ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

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FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information
- Supplemental Schedules

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT This section includes the opinion of the Village's independent auditing firm.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

August 13, 2021

The Honorable Village President Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Lindenhurst, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lindenhurst, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lindenhurst, Illinois, as of April 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Village of Lindenhurst, Illinois August 13, 2021 Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents and budgetary information reported in the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Lindenhurst, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

Our discussion and analysis of the Village of Lindenhurst's financial performance provides an overview of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report. It should be noted that information contained in this report may vary from other management reports prepared by the Village due to the use of different accounting methods.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Village of Lindenhurst's net position increased as a result of this year's operations. Net position of business-type activities increased by \$728,307, or 2.4 percent and net position of the governmental activities increased by \$4,098,177, or 34.7 percent.
- During the year, government-wide revenues before transfers for the primary government totaled \$16,675,685, while expenses totaled \$11,849,201, resulting in an increase to net position of \$4,826,484.
- The Village's net position totaled \$46,855,034 on April 30, 2021, which includes \$37,945,941 net investment in capital assets, \$1,035,270 subject to external restrictions, and \$7,873,823 unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The General Fund reported an increase this year of \$1,120,962, resulting in ending fund balance of \$4,229,510, an increase of 36.1 percent.
- Beginning net position was restated from \$42,289,740 to \$42,028,550 due to the Village's implementation of a new capital asset policy during the fiscal year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Village of Lindenhurst as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Village's finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Village's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Village acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Village's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Village's property tax base and the condition of the Village's infrastructure, is needed to assess the overall health of the Village.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public works, building and grounds, engineering, and public safety. The business-type activities of the Village include water and sewer, recycling and refuse, and sanitary sewer operations.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Lindenhurst, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Village's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Retirement Fund, and Community Capital Fund, which are all considered major funds. Data from the other five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds, except the Police Currency Seizure Fund and Shop with a Cop Fund. A budgetary comparison statement for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds

The Village of Lindenhurst maintains one proprietary fund type: enterprise. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village utilizes enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, recycling and refuse, and sanitary sewer operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Proprietary Funds – Continued

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund, the Recycling and Refuse Fund, and the Sanitary Sewer Fund, which are all considered to be a major fund of the Village.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting use for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village of Lindenhurst's I.M.R.F. and police employee pension obligations and budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, and Retirement Fund. Required supplementary information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Village of Lindenhurst's, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$46,855,034.

	Net Position					
	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type		_
	Activ	ities	Activities		Totals	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Current/Other Assets	\$ 9,299,065	8,518,129	5,771,426	5,712,058	15,070,491	14,230,187
Capital Assets	11,569,267	8,608,108	49,077,868	51,085,336	60,647,135	59,693,444
Total Assets	20,868,332	17,126,237	54,849,294	56,797,394	75,717,626	73,923,631
Deferred Outflows	1,303,005	2,092,036	87,359	151,482	1,390,364	2,243,518
Total Assets/ Deferred Outflows	22,171,337	19,218,273	54,936,653	56,948,876	77,107,990	76,167,149
Long-Term Debt	2,614,181	4,840,731	21,303,622	23,746,767	23,917,803	28,587,498
Other Liabilities	789,738	1,010,512	1,782,547	2,204,456	2,572,285	3,214,968
Total Liabilities	3,403,919	5,851,243	23,086,169	25,951,223	26,490,088	31,802,466
Deferred Inflows	2,874,362	1,522,307	888,506	552,636	3,762,868	2,074,943
Total Liabilities/ Deferred Inflows	6,278,281	7,373,550	23,974,675	26,503,859	30,252,956	33,877,409
Net Postion						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,569,267	8,555,008	26,376,674	26,142,402	37,945,941	34,697,410
Restricted	1,035,270	827,377	-	-	1,035,270	827,377
Unrestricted	3,288,519	2,462,338	4,585,304	4,302,615	7,873,823	6,764,953
Total Net Position	15,893,056	11,844,723	30,961,978	30,445,017	46,855,034	42,289,740

A large portion of the Village's net position, \$37,945,941 or 81.0 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, construction in progress, building and improvements, vehicle and equipment, other infrastructure, and water sewerage infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion, \$1,035,270 or 3.2 percent, of the Village's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining 16.8 percent, or \$7,873,823, represents unrestricted net assets and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

			Change in N	let Position		
•	Govern	nmental		ss-Type		
	Acti	vities	Activities		Totals	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 725,410	663,025	6,124,476	5,553,971	6,849,886	6,216,996
Operating Grants/Contrib.	1,661,849	537,140	-	-	1,661,849	537,140
Capital Grants/Contrib.	2,014,002	-	-	-	2,014,002	-
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	1,251,008	1,234,287	169,446	84,075	1,420,454	1,318,362
Sales Taxes	1,651,194	1,427,560	_	_	1,651,194	1,427,560
Income Taxes	1,658,413	1,569,821	-	_	1,658,413	1,569,821
Other Taxes	195,669	269,933	2,322	1,911	197,991	271,844
Other General Revenues (Losses)	334,640	380,990	887,256	(159,849)	1,221,896	221,141
Total Revenues	9,492,185	6,082,756	7,183,500	5,480,108	16,675,685	11,562,864
Expenses						
General Government	588,632	718,298	_	_	588,632	718,298
Public Works	1,954,326	2,046,742	_	_	1,954,326	2,046,742
Building and Grounds	28,792	36,841	_	_	28,792	36,841
Engineering	122,011	138,534	_	_	122,011	138,534
Public Safety	2,563,495	2,913,605	_	_	2,563,495	2,913,605
Interest on Long-Term Debt	955	2,136			955	2,136
Water and Sewer	-	-	4,551,798	4,378,023	4,551,798	4,378,023
Recycling and Refuse	_	_	1,269,363	1,306,708	1,269,363	1,306,708
Sanitary Sewer	-	_	769,829	658,217	769,829	658,217
Total Expenses	5,258,211	5,856,156	6,590,990	6,342,948	11,849,201	12,199,104
Change in Net Position						
Before Transfers	4,233,974	226,600	592,510	(862,840)	4,826,484	(636,240)
Transfers	(135,797)	66,000	135,797	(66,000)	_	
Change in Net Position	4,098,177	292,600	728,307	(928,840)	4,826,484	(636,240)
Net Position - Beginning as Restated	11,794,879	11,552,123	30,233,671	31,373,857	42,028,550	42,925,980
Net Position - Ending	15,893,056	11,844,723	30,961,978	30,445,017	46,855,034	42,289,740

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Net position of the Village's governmental activities increased by 34.7 percent (\$15,893,056 in 2021 compared to a restated balance of \$11,794,879 in 2020). Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints, totaled \$3,288,519 at April 30, 2021.

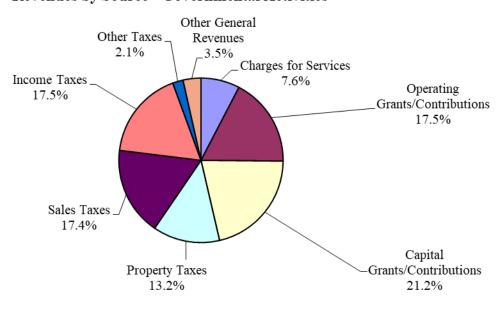
Net position of business-type activities increased by 2.5 percent (\$30,961,978 in 2021 compared to a restated balance of \$30,233,671 in 2020).

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$9,492,185, while the cost of all governmental functions totaled \$5,258,211. This results in an increase of \$4,233,974 prior to transfers out of \$135,797. In 2020, revenues of \$6,082,756 exceeded expenses of \$5,856,156, resulting in a surplus of \$226,600 prior to transfers in of \$66,000. The increase in 2021 was due in part to a decrease in IMRF net pension liability and related items and an IDOT infrastructure contribution of \$2,014,002.

The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the Village. It depicts very clearly the reliance of property taxes, sales taxes income taxes, and operating grants/contributions to fund governmental activities. It also clearly identifies the less significant percentage the Village receives from other taxes, other general revenues, and charges for services.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

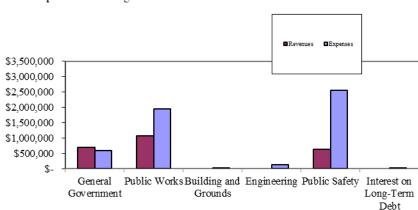


Management's Discussion and Analysis **April 30, 2021**

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Governmental Activities – Continued

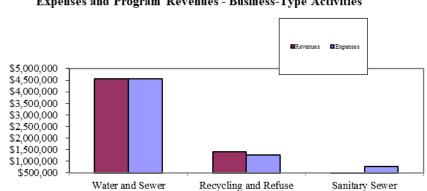
The 'Expenses and Program Revenues' Table identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

Business-Type activities

Business-Type activities posted total revenues of \$7,183,500, while the cost of all business-type activities totaled \$6,590,990. This results in a surplus of \$592,510 prior to transfers in of \$135,797. In 2020, expenses of \$6,342,948 exceed revenues of \$5,480,108, resulting in a deficit of \$862,840 prior to transfers out of \$66,000. The surplus in the current year is due to increases in charges for services in the water and sewer operations and realized gains in the sanitary sewer operations of the Village.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities

The above graph compares program revenues to expenses for the water and sewer, recycling and refuse, and sanitary sewer operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village of Lindenhurst uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The Village's governmental funds reported combining ending fund balances of \$7,281,412, which is \$930,785 or 14.7 percent, higher than last year's total of \$6,350,627. Of the \$7,281,412 total, \$4,116,801, or approximately 56.5 percent, of the fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund reported a positive change in fund balance for the year of \$1,120,962, an increase of 36.1 percent. This was due to more property taxes being received in the current year and the receipt of the CARES grant, which was not budgeted for in the current year. Also, the General Fund had a \$137,000 transfer out to Community Capital Fund for capital related expenditures paid by the Fund in the current fiscal year, in addition to a transfer of \$335,797 to the Water and Sewer Fund to fund the early payoff of the 2008 Debt Certificates. These variances are further outlined on the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At April 30, 2021, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$4,116,801, which represents 97.3 percent of the total fund balance of the General Fund. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents approximately 109.5 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund reported a surplus for the year of \$191,740 for the year, or 30.2 percent. This increase is due to decreased spending on road resurfacing in 2021.

The Retirement Fund reported a surplus for the year of \$19,490 or 31.0 percent. This increase is due to more property tax revenue received in the current year compared to expenditures of \$164,090 in the current year.

The Community Capital Fund reported a deficit for the year of \$399,422, or 16.1 percent. This decrease is due to current capital projects expenditures exceeding fundings from the General Fund and current year revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS - Continued

Proprietary Funds

The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Village reports the Water and Sewer Fund, the Recycling and Refuse Fund, and the Sanitary Sewer Funds as a major proprietary fund. The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the provision on water and sewer services to the residents of the Village. The Recycling and Refuse Fund accounts for the provision of recycling services to the residents of the Village. The Sanitary Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents of the Village.

