NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 21 September 30, 2022

Note H: TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, by Participating City. That report may be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the city recognized pension expense of \$(570,977).

At September 30, 2022, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$ (東)(\$	266,010	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$:50	\$	149	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions subsequent to the measure	\$ *	\$	1,140,283	
date December 31, 2021	\$ 134,294	\$		
Total	\$ 134,294	\$	1,406,442	

\$134,294 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended Dec 31:	
2022	\$ (401,262)
2023	(551,095)
2024	(240,704)
2025	(213,381)
2026	0.96
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (1 406 442)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 22 September 30, 2022

Note J: Contingent Liabilities

The City participates in certain federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits, is not believed to be significant.

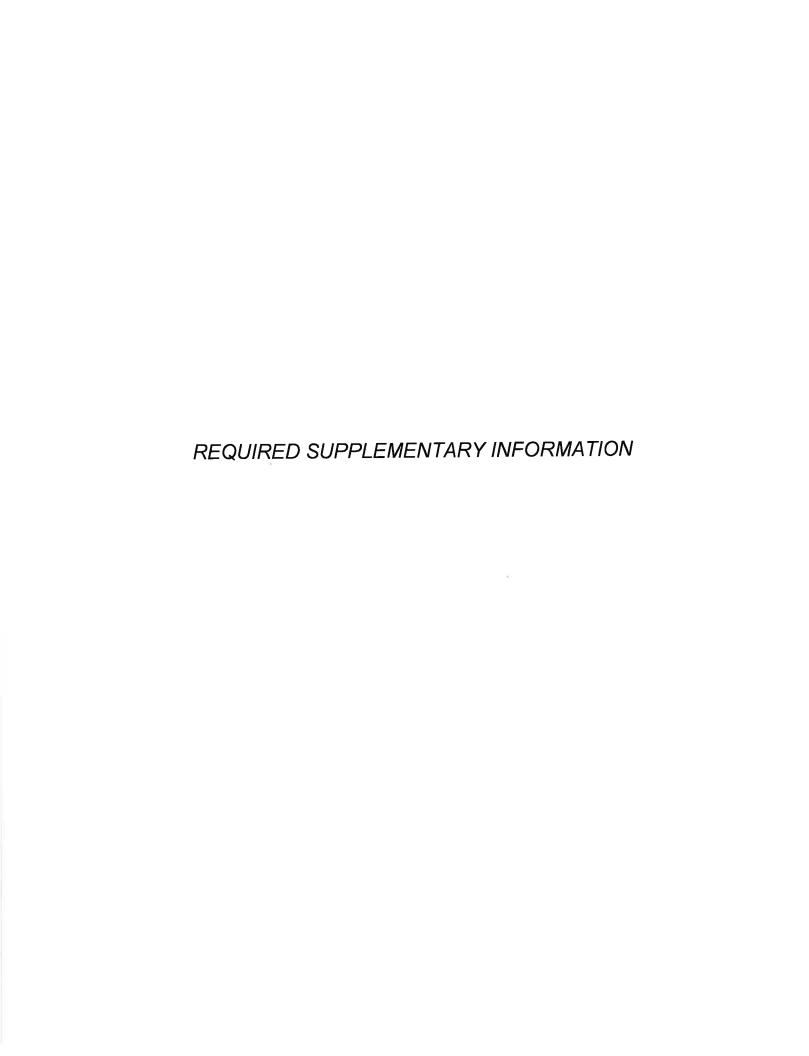
From time to time the City is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. These legal proceedings are not likely to have a significant adverse impact on the affected funds of the City.

Note K: Closure and Post-closure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. In addition to operating expense related to current activities of the landfill, a related liability will be recognized in the Long-Term Debt Account based on the future closure and post-closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date that the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and post-closure care costs is based on the amount of landfill used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post-closure care costs has a balance of \$703,013 as of September 30, 2022, which is based on 44.85% usage (filled) of the landfill. It is estimated that an additional \$864,575 will be recognized as closure and post-closure care expenses between the October 1, 2022 and the date the landfill is expected to be filled to capacity. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care (\$1,567,588) is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were incurred as of September 30, 2022. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The City is required by Texas Commission on Environmental Quality to satisfy certain requirements of financial assurance for closure and post-closure cost by meeting certain financial tests. In the opinion of City Management, all financial assurance requirements have been met at September 30, 2022.

The total amount of landfill closure and post-closure care cost for the current period in the amount of \$68,237 (required by GASB 18) increased the amount of estimated liability for landfill closure and post-closure care cost as a Long-Term Liability. The City has restricted cash equivalents in the amount of \$703,013 to cover the landfill closure and post closure care liability at September 30, 2022.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund							
	_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	/ariance avorable ifavorable)
Revenues Taxes: Property Taxes (Including Penalty & Interest) Sales Taxes Franchise Taxes Licenses and Permits Charges for Services Fines, Fees, and Forfeits Investment Income Intergovernmental Rents Community Event Donations Insurance Recovery Miscellaneous	\$	2,431,268 1,306,500 521,500 67,700 81,250 56,400 26,000 188,116 16,000 76,000	\$	2,431,268 1,306,500 521,500 67,700 81,250 56,400 26,000 188,116 16,000 76,000	\$	2,458,801 1,510,048 398,376 97,030 109,156 71,820 8,927 174,907 25,127 68,212 20,000 233,677 4,725	\$	27,533 203,548 (123,124) 29,330 27,906 15,420 (17,073) (13,209) 9,127 (7,788) 20,000 3,677 (150,625)
Total Revenues		4,926,084	-	5,156,084		5,180,806		24,722
Expenditures Current								
Administration		396,499		396,499		340,592		55,907
General Government		334,684		334,684		363,491		(28,807)
Housing Assistance		33,000		33,000		32,882		118
Fire		862,561		862,561		804,966		57,595
Streets		558,287		558,287		598,391		
Vehicle Services		54,137		54,137				(40,104)
Police		2,349,678		2,349,678		32,498		21,639
Parks & Recreation		667,860		667,860		2,301,455 682,524		48,223
Principal on Long-Term Debt		211,345		211,345		211,353		(14,664)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		12,915		12,915		•		(8)
Capital Outlay		12,515		230,000		12,923 187,598		(8) 42,402
Total Expenditures		5,480,966	-	5,710,966	-	5,568,673	-	142,293
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			-					,
Transfers In/(Out)		70,135		70,135		201,227		131,092
Sale of Real and Personal Property		·		-		7,500		7,500
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		-		108,599		108,599		1.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	70,135		178,734		317,326	_	138,592
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		(484,747)		(376,148)		(70,541)		305,607
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	3,419,605	_	3,419,605	<u>. </u>	3,419,605		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,934,858	\$	3,043,457	\$	3,349,064	<u>\$</u>	305,607

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY/ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS - TMRS (unaudited)

