2013, the following changes occurred in general long-term debt:

								A	mounts
	Balance]	Balance	dı	ue within
	9/30/2012	A	dditions	Ι	Deletions	9.	/30/2013	C	ne year
Governmental activities									
Bonds payable	\$ 970,000	\$	-	\$	410,000	\$	560,000	\$	425,000
Compensated absences	563,141		45,786		_		608,927		468,874
Capital leases	428,109		756,660		459,979		724,790		56,447
Leases	-		-		-		-		-
Contracts payable						_			<u>-</u>
Total governmental act.	\$ 1,961,250	\$	802,446	\$	869,979	\$	1,893,717	\$	950,321
Business activities									
Compensated absences	\$ 46,010	\$	-	\$	3,692	\$	42,318	\$	32,585
Capital leases							<u>-</u>		
Total business act.	\$ 46,010	\$	-	\$	3,692	\$	42,318	_\$_	32,585

5. GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Capital Leases:

Capital equipment leases are arranged through lease financing agreements with Wells Fargo, Zions Bank, Summit National Bank, US Bank, Citizens Community Bank, Citicapital Commercial Corporation, and Caterpillar Financial Services. The arrangements provide for an initial down payment with annual payments varying from three to five years and interest ranging from 3.60% to 6.95%. There was one capital lease addition for equipment during the year ended September 30, 2013. All new additions to property, plant, and equipment are financed through current revenues.

Two trailers were acquired with lease purchase agreements through Zions Bank. Interest is fixed at 4.37% for the term of the lease, which runs through 2014.

The schedule below is an analysis of assets under capital leases as of September 30, 2013:

	 overnmental Activities	Busine Activ	- 1	Capital Assets Under Capital Leases		
Building and Improvements Machinery, equipment, and other	\$ 1,016,935	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,01	6,935	
Total assets under capital leases	\$ 1,016,935	\$		\$ 1,01	6,935	

Obligations of governmental activities under capital leases and contracts as of September 30, 2013, are as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$ 56,447	\$ 23,572	\$ 80,019
2015	58,250	21,769	80,019
2016	610,093	19,906	629,999
2017	-	-	-
2018			
Total	\$ 724,790	\$ 65,247	\$ 790,037

5. GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Debt service for governmental fund types is budgeted and expended from the fund to which the debt belongs. The majority of long-term debt belongs to the general fund, and is paid from that fund when due.

Component Unit:

The financial information in this report for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013, includes discretely presented financial information from the component unit, Madison Memorial Hospital. The long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2013, for the Hospital is \$50,270,000. The capital lease obligations, net of current maturities, is \$49,170,000 at September 30, 2013.

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES/ INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The County did not have any interfund balances at September 30, 2013.

Transfers were made to transfer money to the various funds.

The following transfers were made:

	T ₁	ansfer In	Tra	ansfer Out
Road & Bridge	\$	-	\$	691,866
Fiduciary Funds-Agency Funds		691,866		-
Nonmajor Special Revenue		-		1,065
Ambulance		1,065		
Total	\$	692,931	_\$_	692,931

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statue or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

7. RETIREMENT PLANS

The Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho — The PERSI Base Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer public retirement system, was created by the Idaho State Legislature. It is a defined benefit plan requiring that both the member and the employer contribute. The plan provides benefits based on members' years of service, age, and compensation. In addition, benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is established in Idaho Code. Designed as a mandatory system of eligible state and school district employees, the legislation provided for other political subdivisions to participate by contractual agreement with PERSI. After five years of credited service, members become fully vested in retirement benefits earned to date. Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. For each month of credited service, the annual service retirement allowance is 2.0% (2.3% police/firefighter) of the average monthly salary of the highest consecutive 42 months.

PERSI issues publicly available stand alone financial reports that include audited financial statements and required supplementary information. These reports may be obtained from PERSI's website www.persi.ida.gov.

The contribution requirements of Madison County and its employees are established and may be amended by the PERSI Board of Trustees. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the required contribution rate as a percentage of covered payroll for members was 6.79% for general members and 8.21% for police/firefighters. The employer rate as a percentage of covered payroll was 11.32% for general members and 11.66% for police/firefighter members. Madison County's contributions required and paid were \$737,463, \$649,203, and \$651,478 for the three years ended September 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 respectively.

Component Unit:

The Hospital has a defined-contribution retirement plan covering all eligible employees. It is called the Madison Memorial Hospital Money Purchase Pension Plan administered by Linsco Private Ledger. Employees are eligible when they have rendered 1,000 hours of service and are of age 21. Employees are not allowed to make deferral contributions to the plan.

The Hospital contributes an amount equal to 6% of the participating employee's pre-tax contribution. Contributions by the Hospital to the plan totaled \$822,968 for the year ended September 30, 2013.

8. CONTINGENCIES

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the County. These claims and lawsuits are presently handled by the County's insurance company and the probability of potential loss in excess of insurance coverage is remote.

Component Unit:

The Hospital is currently a defendant in several civil lawsuits and tort claims, the outcomes of which are not known. The Hospital denies liability and is defending against the allegations. The Hospital is unable to determine the amounts at risk in these claims.

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2013 was as follows:

Governmental Activities		Balance 10/01/12		Additions	ľ	Deletions	Balance 9/30/13
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings and improvements	\$	8,936,287	\$	204,500	\$	-	\$ 9,140,787
Machinery and equipment		7,919,188		1,731,412		(172,500)	9,478,100
Infrastructure		651,616	_				651,616
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_	17,507,091		1,935,912		(172,500)	19,270,503
Less accumulated depreciation for							
Buildings and improvements		(5,277,755)		(260,551)		_	(5,538,306)
Machinery and equipment		(5,761,221)		(606,588)		154,731	(6,213,078)
Infrastructure		(13,609)		(14,236)		<u>-</u>	(27,845)
Total accumulated depreciation		(11,052,585)		(881,375)		154,731	(11,779,229)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		6,454,506		1,054,537		(17,769)	7,491,274
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in progress		483,235		- -		<u>-</u>	483,235
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		483,235					483,235
Government activity capital assets, net	_\$_	6,937,741	\$	1,054,537	\$	(17,769)	\$ 7,974,509

9. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type Activities (Solid Waste)	Balance 10/01/12	 additions	Del	letions	Balance 9/30/13	
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 710,919 1,164,208	\$ 318,000 27,675	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,028,919 1,191,883	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,875,127	345,675			2,220,802	
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	 (454,942) (636,427)	(26,274) (86,860)		<u>-</u>	(481,216) (723,287)	
Total accumulated depreciation	 (1,091,369)	(113,134)			(1,204,503)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	783,758	232,541		-	1,016,299	
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land	 107,973	 <u>-</u> _			107,973	
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 891,731	\$ 232,541	\$		\$ 1,124,272	

Depreciation expense was charged to current function of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 55,255
Health and Welfare	-
Public Safety	484,859
Public Works	293,876
Recreation	47,385
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 881,375
Business-type Activities	
Solid Waste	\$ 113,134
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 113,134

The County commissioned Valuations Northwest, an independent appraisal service, to compile a detailed record of the fixed assets for the County. The appraisal report established a detailed record as of June 24, 2002. The amount carried in the capital assets includes assets listed in the appraisal report including equipment, buildings, and transportation equipment, plus assets acquired after the date of the report. The infrastructure (i.e. roads and bridges) has been added if acquired after September 30, 2002. The County has not included infrastructure acquired prior to that date.

10. WARRANTS PAYABLE

The County pays its claims by issuing a warrant ordering the County treasurer to pay for the warrant upon presentation. Warrants issued but not yet presented for payment are reported as warrants payable.

11. NONSPENDABLE AND SPENDABLE FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

Fund Balance and net position are divided into multiple designations.

Fund balance is separated into nonspendable and spendable fund balance. Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (1) not in spendable form; or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Spendable amounts are classified into restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The following is a list of nonspendable and spendable fund balance designations for Madison County.

Assigned for Debt Service. The fund balance is assigned by approval of the County Commissioners to the servicing of debt and will be spent for future debt services expenditures.

Assigned for Other Purposes. The fund balance is assigned by approval of the County Commissioners to various other purposes and will be spent for the various other purposes expenditures.

Unassigned. This fund balance is not assigned to any specific purpose. Madison County will use the unassigned fund balance for expenditures in the subsequent fiscal year.

Unrestricted net position- No restriction. This is used for the proprietary fund.

Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt - This is used by the proprietary fund.

12. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The County funds all amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, at the direction of the covered employee, through investments in fixed annuity contracts administered by PEBSCO Deferred Compensation Plan Administrator.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the County (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject only to the claims of the County's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the County in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

The County has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The County believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

13. CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federallaws and regulations require that Madison County, Idaho place a final cover on its Non-Municipal Solid Waste Site (NMSWS) when closed. The NMSWS is classified as a C and D site which only accepts certain types of refuse like trees, shrubs, wood, and concrete but no household refuse. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the NMSWS, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the NMSWS no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these NMSWS closure and post closure care costs is based on the amount of NMSWS used during the year. The estimated liability for NMSWS closure and post closure care costs has a balance of \$54,865 as of September 30, 2013, which is based on 15% usage (filled) of the NMSWS. It is estimated that an additional \$310,904 will be recognized as closure and post closure care expenses between the date of the balance sheet and the date the NMSWS is expected to be filled to capacity (2034). The estimated total current cost of the NMSWS closure and post closure care (\$365,769) is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the NMSWS were acquired as of September 30, 2013. However, the actual cost of closure and post closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

14. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The County had no deficit fund balances at September 30, 2013.

15. BUDGET TO ACTUAL COMPARISON

The budgets are prepared prior to the end of the year. Available cash is estimated and included in the budget. The budgets are prepared on a cash basis. The following schedule shows the reconciliation between budget basis and modified accrual basis:

	,	General		Road & Bridge	Aı	mbulance	Jail Bond	
Budget basis revenues over expenditures after other financing sources (uses)	\$	(2.206)	•	2.962	•	(2.422)	Φ.	(252
• , ,	Ф	(3,206)	\$	3,863	\$	(2,473)	\$	6,372
Revenue accruals		213,262		687,964		(26,314)		274
Expenditure accruals		(25,466)		(757,294)				-
Revenue over (under) expenditures, modified		·						
accrual basis		184,590	\$	(65,467)	\$	(28,787)	\$	6,646

16. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. The audits of these programs have been completed in compliance with single audit requirements. The County appears to be meeting the grant requirements. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in several lawsuits. Although the outcome of the lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the County.