The Village intends to run the funds at a breakeven rate. Periodically, there will be an annual surplus or draw down due to timing of capital projects. The surplus in the Water and Sewer Fund during the current fiscal year was \$611,772, while the previous fiscal year reported a deficit of \$11,552. Unrestricted net position in the Water and Sewer Fund totaled \$706,728 at April 30, 2021. The deficit in the Recycling and Refuse Fund during the current fiscal year was \$52,202, while the previous fiscal year reported a surplus of \$91,123. Unrestricted net position in the Recycling and Refuse Fund totaled \$505,675 at April 30, 2021. The Sanitary Sewer Fund reported a surplus in net position for the year of \$168,767, while the previous year reported a deficit of \$1,008,411. Unrestricted net position in the Sanitary Sewer Fund totaled \$3,372,901 at April 30, 2021.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Village of Lindenhurst's made no budget amendment to the General Fund during the year. General Fund actual revenues for the year totaled \$5,354,810, compared to budgeted revenues of \$3,944,893. The taxes, intergovernmental, and licenses and permits were higher than budgeted.

The General Fund actual expenditures for the year were \$20,965 lower than budgeted (\$3,761,051 actual compared to \$3,782,016 budgeted). The general government, public works, engineering, and capital outlay function's actual expenditures were lower than budgeted expenditures by \$57,089, \$138,346, \$17,048, and \$5,941, respectively. These decreases were offset by public safety function being over budget by \$197,287.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Village of Lindenhurst's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2021 was \$60,647,135 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, other infrastructure, and water and sewerage infrastructure.

	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation						
	Govern	ımental	Busine	ss-Type		_	
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	To	Totals	
	2021	2020	2021	2021 2020		2020	
						_	
Land	\$ 971,069	995,032	10,000	10,000	981,069	1,005,032	
Construction in Progress	766,665	592,196	-	-	766,665	592,196	
Building and Improvements	2,022,637	2,101,193	15,942,646	16,710,406	17,965,283	18,811,599	
Vehicles and Equipment	785,071	763,640	39,976	46,536	825,047	810,176	
Other Infrastructure	7,023,825	4,156,047	-	-	7,023,825	4,156,047	
Water and Sewerage Infrastructure	=	-	33,085,246	34,318,394	33,085,246	34,318,394	
Takala	11 5(0 2(7	0.600.100	40.077.969	£1 00£ 22((0 (47 125	50 (02 444	
Totals	11,569,267	8,608,108	49,077,868	51,085,336	60,647,135	59,693,444	

This year's major additions included:

Construction in Progress	\$ 174,469
Vehicles and Equipment	220,937
Other Infrastructure	3,423,519
	 3,818,925

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION – Continued

Debt Administration

At year-end, the Village of Lindenhurst had total outstanding debt of \$22,701,194 as compared to \$24,996,034 the previous year, a decrease of \$2,294,840. The following is a comparative statement of outstanding debt:

	 Long-Term Debt Outstanding					
	 Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type		_
	Activ	rities	Acti	vities	To	tals
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
						_
General Obligation Alternate Bonds	\$ =	53,100	=	36,900	-	90,000
Debt Certificates	-	-	-	490,000	-	490,000
IEPA Loan Payables	-	-	22,677,120	24,103,071	22,677,120	24,103,071
Installment Contract Payable	=	=	24,074	312,963	24,074	312,963
Totals	-	53,100	22,701,194	24,942,934	22,701,194	24,996,034

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a non-home rule governmental entity may issue to 8.625 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limit for the Village is \$30,299,505.

Additional information on the Village's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Village's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2021-2021 budget and the associated property tax rates and charges for services. These factors include general and local economic conditions and expected revenues.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virus a public health emergency. As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Town's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

The budgets were developed using the Village's five-year corporate revenue and expense projections and the water and sewer utility projected revenue and expenses.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to: Village of Lindenhurst, 2301 E. Sand Lake Road, Lindenhurst, Illinois, 60046.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

Proprietary Funds

Fiduciary Fund

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2021

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,506,588	4,560,826	12,067,414
Receivables - Net of Allowances			
Property Taxes	1,281,204	173,002	1,454,206
Accounts	91,554	991,401	1,082,955
Other	52,869	9,011	61,880
Due from Other Governments	322,670	-	322,670
Prepaids	42,136	34,475	76,611
Total Current Assets	9,297,021	5,768,715	15,065,736
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital Assets			
Nondepreciable	1,737,734	10,000	1,747,734
Depreciable	30,170,953	84,086,150	114,257,103
1	31,908,687	84,096,150	116,004,837
Accumulated Depreciation	(20,339,420)	(35,018,282)	(55,357,702)
Total Capital Assets	11,569,267	49,077,868	60,647,135
Net Pension Asset - IMRF	2,044	2,711	4,755
Total Noncurrent Assets	11,571,311	49,080,579	60,651,890
Total Assets	20,868,332	54,849,294	75,717,626
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Items - IMRF	59,524	78,903	138,427
Deferred Items - Police Pension	1,227,033		1,227,033
Deferred Items - RBP	16,448	8,456	24,904
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,303,005	87,359	1,390,364
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	22,171,337	54,936,653	77,107,990

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
I I A DIII ITIEG			
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
	¢ (41.52)	114 700	75(225
Accounts Payable	\$ 641,536	114,789	756,325
Accrued Payroll	123,198	51,659	174,857
Deposits Payable	-	65,323	65,323
Accrued Interest Payable	25.004	71,947	71,947
Compensated Absences Payable	25,004	5,696	30,700
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities	-	1,473,133	1,473,133
Total Current Liabilities	789,738	1,782,547	2,572,285
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated Absences Payable	100,017	22,785	122,802
Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	2,411,507	-	2,411,507
Total Pension Liability - RBP	102,657	52,776	155,433
IEPA Loan Payable		21,228,061	21,228,061
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,614,181	21,303,622	23,917,803
Total Liabilities	3,403,919	23,086,169	26,490,088
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Items - IMRF	524,439	695,180	1,219,619
Deferred Items - Police Pension	1,057,961	-	1,057,961
Deferred Items - RBP	41,087	21,123	62,210
Property Taxes	1,250,875	172,203	1,423,078
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,874,362	888,506	3,762,868
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resource	s 6,278,281	23,974,675	30,252,956
NET POSITION			_
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,569,267	26,376,674	37,945,941
Restricted			
Insurance	70,573	-	70,573
Road Projects	826,970	-	826,970
Payroll Taxes and Retirement	82,292	-	82,292
Police Currency Seizure	5,397	-	5,397
DUI Programs	12,575	-	12,575
Controlled Substance Act	5,128	-	5,128
Prison Review Agency	15,241	_	15,241
Shop with a Cop	17,094	-	17,094
Unrestricted	3,288,519	4,585,304	7,873,823
Total Net Position	15,893,056	30,961,978	46,855,034

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

			Program Revenue	es
		Charges	Operating	Capital
		for	Grants/	Grants/
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Governmental Activities				
General Government	\$ 588,632	697,382	-	-
Public Works	1,954,326	-	1,061,921	2,014,002
Building and Grounds	28,792	-	-	-
Engineering	122,011	-	-	-
Public Safety	2,563,495	28,028	599,928	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	955	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities	 5,258,211	725,410	1,661,849	2,014,002
Business-Type Activities				
Water and Sewer	4,551,798	4,557,115	-	-
Recycling and Refuse	1,269,363	1,417,161	-	-
Sanitary Sewer	769,829	150,200	-	-
Total Business-Type Activities	6,590,990	6,124,476	-	-
Total Primary Government	 11,849,201	6,849,886	1,661,849	2,014,002

General Revenues

Taxes

Property Taxes

Intergovernmental - Unrestricted

Sales Taxes

Income Taxes

Other Taxes

Investment Income

Miscellaneous

Interfund Activity - Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning as Restated

Net Position - Ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net	(Exp	enses)/I	Rev	enues
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Primary Government					
Governmental	Business-Type				
Activities	Activities	Totals			
108,750	-	108,750			
1,121,597	-	1,121,597			
(28,792)	-	(28,792)			
(122,011)	-	(122,011)			
(1,935,539)	-	(1,935,539)			
(955)	-	(955)			
(856,950)	-	(856,950)			
-	5,317	5,317			
-	147,798	147,798			
-	(619,629)	(619,629)			
	(466,514)	(466,514)			
(856,950)	(466,514)	(1,323,464)			
1.251.000	160.446	1 420 454			
1,251,008	169,446	1,420,454			
1,651,194		1,651,194			
1,658,413	-	1,658,413			
195,669	2,322	1,038,413			
33,338	637,121	670,459			
301,302	250,135	551,437			
(135,797)	135,797	331,437			
4,955,127		6 140 048			
4,933,127	1,194,821	6,149,948			
4,098,177	728,307	4,826,484			
7,070,177	120,301	7,020,704			
11,794,879	30,233,671	42,028,550			
15,893,056	30,961,978	46,855,034			

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds April 30, 2021

	General		
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,501,781		
Receivables - Net of Allowances	+ 1,000,00		
Property Taxes	1,102,994		
Accounts	39,690		
Other	49,137		
Due from Other Governments	275,029		
Prepaids	42,136		
Total Assets	6,010,767		
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	602,000		
Accrued Payroll	101,535		
Due to Other Funds	5,057		
Total Liabilities	708,592		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Taxes	1,072,665		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,781,257		
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	42,136		
Restricted	70,573		
Assigned	-		
Unassigned	4,116,801		
Total Fund Balances	4,229,510		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	6,010,767		

Special	Revenue	Capital Projects		
Motor		Community		
Fuel Tax	Retirement	Capital	Nonmajor	Totals
779,329	103,955	2,066,088	55,435	7,506,588
-	178,210	-	-	1,281,204
-	-	51,864	-	91,554
-	-	3,732	-	52,869
47,641	-	-	-	322,670
-	-	<u>-</u>	-	42,136
826,970	282,165	2,121,684	55,435	9,297,021
-	-	34,479	-	636,479
-	21,663	-	-	123,198
-	-	-	-	5,057
-	21,663	34,479	-	764,734
-	178,210	-	-	1,250,875
-	199,873	34,479	-	2,015,609
-	-	-	-	42,136
826,970	82,292	-	55,435	1,035,270
-	-	2,087,205	-	2,087,205
		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	4,116,801
826,970	82,292	2,087,205	55,435	7,281,412
826,970	282,165	2,121,684	55,435	9,297,021

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities

April 30, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 7,281,412
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	11,569,267
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Items - IMRF	(464,915)
Deferred Items - Police Pension	169,072
Deferred Items - RBP	(24,639)
Some liabilities reported in the Statement of Net Position do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. These liabilities consist of:	
Compensated Absences Payable	(125,021)
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - IMRF	2,044
Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	(2,411,507)
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	(102,657)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	15,893,056