				Measurer	ment Year			
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) Chances of benefit terms	\$ 452,541 1,042,383	\$ 425,699 1,054,966	\$ 417,905 1,031,274	\$ 402,028 1,000,983	\$ 378,238 979,170	\$ 385,200 957,835	\$ 347,047 952,107	\$ 282,891 942,356
Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(261,947) (1,017,454)	(415,139) (1,262,151)	(24,788) (15,085) (960,081)	20,450	(91,907) - (1,034,312) (339)	(41,952) (863,787) 107	(210,717) 378,081 (838,328) 12,187	(58,046) (936,288)
Change in Proportionate Share Net change In Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning	10,784 226,307 15,960,127	(2,267) (198,892) 16,159,019	(1,346) 447,879 15,711,140	(5,220) 382,671 15,328,469	230,850 15,097,619 \$ 15,328,469	437,403 14,660,216 \$ 15,097,619	640,377 14,019,839 \$ 14,660,216	230,913 13,768,926 \$ 14,019,839
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 16,186,434	\$ 15,960,127	\$ 16,159,019	<u>s 15,711,140</u>	\$ 15,326,469	3 13,097,019	14,000,210	9 14,010,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer	176,750	250,412	241,618	233,737	220,642 129,241	223,767 115,147	230,866 123,611	206,611 111,570
Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	266,649 2,219,522 (1,017,454)	170,280 1,271,092 (1,262,151)	153,599 2,313,286 (960,081)	157,272 (482,183) (1,035,570)	2,034,774 (1,034,312)	965 856 (863,787) (10,921)	21,871 (838,328) (13,323)	845,908 (936,288) (8,834)
Administrative expense Other Net Change In Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(10,300) 68 1,635,235	(8,247) (322) 421,064	(13,105) (393) 1,734,924	(9,335) (493) (1,136,572)	(10,558) (535) 1,339,252	(588) 429,474	(658) (475,961)	(72 <u>7</u>) 218,240
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	17,321,529 \$ 18,956,764	16,900,465 \$ 17,321,529	15,165,541 \$ 16,900,465	16,302,113 \$ 15,165,541	14,962,861 \$ 16,302,113	14,533,387 \$ 14,962,861	15,009,348 \$ 14,533,387	14,791,108 \$ 15,009,348
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	S (2,770,330)	\$ (1,361,402)	\$ (741,446)	\$ 545,599	\$ (973,644)	\$ 134,758	\$ 126,829	\$ (989,509)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	117,12%	108 53%	104 59%	96 53%	106 35%	99.11%	99 13%	107 06%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 3,809,269	\$ 3,596,108	\$ 3,451,681	\$ 3,339,101	\$ 3,152,025	\$ 3,196,675	\$ 3,018,839	\$ 2,951,577
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-72 73%	-37 86%	-21 48%	16 34%	-30 89%	4 22%	4 20%	-33 52%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - TMRS PENSION (unaudited)

	Fiscal Year September 30,							
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 179,882	\$ 172,488	\$ 165,273	\$ 160,475	\$ 151,708	\$ 126,561	\$ 115,527	\$ 108,392
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	179,882	172,488	165,273	160,475	151,708	126,561	131,856	108,392
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>s</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	5 16,329	s
Covered employee payroll	\$ 4,249,994	\$ 2,951,577	\$ 3,173,266	\$ 3,117,705	\$ 3,408,655	\$ 3,552,511	\$ 3,525,362	\$ 3,695,186
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	4.23%	5.84%	5.21%	5.15%	4.45%	3.56%	3.74%	2.93%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement-

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2022

Schedule of Pension Contributions - TMRS

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as

of December 31 and become effective in January, 13

months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period N/A

Asset Valuation Method 10 year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.5% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the

City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

2014-2018

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas

Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully

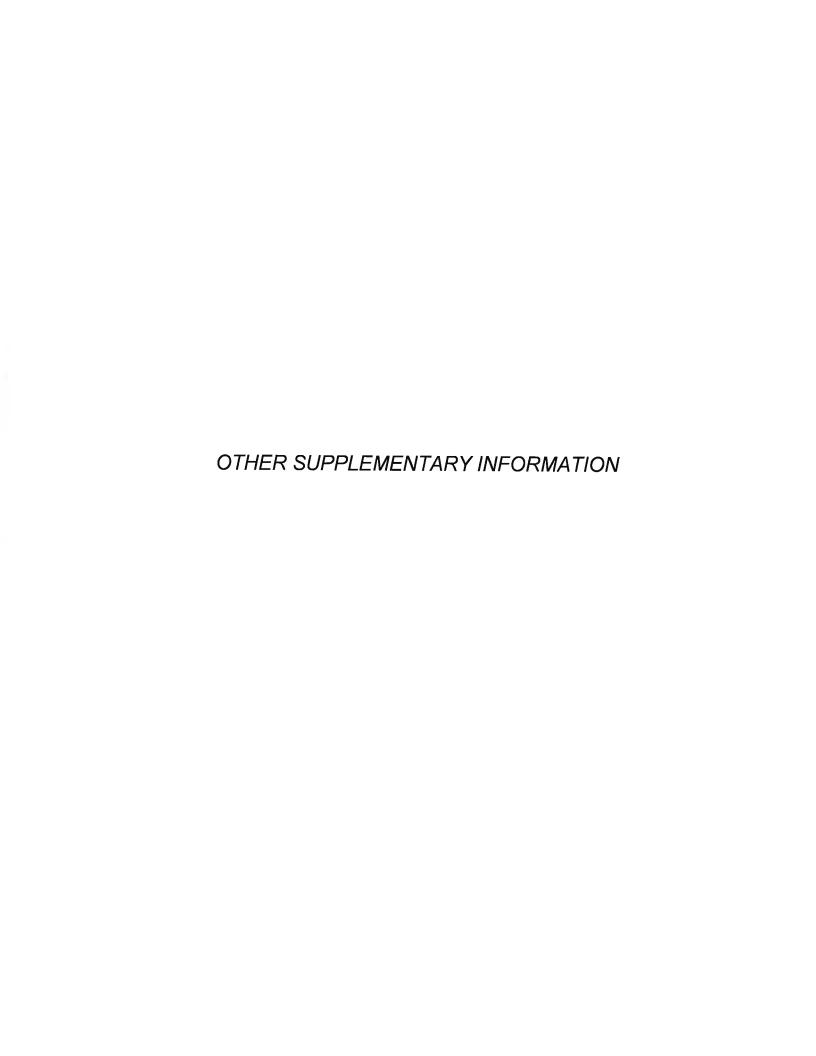
generational basis with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully

generational basis with scale UMP.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

				Special Re	evenue				Total
	Forfieted Property Fund	Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax	State Agency Fund	Criminal Justice Fund	Community Development Block Grant	Other Restricted Funds	Grant Funds	Downtown Revitalization Grants	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net of Allowances	\$ 594	\$ 312,196 26,658	\$ 16,705	\$ 3,898	\$	\$ 63,626	\$ 431,949 17,735	\$ 32,793 71,119	\$ 861,761 15,512
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 594	\$ 338,854	\$ 16,705	s 3,898	<u> </u>	\$ 63,626	<u>\$ 449,684</u>	5 103,912	<u>\$ 977,273</u>
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	<u>s</u>	\$ 16,705 16,705	\$	<u>s -</u>	<u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 94,503 94,503	\$ 111,208 111,208
FUND BALANCES: Restricted For: Grant Projects Tourism Enabling Legislation Total Fund Balances	594 594		-	3,898 3,898		63,626 63,626	449,684 449,684	9,409	459,093 338,854 68,118 866,065
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 594	\$ 338,854	s 16,705	\$ 3,898	\$	\$ 63,626	\$ 449,684	5 103,912	\$ 977,273