17. JOINT VENTURES

The County has entered into a joint venture, with Fremont, Teton, Clark, and Jefferson Counties, to construct and maintain a Five County Juvenile Detention Center. The construction of the Juvenile Detention Center was completed in 2003. The joint venture's new facility cost \$3,933,020 and has a debt for which the counties are jointly liable. The previous building is located in Madison County and has been converted to a women's facility. Madison County is reimbursing the other counties for their interest in the building by allowing them to pay a reduced fee for housing inmates in this facility beginning in the 2004 fiscal year.

Fremont County is currently the trustee for all funds although Madison County was previously. The Detention Center is included in Fremont County's audit.

The operation of the Five County Juvenile Detention Center is funded by the five counties based on a predetermined percent.

Madison County's share of operation expenses in 2013 was \$436,055. The expense was paid out of the District Court special revenue fund. Total expenses for the Detention Center were \$2,411,592 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013.

In addition to the Five County Juvenile Detention Center, the County has entered into a joint venture with the City of Rexburg and the Fire District to construct and maintain an ambulance building. Construction was completed March 1999. The operation of the Ambulance building will be funded by the Fire District, City of Rexburg, and Madison County. The operational funds will be accounted for by the City of Rexburg. A quarterly reconciliation was completed for all expenses associated with the ambulance and fire station, and each entity will be responsible for their share of the total expenses. From October 2012 to September 2013 Madison County's share consisted of all expenses attributed to the ambulance which totaled \$1,038,000.

17. JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

The Archer Fire Station was completed in 2002 by Madison County using County and grant funds. It is owned by the County and managed by the Madison Fire District, a separate entity.

18. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The County has no allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Component Unit:

Receivables at September 30, 2013, include the following:

Patients and third party payers \$ 14,072,604

Less allowance for doubtful accounts (6,952,317)

Total \$ 7,120,287

19. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Component Unit:

The Hospital is engaged in providing medical services to individuals throughout the Upper Snake River Valley. Fluctuations in the economy in the area can affect the profit of the Hospital. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Hospital to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable, which are carefully monitored to reduce such risk.

20. NONOPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Component Unit:

Nonoperating revenues and expenses for the year ended September 30, 2013, is as follows:

Interest income and finance charges	\$ 370,610
Contributions and grants	1,798,303
Other income	72,892
Joint Venture Loss	(340,753)
Interest expense	 (2,656,040)

Total nonoperating revenues and expenses \$ (754,988)

21. LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES

Component Unit:

The long-term receivables are from individuals. They are due within three years of the origination of the note with provisions of penalty for nonrepayment.

Long-term receivables	\$ 313,037
Less current portion	(173,646)
Long-term receivables net of current portion	\$ 139,391

22. COMPONENT UNIT: NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE

A summary of gross and net patient service revenue for the year ended September 30, 2013 is as follows:

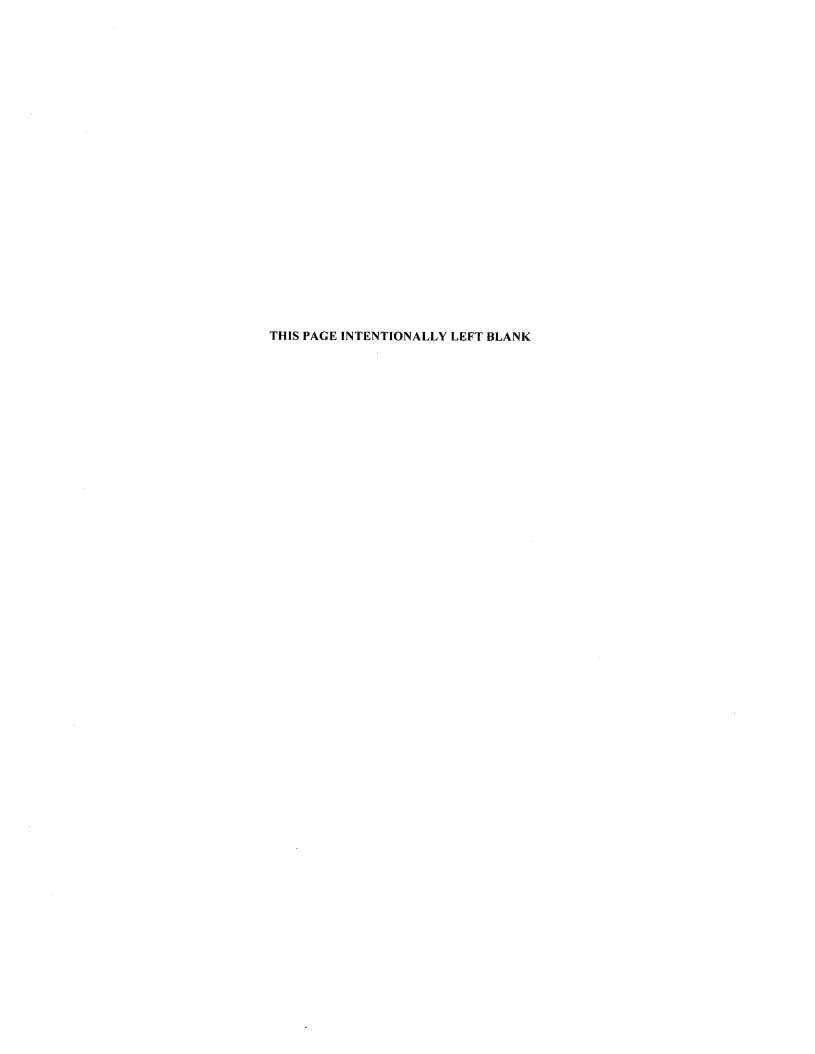
Gross patient service revenue	\$ 88,594,756
Deductions from revenue	
Medicare contractual adjustment	12,507,842
Medicaid contractual adjustment	4,733,978
Other deductions	 10,447,435
	 27,689,255
Net patient service revenue	\$ 60,905,501

23. JOINT VENTURE/JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Madison County, along with three other counties, created the Eastern Idaho Regional Solid Waste District, a separate government entity. One commissioner from each county serves on the board. Clark County is where the project will be located and has spent \$178,862 as funding for the District's start-up costs. The District will repay the County through grants they receive and a revenue bond. None of the counties will be responsible for any debt or financial claims against the District.

24. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been considered through the date of this report. There are no known subsequent events that will have a material impact on the operation of the County.



		•
DECLUDED CURPLEMENT		
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTA	ARY INFORMATION	,

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES) - CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

For the year ended September 50, 2015					ACTUAL	ı	ARIANCE WITH
					AMOUNTS		FINAL BUDGET-
		ED A	MOUNTS		BUDGETARY		POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		BASIS		(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	2 ((0 242	Φ.	2 ((0 242	Ф	2.714.410	Ф	45.045
Taxes Licenses and permits	3,669,343	\$	3,669,343	\$	3,714,410	\$	45,067
Intergovernmental revenues	3,731,680		3,731,680		1,353,753 1,706,841		1,353,753 (2,024,839)
Charges for services	3,731,060		3,731,000		18,182		18,182
Fines and forfeitures	_		_		143,446		143,446
Investment interest	_		-		27,456		27,456
Misc. and contributions	_		_		330		330
	7,401,023		7,401,023		6,964,418		
	7,401,023		7,401,023		0,904,418		(436,605)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	3,395,892		3,395,892		2,984,547		411,345
Public safety	3,432,656		3,432,656		3,373,735		58,921
Public health	20,578		20,578		15,484		5,094
Street and public improvement	465,755		465,755		415,400		50,355
Parks, recreation, public property Conservation/Economic development	75,249		- 75,249		73,960		1 290
Debt Service:	73,249		13,249		73,900		1,289
Principal	_		_		_		_
Interest and other charges	_		_		_		
Capital outlay	106,000		106,000		104,498		1,502
	7,496,130		7,496,130		6,967,624		528,506
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(95,107))	(95,107)		(3,206)	\$	91,901
Estimated beginning cash balance	95,107		95,107				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and cash balance over expenditures	·	\$	·		(3,206)		
OTHER EINANCING COURGES (HEES)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in							
Transfers out					-		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN REVE	NUE ACCRUALS				213,262		
NET (INCREASE) DECREASE IN EXPEN	NDITURE ACCRU	JALS	6		(25,466)		
Net change in fund balances					184,590		
Fund Balances, October 1, 2012					1,496,243		
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013				\$	1,680,833		

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES) - CASH BASIS ROAD AND BRIDGE

		BUDGETED) A	MOUNTS		ACTUAL AMOUNTS BUDGETARY	ł	ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE
		ORIGINAL		FINAL	•	BASIS		(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES			_		•		-	
Taxes	\$	2,235,728 \$	5	2,235,728	\$	2,258,059	\$	22,331
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues		1,018,545		1,018,545		905 229		(122.217)
Charges for services		1,016,545		1,018,343		895,328		(123,217)
Fines and forfeitures		_		- -		-		-
Investment interest		-		-		-		-
Misc. and contributions		<u> </u>	_	-				
		3,254,273		3,254,273		3,153,387	_	(100,886)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		₹		-		-
Public safety Public health		-		-		-		-
Street and public improvement		2 194 271		2 104 271		2 112 719		71.552
Parks, recreation, public property		3,184,271		3,184,271		3,112,718		71,553
Conservation/Economic development		<u>-</u>		-		-		
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest and other charges		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		76,800	-	76,800		101,600	-	(24,800)
		3,261,071	_	3,261,071		3,214,318		46,753
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(6,798)		(6,798)		(60,931)	\$	(54,133)
Estimated beginning cash balance	,	6,798	_	6,798				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and cash balance over expenditures	\$		S =			(60,931)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)							
Proceeds from capital leases Transfers in						756,660		
Transfers out						(691,866)		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN REV	/ENU	JE ACCRUALS				687,964		
NET (INCREASE) DECREASE IN EX	PENI	DITURE ACCR	UA	LS		(757,294)	_	
Net change in fund balances						(65,467)		
Fund Balances, October 1, 2012						2,073,860	_	
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013					\$	2,008,393	_,	