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

See Following Page

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	General
Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 1,073,730
Intergovernmental	3,736,992
Licenses and Permits	196,529
Fines and Forfeitures	24,679
Charges for Services	224,280
Interest	32,524
Miscellaneous	66,076
Total Revenues	5,354,810
Expenditures	
Current	
General Government	455,961
Public Works	703,443
Building and Grounds	28,792
Engineering	122,011
Public Safety	2,441,575
Capital Outlay	9,269
Debt Service	·
Principal Retirement	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-
Total Expenditures	3,761,051
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,593,759
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Disposal of Capital Assets	-
Transfers In	-
Transfers Out	(472,797)
	(472,797)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,120,962
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,108,548
Fund Balances - Ending	4,229,510

Consid I)	Capital		
Special F Motor	Revenue	Projects Community		
Fuel Tax	Retirement	Capital	Nonmajor	Totals
Tuci Tax	Retirement	Сарпаі	Nominajor	Totals
_	177,278	-	-	1,251,008
1,028,299	6,302	395,532	-	5,167,125
-	-	276,573	-	473,102
-	-	-	3,349	28,028
-	-	-	-	224,280
814	-	-	-	33,338
_	-	207,571	1,125	274,772
1,029,113	183,580	879,676	4,474	7,451,653
-	164,090	_	_	620,051
109,512	-	_	-	812,955
-	-	_	-	28,792
-	-	_	-	122,011
-	-	-	6,459	2,448,034
727,861	-	1,388,254	-	2,125,384
-	-	53,100	-	53,100
-	-	1,274	-	1,274
837,373	164,090	1,442,628	6,459	6,211,601
191,740	19,490	(562,952)	(1,985)	1,240,052
-	-	26,530	-	26,530
-	-	137,000	-	137,000
-	-	-	-	(472,797)
-	-	163,530	-	(309,267)
191,740	19,490	(399,422)	(1,985)	930,785
635,230	62,802	2,486,627	57,420	6,350,627
826,970	82,292	2,087,205	55,435	7,281,412

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 930,785
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	1,604,923
Capital Contribution	2,214,002
Depreciation Expense	(807,922)
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions	
not reported in the funds.	
Change in Deferred Items - IMRF	(287,445)
Change in Deferred Items - Police Pension	(1,804,858)
Change in Deferred Items - RBP	(31,108)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.	
Change in Compensated Absences Payable	(11,066)
Change in Net Pension Liability - IMRF	472,079
Change in Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	1,754,031
Change in Total OPEB Liability - RBP	11,337
Retirement of Debt	53,100
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities	
does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	 319
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	 4,098,177

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds April 30, 2021

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds April 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Recycling	Sanitary	
	and Sewer	and Refuse	Sewer	Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 827,808	323,017	3,410,001	4,560,826
Receivables - Net of Allowances				
Accounts	748,964	242,437	-	991,401
Property Taxes	- -	- -	173,002	173,002
Interest	1,998	-	7,013	9,011
Prepaids	34,475	_	-	34,475
Total Current Assets	1,613,245	565,454	3,590,016	5,768,715
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets				
Nondepreciable	-	-	10,000	10,000
Depreciable	60,413,474	-	23,672,676	84,086,150
Accumulated Depreciation	(25,025,241)	-	(9,993,041)	(35,018,282)
Total Capital Assets	35,388,233	-	13,689,635	49,077,868
Net Pension Asset - IMRF	2,473	238	-	2,711
Total Noncurrent Assets	35,390,706	238	13,689,635	49,080,579
Total Assets	37,003,951	565,692	17,279,651	54,849,294
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Items - IMRF	71,982	6,921	-	78,903
Deferred Items - RBP	8,456	-	-	8,456
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	80,438	6,921	-	87,359
Total Assets and Deferred				
Outflows of Resources	37,084,389	572,613	17,279,651	54,936,653

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Recycling	Sanitary	
_	and Sewer	and Refuse	Sewer	Totals
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	109,248	1,700	3,841	114,789
Accrued Payroll	47,403	4,256	-	51,659
Deposits Payable	65,323	-	-	65,323
Accrued Interest Payable	30,876	-	41,071	71,947
Compensated Absences Payable	5,696	-	-	5,696
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities	860,099	-	613,034	1,473,133
Total Current Liabilities	1,118,645	5,956	657,946	1,782,547
Name and Article History				
Noncurrent Liabilities	22.795			22.795
Compensated Absences Payable	22,785	-	-	22,785
Total Pension Liability - RBP	52,776	-	-	52,776
IEPA Loan Payable	13,957,322	-	7,270,739	21,228,061
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	14,032,883	<u> </u>	7,270,739	21,303,622
Total Liabilities	15,151,528	5,956	7,928,685	23,086,169
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	_	_	172,203	172,203
Deferred Items - IMRF	634,198	60,982	-	695,180
Deferred Items - RBP	21,123	-	_	21,123
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	655,321	60,982	172,203	888,506
- Total Deferred lilliows of Resources	055,521	00,702	172,203	000,200
Total Liabilities and Deferred				
Inflows of Resources	15,806,849	66,938	8,100,888	23,974,675
	12,000,013	00,250	0,100,000	25,571,675
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	20,570,812	-	5,805,862	26,376,674
Unrestricted	706,728	505,675	3,372,901	4,585,304
Total Net Position	21,277,540	505,675	9,178,763	30,961,978

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Busi	iness-Type Activiti	es - Enterprise Fun	ıds
	Water	Recycling	Sanitary	
	and Sewer	and Refuse	Sewer	Totals
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 4,557,115	1,417,161	150,200	6,124,476
Operating Expenses				
Operations	3,116,404	1,269,363	89	4,385,856
Depreciation	1,127,481	-	668,641	1,796,122
Total Operating Expenses	4,243,885	1,269,363	668,730	6,181,978
Operating Income (Loss)	313,230	147,798	(518,530)	(57,502)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest Income	24,251	-	62,533	86,784
Unrealized Gains (Losses)	-	-	550,337	550,337
Other Income	246,407	-	3,728	250,135
Property Taxes	-	-	169,446	169,446
Replacement Taxes	-	-	2,322	2,322
Interest Expense	(307,913)	-	(101,099)	(409,012)
-	(37,255)	-	687,267	650,012
Income Before Transfers	275,975	147,798	168,737	592,510
Transfers In	335,797	-	-	335,797
Transfers Out		(200,000)	-	(200,000)
Change in Net Position	611,772	(52,202)	168,737	728,307
Net Position - Beginning as Restated	20,665,768	557,877	9,010,026	30,233,671
Net Position - Ending	21,277,540	505,675	9,178,763	30,961,978

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Funds
	Water	Recycling	Sanitary	
	and Sewer	and Refuse	Sewer	Totals
Carl Elassa franco Oranadia - Andridia				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	¢ 4.942.927	1 420 770	972 221	7 126 947
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 4,842,837	1,420,779	873,231	7,136,847
Payments to Employees	(793,618)	(64,563)	- 2 401	(858,181)
Payments to Suppliers	(2,531,699) 1,517,520	(1,225,409) 130,807	3,401 876,632	(3,753,707) 2,524,959
	1,317,320	130,007	070,032	2,32 1,737
Cash Flows from Noncapital and Related Activities				
Transfers In	335,797	-	-	335,797
Transfers Out		(200,000)	-	(200,000)
	335,797	(200,000)	-	135,797
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1.626.200)		((05.442)	(2 241 740)
Principal Paid on Debt	(1,636,298)	-	(605,442)	(2,241,740)
Interest Paid on Debt	(307,913)	-	(101,099)	(409,012)
	(1,944,211)	-	(706,541)	(2,650,752)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest Received	24,251	-	62,533	86,784
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(66,643)	(69,193)	232,624	96,788
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	894,451	392,210	3,177,377	4,464,038
, , ,				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	827,808	323,017	3,410,001	4,560,826
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided				
(Used) by Operating Activities				
Operating Income (Loss)	313,230	147,798	(518,530)	(57,502)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net	313,230	117,770	(310,330)	(37,302)
Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in)				
Operating Activities:				
Depreciation	1,127,481	_	668,641	1,796,122
Other Income	246,407	_	725,833	972,240
Other (Expense) - IMRF and RBP	(216,044)	(21,468)	-	(237,512)
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets	39,315	3,618	(2,802)	40,131
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	7,131	859	3,490	11,480
mercuse (Decreuse) in Current Diamines	7,131	007	2,770	11,700
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,517,520	130,807	876,632	2,524,959

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2021

	Pension
	Trust
	Police
	Pension
ASSETS	
1100210	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 321,365
Investments	
U.S. Treasury Obligations	1,116,866
U.S. Agency Obligations	273,570
State and Local Obligations	166,004
Corporate Bonds	1,933,353
Illinois Funds	55,294
Annuities Mutual Funds	1,046,046 5,249,601
Common Stock	1,258,168
Common Stock	1,230,100
Accounts Receivable	
Accrued Interest	21,647
Due from Other Funds	5,057
Prepaids	4,906
Total Assets	11,451,877
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	7 750
Accounts Payable	7,750
NET POSITION	
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	11,444,127

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Pension
	Trust
	Police
	Pension
Additions	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 385,232
Contributions - Plan Members	157,170
Total Contributions	542,402
Investment Income	
Interest Earned	291,499
Net Change in Fair Value	1,851,114
Ç	2,142,613
Less Investment Expenses	(66,515)
Net Investment Income	2,076,098
Total Additions	2,618,500
Deductions	
Administration	17,174
Benefits	397,787_
Total Deductions	414,961
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	2,203,539
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	
Beginning	9,240,588
Ending	11,444,127

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Lindenhurst (the Village), Illinois, incorporated in 1956, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected president and Board of Trustees. The Village's major operations include general government administration, public works, building and grounds, engineering, public safety (police), waterworks and sewerage services, and recycling and refuse services.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Village's accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Village are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Village complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "the Financial Reporting Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Village. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

The Village's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government:

Village of Lindenhurst

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The Village's sworn police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Village's President, one elected pension beneficiary and two elected police employees constitute the pension board. The participants are required to contribute a percentage of salary as established by state statute and the Village is obligated to fund all remaining PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it is legally separate from the Village, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the Village's police employees. The PPERS is reported as a fiduciary fund, and specifically a pension trust fund, due to the fiduciary responsibility exercised over the PPERS.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The Village's police safety, economic development, highway and street maintenance and reconstruction, public improvements, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Village's water and sewer services, and recycling and refuse services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are: (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations. The Village's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions and business-type activities (general government, public works, building and grounds, engineering, public safety, etc.). The functions are supported by general government revenues (property, sales and taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.).

The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The Village allocates indirect costs to the proprietary funds for personnel who perform administrative services for those funds, along with other indirect costs deemed necessary for their operations, but are paid through the General Fund.