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

				Spec	ial Revenue				Total
	Forfieted Prpoerty Fund	Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax	State Agency Fund	Criminal Justice Fund	Community Development Block Grant	Other Restricted Funds	Grant Funds	Downtown Revitalization Grants	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:								- 0	
Taxes:									
Motel Occupancy Taxes		135,844			14				135,844
Fines, Fees, and Forfeits		E 54	3		- 2	13.204	÷	- 15	13,204
Investment Income		165		1 Dec		10.201	1,807	81	2,053
State Grants	- 2	34	- 0		- 6	_	67,098	100	67,098
Federal Grants					-		32,000	95,869	127,869
Donations	0.00	9	<u> </u>	3	17	30	32,000	33,003	30
Total Revenues		136,009				13,234	100,905	95,950	346.098
EXPENDITURES Current		<u>. </u>							
General Government	1.00			0.00			7,295	100	7,295
Tourism		109,926		12	· ·		1,000	-	109,926
Fire	1.0	3.0		0.60			16,721	10	16,721
Streets		1	2	25				150,658	150,658
Police		0.0		1.0		112		100,000	112
Airport			- 2			-	81,363		81,363
Total Expenditures		109,926				112	105,379	150,658	366,075
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		26,083	-	_	-	13,122	(4,474)	(54,708)	(19,977)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In/(Out)					(2,821)		386	(0.1,.00)	
Total Other Sources (Uses)		-							(2,435)
					(2,821)		386		(2,435)
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures & Other Financing Uses	-	26,083	27	3.50	(2,821)	13,122	(4,088)	(54,708)	(22,412)
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	594	312,771		3,898	2,821	50,504	453,772	64,117	888,477
Eund Balance-End of Year	\$ 594	\$ 338.854	s -	\$ 3,898	\$ -	\$ 63,626	\$ 449,684	\$ 9,409	\$ 866,065

EXHIBIT F-3

CITY OF LAMESA Lamesa, Texas

HOUSING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM PHA CODE: TX535

PHA NAME: LAMESA HOUSING AUTHORITY SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE

BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2022

Line Item		НА	P Fund
	ASSETS		
	Current Assets:		
111	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	67,206
110	<u>Total Cash</u>		67,206
150	Total Current Assets	\$	67,206
	Non-Current Assets:		
	Fixed Assets:		04.050
164	Furniture, Equipment and Machinery		21,359
166	Accumulated Depreciation		(21,359)
160	Total Fixed Assets, Net	-	
190	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	67,206
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities		
333	Accounts Payable	\$	644
	Total Liabilities		644
	NET POSITION		
511.1	Restricted for Housing Assistance	·	66,562
	Total Net Position	\$	66,562
600	Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	67,206

EXHIBIT F-4

CITY OF LAMESA Lamesa, Texas

HOUSING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM PHA CODE: TX535

PHA NAME: LAMESA HOUSING AUTHORITY SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE REVENUE AND EXPENSE

September 30, 2022

Line Item		HAP Fund
706 711	Operating Revenues HUD PHA Operating Grants Investment Income	\$ 479,887 154
700	Total Operating Revenues	\$ 480,041
	Operating Expenses	
911	Administrative Salaries	\$ 28,525
916	Other General Expenses	2,327
912	Accounting and Audit Fees	2,400
969	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 33,252
	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
970	Over (Under) Expenses	<u>\$ 446,789</u>
	Other Expenses	
973	Housing Assistance Payments	\$ 438,004
900	Total Other Expenses:	\$ 438,004
	Revenue over Expenses	\$ 8,785

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Telephone - (806) 698-8858 - Fax - (866) 288-6490

Independent Auditors' Report

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lamesa Lamesa, Texas

Members of the City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lamesa, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Lamesa's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 11, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Lamesa's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lamesa's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Lamesa's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted.

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

Lubbock, Texas May 11, 2023

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

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Independent Auditors' Report

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lamesa Lamesa. Texas

Members of the City Council:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Lamesa's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. City of Lamesa's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, City of Lamesa complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of City of Lamesa and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Lamesa's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City of Lamesa's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City of Lamesa's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City of Lamesa's internal control over compliance relevant
 to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the
 circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance
 with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Independent Auditors' Report Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

Terry & King

Lubbock, Texas May 11, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

A.	Sui 1	mmary of Auditors' Results Financial Statements		
	,,	Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified	
		Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	_ <u>X_</u> No
		Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X None Reported
		Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?	Yes	_ <u>X_</u> No
	2.	Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X_No
		Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes _X	None Reported
		Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unqualified</u>	
		Any audit findings disclosed that are required To be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	Yes	_X_No
		Identification of major programs: <u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 10.760 21.027	Water and Wa Systems fo COVID-19: Co	Program or Cluster stewater Disposal r Rural Communities gronavirus State and al Recovery Funds
		Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	<u>\$750.000</u>	
		Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	YesX_No	
В.	Fina	incial Statement Findings		
	NON	NE		
C.	Fed	eral Award Findings and Questioned Costs		
	NON	NE		

SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Management S
Explanation Findings/Recommendation Implemented	Current Status	if Not
Not Applicable - None		

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Not Applicable - None Required

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

(1)	(2)	(2A) Pass-Through	(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal AL Number	Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Direct Program: Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.760	N/A	770,166 770,166
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Program: Housing Choice Voucher Program	14.871	N/A	479,887
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture: TXCDBG Water Infrastructure	14.228	7220259	363,362
TXCDBG Downtown Revitalization Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.228	7110182	95,869 939,118
U.S. Department of Transportation Passed Through Texas Department of Transportation: Airport Rescue Plan Act Grant Total U.S. Department of Transporation	20.106	22CVLAMES	32,000 32,000
U.S. Department of the Treasury Direct Program: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total U.S. Department of the Treasury	21.027	N/A	1,454,116 1,454,116
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 3,195,400

^{* -} Indicates a cluster program under Uniform Guidance.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of the City under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the City.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. The Business-Type activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund Types in the fund financial statements. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grants are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and accordingly when such funds are received they are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 90 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in 2 CFR Part 200, Part 3, Section H, Period of Performance.

The City did not use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF LAMESA, TEXAS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