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES) - CASH BASIS AMBULANCE

For the year ended September 30, 2013		DUDGETE			MOUNTS		ACTUAL AMOUNTS	F	ARIANCE WITH INAL BUDGET-
	-	BUDGETE ORIGINAL	שפ	A	FINAL		BUDGETARY BASIS		POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	-	0111011111	•	-	11.112	•		•	(zerriyz)
Taxes	\$	562,004	9	\$	562,004	\$	567,600	\$	5,596
Licenses and permits		-			-		-		21.120
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services		415,072			415,072		31,128 693,948		31,128 278,876
Fines and forfeitures		413,072			413,072		093,946		2/8,8/0
Investment interest		_			_		_		_
Misc. and contributions	_	-	_	_	-		15		15
	_	977,076	•		977,076		1,292,691		315,615
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-			-		-		-
Public safety		-			-		-		-
Public health		1,095,000			1,095,000		1,089,545		5,455
Street and public improvement Parks, recreation, public property		-			-		-		-
Conservation/Economic development		-			-		-		_
Debt Service:									
Principal		-			-		-		-
Interest and other charges		-			<u>-</u>		-		-
Capital outlay		210,000		-	210,000		204,554	•	5,446
	-	1,305,000		_	1,305,000		1,294,099		10,901
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(327,924)			(327,924)		(1,408)	\$	326,516
Estimated beginning cash balance	_	327,924		_	327,924	•		•	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and cash balance over expenditures	\$ _	<u>-</u>	. 9	\$ =	_	:	(1,408)		·
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES))								
Transfers in							-		
Transfers out							(1,065)		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN REVI	ENU	JE ACCRUAL	S				(26,314)		
NET (INCREASE) DECREASE IN EXP	ENI	DITURE ACC	R	UA	LS				
Net change in fund balances							(28,787)		
Fund Balances, October 1, 2012							555,521	•	
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013						\$	526,734	•	

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)-CASH BASIS DEBT SERVICE-JAIL BOND

rot the year ended september 30, 2013		DUDGETU		MOXINITE		AMOUNTS	F	ARIANCE WITH INAL BUDGET-
		BUDGETE ORIGINAL	LD A	MOUNTS FINAL	•	BUDGETARY BASIS	(POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES		ORIGINAL	-	FINAL	•	DASIS	•	(NEGATIVE)
Taxes	\$	425,252	\$	425,252	\$	429,640	\$	4,388
Licenses and permits		· -		, -				-
Intergovernmental revenues		17,891		17,891		17,875		(16)
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Investment interest		-		-		-		-
Misc. and contributions		-	_					
		443,143	_	443,143		447,515		4,372
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public health		-		-		-		-
Street and public improvement Parks, recreation, public property		-		-		-		-
Conservation/Economic development		-		-		-		-
Debt Service:				_		_		-
Principal		443,143		443,143		410,000		33,143
Interest and other charges		-		-		31,143		(31,143)
Capital outlay		-						
		443,143		443,143		441,143		2,000
	•		_		•			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-		6,372	\$	6,372
Estimated beginning cash balance		<u>-</u>	_					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and cash balance over expenditures	\$	-	¢	_		6,372		
oden odlance, over expenditures	Ψ:		" =			0,372		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from capital leases Transfers in						-		
						-		
Transfers out						-		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN REVE	INL	E ACCRUAL	LS			274		
NET (INCREASE) DECREASE IN EXPI	ENI	DITURE ACC	RUA	LS				
Net change in fund balances						6,646		
Fund Balances, October 1, 2012						693,078		
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013					\$	699,724		

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

- 1. The legally adopted budget for Madison County State of Idaho is based on the cash basis of accounting.
- 2. The difference between the cash basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis of accounting is reconciled at the bottom of each individual Budget to Actual (With Variances) statement.



MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2013

4.00P/mg		DISTRICT COURT		FAIR GROUNDS & BUILDING	S .	HEALTH DISTRICT	INDIGENT AND CHARITY
ASSETS	Φ.	12.075	Ф	24.045	Φ.	2= 001 0	
Cash - County Treasurer Taxes receivable	\$	13,075	\$	26,067	\$	37,086 \$	
Accounts receivable		20,139		4,651		5,590	17,819
Receivables from other agencies		44,271		606		770	2 260
Receivables from other agencies		44,271		000		770	3,360
	\$	77,485	\$	31,324	\$	43,446 \$	1,133,499
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Warrants payable Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued expenses Deferred revenue	\$ -	8,703 1,069 - 14,347 18,197 42,316	\$	4,137 - - 2,037 4,802 10,976	\$	- \$ - - - 5,048	41,808 - - 1,214 16,190 59,212
FUND BALANCES							
Reserved fund balances designated for specific purposes		-		-		_	_
Unreserved fund balances		35,169		20,348		38,398	1,074,287
	_	35,169		20,348		38,398	1,074,287
	\$	77,485	\$	31,324	\$	43,446 \$	1,133,499

PARKS AND RECREATION	<u> </u>	RE- VALUATION		TORT		WEEDS		FEDERAL & STATE GRANTS		MENTAL HEALTH ENHANCE
\$ 120,130 3,888	\$	149,268 19,134	\$	104,190 \$ 6,288	\$	104,049 4,899	\$	592,528	\$	8,050
464	•	864		1,110	_	540		5,530		<u>-</u>
\$ 124,482	\$	169,266	\$ _	111,588	§ =	109,488	\$ =	598,058	\$ =	8,050
\$ 5,650	\$	56,028	\$	- \$	\$	15,214	\$	31,513	\$	-
1,607 3,523	•	7,387 17,211	_	5,663		5,057 4,456		12,634 -		- - -
10,780	-	80,626		5,663	_	24,727		44,147		-
113,702		- 88,640		105,925		- 84,761		- 553,911	_	- 8,050
113,702	-	88,640		105,925		84,761		553,911		8,050
\$ 124,482	\$	169,266	\$	111,588	\$	109,488	\$	598,058	\$	8,050

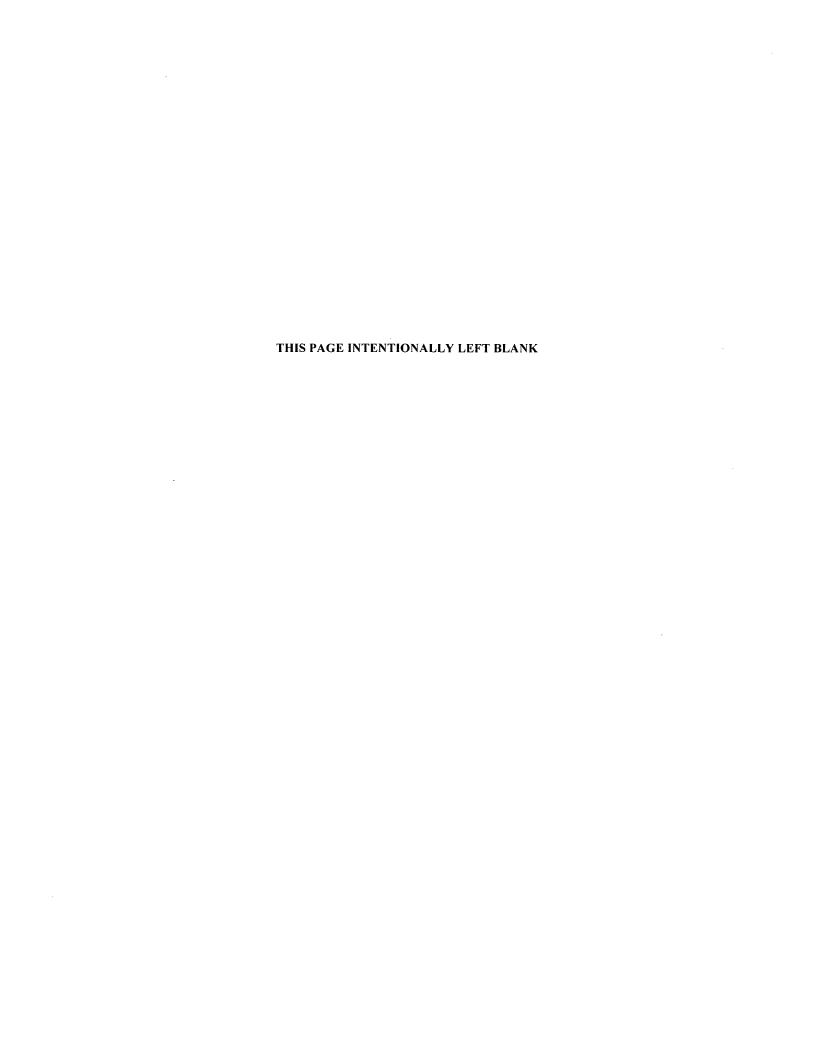
MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2013

		MOSQUITO ABATEMENT	911 EMERGENCY	MAJOR CRIME TASK FORCE	7TH JUDICAL DRUG COURT
ASSETS .					
Cash - County Treasurer Taxes receivable	\$	611,180 S 17,063	96,287	\$ - \$	463,578
Accounts receivable Receivables from other agencies		6,950	-	<u>-</u>	- -
	\$	635,193	96,287	\$\$	463,578
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	3				
LIABILITIES					
Warrants payable Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	78,159 S	24,325	\$ - \$ -	38,128
Accrued expenses Deferred revenue		3,403 15,404	4,282	- -	39,294
		96,966	28,607		77,422
FUND BALANCES					
Reserved fund balances designated for specific purposes		<u>-</u>	_	-	-
Unreserved fund balances		538,227	67,680		386,156
		538,227	67,680		386,156
	\$	635,193	96,287	\$\$	463,578