This government-wide focus concentrates on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The Village electively added funds, as major funds, which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a single column in the fund financial statements.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Village:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Village:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements – Continued

Governmental Funds – Continued

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Village maintains seven special revenue funds. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund, a major fund, is used to account for the activities involved with street maintenance and construction. Financing is provided by the Village's share of state gasoline taxes. State law requires these gasoline taxes to be used to maintain streets. The Retirement Fund, also a major fund, is used to account for the revenues from IMRF and social security property tax levies along with the related expenditures.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds). The Village maintains one capital projects funds. The Community Capital Fund, a major fund, is used to account for community infrastructure and capital improvements including: storm water improvements, bike path and sidewalk improvements, municipal facility improvements, road improvements, and other projects as determined by the Village Board.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary fund of the Village:

Enterprise Funds are required to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs. The Water and Sewer Fund, a major fund, is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection. The Recycling and Refuse Fund, also a major fund, is used to account for the provision of recycling and refuse services for a fee. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted including administration, operations, maintenance and billing and collection. The Sanitary Sewer Fund, also a major fund, is used to account for the debt and other expenses related to improvements made to the waste water treatment plant and its associated appurtenances. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted including administration, operations, maintenance, and collections.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements – Continued

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Pension Trust Funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for pension benefit payments. The Police Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for disability and retirement annuity payments to employees covered by the plan.

The Village's pension trust fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statement. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Village, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued

Measurement Focus - Continued

All proprietary and pension trust funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty (60) days after year-end. The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty (60) day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability/deferred inflows are incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest income, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

All proprietary and pension trust funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued

Basis of Accounting – Continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise funds, are charges to customers for sales and services. The Village also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent. For the purpose of the proprietary funds' Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, and grants. Business-type activities report water and sewer charges and recycling and refuse as their major receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more, and \$25,000 or more for infrastructure, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Village as a whole. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated acquisition value on the date donated.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Capital Assets – Continued

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	12 - 50 Years
Vehicles and Equipment	4 - 15 Years
Water and Sewerage Infrastructure	75 Years
Other Infrastructure	20 - 50 Years

Compensated Absences

The Village accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents an acquisition/reduction of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted – All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds except the Police Currency Seizure and Shop with a Cop Funds. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year-end.

Budgeted expenditures are controlled at the departmental level with the Village administrator's oversight. All transfers and any revision that changes the total expenditures not contemplated of any fund must be approved by the Board of Trustees. All budget amendments must be approved by the Board of Trustees.

The budget was approved on April 27, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY – Continued

EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUND

The following fund had an excess of actual expenditures over budget as of the date of this report:

Fund	Excess
Police Pension	\$ 28,048

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Village's funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds.

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

The deposits and investments of the Pension Fund are held separately from those of other Village funds. Statutes authorize the Pension Fund to make deposits/invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; credit unions, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Funds Market Fund (Formerly known as IPTIP, Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool), or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies, in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois; direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies; and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds, the mutual funds must meet specific restrictions, provided the investment in separate accounts and mutual funds does not exceed ten percent of the Pension Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase. Pension Funds with plan net position of \$2.5 million or more may invest up to forty-five percent of plan net position in separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds. Pension Funds with plan net position of at least \$5 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may through that investment advisor invest up to forty-five percent of the plan net position in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions. In addition, Pension Funds with plan net position of at least \$10 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may invest up to fifty percent of its net position in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds that meet specific restrictions effective July 1, 2011 and up to fiftyfive percent effective July 1, 2012.

Village – Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits for governmental and business-type totaled \$1,701,520 and the bank balances totaled \$1,809,689.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Village – Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk – Continued

Investments. The Village has the following investment fair values and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)			
	Fair	Less Than			More Than
Investment Type	Value	1	1 to 5	6 to 10	10
U.S. Agency Obligations Illinois Funds	\$ 1,297,756 9,068,138	- 9,068,138	441,451 -	76,025 -	780,280
	10,365,894	9,068,138	441,451	76,025	780,280

The Village has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2021:

			Fair Value Measurements Using		nts Using
			Quoted		
			Prices		
			in Active	Significant	
			Markets for	Other	Significant
			Indentical	Observable	Unobservable
			Assets	Inputs	Inputs
Investments by Fair Value Level		Totals	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Debt Securities					
U.S. Agency Obligations	\$	1,297,756	-	1,297,756	-
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) Illinois Funds		9,068,138			
mmors i unus	_	7,000,130			
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	_	10,365,894			

Debt Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Village's investment policy does not address interest rate risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Village – Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk – Continued

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for deposits. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits of the Village was insured or collateralized with securities held by the Village, its agent, or by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Village.

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for investments. The Villages investment in the Illinois Fund is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Village minimizes risk by limiting investments to the safest type of securities. At yearend, the Villages investments in U.S. Agency obligations were not rated or rated AA+ to AAA by Standard and Poor's and the Illinois Funds were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy does not address concentration credit risk. At yearend, the Village does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investments portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Police Pension Fund – Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Fund's deposits totaled \$321,365 and the bank balances totaled \$324,890.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Police Pension Fund – Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk – Continued

Investments. The Fund has the following investment fair values and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)			
	Fair	Less Than			More Than
Investment Type	Value	1	1 to 5	6 to 10	10
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$ 1,116,866	275,475	621,001	220,390	-
U.S. Agency Obligations	273,570	-	101,299	39,239	133,032
State and Local Obligations	166,004	5,061	66,440	30,696	63,807
Corporate Bonds	1,933,353	64,584	772,523	1,026,935	69,311
Illinois Funds	 55,294	55,294	-	-	-
	3,545,087	400,414	1,561,263	1,317,260	266,150

The Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2021:

		Fair Va	alue Measureme	nts Using
		Quoted		<u> </u>
		Prices		
		in Active	Significant	
		Markets for	Other	Significant
		Indentical	Observable	Unobservable
		Assets	Inputs	Inputs
Investments by Fair Value Level	Totals	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Debt Securities				
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$ 1,116,866	1,116,866	-	-
U.S. Agency Obligations	273,570	-	273,570	-
State and Local Obligations	166,004	-	166,004	-
Corporate Bonds	 1,933,353	-	1,933,353	-
	3,489,793	1,116,866	2,372,927	-
Equity Securities				
Annuities	1,046,046	1,046,046	-	-
Mutual Funds	5,249,601	5,249,601	-	-
Common Stock	1,258,168	1,258,168	-	-
	7,553,815	7,553,815	-	-
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	11,043,608	8,670,681	2,372,927	-
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV)				
Illinois Funds	 55,294			
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	11,098,902			

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Police Pension Fund – Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk – Continued

Investments – *Continued*. Debt Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. The Fund limits its exposure interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and maximizing yields for funds not needed for expected current cash flows. The investment policy does not limit the maximum maturity length of investments in the Fund.

Custodial Credit Risk. The Fund's investment policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance. At year-end, the deposits of the Fund are insured or collateralized with securities held by the Fund, its agent, or by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Fund.

Credit Risk. The Fund limits its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government, securities issued by the agencies of the U.S. Government that are explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government, and investment grade corporate bonds rated at or above BB- by Standard and Poor's, Baa3 by Mood's and BBB by Fitch by at least two or the three rating agencies. At year-end, the Fund's investments in U.S. Agency obligations were not rated or rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's, the state and local obligations were all rated Aa2 to A by Moody's, and the corporate bonds were rated Baa3 to A1 by Moody's. The Illinois Funds were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration Credit Risk. The Fund does not have a formal investment policy to address concentration credit risk. In addition to the securities and fair values listed above, the Fund also has \$5,249,601 invested in mutual funds, \$1,258,168 invested in common stock, and \$1,046,046 invested in annuities. At yearend, the Fund does not have any investments over 5 percent of the net plan position available for retirement benefits (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Police Pension Fund – Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk – Continued

The Fund's investment policy in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
		_
Fixed Income	40.00%	1.10%
Equities	55.00%	5.10% to 5.70%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5.00%	(0.30%)

Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) limit the Fund's investments in equities, mutual funds and variable annuities to 45%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Fund's investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in May 2021 in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding the expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2021 are listed in the table above.

Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 23.82%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2020 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2020, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments, on or about June and September. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount
Community Capital Water and Sewer Governmental Activities	General General Recycling and Refuse	\$	137,000 (1) 335,797 (1) 200,000 (2)
			672,797

Transfers are used to (1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (2) move funds for road repair from the Recycling and Refuse Fund to Governmental Activities.

Interfund Balances

Interfund balances result from the time lag between when transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made. The composition of interfund balances as of the date of this report, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Police Pension	General	\$ 5,057

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Restated Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 971,069	-	-	971,069
Construction in Progress	592,196	174,469	-	766,665
	1,563,265	174,469	-	1,737,734
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Building and Improvements	4,156,545	-	-	4,156,545
Vehicles and Equipment	2,491,171	220,937	-	2,712,108
Other Infrastructure	19,878,781	3,423,519	-	23,302,300
	26,526,497	3,644,456	-	30,170,953
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Building and Improvements	2,055,352	78,556	-	2,133,908
Vehicles and Equipment	1,730,488	196,549	-	1,927,037
Other Infrastructure	15,745,658	532,817	-	16,278,475
	19,531,498	807,922	-	20,339,420
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	6,994,999	2,836,534		9,831,533
Total Net Capital Assets	8,558,264	3,011,003	-	11,569,267

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 113,109
Public Works	630,179
Public Safety	 64,634
	 807,922

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Business-Type Activities

Business-type capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Restated			
	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 10,000	-	-	10,000
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Building and Improvements	28,726,429	-	-	28,726,429
Vehicles and Equipment	1,245,955	-	-	1,245,955
Water and Sewerage Infrastructure	54,113,766	-	-	54,113,766
	84,086,150	-	-	84,086,150
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Building and Improvements	12,017,244	766,539	-	12,783,783
Vehicles and Equipment	1,201,085	4,894	-	1,205,979
Water and Sewerage Infrastructure	20,003,831	1,024,689	-	21,028,520
	33,222,160	1,796,122	-	35,018,282
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	50,863,990	(1,796,122)	-	49,067,868
Total Net Capital Assets	50,873,990	(1,796,122)	-	49,077,868

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows.