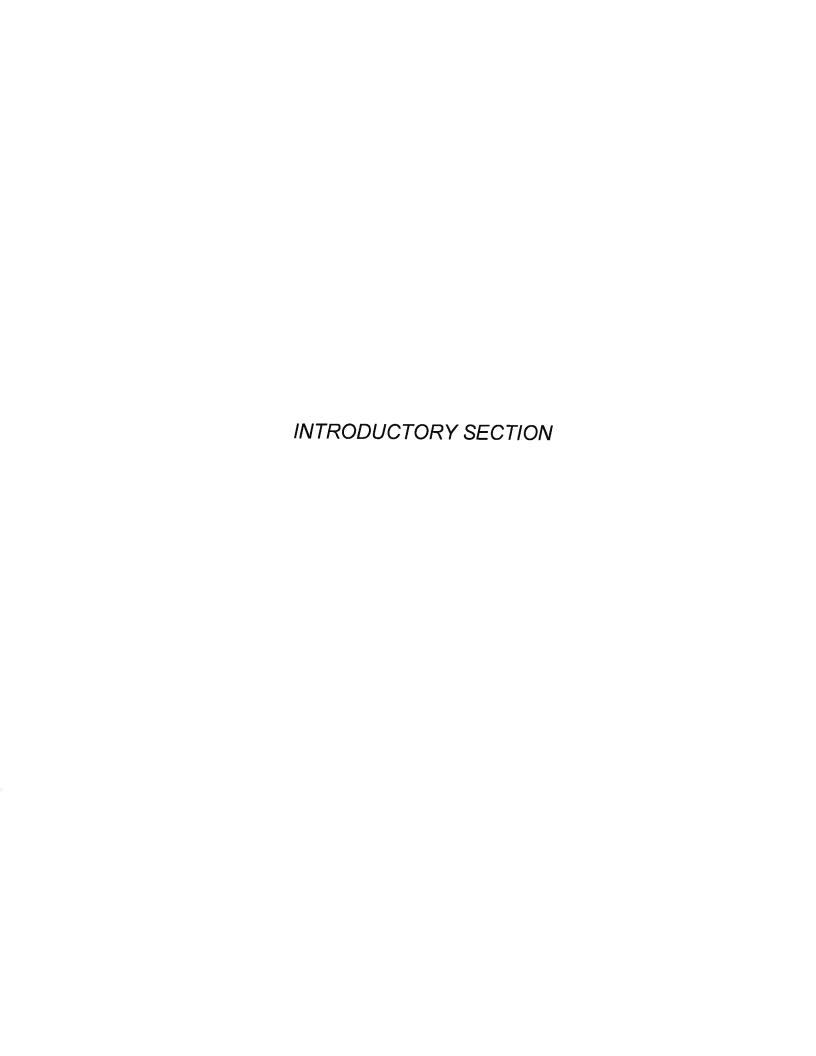
TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u> </u>	<u>xhibit</u>	Page <u>Number</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION City Council and Administrative Staff		1
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required		2
Supplementary Information)		5
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-Wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	A-1	14
Statement of Activities	B-1	15
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds	C-1	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds		
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	C-1R	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	O III	.,
In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	C-2	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	0-2	10
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental		
Funds to the Statement of Activities	0.0	40
	C-3	19
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements		
Statement of Net Position	D-1	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in		
Fund Net Position	D-2	21
Statement of Cash Flows	D-3	22
Notes to the Financial Statements		23
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule:		
General Fund	E-1	45
Schedule of Changes in NPL and Related Ratios - TMRS	E-2	46
Schedule of Pension Contributions – TMRS	E-3	47
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	_ 0	48
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION		
Combining Statements:		
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	F-1	49
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		73
Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	F-2	50
HUD Financial Data Schedules	ı - <u>Z</u>	50
Supplementary Financial Data Schedule – Balance Sheet	F-3	EA
Supplementary Financial Data Schedule – Balance Sneet Supplementary Financial Data Schedule – Revenue and Expense		51
Sapplementary i mandial bata Schedule - Nevenue and Expense	┌ -4	52

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	<u>Exhibit</u>	Number
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting And on Compliance and Other Matters Based on An Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		53
Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by		
The Uniform Guidance		55
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		58
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings		59
Corrective Action Plan		60
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	K-1	61
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		62



September 30, 2022

CITY COUNCIL

Josh Stevens Mayor

Morgan Vermillion Councilmember

Fred Vera Councilmember

Gloria V. Rodriguez Councilmember

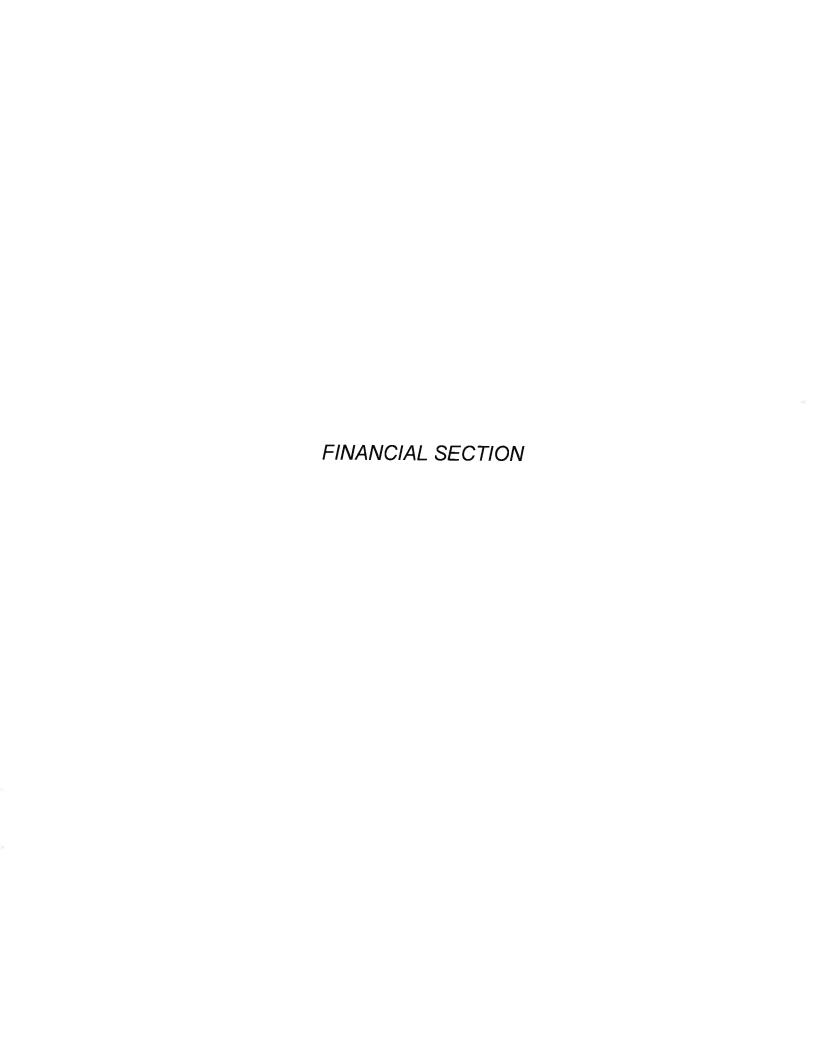
Danny Jacobs Councilmember

Bobby Gonzales Councilmember

Rudy Sauseda Jr. Councilmember

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Joe Hines Betty Conde Wayne Chapman City Manager City Secretary Finance Director



Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

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Randel J. Terry, CPA Ryan R. King, CPA

Telephone - (806) 698-8858 - Fax - (866) 288-6490

Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lamesa, Texas Lamesa, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lamesa, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lamesa, Texas as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Lamesa, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension schedules, identified as required supplementary information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lamesa, Texas' basic financial statements. The accompanying other schedules listed in the table of contents as Other Supplementary Information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 11, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Lamesa, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lamesa, Texas' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Lamesa, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

Terry & King

Lubbock, Texas May 11, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Lamesa's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read this in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position increased as a result of this year's operations. While net position of our business-type activities increased by \$4,999,614 or 41%, net position of our governmental activities increased by \$514,087 or 5%.
- During the year, the City had expenses that were \$315,295 less than the \$5,610,073 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs before transfers.
- In the City's business type activities, charges for services increased \$346,141 to \$8,592,870 (or 4%) while operating expenses increased \$289,530 to \$6,888,661. Grants and contributions in the City's business-type activities increased \$2,751,285 to \$3,236,263.
- The General Fund reported a deficit this year of \$70,541 after receiving transfers from other funds of \$201,227.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$24,722 more than budgeted for the General Fund. Expenditures for the General Fund were less than the budgeted amounts by \$142,293.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 17. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Reporting the City as a Whole -- The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 6. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in it. You can think of the City's net position—the differences between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the fire, police, streets, and parks departments, and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, charges to customers, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer, sanitation, golf course, and HUD housing program are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds – Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 10. The fund financial statements begin on page 15 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. At times a city council may establish other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes, such as special projects or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain Federal or State grants. The City's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds—Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The Governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation on Exhibits C-1R and C-3.
- Proprietary funds—When the City charges customers for the services it provides—whether to outside customers or to other units of the City—these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City's combined net position was \$28,233,119. Our following analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's government and business-type activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net position, The City's combined net position was \$28,233,119 at September 30, 2022, (See Table A-1),