SNOWMOBILE	£ _	CLERK		INTERLOCK/ MONITORING		SHERIFF'S REVOLVING		WATERWAYS	_	SHERIFF GRANTS
\$ 85,157	\$	130,860	\$	3,751 \$	5	123,995	\$	16,928	\$	123,063
-		- -		- -		-		- -		-
\$ 85,157	- - - -	130,860	 _\$ <u>.</u>	3,751	Б :	123,995	\$	16,928	- - -	123,063
							_			
\$ 213	\$	126	\$	- §	Б	22	\$	125 \$	\$	68
- -		- - -		- -		- - -		- -		- - -
213		126		_		22		125		68
84,944		130,734		3,751		123,973		16,803	_	122,995
84,944		130,734		3,751		123,973		16,803	_	122,995
\$ 85,157	\$_	130,860	\$	3,751 \$	S	123,995	\$	16,928	§ _	123,063

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2013

		SHERIFF'S CONCEALEI WEAPONS)	TOTAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE	
ASSETS Cash - County Treasurer Taxes receivable Accounts receivable	\$	10,351		3,931,913 99,471	
Receivables from other agencies			_	64,465	
	\$	10,351	\$	4,095,849	
	Ĭ,		-		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	1				
LIABILITIES					
Warrants payable Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	304,219 1,069	
Due to other funds		-		-	
Accrued expenses Deferred revenue		<u>-</u>	-	91,262 90,494	
			-	487,044	
FUND BALANCES					
Reserved fund balances designated					
for specific purposes Unreserved fund balances		10,351	_	3,608,805	
		10,351	_	3,608,805	
	\$	10,351	\$	4,095,849	



MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

	DISTRICT COURT	FAIR GROUNDS & BUILDINGS	HEALTH DISTRICT	INDIGENT AND CHARITY
REVENUES				
Taxes	569,959	\$ 139,488 \$	156,509 \$	572,821
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	254,811	2,422	3,080	8,507
Fines and forfeitures	71,146	-	-	-
Investment interest Misc. and contributions	146,996	5,000	-	79,921
	1,042,912	146,910	159,589	661,249
EXPENDITURES				
General government Public safety	1,310,517	-	-	-
Public health	1,310,317	-	158,037	396,876
Street and public improvement	-	123,644	-	, <u>-</u>
Parks, recreation, public property	-	-	-	-
Conservation/Economic development	-	-	-	-
Intergovernment expenditures Sanitation	-	-	-	_
Capital outlay	1,759	14,000	-	<u>-</u>
Trust remittance		<u> </u>	-	
	1,312,276	137,644	158,037	396,876
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(269,364)	9,266	1,552	264,373
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES) Statutory transfers in Statutory transfers out	-	<u>-</u>	- -	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses	(269,364)	9,266	1,552	264,373
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	304,533	11,082	36,846	809,914
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2013	35,169	\$ 20,348 \$	38,398 \$	1,074,287

PARKS AND RECREATION	RE- VALUATION	TORT	WEEDS	FEDERAL & STATE GRANTS	MENTAL HEALTH ENHANCE
\$ 123,621 \$	554,801 \$	165,167 \$	174,522 \$	-	\$ -
14,863	3,456	4,440	3,558	1,023,978	- -
5,644	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
501		-	11,132	175,433	
144,629	558,257	169,607	189,212	1,199,411	
	552,955				
- -	332,933	167,517	-	709,475	- -
-	-	-	-	-	-
- 69,998	-	-	206,303	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
48,931	-	- -	-	121,011	-
<u> </u>				-	
118,929	552,955	167,517	206,303	830,486	
25,700	5,302	2,090	(17,091)	368,925	-
-	-	-	-	310	-
		 _	<u>-</u>	1,621	-
25,700	5,302	2,090	(17,091)	370,856	-
88,002	83,338	103,835	101,852	183,055	8,050
\$ 113,702 \$	88,640 \$	105,925 \$	84,761 \$	553,911	\$ 8,050

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

	MOSQUITO ABATEMENT	911 EMERGENCY	MAJOR CRIME TASK FORCE	7TH JUDICAL DRUG COURT
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 457,652	- 9	- \$	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	23,256	200.054	-	897,831
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	-	388,254	-	653,695
Investment interest	-	-	_	-
Misc. and contributions	9,897	<u>-</u>		
	490,805	388,254		1,551,526
EXPENDITURES				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	248,830	-	1,665,289
Public health	356,792	-	-	-
Street and public improvement Parks, recreation, public property	-	-	-	-
Conservation/Economic development	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-
Intergovernment expenditures	_	-	- -	<u>-</u>
Sanitation	_	-	_	-
Capital outlay	63,473	346,736	-	-
Trust remittance				
	420,265	595,566		1,665,289
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	70,540	(207,312)	-	(113,763)
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)				
Statutory transfers in	-	-	-	-
Statutory transfers out	(1,621)	-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses	68,919	(207,312)	-	(113,763)
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	469,308	274,992		499,919
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2013	\$ 538,227	67,680	·\$	386,156

SNOWMOBILE	CLERK	INTERLOCK/ MONITORING	SHERIFF'S REVOLVING	WATERWAYS	SHERIFF GRANTS
\$ - \$	- 5	\$ - \$	-	\$ - \$	-
36,234	240,638	-	122,955	5,051	7,178
- -	-	-	-	- -	-
- -	-	- 620	- -	-	-
36,234	240,638	620	122,955	5,051	7,178
_	321,525	_	_	<u>-</u>	_
-	-	-	101,182	-	28,072
-	-	-	_	-	-
23,284	-	-	-	4,827	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
				-	-
23,284	321,525		101,182	4,827	28,072
12,950	(80,887)	620	21,773	224	(20,894)
755 -	- -	-	-	-	· _
13,705	(80,887)	620	21,773	224	(20,894)
71,239	211,621	3,131	102,200	16,579	143,889
\$ 84,944 \$	130,734	\$ 3,751 \$	123,973	\$ 16,803 \$	122,995

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

		SHERIFF'S CONCEALED WEAPONS		TOTAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	_	\$	2,914,540
Licenses and permits		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services		-		2,652,258
Fines and forfeitures		49,086		1,047,593 120,232
Investment interest		+2,000 -		120,232
Misc. and contributions		_		429,500
		49,086		7,164,123
EXPENDITURES				
General government		-		874,480
Public safety		42,792		4,273,674
Public health		-		911,705
Street and public improvement Parks, recreation, public property		-		329,947 98,109
Conservation/Economic development		-		90,109
Intergovernment expenditures		_		_
Sanitation		-		_
Capital outlay		-		595,910
Trust remittance		-		
	_	42,792		7,083,825
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures		6,294		80,298
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)				
Statutory transfers in		-		1,065
Statutory transfers out			-	<u> </u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses		6,294		81,363
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	_	4,057	_	3,527,442
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2013	\$ _	10,351	\$_	3,608,805

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2013

4 COPPEG		COURT FACILITY TRUST	DISTRICT COURT TRUST		AAGISTRATI COURT TRUST	_	PROSECUTOR TRUST
ASSETS Cash - County Treasurer	\$	92,916 \$	38,634	\$_	214,447	\$	2,292
	\$	92,916 \$	38,634	\$ _	214,447	\$	2,292
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Warrants payable Accrued expenses	\$	- \$ -	-	\$ -	52,293	\$ -	
	,		-	. <u>-</u>	52,293	-	
FUND BALANCES							
Unreserved fund balances		92,916	38,634		162,154	-	2,292
	\$	92,916 \$	38,634	\$ _	214,447	\$	2,292

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2013

ASSETS		JUVENILE PROBATION TRUST	_	PLANNING AND ZONING TRUST	_	UNCLAIMED PROPERTY TRUST	_	CLOUD SEEDING TRUST
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	25,664	\$_	· <u>.</u>	\$	2,856	\$_	_
	\$	25,664	\$ =	-	\$	2,856	\$ =	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	;							
LIABILITIES Warrants payable Accrued expenses	\$	1,147 \$	\$ _	595	\$	-	\$_	<u>-</u>
		1,147	_	595	-		_	<u>-</u> _
FUND BALANCES Unreserved fund balances		24,517	_	(595)	_	2,856	-	
	\$	25,664	\$ =	_	\$	2,856	\$ =	

FAIR BOARD TRUST		TAYLOR GRAZING TRUST	-	AMBULANCE TRUST	ERANS RUST	•	EMERGENCY FOOD AND SHELTER TRUST	_	DISTRICT COURT INV. POOL TRUST
\$ 5,000	. \$.	1,946	\$	\$	 134,820	\$	\$	§ _	-
\$ 5,000	\$	1,946	\$		134,820	\$	<u> </u>	S <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
\$ - - - -	\$	- - -	\$ -	- \$ - -	 4,000	\$	- \$ 	-	- - -
5,000		1,946	-	<u> </u>	130,820			_	
\$ 5,000	\$	1,946	\$	- \$	134,820	\$	<u> </u>	S _	-

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2013

ASSETS	(TAX COLLECTOR' TRUST	s 	TAX REFUND TRUST	•	HOMELAND SECURITY TRUST	, 	SHERIFF'S TRUST
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	77,319	\$.	_	\$	11,373	\$	9,909
	\$	77,319	\$	-	\$	11,373	\$	9,909
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Warrants payable Accrued expenses	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	122	\$	- -
				-	•	122		
FUND BALANCES								
Unreserved fund balances		77,319				11,251		9,909
	\$	77,319	\$ =	-	\$	11,373	\$	9,909

MOTOR VEHICLES AND DL TRUST	 TOTAL PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS
\$ 193,704	\$ 810,880
\$ 193,704	\$ 810,880
\$ 192,836	\$ 250,993
192,836	 250,993
868	 559,887
\$ 193,704	\$ 810,880



MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

	_	COURT FACILITY TRUST	DISTRICT COURT TRUST	MAGISTRATE COURT TRUST	PROSECUTOR TRUST
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	- \$	- :	- \$	-
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues		-	-	-	- 2 202
Charges for services		<u>-</u>	-	-	2,292
Fines and forfeitures		8,180	2,464	890,195	-
Investment interest		-	-	-	-
Misc. and contributions	_				-
	_	8,180	2,464	890,195	2,292
EXPENDITURES					
General government		-	-	896,534	-
Public safety		-	-	-	-
Public health		-	-	-	-
Street and public improvement		-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, public property		-	-	-	-
Conservation/Economic development Intergovernment expenditures		-	-	=	-
Sanitation		- -	-	-	-
Capital outlay		_	-	-	-
Trust remittance		-	-	-	- -
	-				
	_	-	-	896,534	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		8,180	2,464	(6,339)	2,292
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)					
Statutory transfers in		-		-	_
Statutory transfers out	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures and other uses		8,180	2,464	(6,339)	2,292
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	_	84,736	36,170	168,493	
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2013	\$_	92,916 \$	38,634	162,154 \$	2,292