Water and Sewer	\$ 1,127,481
Sanitary Sewer	668,641
	1,796,122

LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Alternate Revenue Source Bonds

The Village issues bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Alternate revenue source bonds provide for the collection, segregation and distribution of certain taxes revenues by the Village for the payment of principal and interest on the alternate revenue source bonds.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

General Obligation Alternate Revenue Source Bonds - Continued

Alternate revenue source bonds outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
General Obligation (Alternate Revenue Source) Refunding Bonds of 2013 due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$465,000 plus interest of 0.45% to 2.40% through	Community Capital Water and	\$ 53,100	-	53,100	-
February 1, 2021.	Sewer	 36,900	-	36,900	
		 90,000	-	90,000	-

Debt Certificates

The Village issues debt certificates to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Debt certificates have been issued for business-type activities. Debt Certificates issued for business-type activities are reported in the proprietary funds as they are expected to be repaid from proprietary revenues. Debt certificates currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Debt Certificates of 2008 due in annual installments of \$100,000 to \$170,000 plus interest of 4.05% to 4.30% through January 1, 2023.	Water and Sewer	\$ 490,000	-	490,000	-

IEPA Loans Payable

The Village has entered into loan agreements with the IEPA to provide low interest financing for water and sewer improvements. IEPA loans currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) Loan Payable of 2010 due in annual installments \$44,364 through December 23, 2030.	Water and Sewer	\$ 488,006	_	44,364	443,642

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

IEPA Loans Payable – Continued

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) Loan Payable of 2013 due in annual installments of \$709,693, including interest at 1.25% through November 30, 2032.	Sanitary Sewer \$	8,489,215	-	605,442	7,883,773
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) Loan Payable of 2015 due in annual installments of \$404,995, including interest at 2.21% through March 21, 2036.	Water and Sewer	5,433,184	-	286,496	5,146,688
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) Loan Payable of 2016 due in annual installments of \$667,666, including interest at 1.86% through March 11, 2037.	Water and Sewer	9,692,666	-	489,649	9,203,017
	_	24,103,071	-	1,425,951	22,677,120

Installment Contract Payable

The Village also issues installment contracts payable to provide funds for the purchase of capital assets. Installment contracts currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginni Balanc	C	Retirements	Ending Balances
Installment Contract of 2016 due in monthly installments of \$24,074 plus interest of 2.63% through May	Water and				
12, 2021.	Sewer	\$ 312,	963 -	288,889	24,074

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due within
Type of Debt	Balances	Additions	Deductions	Balances	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 113,955	22,132	11,066	125,021	25,004
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - IMRF	470,035	-	472,079	(2,044)	-
Net Pension Liability - Police	4,165,538	-	1,754,031	2,411,507	-
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	113,994	-	11,337	102,657	-
General Obligation Alternate Bonds	53,100	-	53,100	-	
	4,916,622	22,132	2,301,613	2,637,141	25,004
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated Absences	32,166	3,685	7,370	28,481	5,696
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	623,070	-	625,781	(2,711)	-
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	61,770	-	8,994	52,776	-
General Obligation Alternate Bonds	36,900	-	36,900	-	-
Debt Certificates	490,000	-	490,000	-	-
IEPA Loan Payable	24,103,071	-	1,425,951	22,677,120	1,449,059
Installment Contract Payable	312,963	-	288,889	24,074	24,074
	25,659,940	3,685	2,883,885	22,779,740	1,478,829

For governmental activities, the compensated absences, the net pension liabilities, and the total OPEB liability are liquidated by the General Fund.

For business-type activities, the Water and Sewer Fund makes payments on the debt certificates and the installment contract payable. The IEPA loan payable is being paid by the Water and Sewer Fund and the Sanitary Sewer Fund. The compensated absences are liquidated by the Water and Sewer Fund. The net pension liability is liquidated by the Water and Sewer Fund and the Recycling and Refuse Fund. The total OPEB liability is liquidated by the Water and Sewer Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities						
		IE	PA	Install	ment		
Fiscal		Loans 1	Payable	Contract	Payable		
Year		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2022	\$	1,449,059	377,659	24,074	53		
2023		1,472,574	354,144	-	-		
2024		1,496,506	330,212	-	-		
2025		1,520,859	305,859	-	-		
2026		1,545,643	281,075	-	-		
2027		1,570,867	255,851	-	-		
2028		1,596,538	230,180	-	-		
2029		1,622,662	204,056	-	-		
2030		1,649,250	177,468	-	-		
2031		1,676,303	150,417	-	-		
2032		1,659,487	122,867	-	-		
2033		1,685,749	96,605	-	-		
2034		1,004,138	68,523	-	-		
2035		1,024,250	48,411	-	-		
2036		1,044,768	27,892	-	-		
2037		658,467	9,199	_			
Totals		22,677,120	3,040,418	24,074	53		

Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 8.625% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Legal Debt Margin - Continued

Assessed Valuation - 2020	\$ 351,298,604
Legal Debt Limit - 8.625% of Assessed Value Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	30,299,505
Legal Debt Margin	30,299,505

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of April 30, 2021:

Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 11,569,267
Business-Type Activities	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	49,077,868
Less Capital Related Debt:	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan Payable of 2010	(443,642)
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan Payable of 2013	(7,883,773)
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan Payable of 2015	(5,146,688)
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan Payable of 2016	(9,203,017)
Installment Contract of 2015	(24,074)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	26,376,674

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS – Continued

Fund Balance Classifications

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

	(– General	Special Ro Motor Fuel Tax	evenue Retirement	Capital Projects Community Capital	- Nonmajor	Totals
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable							
Prepaids	\$	42,136	-	-	-	-	42,136
Restricted							
Insurance		70,573	_	_	-	-	70,573
Road Projects		-	826,970	_	-	-	826,970
Payroll Taxes and Retirement		-	<u>-</u>	82,292	-	-	82,292
Police Currency Seizure		-	-	-	-	5,397	5,397
DUI Programs		-	_	_	-	12,575	12,575
Controlled Substance Act		-	_	_	-	5,128	5,128
Prison Review Agency		-	-	-	-	15,241	15,241
Shop with a Cop		-	-	-	-	17,094	17,094
1		70,573	826,970	82,292	-	55,435	1,035,270
Assigned							
Community Capital		-	-	_	2,087,205		2,087,205
Unassigned	4	,116,801	-	-		-	4,116,801
Total Fund Balances	4	,229,510	826,970	82,292	2,087,205	55,435	7,281,412

In the governmental funds' financial statements, the Village considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Village first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS – Continued

Fund Balance Classifications - Continued

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Village's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The Villages policy manual states that the General Fund should maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance equal to 75% of the current year's operating expenses.

Net Position Restatements

Beginning net position was restated due to the implementation of a new capital asset policy. The following is a summary of the net position as originally reported and as restated:

As Reported	As Restated	Increase
		_
\$ 11,844,723	11,794,879	(49,844)
30,445,017	30,233,671	(211,346)
20,875,893	20,665,768	(210,125)
9,011,247	9,010,026	(1,221)
	\$ 11,844,723 30,445,017 20,875,893	\$ 11,844,723

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Village's employees. The Village has purchased insurance from private insurance companies. Risks covered included certain types of liabilities and bonds. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. There were no significant changes in insurance coverages from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Village's attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Financial Impact from COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virus a public health emergency. As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Village's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

COMMITMENTS

Sales Tax Rebate

The Village entered into an Economic Incentive Agreement with an automobile dealership based upon sales tax revenue generated and paid by this dealership during the calendar year. Upon signing the agreement, the Village paid \$125,000 to the dealership. The Village is holding the first \$287,205 of sales tax revenue paid by the dealership. Once the dealership has been open for five years, the amount will be paid in full to the dealership. After the initial \$287,205 is collected, the Village agrees to remit 50% of sales tax revenue paid by this dealership up to \$50,000,000 in each sales tax year. Thereafter, the Village agrees to remit 65% of sales tax revenue paid by the dealership for gross receipts that exceed \$50,000,000 in each sales tax year. The agreement expires on April 30, 2032. As of April 30, 2021, the Village has reimbursed \$106,205 in sales taxes. All payments have been recorded as an expenditure in the General Fund.

JOINT VENTURE

Solid Waste Agency of Lake County (SWALCO)

The Village's contract with SWALCO provides that each member is liable for its proportionate share of annual operating and fixed costs. The Village's share of these costs is expected to be funded through tipping fees paid by refuse haulers. In addition, the Village is obligated for any costs arising from defaults in payment obligations by other members.

In 1991, the Village joined SWALCO. SWALCO is a municipal corporation with 43 members whose purpose is to provide a solution to solid waste disposal problems. Upon approval by a majority of its members, SWALCO may issue bonds for which the individual members would be financially liable.

The following represents a summary of SWALCO's latest available balance sheet at November 30, 2019 and the statement of revenues and expense for the year then ended:

\$	228,593
	43,294
_	,
_	271,887
S	981,527
	308,130
_	2,657,444
	3,947,101
	- - -

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

JOINT VENTURE - Continued

Solid Waste Agency of Lake County (SWALCO) - Continued

Operating Revenues	\$ 1,053,705
Operating Expenses	1,261,706
Operating Income	(208,001)
Nonoperating Revenue	 37,609
Change in Net Position	(170,392)
Net Position - Beginning	 4,117,493
Net Position - Ending	3,947,101

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Village contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, and the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. A separate report is issued for the Police Pension Plan may be obtained by writing to the Village at 2301 E. Sand Lake Street, Lindenhurst, Illinois 60046. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

The aggregate amount of pension related items for the two pension plans is:

	Net	t Pension			Pension		
	Liabilities/ (Assets)		Liabilities/ Deferred I		Deferred	Expense/	
			Outflows	Inflows	(Revenue)		
IMRF	\$	(4,755)	138,427	1,219,619	(212,136)		
Police Pension	2,411,507		1,227,033	1,057,961	436,059		
		2,406,752	1,365,460	2,277,580	223,923		

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2020, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	41
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	18
Active Plan Members	18
Total	77

Contributions. As set by statute, the Village's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual contribution rate for fiscal year-ended April 30, 2021 was 15.18% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2020, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	2.85% - 13.75%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.25%
Inflation	2.25%

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – Continued. For nondisabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
		_
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.30%
Domestic Equities	37.00%	5.00%
International Equities	18.00%	6.00%
Real Estate	9.00%	6.20%
Blended	7.00%	2.85% - 6.95%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	0.70%

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same in the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability/(asset) of the Village calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Village's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

			Current	
	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	1,744,132	(4,755)	(1,374,569)

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Total		Net Pension
	Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Liability/
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 13,269,903	12,176,798	1,093,105
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	139,256	-	139,256
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	941,351	-	941,351
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	48,684	-	48,684
Changes of Assumptions	(145,790)	-	(145,790)
Contributions - Employer	-	209,906	(209,906)
Contributions - Employees	-	61,138	(61,138)
Net Investment Income	-	1,783,039	(1,783,039)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(710,756)	(710,756)	-
Other (Net Transfer)		27,278	(27,278)
Net Changes	272,745	1,370,605	(1,097,860)
Balances at December 31, 2020	13,542,648	13,547,403	(4,755)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the Village recognized pension revenue of \$212,136. At April 30, 2021, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – Continued

	_	Deferred utflows of	Deferred Inflows of	
	R	esources	Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	62,804	-	62,804
Change in Assumptions		-	(92,183)	(92,183)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-	(1,127,436)	(1,127,436)
Total Pension Expense to be Recognized in Future Periods		62,804	(1,219,619)	(1,156,815)
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		75,623	-	75,623
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF		138,427	(1,219,619)	(1,081,192)

\$75,623 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2022. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred
Fiscal	Outflows
Year	of Resources
	_
2022	\$ (367,577)
2023	(161,090)
2024	(445,112)
2025	(183,036)
2026	-
Thereafter	
Total	(1,156,815)

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Police Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the Fund as a pension trust fund. The Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members of the Board are appointed by the Village President, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active police employees.