Table A-1 City of Lamesa's Net Position

Current assets: Cash in Bank 6,938,332 6,944,152 0% Cash in Bank - restricted	8,146,147 1,534,477 1,472,658 13,232 1,034,430 12,200,944 1,002,540 36,665 386,181	Activities 2021 6,520,340 664,026 973,681 (97,268) 8,060,779	Percentage Change 25% 131% 51% 100% -1163%	2022 15,084,479 1,534,477 2,361,764 13,232 18,993,952	2021 13,464,492 664,026 1,724,559	Percentage <u>Change</u> 12% 131% 37% 100%
Current assets: Cash in Bank 6,938,332 6,944,152 0% Cash in Bank restricted - - 0% Other current assets 889,106 750,878 18% Lease Receivable - 0% Internal Balances (1,034,430) 97,268 -1163% Total current assets: 6,793,008 7,792,298 -13% Noncurrent assets: - 0% Net Pension Asset 1,767,790 846,521 109% Lease Receivable - 0% Lease Receivable - 0% Leand 14,988 14,988 0% Construction in Progress 150,659 - 100% Depreciable Capital Assets, net 4,428,136 4,583,357 - - Water Rights, net - - 0% - Total noncurrent assets 6,361,573 5,444,866 17% Total Assets 13,154,581 13,237,164 -1% Deferred Outflows of Resources 87,692 <	8,146,147 1,534,477 1,472,658 13,232 1,034,430 12,200,944 1,002,540 36,665	6,520,340 664,026 973,681 (97,268) 8,060,779	25% 131% 51% 100% -1163%	15,084,479 1,534,477 2,361,764 13,232	13,464,492 664,026 1,724,559	12% 131% 37%
Cash in Bank 6,938,332 6,944,152 0% Cash in Bank restricted 0 0 0 Other current assets 889,106 750,878 18% Lease Receivable 0% 1 0% Internal Balances (1,034,430) 97,268 -1163% Total current assets: 6,793,008 7,792,298 -13% Noncurrent assets: 1,767,790 846,521 109% Lease Receivable - 0% Land 14,988 14,988 0% Construction in Progress 150,659 100% Depreciable Capital Assets, net 4,428,136 4,583,357 -3% Water Rights, net - 0% Total noncurrent assets 6,361,573 5,444,886 17% Total Assets 13,154,581 13,237,164 -1% Deferred Outflows of Resources 87,692 473,188 -81% Current liabilities 967,518 813,886 19%	1,534,477 1,472,658 13,232 1,034,430 12,200,944 1,002,540 36,665	664,026 973,681 (97,268) 8,060,779	131% 51% 100% -1163% 51%	1,534,477 2,361,764 13,232	664,026 1,724,559	131% 37%
Cash in Bank - restricted Other current assets Lease Receivable Internal Balances Total current assets: Noncurrent assets: Net Pension Asset Lease Receivable Lease Receivable 1,767,790 846,521 109% Lease Receivable Land Construction in Progress Depreciable Capital Assets, net Water Rights, net Total noncurrent assets 1,683,357 109% 1,683,357 109% 1,683,357 109% 1,683,357 109% 1,683,357 1,69% 1,683,357 1,69% 1,767,790 846,521 109% 1,767,790 846,521	1,534,477 1,472,658 13,232 1,034,430 12,200,944 1,002,540 36,665	664,026 973,681 (97,268) 8,060,779	131% 51% 100% -1163% 51%	1,534,477 2,361,764 13,232	664,026 1,724,559	131% 37%
Other current assets Lease Receivable Internal Balances Total current assets: Net Pension Asset Laase Receivable Land Construction in Progress Depreciable Capital Assets, net Water Rights, net Total noncurrent assets Formal Capital Assets Deferred Outflows of Resources Bagg 106 750,878 18% 6,793,008 7,792,298 13% 7,792,298 13% 109% 846,521 109% 846,5	1,472,658 13,232 1,034,430 12,200,944 1,002,540 36,665	973,681 (97,268) 8,060,779	51% 100% -1163% 51%	2,361,764 13,232	1,724,559	37%
Lease Receivable Internal Balances Total current assets: Net Pension Asset Lease Receivable Land Construction in Progress Depreciable Capital Assets, net Water Rights, net Total noncurrent assets 1,767,790 846,521 109% 109% 109% 109% 109% 109% 109% 109	13,232 1,034,430 12,200,944 1,002,540 36,665	(97,268) 8,060,779	100% -1163% 51%	13,232		
Internal Balances (1,034,430) 97,268 -1163% Total current assets: 6,793,008 7,792,298 -13% Noncurrent assets: 1,767,790 846,521 109% Lease Receivable 14,988 14,988 0% Construction in Progress 150,659 100% Depreciable Capital Assets, net 4,428,136 4,583,357 -3% Water Rights, net 5,361,573 5,444,865 17% Total noncurrent assets 5,361,573 5,444,865 17% Deferred Outflows of Resources 87,692 473,188 -81% Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:	1,034,430 12,200,944 1,002,540 36,665	8,060,779	-1163% 51%			
Total current assets: 6,793,008 7,792,298 -13% Noncurrent assets: Net Pension Asset Lease Receivable Land Construction in Progress Depreciable Capital Assets, net Water Rights, net Total noncurrent assets Total Assets Deferred Outflows of Resources Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Set 5,793,008 7,792,298 -13% 846,521 109% 109% 14,988 14,988 0% 14,988 14,988 0% 14,988 14,988 0% 14,988 14,988 0% 15,0559 - 100% 150,0559 - 100%	1,002,540 36,665	8,060,779	51%	18,993,952		0%
Noncurrent assets: Net Pension Asset Lease Receivable Land 14,988 14,988 0% Construction in Progress Depreciable Capital Assets, net Water Rights, net Total noncurrent assets Total Assets Deferred Outflows of Resources 87,692 473,188 19% Noncurrent liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:	1,002,540 36,665			18,993,932	15,853,077	20%
Net Pension Asset 1,767,790 846,521 109% Lease Receivable - 0% 0% Land 14,988 14,988 0% Construction in Progress 150,659 - 100% Depreciable Capital Assets, net 4,428,136 4,583,357 -3% Water Rights, net - 0% - 0% 17% Total noncurrent assets 5,361,573 5,444,866 17% Total Assets 13,154,581 13,237,164 -1% Deferred Outflows of Resources 87,692 473,188 -81% Current liabilities 967,518 813,886 19% Noncurrent liabilities: 967,518 813,886 19%	36,665	514 881			15,655,077	2070
Lease Receivable Land 14,988 14,988 0% Construction in Progress 150,659 100% Depreciable Capital Assets, net Water Rights, net Total noncurrent assets Total Assets 13,154,581 13,237,164 -1% Deferred Outflows of Resources 87,692 473,188 -81% Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:	36,665	514 881		0.770.000	4 204 402	103%
Land Construction in Progress 150,659 100% Depreciable Capital Assets, net Water Rights, net Total noncurrent assets Total Assets Deferred Outflows of Resources Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: 14,988 14,988 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10%			95%	2,770,330	1,361,402	100%
Construction in Progress 150,659 100% Depreciable Capital Assets, net 4,428,136 4,583,357 -3% Water Rights, net 5-3 5,444,886 17% Total noncurrent assets 13,154,581 13,237,164 -1% Deferred Outflows of Resources 87,692 473,188 -81% Current liabilities 967,518 813,886 19% Noncurrent liabilities:	386.181		100%	36,665	99	
Construction in Progress 150,659 100%		369,238	5%	401,169	384,226	4%
Depreciable Capital Assets, net 4,428,136 4,583,357 -3%	10,562,359	1,056,939	899%	10,713,018	1,056,939	914%
Water Rights, net Total noncurrent assets - 0% Total noncurrent assets 6,361,573 5,444,866 17% Total Assets 13,154,581 13,237,164 -1% Deferred Outflows of Resources 87,692 473,188 -81% Current liabilities 967,518 813,886 19% Noncurrent liabilities: 967,518 813,886 19%	10,762,750	11,146,098	-3%	15,190,886	15,729,455	-3%
Total noncurrent assets Total Assets Total Assets Deferred Outflows of Resources Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: 6,361,573 5,444,886 17% 13,154,581 13,237,164 -1% 473,188 -81% 813,886 19%	1,738,776	2,008,487	-13%	1,738,776	2,008,487	-13%
Total Assets 13,154,581 13,237,164 -1% Deferred Outflows of Resources 87,692 473,188 -81% Current liabilities 967,518 813,886 19% Noncurrent liabilities: 967,518 813,886 19%	24,489,271	15,095,643	62%	30,850,844	20,540,509	50%
Current liabilities 967,518 813,886 19% Noncurrent liabilities:	36,690,215	23,156,422	58%	49,844,796	36,393,586	37%
Current liabilities 967,518 813,886 19% Noncurrent liabilities:		450.050	-7%	227.239	623,838	-64%
Noncurrent liabilities:	139,547	150,650	-1%	221,238	020,000	10470
	1,477,085	92,041	1505%	2,444,603	905,927	170%
						401
Customer Deposits 10,990 13,381 -18%	296,295	295,750	0%	307,285	309,131	-1%
Compensated Absences 117,382 83,029 41%	77,073	77,362	0%	194,455	160,391	21%
Premium on Debt Issuance 9%	355,041	376,120	-6%	355,041	376,120	-6%
Due within one year 97,762 145,984 -33%	1,105,594	897,533	23%	1,203,356	1,043,517	15%
Due in more than one year 146,340 200,949 -27%	14,914,636	9,031,688	65%	15,060,976	9,232,637	63%
Total Liabilities 1,339,992 1,257,229 7%	18,225,724	10,770,494	69%	19,565,716	12,027,723	63%
	4					
Deferred inflows of Resources 923,342 1,988,271 -54%	1,349,858	282,012	379%	2,273,200	2,270,283	0%
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets 4,349,681 4,598,345 -5%	7,777,808	5,589,016	39%	12,127,489	10,187,361	19%
Restricted 866,065 888,477 -3%	68,997	87,027	-21%	935,062	975,504	-4%
Unrestricted 5,763,193 4,978,030 16%	9,407,375	6,578,523	43%	15,170,568	11,556,553	31%
Total Net Position 10,978,939 10,464,852 5%	17.254,180	12,254,566	41%	28,233,119	22,719,418	24%