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

	JUVENILE PROBATION TRUST	PLANNING AND ZONING TRUST	UNCLAIMED PROPERTY TRUST	CLOUD SEEDING TRUST
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	17,310	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Investment interest	- -	_	-	
Misc. and contributions	-	1,710		-
	17,310	1,710		
EXPENDITURES				
General government	-	3,414	-	-
Public safety	16,568	-	-	-
Public health	-	-	-	-
Street and public improvement Parks, recreation, public property	-	-	-	-
Conservation/Economic development	-	-	-	-
Intergovernment expenditures	-	_	-	-
Sanitation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Trust remittance	-	-	-	
	16,568	3,414	<u>-</u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	742	(1,704)	-	-
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)				
Statutory transfers in	-	-	-	-
Statutory transfers out			• -	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses	742	(1,704)	-	-
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	23,775	1,109	2,856	-
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2013 \$	24,517 \$	(595) \$	2,856 \$	_

-	FAIR BOARD TRUST	TAYLOR GRAZING TRUST	AMBULANCE TRUST	VETERANS TRUST	EMERGENCY FOOD AND SHELTER TRUST	DISTRICT COURT INV. POOL TRUST
\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-
	- -	290	-	10,180	- -	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	- -	-
_	<u>-</u>	290	-	10,180	-	
	-	<u>.</u>	-	18,500	-	-
	· -	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	- -
	-	=	-	-	-	-
-	- .		<u> </u>	-	-	
-	· -	-	-	18,500	<u> </u>	-
	-	290	-	(8,320)	-	-
_	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	-	290	-	(8,320)	-	-
_	5,000	1,656		139,140	<u> </u>	
\$	5,000 \$	1,946	\$	\$ 130,820	\$\$	

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

	c	TAX OLLECTOR'S TRUST	TAX REFUND TRUST		HOMELAND SECURITY TRUST	SHERIFF'S TRUST
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	160,911 \$	-	\$	- \$	-
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services		- - -	-		8,108	-
Fines and forfeitures		-	-		-	417,999
Investment interest Misc. and contributions		-	-		-	-
Misc. and contributions	-		-		-	
	_	160,911	<u>-</u>		8,108	417,999
EXPENDITURES						
General government		171,411	-		-	-
Public safety Public health		-	-		2,965	414,054
Street and public improvement		-	-		-	-
Parks, recreation, public property		-	-		-	_
Conservation/Economic development Intergovernment expenditures		-	-		-	-
Sanitation		-	-		-	-
Capital outlay		-	-		-	-
Trust remittance	_	- -	<u> </u>		 .	
	_	171,411		-	2,965	414,054
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(10,500)	-		5,143	3,945
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)						
Statutory transfers in		-	-		_	_
Statutory transfers out	_	<u> </u>		_	<u> </u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other uses		(10,500)	-		5,143	3,945
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	_	87,819	-	_	6,108	5,964
FUND BALANCES, Sept. 30, 2013	\$ =	77,319 \$	-	\$_	11,251 \$	9,909

MOTOR VEHICLES AND DL TRUST	TOTAL PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS
\$ - 2,693,494 - - -	\$ 160,911 2,693,494 38,180 - 1,318,838
<u>-</u>	1,710
2,693,494	4,213,133
2,693,439 - - - - - - - 2,693,439	3,783,298 433,587 - - - - - - - 4,216,885
- -	-
55 813	(3,752) 563,639
\$ 868	\$ 559,887

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - AGENCY FUNDS September 30, 2013

	DEPARTMENT OF							
		STATE REMITTANCE	P	TRANS- PORTATION		CITIES		SCHOOL DISTRICTS
ASSETS							-	
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	40,973	\$	107,187	\$	7,782	\$	31,822
Taxes receivable		-		-		98,042		209,945
Receivables from other agencies			_	-		91,974	-	1,389
	\$	40,973	\$ _	107,187	\$ =	197,798	\$	243,156
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Warrants payable	\$	40,312 \$	\$	107,187	\$	7,782	\$	31,822
Due to other agencies		661	_	-		190,016		211,334
	\$	40,973	\$ _	107,187	\$ =	197,798	\$	243,156

LIBRARIES	_	CEMETERIES	S .	FIRE DISTRICTS		FLOOD DISTRICTS	. <u>-</u>	FAIR BOARD	_	HISTORICAL SOCIETY
\$ 2,951 35,146 11,122	\$ -	1,515 4,694 2,784	\$	1,256 28,590 17,479	\$	32 4	\$ _	80 651 -	\$	11 291 -
\$ 49,219	- \$	8,993	\$:	47,325	= =	36	\$ =	731	\$	302
\$ 2,952 46,267	\$	1,515 7,478	\$	1,256 46,069	\$	36	\$	80 651	\$	11 291
\$ 49,219	\$	8,993	\$	47,325	\$	36	\$	731	\$	302

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - AGENCY FUNDS September 30, 2013

4 COPETTO		VETERAN'S MEMORIAL		AIRPORT		VARIOUS OTHER AGENCY FUNDS		TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS	Φ	1.2	Ф		Φ.	250.055	Φ.	
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	13	Þ		\$	258,077	\$	451,671
Taxes receivable		334		100		59,835		437,660
Receivables from other agencies				-				124,752
	\$	347	\$	104	\$	317,912	\$ =	1,014,083
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Warrants payable	\$	13	\$	4	\$	126,240	\$	319,174
Due to other agencies		334		100		191,672		694,909
	\$	347	\$	104	\$	317,912	_\$_	1,014,083



For the Year Ended September 30, 2013		BUDGET	ACTUAL	F	/ARIANCE AVORABLE IFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE					
Clerk/Auditor					
Salary - officer	\$	57,045	\$ 57,002	\$	43
Salary - deputies		116,825	 114,736	-	2,089
Total A		173,870	 171,738	_	2,132
Travel		4,183	2,937		1,246
Supplies		6,000	5,032		968
Repairs & maintenance		5,100	4,196		904
Dues/membership		300	775		(475)
Microfilm/microfiche		20,000	570		19,430
Miscellaneous		-	-		-
Utilities		1,084	1,048		36
Capital outlay	,	<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>		-
Total B		36,667	 14,558		22,109
Department totals		210,537	 186,296	_	24,241
Assessor					
Salary - officer		51,288	51,249		39
Salary - deputy	,	118,640	 91,488		27,152
Total A	,	169,928	 142,737	. <u> </u>	27,191
Travel		-	-		_
Supplies		-	-		_
Repairs & maintenance		1,200	898		302
Dues/membership		300	204		96
Miscellaneous		6,500	5,558		942
Utilities		2,200	2,384		(184)
Capital outlay		-	 <u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>
Total B		10,200	 9,044		1,156
Department totals	\$	180,128	\$ 151,781	\$	28,347

		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE UNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	•		•		•	
Treasurer/Tax Collector						
Salary - officer	\$	54,440	\$	54,399	\$	41
Salary - deputies		77,400		77,397		3
Salary - employee, part-time		1,435		612		823
Salary - overtime		-		-		
Total A	-	133,275		132,408	-	867
Travel		2,000		1,474		526
Supplies		3,875		4,266		(391)
Professional services-tax billing		4,545		4,473		72
Repairs & maintenance		1,000		894		106
Advertising		500		500		-
Dues/membership		100		50		50
Miscellaneous		1,300		1,083		217
Capital outlay	-	-		-		
Total B	-	13,320		12,740	-	580
Department Totals		146,595		145,148	-	1,447
Commissioners						
Salary - commissioners	-	86,350		86,285		65
Total A		86,350		86,285		65
Travel		9,000		5,509		3,491
Supplies		2,000		893		1,107
Vehicles fuel		1,500		380		1,120
Dues/membership		1,550		975		575
Utilities		1,440		2,400		(960)
Centennial fund		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-	-	
Total B		15,490		10,157	-	5,333
Department Totals	\$.	101,840	\$.	96,442	\$	5,398

	BUDGET		ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE FAVORABLE
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	BUDGET		ACTUAL	υ_	NFAVORABLE
Coroner					
Salary - coroner \$	12,113	\$	12,104	\$	9
Salary - deputy	965		937	Ψ	28
Total A	13,078		13,041	_	37
Travel	700	•	716	_	(16)
Supplies	500		519		(19)
Utilities/telephone	1,000		1,052		(52)
Repairs & maintenance	1,000		1,032		(32)
Coroner	5,300		156		- 5 144
Capital outlay	3,300		156		5,144
Total B	7.500	•	2.442	-	
Total B	7,500	-	2,443	_	5,057
Department Totals	20,578	_	15,484	_	5,094
Sheriff					
Salary - officer	67,790		67,766		24
Salary - deputies	2,209,070		2,143,992		65,078
Salary - employee, part-time	85,000		83,720		1,280
Salary - overtime	79,500		70,044		9,456
Salary - other	-		70,044		-
Total A	2,441,360		2,365,522	_	75,838
Extraditions	2,000		994		1,006
Supplies	26,000		26,000		-
Utilities/telephone	29,000		28,854		146
Vehicles	129,000		127,198		1,802
Repairs & maintenance	5,500		5,188		312
Jail	351,000		377,352		(26,352)
Dues/membership	3,200		3,450		(250)
Uniforms	19,000		18,673		327
Weapons/ammunition	14,000		14,000		-
Miscellaneous	6,000		5,807		193
Swat team expenses	500		500		1,5
Training	20,000		20,000		
Contracts	13,000		12,575		425
Telex/supplies	9,250		0.000		723
Community watch	1,000		9,250 205		795
Information technology	61,000		60,962		
Juvenile expenses	4,000				38
Capital outlay	98,000		4,000 97,458		542
Total B	791,450	-	812,466	_	(21,016)
		_		_	
Department Totals \$	3,232,810	\$_	3,177,988	\$_	54,822