Plan Membership. At April 30, 2021, the measurement date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	4
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	5
Active Plan Members	13
Total	22

Benefits Provided. The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ½ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3 percent of the original pension and 3 percent compounded annually thereafter.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Benefits Provided – Continued. Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officer salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3 percent compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½ percent for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3 percent or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions. Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the Village to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. For the year-ended April 30, 2021, the Village's contribution was 29.82% of covered payroll.

Concentrations. At year-end, the Pension Plan does not have any investments over 5 percent of the net plan position available for retirement benefits (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of April 30, 2021, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	6.50%
Salary Increases	3.50%
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.25%
Inflation	2.25%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Table adjusted for plan status, demographics, and Illinois Public Pension Data.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%, the same as the prior year valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the Village calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

			Current	
	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$	4,926,813	2,411,507	421,812

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total		
	Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Balances at April 30, 2020	\$ 13,406,126	9,240,588	4,165,538
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	368,211	-	368,211
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	834,428	-	834,428
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(355,344)	-	(355,344)
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	385,232	(385,232)
Contributions - Employees	-	157,170	(157,170)
Net Investment Income	-	2,076,098	(2,076,098)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(397,787)	(397,787)	-
Administrative Expense		(17,174)	17,174
Net Changes	449,508	2,203,539	(1,754,031)
Balances at April 30, 2021	13,855,634	11,444,127	2,411,507

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the Village recognized pension expense of \$436,059. At April 30, 2021, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	239,703	(300,422)	(60,719)
Change in Assumptions		987,330	-	987,330
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		<u>-</u>	(757,539)	(757,539)
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Police Pension		1,227,033	(1,057,961)	169,072

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred		
	Outflows/		
Fiscal	(Inflows)		
Year	of Resources		
2022	\$ (21,804)		
2023	(21,804)		
2024	(83,489)		
2025	(182,202)		
2026	112,060		
Thereafter	366,311		
Total	169,072		

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Village's defined benefit OPEB plan, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the Village. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Village. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the Village Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. RBP provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents. Retirees contribute 100% of the premium for the level and type of coverage.

Plan Membership. As of April 30, 2021, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	-
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	28
Total	28

Total OPEB Liability

The Village's total OPEB liability was measured as of April 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the same date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Total OPEB Liability – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – Continued.

Inflation	3.50%
Salary Increases	3.50%
Discount Rate	2.12%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	7.50% for 2021, Decreasing 0.25% per Year to an Ultimate Rate of 4.0% for 2029 and Later Years
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	100% of Projected Health Insurance Premiums for Retirees

The discount rate was based on the expected rate of return associated with funded benefits, and for unfunded benefits, the 20-year municipal bond rates.

Mortality rates were based on the RP2014 Blue Collar base rates projected to 2021 using scale MP2020 for Police. For all others the RP2014 base rates projected to 2021 using scale MP2020 was used.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

]	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at April 30, 2020	\$	175,764
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		25,670
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		5,106
Changes of Benefit Terms		-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		(50,508)
Benefit Payments		(599)
Net Changes		(20,331)
Balance at April 30, 2021	_	155,433

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.12%, while the prior valuation used 2.91%. The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

			Current	
	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(1.12%)	(2.12%)	(3.12%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	162,738	155,433	147,367

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a variable Healthcare Trend Rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

		Healthcare		
		Cost Trend		
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase	
	Varies	Varies	Varies	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 135,241	155,433	178,722	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$27,542. At April 30, 2021, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – Continued

	Ou	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	(62,210)	(62,210)
Change in Assumptions		24,904	-	24,904
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-	-	
Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB		24,904	(62,210)	(37,306)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	No	Net Deferred		
Fiscal		(Inflows)		
Year	of	Resources		
2022	\$	(3,234)		
2023		(3,234)		
2024		(3,234)		
2025		(3,234)		
2026		(3,234)		
Thereafter		(21,136)		
TF 4 1		(27, 20.6)		
Total		(37,306)		

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

American Rescue Plan Act

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 was signed into law. This act provides \$350 billion in funding for local governments. The Village has been allocated \$1,932,583 to be received in two installments. As of the date of these financial statements, the Village has not received their first installment.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
 Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Investment Return Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefit Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 General Fund
 Motor Fuel Tax Special Revenue Fund
 Retirement Special Revenue Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions April 30, 2021

	A	ctuarially	in	ntributions Relation to Actuarially	Cor	ntribution		Contributions as
Fiscal	D	etermined	D	Determined		Excess/	Covered	a Percentage of
Year	Co	ontribution	Contribution		(D	eficiency)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2016	\$	246,866	\$	246,866	\$	-	\$ 1,640,312	15.05%
2017		237,458		693,390		455,932	1,557,099	44.53%
2018		236,678		236,678		-	1,551,381	15.26%
2019		202,329		202,329		-	1,338,659	15.11%
2020		181,885		181,885		-	1,390,666	13.08%
2021		217,256		217,256		-	1,430,813	15.18%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level % Pay (Closed)

Remaining Amortization Period 23 Years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.35% - 14.25%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age See the Notes to the Financial Statements

Mortality An IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational

projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015).

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions April 30, 2021

Fiscal Year			scal Determined Determined		Contribution Excess/ (Deficiency)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	302,440	\$	279,776	\$	(22,664)	\$ 1,216,773	22.99%
2016	Ψ	324,906	Ψ	293,600	Ψ	(31,306)	1,248,370	23.52%
2017		395,758		297,436		(98,322)	1,178,338	25.24%
2018		366,521		415,939		49,418	1,379,350	30.15%
2019		386,913		394,832		7,919	1,274,583	30.98%
2020		366,521		366,019		(502)	1,316,132	27.81%
2021		386,913		385,232		(1,681)	1,291,790	29.82%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level % Pay (Closed)

Remaining Amortization Period 21 Years
Asset Valuation Method Market Value
Inflation 2.00%

Salary Increases 4.00% Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Retirement Age See the Notes to the Financial Statements
Mortality RP 2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability April 30, 2021

		12/31/15
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$	166,445
Interest	*	802,043
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		468,760
Change of Assumptions		30,531
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		,
Member Contributions		(530,897)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		936,882
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		10,904,726
Total Pension Liability - Ending	_	11,841,608
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer	\$	246,866
Contributions - Members		113,351
Net Investment Income		46,682
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		
Member Contributions		(530,897)
Other (Net Transfer)		90,599
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(33,399)
Plan Net Position - Beginning		9,421,814
Plan Net Position - Ending	_	9,388,415
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	2,453,193
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Pension Liability/(Asset)		79.28%
Covered Payroll	\$	1,640,312
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a		
Percentage of Covered Payroll		149.56%

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years and additional year's information will be displayed as it becomes available.

12/31/16	12/31/17	12/31/18	12/31/19	12/31/20
156,665	163,066	142,675	135,908	139,256
865,237	932,757	898,792	909,311	941,351
518,639	(516,180)	(145,089)	108,617	48,684
(65,438)	(345,541)	381,998	-	(145,790)
(643,174)	(636,618)	(716,935)	(716,395)	(710,756)
831,929	(402,516)	561,441	437,441	272,745
11,841,608	12,673,537	12,271,021	12,832,462	13,269,903
12,673,537	12,271,021	12,832,462	13,269,903	13,542,648
693,390	246,601	217,846	168,742	209,906
91,986	68,612	61,346	60,265	61,138
647,141	1,885,427	(697,689)	2,059,943	1,783,039
(643,174)	(636,618)	(716,935)	(716,395)	(710,756)
87,308	(396,545)	263,132	44,000	27,278
876,651	1,167,477	(872,300)	1,616,555	1,370,605
9,388,415	10,265,066	11,432,543	10,560,243	12,176,798
10,265,066	11,432,543	10,560,243	12,176,798	13,547,403
2,408,471	838,478	2,272,219	1,093,105	(4,755)
81.00%	93.17%	82.29%	91.76%	100.04%
1,557,099	1,512,856	1,363,246	1,339,224	1,358,618
154.68%	55.42%	166.68%	81.62%	(0.35%)

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability April 30, 2021

	 4/30/15
Total Pension Liability	
Service Cost	\$ 303,356
Interest	484,185
Changes in Benefit Terms	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(249,959)
Change of Assumptions	406,698
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	 (60,135)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	884,145
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 6,705,978
Total Pension Liability - Ending	 7,590,123
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 279,776
Contributions - Members	130,286
Net Investment Income	313,096
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(60,135)
Administrative Expense	 (6,344)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	656,679
Plan Net Position - Beginning	 6,126,383
Plan Net Position - Ending	 6,783,062
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$ 807,061
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a	
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	89.37%
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,216,773
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	66.33%

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

_	4/30/16	4/30/17	4/30/18	4/30/19	4/30/20	4/30/21
	310,910	381,243	344,621	334,378	345,621	368,211
	545,535	547,038	633,819	704,347	760,533	834,428
	-	-	-	-	19,527	
	(345,837)	230,870	237,657	15,537	290,470	(355,344)
	-	339,716	-	-	1,256,358	-
_	(142,911)	(311,979)	(196,741)	(222,433)	(262,276)	(397,787)
	367,697	1,186,888	1,019,356	831,829	2,410,233	449,508
	7,590,123	7,957,820	9,144,708	10,164,064	10,995,893	13,406,126
-	7,390,123	7,937,820	9,144,700	10,104,004	10,993,893	13,400,120
	7,957,820	9,144,708	10,164,064	10,995,893	13,406,126	13,855,634
	293,600	297,436	415,939	394,832	366,019	385,232
	123,535	126,569	125,016	122,259	121,977	157,170
	(14,796)	544,524	338,529	241,514	136,185	2,076,098
	(142,911)	(311,979)	(196,741)	(222,433)	(262,276)	(397,787)
_	(6,761)	(6,665)	(9,239)	(6,332)	(10,275)	(17,174)
	252,667	649,885	673,504	529,840	351,630	2,203,539
	6,783,062	7,035,729	7,685,614	8,359,118	8,888,958	9,240,588
-	- / /	.,	. , , .	-)) -	- / /	- / - /
=	7,035,729	7,685,614	8,359,118	8,888,958	9,240,588	11,444,127
	922,091	1,459,094	1,804,946	2,106,935	4,165,538	2,411,507
_						
	88.41%	84.04%	82.24%	80.84%	68.93%	82.60%
	00.1170	01.0170	32.2 170	00.0170	00.7570	02.0070
	1,248,370	1,178,338	1,379,350	1,274,583	1,316,132	1,291,790
	73.86%	123.83%	130.85%	165.30%	316.50%	186.68%