в

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased (\$10,978,939 compared to \$10,464,852). Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - changed from \$4,978,030 at September 30, 2021 to \$5,763,193 at the end of this year. Net position of the City's business-type activities increased 41%, from \$12,254,566 to \$17,254,180.

Table A-2 Changes in City of Lamesa's Net Position

	Governmental Activities			E	Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government		
			Percentage			Percentage			Percentage
	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	253,033	163,884	54%	8,592,870	8,246,729	4%	8,845,903	8,410,613	5%
Grants & Contributions	389,904	735,459	-47%	3,236,263	484,978	567%	3,626,167	1,220,437	197%
General Revenues:							-,,	.,,,	101 70
Property Taxes	2,500,407	2,340,357	7%	-	-	0%	2,500,407	2,340,357	7%
Nonproperty Taxes	2,044,268	1,971,456	4%	-	_	0%	2,044,268	1,971,456	4%
Investment Earnings	11,723	41,018	-71%	11,819	33,435	-65%	23,542	74,453	-68%
Other	410,738	329,498	25%	246,115	554,230	0%	656,853	883,728	-26%
	5,610,073	5,581,672	1%	12,087,067	9,319,372	30%	17,697,140	14,901,044	19%
Expenses:									
Administration	300,455	550,325	-45%	- 2	2	0%	300.455	550,325	450/
General Government	367,938	443,423	-17%	-	- 3	0%			-45%
Housing Assistance	32,882		100%				367,938	443,423	-17%
Tourism		444.545			390	0%	32,882		100%
Fire	122,199	111,515	10%	Š	(4)	0%	122,199	111,515	10%
	841,224	436,054	93%	3		0%	841,224	436,054	93%
Streets	537,082	421,011	28%		-	0%	537,082	421,011	28%
Vehicle Services	49,345	58,433	-16%		(40)	0%	49,345	58,433	-16%
Police	2,116,574	1,703,421	24%	*	(4)	0%	2,116,574	1,703,421	24%
Parks & Recreation	832,872	963,176	-14%		5.47	0%	832,872	963,176	-14%
Airport	81,363	59,753	36%		527	0%	81,363	59,753	36%
Water	363		0%	3,496,669	3,162,606	11%	3,496,669	3,162,606	11%
Wastewater	100	:*:	0%	489,982	523,693	-6%	489,982	523,693	-6%
Solide Waste	2	3	0%	1,828,878	1,829,753	0%	1,828,878	1,829,753	0%
Golf Course	590		0%	241,323	265,365	-9%	241,323	265,365	-9%
Housing Program	290		0%	471,256	430,271	10%	471,256		
Interest & Related Fees	12,844	17,983	-29%	360,553	387,443	-7%		430,271	10%
	5,294,778	4,765,094	11%	6,888,661	6,599,131	4%	373,397 12,183,439	405,426 11,364,225	-8% 7%
Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources, Uses & Transfers	315,295	816,578	61%	5,198,406	2,720,241	91%	E 540 704	2.520.040	500/
	010,200	010,010	0170	3,190,400	2,120,241	9176	5,513,701	3,536,819	56%
Other Resources (Uses)	290	2000	0%	₩		0%	320	2	0%
Transfers In (Out)	198,792	203,668	-2%	(198,792)	(203,668)	2%	590	- 2	0%
Increase (Decrease) in									
Net Position	514,087	1,020,246	50%	4,999,614	2,516,573	99%	5,513,701	3,536,819	56%
Net Position - Beginning	10,464,852	9,444,606	11%	12,254,566	9,737,993	26%	22,719,418	19,182,599	18%
Nel Position - Ending	10,978,939	10,464,852	5%	17,254,180	12,254,566	41%	28,233,119	22,719,418	24%

The City's total revenues were \$17,697,140. A significant portion, 68%, of the City's total revenue comes from business-type activities. Revenues available to fund governmental activities consist of property taxes (45%), non-property taxes (36%), charges for services (5%), grants and contributions (7%), and other (7%).

The total cost of all programs and services was \$12,183,439; 56% of these costs were for business-type activity expenses. Expenses for governmental activities consisted of costs for administration (6%), general government (7%), Tourism (2%), police and fire (57%), streets (10%), parks and recreation (17%), other (1%).

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the City's governmental activities increased 1%, while total expenses increased 11%.