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE JNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	-		•		. ` -	<u> </u>
Building & Grounds						
Salary - supervisor	\$	47,620	\$	43,375	\$	4,245
Salary - asst maint		85,955		83,870		2,085
Salary - other personnel	_	6,180		6,180		<u>-</u>
Total A	-	139,755		133,425		6,330
Supplies		7,000		23		6,977
Utilities		210,000		205,442		4,558
Repairs & maintenance		89,000		54,259		34,741
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Contracts		20,000		22,251		(2,251)
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Total B		326,000		281,975		44,025
Department Totals		465,755		415,400		50,355
Prosecuting Attorney						
Salary - officer		100,345		100,269		76
Salary - deputies		67,790		67,712		78
Salary-civil attorney		53,050		52,998		52
Salary-other		4,000		-		4,000
Salary - employee, full-time	-	61,891	•	62,676		(785)
Total A		287,076		283,655		3,421
Travel		8,000		8,476		(476)
Supplies		6,000		8,108		(2,108)
Repairs & maintenance		1,200		892		308
Dues/membership		3,600		4,585		(985)
Miscellaneous		2,850		46		2,804
Capital outlay	-	5,000	•	5,342		(342)
Total B		26,650		27,449	•	(799)
Department Totals	\$	313,726	\$	311,104	\$	2,622

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013		BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	-			_	
County Agent					
Salary - deputies	\$	34,117	\$ 33,805	\$	312
Salary - employee, part-time	-	30,032	28,607	_	1,425
Total A	-	64,149	62,412	. <u>-</u>	1,737
County Agent expenses		-	-		-
Supplies		1,800	1,926		(126)
Vehicles		3,100	3,269		(169)
Repairs & maintenance		500	730		(230)
Miscellaneous		-	-		-
Home Agent expenses		3,100	3,084		16
Contracts		1,500	1,500		-
Cell phones		1,100	1,039		61
Capital outlay	-	1,000	994	_	66
Total B	-	12,100	12,542	_	(442)
Department Totals	-	76,249	74,954	_	1,295
Data Processing					
Salary - supervisor		-	-		-
Salary - employee, part-time	-	-	-	_	-
Total A	-		-	_	
Travel		-	-		-
Supplies		-	-		-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	_	
Total B	_			_	<u>-</u>
Department Totals	\$_		\$ 	\$_	

	BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)		-	ACTUAL	(ONFAVORABLE)
Elections				
Salary - employee, full-time	\$ 30,906	\$	25,487	\$ 5,419
Salary - employee, part-time	8,241		5,216	3,025
Total A	39,147		30,703	8,444
Travel	500		-	500
Repairs & maintenance	9,000		-	9,000
Election-workers	13,000		719	12,281
Election-expenses	23,000		9,472	13,528
Capital outlay	2,500		-	2,500
Total B	48,000		10,191	37,809
Department Totals	87,147		40,894	46,253
County General				
Personnel benefits	700,000		643,346	56,654
Insurance	870,525		848,706	21,819
Medical insurance buydown	150,000		150,022	(22)
Professional services	29,000		27,575	1,425
Contingency account	66,500		43,255	23,245
Dues & membership	30,143		16,706	13,437
Postage	15,000		14,899	101
Printing	9,000		2,623	6,377
Miscellaneous	24,000		18,085	5,915
Cloud seeding and legislative tour	8,500		8,500	-
Special funds	65,000		43,975	21,025
Soil Conservation	6,000		6,000	-
Senior Citizens Center	22,000		22,000	-
Project funds	46,294		213	46,081
D.A.R.E. program	7,500		7,500	•
Capital crimes defense fund	13,102		13,102	-
Project funds	59,000		43,016	15,984
Capital outlay			-	
Total B	2,121,564		1,909,523	212,041
Department Totals	2,121,564	\$	1,909,523	\$ 212,041

	nun cum		. Come		VARIANCE FAVORABLE
CUDDENT EVDENCE (Continued)	BUDGET		ACTUAL	(U	NFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued) Planning and Zoning					
	21,376	\$	21,822	\$	(446)
Salary - employee, full time	20,935		20,931	J	4
Salary - other	41,966		41,122		844
Total A	84,277		83,875		402
Travel	10,500		4,977		5,523
Supplies	1,400		1,937		(537)
Dues & membership	1,500		965		535
Printing	2,300		1,344		956
Miscellaneous	1,250		757		493
Education & training	5,000		767		4,233
Contracts - other	20,000		9,811		10,189
Utilities	2,000		2,537		(537)
Capital outlay	6,000		4,712	_	1,288
Total B	49,950		27,807	_	22,143
Department Totals	134,227		111,682	_	22,545
Homeland Security					
Salary - officer	27,820		27,820		_
Salary - employee, part-time	-		<u> </u>	_	
Total A	27,820		27,820	_	<u>-</u>
Travel	1,500		1,555		(55)
Supplies	3,500		3,121		379
Repairs, maintenance & fuel	2,400		2,348		52
Dues	500		150		350
Contracts	600		532		68
Capital outlay	2,500		3,103	_	(603)
Total B	11,000		10,809	_	191
Department Totals	38,820	_ \$ _	38,629	\$_	191

ror the Year Ended September 50, 2015	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)						
GIS						
Salary - employee, full time	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Salary - employee, part time	-	-			-	-
Total A	-			<u>-</u>	-	-
Fringe Benefits-other		-		-		-
Travel		-		-		-
Supplies		-		-		-
GIS software maintenance		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Professional services		-		-		-
City space rent	-	-		-	_	-
Total B	-			<u>-</u>	-	-
Department Totals	-			<u>-</u> _	_	
Information Technology						
Salary - employee, full time		45,343		45,275		68
Salary - employee supervisor	_	62,056		61,823	_	233
Total A	_	107,399		107,098	_	301
Travel		5,000		_		5,000
Supplies		4,000		2,028		1,972
Project - Law Enforcement		12,000		12,000		· -
Software & hardware		· -		· -		-
Project		50,000		50,000		_
Software & hardware - Law Enforcement	_	176,905	_	110,693	_	66,212
Total B		247,905		174,721	_	73,184
Department Totals	\$_	355,304	\$	281,819	\$_	73,485

CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	-	BUDGET		ACTUAL	FA	ARIANCE VORABLE FAVORABLE)
Information Tech-Sheriff						
Software & hardware	\$ _	<u> </u>	\$.		\$	-
Total B	-				_	
Department Totals					_	
Service officer						
Salary - employee, full time	-	10,000		9,997		3
Total A	-	10,000		9,997	_	3
Travel		550		164		386
Supplies		200		319		(119)
Utilities		50		-		50
Miscellaneous	-	50	-		_	50
Total B	-	850	-	483	_	367
Department Totals	-	10,850	-	10,480	_	370
Adjustments	_					-
TOTAL CURRENT EXPENSE	\$ _	7,496,130	\$ _	6,967,624	\$	528,506

ROAD AND BRIDGE		BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Salary - supervisor	\$	46,674	\$	46,674	\$ -
Salary - foreman	Ψ	49,537	39	49,036	501
Salary - employee, full time		826,163		825,050	1,113
Salary - employee, part-time					
Total A		922,374		920,760	1,614
Personnel benefits		489,597		446,990	42,607
Travel		-		-	-
Supplies		7,500		8,990	(1,490)
Utilities		45,000		38,151	6,849
Vehicles		363,000		345,291	17,709
Repairs & maintenance		262,000		302,316	(40,316)
Rent/lease		260,000		224,889	35,111
Transportation plan		450,000		263,887	186,113
Freight		1,500		28	1,472
Computer software		_		-	-
Dues		-		-	-
Miscellaneous		45,000		41,981	3,019
Education		5,000		8,773	(3,773)
Signs		15,000		11,639	3,361
Road oil		268,300		464,450	(196,150)
Concrete		-		-	-
Paint		-		-	-
Culverts		-		-	-
Crushed gravel		-		-	-
Plant asphalt mix		-		-	-
Contracts		-		-	<u>.</u>
Contributions to cities		-		-	-
Weed		-		-	-
UST testing & leak detection		-		-	· •
Contingency account		50,000		34,573	15,427
Capital outlay		76,800		101,600	(24,800)
Total B		2,338,697		2,293,558	45,139
Total Road and Bridge	\$	3,261,071	\$	3,214,318	\$ 46,753

roi me real Ended September 30, 20		BUDGET		ACTUAL	_ (I	VARIANCE FAVORABLE UNFAVORABLE)
AMBULANCE						
Salary - employee, part time	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Salary - overtime		-		-		-
Salary - employee, full time		593,000		592,750	_	250
Total A		593,000		592,750	-	250
Personnel benefits		271,000		270,750		250
Supplies		-		-		-
Travel		-		-		-
Uniforms		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		193,000		192,226		774
Utilities		-		-		-
Repairs & maintenance		-		-		-
Printing		-		-		-
Education		-		-		-
Contingency account		38,000		33,819		4,181
Capital outlay		210,000		204,554		5,446
Total B		712,000		701,349		10,651
Total Ambulance	\$.	1,305,000	\$	1,294,099	\$	10,901
FAIR, GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS						
Salary - employee, full time	\$	51,211	\$	45,953	\$	5,258
Salary - employee, part-time	_	11,000		9,409		1,591
Total A		62,211		55,362		6,849
Personnel benefits		40,909		28,794		12,115
Utilities		11,050		10,622		428
Vehicles		1,500		2,107		(607)
Repairs & maintenance		16,740		16,835		(95)
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		-
Capital outlay		12,500		14,000		(1,500)
Total B		92,699		82,358		10,341
Total Fair, Grounds and Buildings	s \$.	154,910	\$.	137,720	\$	17,190