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns April 30, 2021

	Annual Money- Weighted Rate of Return, Net
Fiscal	of Investment
Year	Expense
	-
2015	5.04%
2016	(0.47%)
2017	6.60%
2018	5.68%
2019	5.69%
2020	(0.61%)
2021	23.82%

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Retiree Benefits Plan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability April 30, 2021

		4/30/19	4/30/20	4/30/21
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	20,478	21,827	25,670
Interest		4,546	5,312	5,106
Changes in Benefit Terms		-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	e	-	-	-
Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs		1,559	9,424	(50,508)
Benefit Payments		-	(1,901)	(599)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		26,583	34,662	(20,331)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		114,519	141,102	175,764
Total OPEB Liability - Ending		141,102	175,764	155,433
Covered Payroll	\$	2,263,493	2,342,716	2,296,017
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		6.23%	7.50%	6.77%

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2019 to 2021.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Budg	Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 702,475	702,475	1,073,730
Intergovernmental	2,635,556	2,635,556	3,736,992
Licenses and Permits	135,000	135,000	196,529
Fines and Forfeitures	89,520	89,520	24,679
Charges for Services	249,958	249,958	224,280
Interest	62,384	62,384	32,524
Miscellaneous	70,000	70,000	66,076
Total Revenues	3,944,893	3,944,893	5,354,810
Expenditures			
Current			
General Government	513,050	513,050	455,961
Public Works	841,789	841,789	703,443
Building and Grounds	28,620	28,620	28,792
Engineering	139,059	139,059	122,011
Public Safety	2,244,288	2,244,288	2,441,575
Capital Outlay	15,210	15,210	9,269
Total Expenditures	3,782,016	3,782,016	3,761,051
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	162,877	162,877	1,593,759
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(137,000)	(137,000)	(472,797)
Net Change in Fund Balance	25,877	25,877	1,120,962
Fund Balance - Beginning			3,108,548
Fund Balance - Ending			4,229,510

Motor Fuel Tax - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30,2021

	Bud	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Intergovernmental			
State Motor Fuel Tax	\$ 549,990	549,990	518,037
State Grants	7,000	7,000	33,712
Rebuild Illinois Grant	-	-	476,550
Interest	3,643	3,643	814
Total Revenues	560,633	560,633	1,029,113
Expenditures			
Public Works			
Commodities			
Snow Emergency	1,000	1,000	-
Asphalt Products	34,700	34,700	8,640
Road Salt	102,500	102,500	100,872
Capital Outlay			
Road Resurfacing	830,000	830,000	727,861
Total Expenditures	968,200	968,200	837,373
Net Change in Fund Balance	(407,567)	(407,567)	191,740
Fund Balance - Beginning			635,230
Fund Balance - Ending			826,970

Retirement - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Bud	nat	
	Original	Final	Actual
		Tillui	7 Tetuar
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 178,075	178,075	177,278
Intergovernmental			
State Replacement Tax	4,800	4,800	6,302
Total Revenues	182,875	182,875	183,580
Expenditures			
General Government			
FICA	76,143	76,143	70,669
IMRF	103,599	103,599	93,421
Total Expenditures	179,742	179,742	164,090
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,133	3,133	19,490
Fund Balance - Beginning			62,802
Fund Balance - Ending			82,292

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Proprietary Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Fiduciary Fund
- Consolidated Year-End Financial Report

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for the activities involved with street maintenance and construction. Financing is provided by the Village's share of state gasoline taxes. State law requires these gasoline taxes to be used to maintain streets.

Retirement Fund

The Retirement Fund is used to account for the revenues from IMRF and social security property tax levies along with the related expenditures.

Police Currency Seizure Fund

The Police Currency Seizure Fund is used to account for currency seized temporarily during court proceedings.

DUI Fund

The DUI Fund is used to account for surcharges from DUI convictions, in accordance with state law to enhance DUI enforcement.

Controlled Substance Fund

The Controlled Substance Fund is used to account for money from seizures of the proceeds of criminal acts.

Prison Review Agency Fund

The Prison Review Agency Fund is used to account for surcharges from traffic citations in accordance with state stature, which are used for police squad car equipment.

Shop with a Cop Fund

The Shop with a Cop Fund is used to account for donations made towards and expenses associated with the annual shop with a cop program, which benefits underprovided children.

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by a governmental unit except those financed by Proprietary Funds.

Community Capital Fund

The Community Capital Fund is used to account for community infrastructure and capital improvements including: storm water improvements, bike path and sidewalk improvements, municipal facility improvements, road improvements, and other projects as determined by the Village Board.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purpose.

Water and Sewer Fund

The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations and maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

Recycling and Refuse Fund

The Recycling and Refuse Fund is used to account for the provision of recycling and refuse collection services for a fee. All activities are accounted for including administration, operations, maintenance, and billing and collection.

Sanitary Sewer Fund

The Sanitary Sewer Fund is used to account for the debt and other expenses related to improvements made to the waste water treatment plant and its associated appurtenances. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted including administration, operations, maintenance, and collections.

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

PENSION TRUST FUND

Police Pension Fund

The Police Pension Fund is used to account for the resources necessary to provide retirement and disability pension benefits to full-time sworn police personnel. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employer and employee contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. Financing is provided by the Village contributions, employee payroll withholdings, and investment income.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Budg	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 702,475	702,475	1,073,730
Intergovernmental			
State Sales Tax	1,018,589	1,018,589	1,492,863
State Income Tax	1,316,967	1,316,967	1,492,572
Municipal Tax	300,000	300,000	151,629
Grants	-	-	599,928
Total Intergovernmental	2,635,556	2,635,556	3,736,992
Licenses and Permits	135,000	135,000	196,529
Fines and Forfeitures	89,520	89,520	24,679
Charges for Services			
Franchise Fees	249,958	249,958	224,280
Interest	62,384	62,384	32,524
Miscellaneous	70,000	70,000	66,076
Total Revenues	3,944,893	3,944,893	5,354,810

General Fund
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Budge	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government			
Personnel Salaries	\$ 205,434	205,434	180,705
Retirement and Benefits	20,507	20,507	22,715
Contract Services	56,775	56,775	45,108
Professional Fees	61,445	61,445	43,405
Insurance	104,857	104,857	108,876
Dues and Subscriptions	8,905	8,905	8,387
Training and Conferences	2,500	2,500	139
Supplies	9,500	9,500	6,680
Printing	2,900	2,900	3,459
Office Expenditures	3,507	3,507	3,541
Communication	15,220	15,220	12,520
Miscellaneous Expenditures	21,500	21,500	20,426
Total General Government	513,050	513,050	455,961
Public Works			
Personnel Salaries	410,331	410,331	406,982
Retirement and Benefits	96,458	96,458	66,737
Contract Services	138,550	138,550	98,001
Professional Fees	111,435	111,435	83,284
Fuel	13,860	13,860	8,820
Training and Conferences	4,220	4,220	65
Supplies	45,640	45,640	28,909
Rental	2,000	2,000	848
Maintenance and Repairs	5,000	5,000	4,310
Road Maintenance	4,250	4,250	3,007
Office Expenditures	7,500	7,500	1,316
Communication	1,545	1,545	682
Miscellaneous Expenditures	1,000	1,000	482
Total Public Works	841,789	841,789	703,443
Building and Grounds			
Professional Fees	8,300	8,300	10,990
Supplies	500	500	300
Maintenance and Repairs	17,935	17,935	16,158
Office Expenditures	885	885	337
Miscellaneous Expenditures	1,000	1,000	1,007
Total Building and Grounds	28,620	28,620	28,792

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Budg	Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual
Engineering			• • • • •
Personnel Salaries	\$ 31,366	31,366	30,050
Retirement and Benefits	10,693	10,693	9,490
Professional Fees	51,000	51,000	53,783
Office Expenditures	45,000	45,000	27,604
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	1,084
Total Engineering	139,059	139,059	122,011
Public Safety			
Personnel Salaries	1,564,582	1,564,582	1,468,720
Pension Contribution	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	385,232
Retirement and Benefits	303,669	303,669	271,664
Professional Fees	114,350	114,350	89,073
Fuel	29,500	29,500	20,439
Dues and Subscriptions	4,730	4,730	3,210
Training and Conferences	10,850	10,850	6,509
Supplies	31,885	31,885	32,366
Printing	2,970	2,970	509
Maintenance and Repairs	29,380	29,380	27,247
Communication	128,557	128,557	117,812
Miscellaneous Expenditures	23,815	23,815	18,794
Total Public Safety	2,244,288	2,244,288	2,441,575
Capital Outlay			
Public Works	5,970	5,970	2,151
Public Safety	9,240	9,240	7,118
1 dolle Salety	<u> </u>	<i>3,</i> 240	/,110
Total Capital Outlay	15,210	15,210	9,269
Total Expenditures	3,782,016	3,782,016	3,761,051

Community Capital - Capital Project Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Intergovernmental			
State Sales Tax	\$ -	-	158,331
State Income Tax	-	-	165,841
Video Gaming	57,200	57,200	37,738
Grants and Donations	- -	- -	33,622
Licenses and Permits	280,000	280,000	276,573
Interest	5,000	5,000	-
Miscellaneous			
Other	-	-	58,387
Rentals	175,825	175,825	149,184
Total Revenues	518,025	518,025	879,676
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay			
Equipment	30,000	30,000	23,571
Vehicles	293,295	293,295	243,769
Projects	1,900,535	1,900,535	1,120,914
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	53,100	53,100	53,100
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,274	1,274	1,274
Total Expenditures	2,278,204	2,278,204	1,442,628
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			_
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,760,179)	(1,760,179)	(562,952)
Other Financing Sources			
Disposal of Capital Assets	-	-	26,530
Transfers In	137,000	137,000	137,000
	137,000	137,000	163,530
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,623,179)	(1,623,179)	(399,422)
Fund Balance - Beginning			2,486,627
Fund Balance - Ending			2,087,205

Nonmajor Governmental - Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2021

	Police Currency Seizure
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,397
FUND BALANCES	
Restricted	5,397

DUI	Controlled Substance	Prison Review Agency	Shop with a Cop	Totals
12,575	5,128	15,241	17,094	55,435
12,575	5,128	15,241	17,094	55,435

Nonmajor Governmental - Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	C	Police urrency eizure
Revenues		
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	-
Miscellaneous		
Total Revenues		-
Expenditures		
Public Safety		
Net Change in Fund Balances		-
Fund Balances - Beginning		5,397
Fund Balances - Ending		5,397

DUI	Controlled Substance	Prison Review Agency	Shop with a Cop	Totals
2,787	-	562	- 1,125	3,349 1,125
2,787	-	562	1,125	4,474
3,276	-	403	2,780	6,459
(489)	-	159	(1,655)	(1,985)
13,064	5,128	15,082	18,749	57,420
12,575	5,128	15,241	17,094	55,435