- Property tax rates increased from \$0.823236 to \$0.853826 per \$100 valuation. The ad valorem tax levy was \$2,425,828 for the current year. Total tax collections were \$2,394,162 in the current year.
- Grants and contributions revenues increased \$345,555.
- Nonproperty tax revenues increased \$72,812.
- Charges for services increased \$89,149.
- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$5,294,778. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through tax collections was \$2,500,407 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$253,033), by nonproperty taxes (\$2,044,268), or grants and contributions (\$389,904).

Business-type Activities

Revenues of the City's business-type activities (see table A-2) increased 30% (\$12,087,067 from \$9,319,372) and expenses increased 4% (\$6,888,661 from \$6,599,131).

The City's Water Fund received capital grants and contributions of \$3,002,185 in the current year.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the fiscal year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on Exhibit C-1) reported a *combined* fund balance of \$4,215,129, which is a decrease from the prior year's total of \$4,308,082. The following items effecting fund balance should be noted:

- In the prior year, expenditures were more than revenues by \$10,674 prior to transfers. In the current year, expenditures were more than revenues by \$291,745 prior to transfers.
- The revenues in the governmental funds decreased \$78,200 or 1% from the prior period and expenses for the governmental funds increased \$316,396 or 6% from the prior period.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the City's budget once. Even with these adjustments, actual revenues were \$24,722 more than budgeted amounts and expenditures were \$142,293 less than final budget amounts.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2022, the City had \$52,018,538 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, furniture and equipment, and utilities facilities (see Table A-3). This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$10,709,504 over last year.

Table A-3
Fixed Assets

Governmental		Balance		Deletions/	Balance
Activities:		10-01-21	Additions	Reclassifications	09-30-22
Land	\$	14,988	12	(Circle)	14,988
Construction in Progress			150,659		150,659
Buildings&					•
Improvements		5,284,691	295,387	S=:	5,580,078
Vehicles & Equipment		3,214,147	108,867	:-	3,323,014
Machinery & Equipment		1,645,537	15,000	19 4 :	1,660,537
Accumulated Depreciation	L((5,561,017)	(574,476)	<u>= ==</u>	_(6,135,493)
Net Capital Assets	\$	4,598,346	\$ (4,563)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 4,593,783

Business-Type	Balance		Deletions/	Balance
Activities:	10-01-21	Additions	Reclassifications	09-30-22
Land	\$ 369,238	16,944	-	386,182
Construction in Progress	1,056,939	9,505,420	2	10,562,359
Buildings & Improvements		28,260	2	2,681,897
Other Improvements	10,628,246	477,258	<u> </u>	11,105,504
Vehicles & Equipment	9,625,117	197,389	(85,680)	9,736,826
Infrastructure	6,816,494	.	-	6,816,494
Accumulated Depreciation	(18,577,392)	(1,086,258)	(85,680)	(19,577,970)
Net Capital Assets	\$12,572,279	\$ 9,139,013	<u>\$</u>	\$ 21,711,292

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt

A municipal government can finance activities such as capital improvements and acquisitions through general tax bonds or revenue bonds. Additionally, a government may purchase items through the use of leases or notes payable with a financial institution.

Governmental Activities:	Balance 10-01-21	Additions	_Decreases_	Balance 09-30-22	Due Within One Year
Tax Notes Direct Financings Compensated Absences	\$ 109,839 237,009 83,029	\$ 108,599 	\$ 35,379 175,966	\$ 183,059 61,043 117,380	\$ 36,719 61,043
	\$ 429,877	<u>\$ 142,950</u>	<u>\$ 211,345</u>	\$ 361,482	\$ 97,762
Business-Type Activities:	Balance 10-01-21	Additions	Decreases	Balance 09-30-22	Due Within One Year
G.O. Bonds Certificates of Obligation Tax Notes CRMWA Bonds Bond Issuance Premium Direct Financings Compensated Absences Total	\$ 3,825,000 125,000 1,061,160 2,057,763 376,120 2,233,666 77,562 \$ 9,756,271	\$ - 6,910,000 1,702,395 506,998 34,419 - \$ 9,153,812	\$ 100,000 125,000 436,984 844,748 55,498 1,597,368 489 \$ 3,160,087	\$ 3,725,000 6,910,000 2,326,571 1,720,013 355,041 636,298 77,073 \$15,749,996	125,000 444,340 337,802 - 99,119

More detailed information about the City's long-term obligations is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

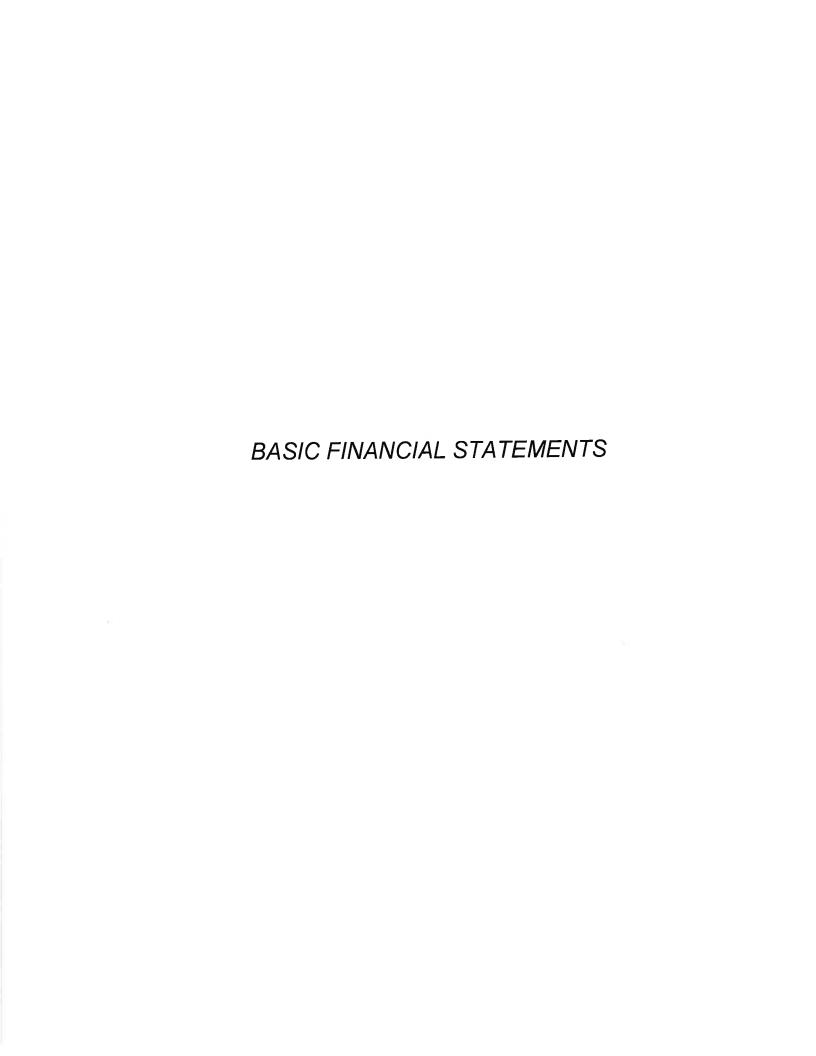
ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2023 budget, tax rates, and fees. Factors considered include the current economy, property tax values and the needs of the City in the coming year. The Council has adopted tax rates, budgets and set fees accordingly.