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013	BUDGET	ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE AVORABLE NFAVORABLE
DISTRICT COURT	DODGET	 ACTUAL	(01	TAVORABLE
District & Magistrate				
Salary - employee, full time \$	229,577	\$ 219,186	\$_	10,391
Total A	229,577	219,186	_	10,391
Personnel benefits	124,503	116,993		7,510
Travel	4,000	8,641		(4,641)
Supplies	16,000	6,387		9,613
Repairs	3,000	110		2,890
Professional services	1,500	450		1,050
Contingency account	8,200	18,489		(10,289)
Law library	15,000	26,255		(11,255)
Postage	15,000	12,510		2,490
Miscellaneous	-	2,000		(2,000)
Workman's comp. insurance	1,283	-		1,283
Jury	129,812	129,267		545
Public defender	70,000	65,645		4,355
Utilities	-	395		(395)
Juvenile detention	437,000	436,055		945
Capital outlay	1,288	 <u>-</u>		1,288
Total B	826,586	 823,197		3,389
Department Totals	1,056,163	 1,042,383		13,780
Juvenile Probation				
Salary - supervisor	57,379	57,162		217
Salary - employee, full time	41,122	41,070		52
Intensive officer	37,285	37,246		39
Intensive secretary	14,820	14,652		168
Salary - employee, part-time	22,982	 21,282	_	1,700
Total A	173,588	 171,412	_	2,176
Personnel benefits	76,310	64,794		11,516
Travel	200	240		(40)
Supplies	800	792		8
Cell phones	4,250	5,140		(890)
Printing	200	-		200
Vehicles	6,750	4,862		1,888
Miscellaneous	10,000	5,379		4,621
Professional services	4,000	620		3,380
Drug screens	500	408		92
Training	3,750	3,809		(59)
Grants and assessement	9,533	9,437		96
Capital outlay	2,500	 1,759	_	741
Total B	118,793	97,240		21,553
Department Totals	292,381	 268,652	_	23,729
Total District Court \$	1,348,544	\$ 1,311,035	\$_	37,509

		BUDGET	ACTUAL	F	VARIANCE AVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
HEALTH DISTRICT		DebGEI	 петень	. (01	WATTOTAL BEE
Utilities	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_
Repairs & maintenance		-	-		
Miscellaneous		-	-		-
Building payments		158,036	158,037		(1)
Capital outlay		-	 -	_	<u> </u>
Total B		158,036	 158,037	_	(1)
Total Health District	\$	158,036	\$ 158,037	\$ _	(1)
INDIGENT AND CHARITY					
Salary - employee, full time	\$	29,465	\$ 29,078	\$	387
Salary - employee, part time		20,000	 6,649	· _	13,351
Total A		49,465	 35,727	_	13,738
Personnel benefits		42,877	36,776		6,101
Travel		1,400	2,182		(782)
Supplies		8,000	-		8,000
Hospital		250,000	252,525		(2,525)
Miscellaneous		50,000	30,000		20,000
Medical		8,000	-		8,000
Senior Citizens		-	40		(40)
Contingency		65,000	-		65,000
Food & housing		8,000	2,626		5,374
Utilities		8,000	1,608		6,392
Burials		5,000	1,700		3,300
Crisis Center		2,500	9,568		(7,068)
Catastrophic		120,000	23,996		96,004
Capital outlay	•	-	 -	_	-
Total B		568,777	 361,021	_	207,756
Total Indigent	\$	618,242	\$ 396,748	. \$ _	221,494

		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE NFAVORABLE)
PARKS AND RECREATION	•				. \-	,,,,,,,
Salary - employee, full-time	\$	28,304	\$	-	\$	28,304
Salary - employee, part-time		16,102		20,330		(4,228)
Total A		44,406		20,330		24,076
Personnel benefits		36,562		11,555		25,007
Travel		-		-		-
Supplies - other		10,000		18,581		(8,581)
Utilities		2,500		1,627		873
Vehicles		6,000		3,724		2,276
Repairs & maintenance		8,385		7,973		412
Miscellaneous		2,136		5,230		(3,094)
Contingency		· -		-		-
Grant expenditures		-		_		-
Insurance		100		_		100
Capital outlay		48,932		48,931		1
Total B		114,615		97,621		16,994
Total Parks and Recreation	\$ _	159,021	\$	117,951	. \$ <u>_</u>	41,070
REVALUATION						
Salary - employee, full-time	\$	153,812	\$	157,036	\$	(3,224)
Salary - employee, part-time		110,250		106,367		3,883
Salary - officer	-	-		-		<u> </u>
Total A	-	264,062		263,403	_	659
Personnel benefits		137,730		137,328		402
Travel		10,463		9,295		1,168
Supplies		6,500		5,864		636
Insurance		2,050		-		2,050
Vehicles		4,500		3,495		1,005
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Contracts - appraisals		40,000		42,635		(2,635)
Dues		1,200		754		446
GIS expenses		72,000		74,397		(2,397)
Capital outlay	-	15,000		15,000	_	
Total B	-	289,443	· -	288,768	_	675
Total Revaluation	\$	553,505	\$_	552,171	\$_	1,334

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013					VARIANCE FAVORABLE
TORT LIABILITY	BUDGET	•	ACTUAL	. (ા	JNFAVORABLE)
Insurance-liability \$	167,517	\$	167,517	\$	_
Judgements	107,517	Ψ	107,517	J	_
Miscellaneous	_		_		_
		-		•	
Total Tort Liability \$	167,517	\$	167,517	\$	-
WEEDS					
Salary - employee, full and part-time \$	77,674	\$	73,810	\$	3,864
Salary - supervisor	20,935	Ψ	22,673	Ψ	(1,738)
			,	•	(:,,:)
Total A	98,609	-	96,483		2,126
Personnel benefits	42,600		41,430		1,170
Travel	2,500		2,418		82
Supplies	1,500		1,049		451
Utilities	4,100		3,806		294
Vehicles	10,000		4,099		5,901
Repairs & maintenance	2,500		5,678		(3,178)
Contingency account	-		-		-
Miscellaneous	10,000		10,000		-
Information and education	-		-		-
Chemicals/Contracts	35,000		36,283		(1,283)
Capital outlay			-		<u> </u>
Total B	108,200	•	104,763		3,437
Total Weeds \$	206,809	\$	201,246	\$	5,563
DRUG COURT GRANT					
Salaries - supervisor \$	27,594	\$	27,544	\$	50
Salary - other					-
Total A	27,594		27,544	-	50
Personnel benefits	9,090		11,227		(2,137)
Medical-drug testing	33,191		12,721		20,470
Insurance	500		-		500
Supplies	1,500		659		841
Travel	5,000		5,000		-
Capital outlay			-		
Total B	49,281	-	29,607	•	19,674
Total Drug Court Grant \$	76,875	\$	57,151	\$	19,724

		BUDGET		ACTUAL	a	VARIANCE FAVORABLE UNFAVORABLE)
DRUG INTERDICTION DEPUTY-FEDERAL	•	DUDGET		ACTUAL	٠, (ر	MFAVORABLE
Salaries - employees	\$.		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>
Total A		-		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Personnel benefits		-		-		-
Travel		-		-		-
Supplies		-		-		-
Capital outlay	-			-	-	
Total B		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Total Drug Interdiction Deputy-Federal	\$ _	_	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE						
Salary - other	\$_	12,104	\$.	2,695	. \$	9,409
Total A	_	12,104	-	2,695	•	9,409
Personnel benefits		1,003		1,001		2
Travel		1,000		102		898
Supplies		-		-		-
Training		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Capital outlay	-		_	-		
Total B	_	2,003	_	1,103		900
Total Domestic Violence	\$ _	14,107	\$ _	3,798	\$	10,309
CONSOLIDATED ELECTIONS						
Salaries - employees	\$_	43,058	\$ _	12,203	\$	30,855
Total A	-	43,058	-	12,203		30,855
Personnel benefits		17,143		1,027		16,116
Travel		2,000		285		1,715
Repairs & maintenance		9,000		212		8,788
Election expenses	-	33,000	-	35,426		(2,426)
Total B	_	61,143	_	36,950		24,193
Total Drug Interdiction Deputy-State	\$ _	104,201	\$ _	49,153	\$	55,048

ror the Year Ended September 30, 2013	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL	_ (1	VARIANCE FAVORABLE UNFAVORABLE)
TRI-COUNTY MSD. PROBATION						
Salaries Salary - other	\$	247,051 1,997	\$	234,213	\$ -	12,838 1,997
Total A	-	249,048		234,213	_	14,835
Personnel benefits		149,575		112,551		37,024
Travel		20,000		17,324		2,676
Supplies		7,500		4,315		3,185
Consultants		41,000		120		40,880
Operating expenses		13,600		6,641		6,959
Education classes		2,400		2,400		-
Testing lab		36,000		31,782		4,218
Utilities		5,800		5,403		397
Capital outlay	_	47,000		4,727	_	42,273
Total B	_	322,875		185,263	_	137,612
Total Tri-County Msd. Probation	\$ =	571,923	\$ _	419,476	\$	152,447
MOSQUITO ABATEMENT						
Salaries-supervisor	\$	20,935	\$	20,935	\$	-
Salary - employee, full and part-time	_	116,788	_	72,001		44,787
Total A	_	137,723	_	92,936		44,787
Travel-meetings		4,000		3,157		843
Supplies-office		2,000		1,668		332
Personnel benefits		48,900		39,937		8,963
Vehicles		17,000		10,148		6,852
Chemicals		75,000		101,695		(26,695)
Miscellaneous		113,000		82,809		30,191
Repairs & maintenance		30,000		21,735		8,265
Utilities		5,800		6,031		(231)
Capital outlay	-	40,000	-	63,473		(23,473)
Total B	_	335,700	-	330,653		5,047
Total Mosquito Abatement	\$ _	473,423	\$ _	423,589	\$	49,834