DUI - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

		Budget		
	Origin	nal	Final	Actual
Revenues Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 4,	750	4,750	2,787
Expenditures				
Public Safety				
Commodities	5,	000	5,000	3,276
Capital Outlay	1,	000	1,000	
Total Expenditures	6,	000	6,000	3,276
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,	250)	(1,250)	(489)
Fund Balance - Beginning				13,064
Fund Balance - Ending				12,575

Controlled Substance - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

		Budget		
	O	Original		Actual
Revenues				
Miscellaneous	\$	1,500	1,500	-
Expenditures				
Public Safety				
Contractual Services		-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,500	1,500	-
Fund Balance - Beginning				5,128
Fund Balance - Ending				5,128

Prison Review Agency - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

		Budget		
	C	riginal	Final	Actual
Revenues				
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	6,960	6,960	562
Interest		300	300	-
Total Revenues	_	7,260	7,260	562
Expenditures				
Public Safety		• • • • •	• • • • •	40.2
Maintenance and Repairs		2,000	2,000	403
Miscellaneous		1,000	1,000	-
Total Expenditures		3,000	3,000	403
Net Change in Fund Balance		4,260	4,260	159
Fund Balance - Beginning				15,082
Fund Balance - Ending				15,241

Water and Sewer - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Budg	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Water Sales and Sewer Usage	\$ 4,208,091	4,208,091	4,557,115
Operating Expenses			
Operations			
Administration	1,252,015	1,252,015	899,910
Sewer Plant	763,003	763,003	729,624
Water Plant	1,452,275	1,452,275	1,484,870
Capital Outlay	-	-	2,000
Depreciation		-	1,127,481
Total Operating Expenses	3,467,293	3,467,293	4,243,885
Operating Income	740,798	740,798	313,230
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest Income	75,000	75,000	24,251
Other Income	259,680	259,680	246,407
Interest Expense	(1,404,160)	(1,404,160)	(307,913)
	(1,069,480)	(1,069,480)	(37,255)
Income (Loss) before Transfers	(328,682)	(328,682)	275,975
Transfers In		-	335,797
Change in Net Position	(328,682)	(328,682)	611,772
Net Position - Beginning as Restated			20,665,768
Net Position - Ending			21,277,540

Recycling and Refuse - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
On quoting Payanyag			
Operating Revenues Charges for Services			
Refuse Collection	\$ 1.424.260	1 424 260	1 416 022
	* , ,	1,424,260	1,416,032
Recycling Proceeds	2,500	2,500	1,129
Total Operating Revenues	1,426,760	1,426,760	1,417,161
Operating Expenses			
Operations			
Recycling and Refuse	1,305,888	1,305,888	1,269,363
Income before Transfers	120,872	120,872	147,798
Transfers Out	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)
Change in Net Position	(79,128)	(79,128)	(52,202)
Net Position - Beginning			557,877
Net Position - Ending			505,675

Sanitary Sewer - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Budg	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Payments from Village	\$ 125,000	125,000	125,000
Connection Fees	30,000	30,000	25,200
Total Operating Revenues	155,000	155,000	150,200
Out of the Francisco			
Operating Expenses			
Operations	115 000	115 000	89
Sanitary Sewer	115,000	115,000	
Depreciation Francisco	115,000	115,000	668,641
Total Operating Expenses	115,000	115,000	668,730
Operating Income (Loss)	40,000	40,000	(518,530)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)			
Interest Income	150,000	150,000	62,533
Unearned Gains (Losses)	-	-	550,337
Property Taxes	170,000	170,000	169,446
Replacement Taxes	3,000	3,000	2,322
Other Income	-	-	3,728
Principal Retirement	(710,000)	(710,000)	- -
Interest Expense	-	-	(101,099)
1	(387,000)	(387,000)	687,267
Change in Net Position	(347,000)	(347,000)	168,737
Net Position - Beginning as Restated			9,010,026
Net Position - Ending			9,178,763

Police Pension - Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Budg	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
A 1102			
Additions	h 201042	20 4 0 4 2	207.222
Contributions - Employer	\$ 386,913	386,913	385,232
Contributions - Plan Members	-	-	157,170
Total Contributions	386,913	386,913	542,402
Investment Income			
Interest Earned	-	-	291,499
Net Change in Fair Value	-	-	1,851,114
· ·	-	-	2,142,613
Less Investment Expenses	-	-	(66,515)
Net Investment Income	-	-	2,076,098
Total Additions	386,913	386,913	2,618,500
Deductions			
Administration	_	-	17,174
Benefits	386,913	386,913	397,787
Total Deductions	386,913	386,913	414,961
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		<u>-</u>	2,203,539
Net Position Restricted for Pension			
Beginning			9,240,588
Ending			11,444,127

Consolidated Year-End Financial Report April 30, 2021

CSFA#	Program Name	State	Federal	Other	Totals
494-00-0967 High	n-Growth Cities Program	\$ 33,712	-	-	33,712
494-00-1488 Mot	or Fuel Tax Program	806,661	-	-	806,661
Othe	er Grant Programs and Activities	-	599,928	-	599,928
All	Other Costs Not Allocated	 -	-	10,408,900	10,408,900
Tota	ls	 840,373	599,928	10,408,900	11,849,201

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

August 13, 2021

The Honorable Village President Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Lindenhurst, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lindenhurst, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 13, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. According, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Village of Lindenhurst, Illinois August 13, 2021 Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP



Long-Term Debt Requirements

IEPA Loan Payable of 2010 April 30, 2021

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Interest Rate
Interest Date
Principal Maturity Dates
Payable at

January 1, 2010
December 23, 2030
\$1,181,870
Non-Interest
Non-Interest
June 23 and December 23
Illinois Environment Protection Agency

CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal				
Year	P	rincipal	Interest	Totals
2022	\$	44,364	-	44,364
2023		44,364	-	44,364
2024		44,364	-	44,364
2025		44,364	-	44,364
2026		44,364	-	44,364
2027		44,364	-	44,364
2028		44,364	-	44,364
2029		44,364	-	44,364
2030		44,364	-	44,364
2031		44,366	-	44,366
		443,642	-	443,642

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Requirements

IEPA Loan Payable of 2013 April 30, 2021

Date of Issue November 30, 2013
Date of Maturity November 30, 2032
Authorized Issue \$11,897,765
Interest Rates 1.25%
Interest Dates May 30 and November 30
Principal Maturity Date May 30 and November 31
Payable at Illinois Environment Protection Agency

CURRENT AND FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal	Requirements				Interes	t Due on		
Year		Principal	Interest	Totals	May 30	Amount	Nov. 30	Amount
2022	\$	613,034	96,659	709,693	2021	49,284	2022	47,375
2023		620,720	88,973	709,693	2022	45,453	2023	43,520
2024		628,504	81,189	709,693	2023	41,573	2024	39,616
2025		636,385	73,308	709,693	2024	37,645	2025	35,663
2026		644,364	65,329	709,693	2025	33,668	2026	31,661
2027		652,444	57,249	709,693	2026	29,641	2027	27,608
2028		660,626	49,067	709,693	2027	25,562	2028	23,505
2029		668,908	40,785	709,693	2028	21,435	2029	19,350
2030		677,296	32,397	709,693	2029	17,253	2030	15,144
2031		685,779	23,914	709,693	2030	13,030	2031	10,884
2032		694,388	15,305	709,693	2031	8,734	2032	6,571
2033	_	701,325	8,368	709,693	2032	4,394	2033	3,974
	_							
	_	7,883,773	632,543	8,516,316		327,672		304,871

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Requirements

IEPA Loan Payable of 2015 April 30, 2021

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

July 15, 2015
March 21, 2036
\$5,845,810
2.21%
September 21 and March 21
September 21 and March 21
Illinois Environment Protection Agency

CURRENT AND FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal		Requirements			Interes	t Due on	
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Sept. 21	Amount	Mar. 21	Amount
2022	\$ 292,862	112,133	404,995	2021	56,871	2022	55,262
2023	299,370	105,625	404,995	2022	53,635	2023	51,990
2024	306,023	98,972	404,995	2023	50,327	2024	48,645
2025	312,823	92,172	404,995	2024	46,945	2025	45,227
2026	319,775	85,220	404,995	2025	43,488	2026	41,732
2027	326,881	78,114	404,995	2026	39,955	2027	38,159
2028	334,146	70,849	404,995	2027	36,343	2028	34,506
2029	341,571	63,424	404,995	2028	32,651	2029	30,773
2030	349,161	55,834	404,995	2029	28,876	2030	26,958
2031	356,920	48,075	404,995	2030	25,018	2031	23,057
2032	364,851	40,144	404,995	2031	21,074	2032	19,070
2033	372,959	32,036	404,995	2032	17,042	2033	14,994
2034	381,247	23,748	404,995	2033	12,921	2034	10,827
2035	389,719	15,276	404,995	2034	8,709	2035	6,567
2036	398,380	6,614	404,994	2035	4,402	2036	2,212
	5,146,688	928,236	6,074,924		478,257		449,979

Schedule of Long-Term Debt Requirements

IEPA Loan Payable of 2016 April 30, 2021

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

April 30, 2016 March 11, 2037 \$10,986,707 1.86% September 11 and March 11 September 11 and March 11 Illinois Environment Protection Agency

CURRENT AND FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal			Requirements		Interest Due on			
Year]	Principal	Interest	Totals	Sept. 11	Amount	Mar. 11	Amount
2022	\$	498,799	168,867	667,666	2021	85,588	2022	83,279
2023		508,120	159,546	667,666	2022	80,949	2023	78,597
2024		517,615	150,051	667,666	2023	76,224	2024	73,827
2025		527,287	140,379	667,666	2024	71,410	2025	68,969
2026		537,140	130,526	667,666	2025	66,506	2026	64,020
2027		547,178	120,488	667,666	2026	61,511	2027	58,977
2028		557,402	110,264	667,666	2027	56,422	2028	53,842
2029		567,819	99,847	667,666	2028	51,238	2029	48,609
2030		578,429	89,237	667,666	2029	45,957	2030	43,280
2031		589,238	78,428	667,666	2030	40,578	2031	37,850
2032		600,248	67,418	667,666	2031	35,098	2032	32,320
2033		611,465	56,201	667,666	2032	29,516	2033	26,685
2034		622,891	44,775	667,666	2033	23,829	2034	20,946
2035		634,531	33,135	667,666	2034	18,036	2035	15,099
2036		646,388	21,278	667,666	2035	12,135	2036	9,143
2037		658,467	9,199	667,666	2036	6,124	2037	3,075
		_						
	_	9,203,017	1,479,639	10,682,656		761,121		718,518

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Installment Contract of 2016 April 30, 2021

Date of Issue May 12, 2016
Date of Maturity May 12, 2021
Authorized Issue \$1,300,000
Interest Rate 2.63%
Interest Dates Monthly on the 12th
Principal Maturity Dates Monthly on the 12th
Payable at State Bank of the Lakes

CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal					
Year	P	rincipal	Interest	Totals	
2022	\$	24,074	53	24,127	