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013						VADIANCE
		BUDGET		ACTUAL	a	VARIANCE FAVORABLE UNFAVORABLE)
MAJOR CRIMES TASK FORCE		Debder	•	ACTORE	- ''	ON A VORABLE)
Salary - employee, part-time	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>
Total A						
Personnel benefits		-		-		-
Supplies		-		-		-
Vehicle		=		-		-
Miscellaneous				<u>-</u>		-
Total B		-		<u>-</u>	•	
Total Major Crimes Task Force	\$	-	\$		\$	
FEDERAL TRANSPORT						
Salaries	\$.	16,000	. \$	2,466	. \$	13,534
Total A		16,000	. ,	2,466		13,534
Personnel benefits		_		460		(460)
Travel		-		-		(100)
Vehicle		_		-		
Miscellaneous		5,500		2,200		3,300
Capital outlay				<u> </u>		-
Total B		5,500		2,660		2,840
Total Federal Transport	\$.	21,500	\$.	5,126	\$	16,374
911 EMERGENCY						
Salaries - director	\$	30,132	\$	25,486	\$	4,646
Salaries - employees		45,234		45,008		226
Total A		75,366		70,494		4,872
Personnel benefits		38,919		22,504		16,415
Travel		5,000		2,435		2,565
Training		5,000		3,841		1,159
Contracts		145,000		139,235		5,765
Supplies		200		263		(63)
Dues		500		-		500
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Repairs & maintenance		8,000		7,189		811
Capital outlay		485,000	-	346,736		138,264
Total B	_	687,619		522,203		165,416
Total Enhanced 911 Emergency	\$	762,985	\$	592,697	\$	170,288

		BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
HWY DEPUTY-FED & STATE	-		•		,
Salaries - deputies	\$.		\$	_	\$
Total A				-	· <u>-</u>
Personnel benefits Supplies		-		-	-
Capital outlay	_	-		-	
Total B					<u>-</u>
Total Hwy Deputy-Fed & State	\$.	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$
SNOWMOBILE					
Salaries - employee, part-time Salaries - other	\$	4,000 9,000	\$	3,721 578	\$ 279 8,422
Total A		13,000		4,299	8,701
Personnel benefits Supplies Vehicle Repairs & maintenance Utilities Miscellaneous Capital outlay		1,705 1,500 12,000 22,000 750 1,500		405 103 8,016 8,229 724 1,508	1,300 1,397 3,984 13,771 26 (8)
Total B	_	39,455		18,985	20,470
Total Snowmobile	\$	52,455	\$	23,284	\$ 29,171
7TH JUDICIAL DRUG COURT TREATMENT			•		
Salaries - clinical director Salary - other personnel	\$	71,400 918,905	\$	68,654 887,789	\$ 2,746 31,116
Total A	_	990,305		956,443	33,862
Personnel benefits Travel Supplies Utilities Contingency Rent Professional services Dues Capital outlay		432,196 69,000 52,000 22,000 20,000 105,864 103,300 12,000 21,000		374,986 59,210 35,435 22,965 - 91,510 103,805 6,286 12,820	57,210 9,790 16,565 (965) 20,000 14,354 (505) 5,714 8,180
Total B	-	837,360		707,017	130,343
Total 7th Judicial Drug Court Treatment	\$:	1,827,665	\$	1,663,460	\$164,205

CLERK	-	BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE JNFAVORABLE)
CLERK					
General government Miscellaneous	\$ _	- -	\$	321,525	\$ (321,525)
Total Clerk	\$ =	-	\$.	321,525	\$ (321,525)
INTERLOCK/MONITORING					
Public safety	\$_		\$ _	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
Total Interlock/Monitoring	\$ _	<u>-</u>	\$.	-	\$ -
SHERIFF'S REVOLVING					
Public safety	\$ _	<u>-</u>	\$ _	101,182	\$ (101,182)
Total Sheriff's Revolving	\$ =	<u>-</u>	\$.	101,182	\$ (101,182)
WATERWAYS TRUST					
Salaries Personnel benefits Supplies Repair & maintenance Miscellaneous	\$	4,000 1,200 1,000 2,000 600	\$	3,173 594 184 841 35	\$ 827 606 816 1,159 565
				33	
Capital outlay	-	3,000	-	-	3,000
Total Waterways Trust	\$ =	11,800	\$ =	4,827	\$ 6,973
SHERIFF'S CONCEALED WEAPONS					
Public safety	\$ _		\$ -	42,792	\$ (42,792)
Total Sheriff's Concealed Weapons	\$ _		\$ _	42,792	\$ (42,792)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013					VARIANCE FAVORABLE
CONTRACT CARRY OVER	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL	JNFAVORABLE)
Salaries Personnel benefits	\$	113,870 55,047	\$	78,188 31,433	\$ 35,682 23,614
Total Contract Carry Over	\$ _	168,917	\$	109,621	\$ 59,296
GRANTS-EQUIPMENT					
Travel Capital outlay	\$ _	331 40,258	\$	4,426 121,011	\$ (4,095) (80,753)
Total Grants-Equipment	\$ =	40,589	\$:	125,437	\$ (84,848)
SHERIFF GRANTS & CONTRACTS					
Salaries - employee, full-time	\$_	49,500	\$.	22,989	\$ 26,511
Total A	_	49,500		22,989	26,511
Personnel benefits Travel		9,400		5,083	4,317
Supplies		-		-	-
Project-E ticketing		-		-	-
Capital outlay	_	-			-
Total B	_	9,400		5,083	4,317
Total Sheriff Grants & Contracts	\$ =	58,900	\$.	28,072	\$ 30,828
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE	\$_	12,117,995	\$.	11,522,032	\$ 595,963
JAIL BOND REDEMPTION					
Jail Bond Payment	\$_	443,143	\$.	441,143	\$ 2,000
Total Jail Bond Redemption	\$ =	443,143	\$.	441,143	\$ 2,000
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES	\$ ₌	20,057,268	\$.	18,930,799	\$ 1,126,469

MADISON COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF EXPENDITURES - CASH BASIS TO GAAP BASIS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Total expenditures - cash basis	\$ 18,930,799
Clerk's expenditures not budgeted	321,525
Sheriff's Revolving expenditures not budgeted	101,182
Sheriff's Concealed Weapons not budgeted	42,792
Increase in expenditure accruals	449,722
Total expenditures - GAAP basis	19,846,020







Gerald W. Searle, CPA Steven J. Hart, CPA Farrell J Steiner, CPA Dana Eric Izatt, CPA

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Commissioners Madison County - State of Idaho Rexburg, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Madison County, Idaho as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 9, 2014. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audit the financial statements of Madison Memorial Hospital, as described in our report on Madison County, Idaho's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Madison County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Madison County, Idaho's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Madison County, Idaho's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described below as Finding 2013-1 to be a material weakness.

2013-1 Finding: The Assessor's office does not have sufficient monitoring over the motor vehicle turnover.

Responses: The Assessor is implementing procedures to monitor motor vehicle turnover and make the process better.

·	·			

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described above to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Madison County, Idaho's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Entity's Response to Findings

Searle Hart + associates PLLC

Madison County, Idaho's response to the finding listed above was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rexburg, Idaho June 9, 2014

Gerald W. Searle, CPA Steven J. Hart, CPA Farrell J Steiner, CPA Dana Eric Izatt, CPA

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Madison County-State of Idaho Rexburg, Idaho 83440

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Madison County, Idaho's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Madison County, Idaho's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2013. Madison County, Idaho's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Madison County, Idaho's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Madison County, Idaho's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Madison County, Idaho's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Madison County, Idaho complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Madison County, Idaho is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Madison County, Idaho's internal control over

	•	

compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Madison County, Idaho's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rexburg, Idaho June 9, 2014

Searle Hart + associates PLLC

MADISON COUNTY- STATE OF IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

FEDERAL GRANTOR PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	D	ISBURSE- MENTS
TACORDIN TITEE	NOMBER		WENTS
US DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
PASSED THROUGH THE STATE OF IDAHO			
Juvenile Accountability Incentive			
Block Grant	16.523	\$	5,724
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575		4,929
Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws Program	16.727		7,473
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice	16.738		56,298
ARRA-Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assit. Grant	16.803		14,346
NICS Act Record Improvement Program	16.813		31,024
DIRECT FROM JUSTICE DEPT.			
Office of Justice Programs			
SCAAP	16.572		1,154
Bullet Proof Vest	16.607		834
Combating Rural Crime	16.810		71,083
TOTAL US DEPT. OF JUSTICE			192,865
US DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR			
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	15.226		64,350
US DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
PASSED THROUGH THE STATE OF IDAHO			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205		28,036
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		16,905
Alcohol Traffic Safety	20.601		7,169
TOTAL US DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION			52,110
US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Federal Forest Funds Distribution	10.666		112,877
ARRA-Forest Service Recovery Act Agreement			
Number 09-RO-11041562-028	10.687		250,000
TOTAL US DEPT. OF INTERIOR		<u></u> -	362,877
US DEPARTMENT OF EPA			
PASSED THROUGH THE STATE OF IDAHO			
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water	66.468		7,000
US DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
PASSED THROUGH THE STATE OF IDAHO			
Boat Safety Financial Assistance	97.012		1,587
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042		29,763
Military Division-Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067		34,809
TOTAL US DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			66,159
			<u> </u>
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS ASSISTANCE		\$	745,361

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS

1. The Schedule of Federal Awards is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

MADISON COUNTY-STATE OF IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

SECTION 1-SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements				
Type of Auditor's Report Issued:			<u>Unqualified</u>	
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:				
Material weaknesses identified		X	_Yes	No
Significant deficiencies identified	that are			
not considered to be material we	aknesses		Yes	X No
Noncompliance material to financi	al			
statements noted			_Yes	XNo
Federal Awards				
Internal Control Over Major Programs:				
Material weaknesses identified			Yes	X No
Significant deficiencies identified that are			-	
not considered to be material weaknesses			_Yes	X No
Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance I	For Major Programs:		Unqualified	
Audit Findings Required to be repo	orted			
in accordance with section 510(a				
of Circular A-133			_Yes	XNo
Identification of Major Programs:				
10.666	Federal Forest Fund	ds Distribu	tion	
10.687	ARRA- Forest Serv	ice Recov	ery Act Agreem	ent #09-RO-11041562-028
15.226	Payment in Lieu of	Taxes		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Typ	e A and Type B progra	ams:	<u>\$3</u>	00,000
Auditee Qualified as Low-Risk Auditee			_Yes	XNo

SECTION II-FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

See finding 2013-1 reported in the Report on Internal Control and on Compliance in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

MADISON COUNTY-STATE OF IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

SECTION III-FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None

MADISON COUNTY-STATE OF IDAHO STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

Finding 2012-1

Condition The Assessor's office does not have sufficient monitoring over the motor vehicle

turnover.

Status This condition existed again in the current year.