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgetary general fund fund balance is expected to increase slightly by the close of 2023.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Administrator at the City's office located in Lamesa, Texas.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

	Primary Government			Component Units				
100==0	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	Total	Lamesa Economic Development Corporation		Lamesa Economic Alliance Project
ASSETS: Cash in Bank	•	0.000.000	•	0.440.447	0.45.004.470		_	
Accounts Receivable, net	\$	6,938,332	\$	8,146,147	\$ 15,084,479	\$ 1,502,179	\$	1,292,138
Taxes Receivable, net		27,351		811,790	839,141	-		•
interfund Balances		185,131		1 024 430	185,131			30
Due from City		(1,034,430)		1,034,430	·	77 145		77 145
Due from Component Unit		3,193		3.5	3,193	77,145		77,145
Due from Other Governments		560,172		290,753	850,925	-		
Other Receivables		113,259		200,700	113,259	50,000		143,237
Inventory - Supplies		110,200		370,115	370,115	30,000		143,237
Inventory - Land		725		0,0,110	070,110	245,561		67,200
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		1,534,477	1,534,477	2 10,001		07,200
Leases Receivable		:-		49,897	49,897	847,069		
Net Pension Asset		1,767,790		1,002,540	2,770,330	68,102		197
Capital Assets:						,		
Land		14,988		386,181	401,169	-		340
Construction in Progress		150,659		10,562,359	10,713,018			-
Depreciable Capital Assets, net		4,428,136		10,762,750	15,190,886	1.5		590
Water Rights, net		140		1,738,776	1,738,776			
TOTAL ASSETS	s	13,154,581	\$	36,690,215	\$ 49,844,796	\$ 2,790,056	\$	1,579,720
	=		Ė		<u> </u>	2,100,000	=	1,070,720
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Outflows - Pension		87,692		46,602	124 204	2 515		
Deferred Charge on Bond Refunding		07,092		92,945	134,294	3,515		980
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	97.600	_		92,945	0.545	_	
TOTAL DELICINED OUT LOWS OF RESOURCES	_	87,692	=	139,547	227,239	3,515	-	
LIABILITIES:								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	775,088	dr.	1 442 904	e 0.400.000			
Accrued Payroll	Φ	38,140	\$	1,413,804 19,785	\$ 2,188,892 57,925		\$	5#00
Accrued Interest		30,140		43,496	43,496	1,726		5 + 0
Due to City		-		73,730	45,450	2,408		785
Due to Component Units		154,290			154,290	2,400		700
Noncurrent Liabilities:		101,200			104,200			
Customer Deposits		10,990		296,295	307,285	-		
Compensated Absences		117,382		77,073	194,455			-
Premium on Debt Issuance		*		355,041	355,041	-		147
Due Within One Year		97,762		1,105,594	1,203,356	2		
Due in More Than One Year		146,340		14,211,623	14,357,963			
Landfill Closure/Postclosure				703,013	703,013			
Total Liabilities	\$	1,339,992	\$	18,225,724	\$ 19,565,716	\$ 4,134	\$	785
	0:==							
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflows - Pension		923,342		483,100	1,406,442	34,572		141
Deferred Grant Proceeds		-		816,861	816,861	-		-
Deferred Inflows - Lease Income	_		-	49,897	49,897	847,069	_	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	923,342	_	1,349,858	2,273,200	881,641		Se.
NET POSITION								
NET POSITION	_	4.040.00:	_		A	_		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	4,349,681	\$	7,777,808	\$ 12,127,489	\$ -	\$	
Restricted for:		450.000						
Grant Projects Tourism		459,093		2,435	461,528	8		
		338,854		-	338,854	3		-
Enabling Legislation HUD Programs		68,118		-	68,118	~		2
Unrestricted		E 760 400		66,562	66,562	4 007 705		4 570 005
Total Net Position	_	5,763,193	_	9,407,375	15,170,568	1,907,796	_	1,578,935
JOIGI NEL FUSILIUII	\$	10,978,939	\$	17,254,180	\$ 28,233,119	\$ 1,907,796	\$	1,578,935

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Program Revenues			let (Expense) Re				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Fees, Fines, Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contable ons	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type	Total	Lamesa Economic Development Corporation	Lamesa Economic Alliance Project
Government Activities:							. (070 000)		
Administration	\$ 300,455			\$	\$ (279,063)		\$ (279,063) (204,592)		
General Government	367,938	143,346	20,000		(204,592) (32,882)		(204,592)		
Housing Assistance	32,882	- 5		- 1	(122,199)		(122,199)		
Tourism Fire	122,199 841,224		174,811	17,735	(648,678)		(645,678)		
Fire Streets	537,082	14,704	174,011	95,869	(426,509)		(426,509)		
Vehicle Services	49.345	14,704		00,000	(49,345)		(49,345)		
Police	2.116.574	35.653	126		(2,080,795)		(2,080,795)		
Parks and Recreation	832,872	37,938			(794,934)		(794,934)		
Airport	81,363			81,363					
Interest Expense and Related Fees	12,844				(12,844)	0	(12,844)		
Total Governmental Activities	5,294,778	253,033	194,937	194,987	(4,651,841)	(i	(4,618,959)		
Business-type Activities									
Water	3,496,669	4,284,964	-	3,002,185		3,790,480	3,790,480		
Wastewater	489,982	1,534,574	-	-		1,044,592	1,044,592		
Solid Waste	1,828,878	2,110,469	87,925	-		369,516	369,516		
Municipal Golf Course	241,323	182,976	146,153	-		87,806	87,806		
Housing Program	471,256	479,867				8,631	8,631		
Interest Expense and Related Fees	360,553	100	ē -			(360,553)	(360,553)		
Total Business-Type Activities	5 6,888,661	\$ 8,592,870	\$ 234,078	\$ 3,002,185		\$ 4,940,472	5 4,940,472		
Total Primary Government	\$ 12,183,439	\$ 8,845,903	\$ 429,015	\$ 3,197,152	5 (4,651,841	\$ 4,940,472	\$ 321,513		
Component Unit		-							
Lamesa Economic Development Corporation Lamesa Economic Alliance Project	\$ 209,871 128,270	\$ 12,294	\$ -	\$ -				(197,577)	(128,27
Total Component Units	5 338,141	5 12,294	<u>s</u> -	s <u>-</u>				\$ (197,577)	\$ (128.27
General Revenues									
Property Taxes, Levied fo	r General Purpos	es			2,500,407		2,500,407 1,510,048	376,541	376,54
Sales Taxes					1,510,048 398,376		398 376	370,341	370,01
Franchise Taxes					135.844		135.844		
Motel Occupancy Tax					11,723		23,542	45,732	3,19
Investment Earnings Miscellaneous					403,238		620,425		
Gain on Sale of Assets					7.500		36,428	32,236	
Transfers					198,792	(198,792)	1.5		
Total General Revenues	and Transfers				5,165,928	59,142	5,225,070	454,509	379,73
Change in Net Position					514,087	4,999,614	5,513,701	256,932	251,46
Net Position - Beginning	ı				10,464,852	12,254,566	22,719,418	1,740,891	1,327,46
Pnor Period Adjustment					-	F		(90,027)	
Net Position Ending					\$ 10,978,939	\$ 17,254,180	5 28.233,119	\$ 1,907,795	\$ 1,578.93

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

BALANCE SHEET -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

ASSETS	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash	\$ 4,758,955	\$ 861,761	\$ 5,620,716
Taxes Receivable, net	185,131	Ψ 001,701	185,131
Accounts Receivable	693	26,658	27,351
Due from Other Governments	471,318	88,854	560,172
Other Receivables	113,259	00,004	113,259
Due from Other Funds	4,435	-	4,435
Due from Component Unit	3,193		3,193
			- 0,100
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,536,984	<u>\$ 977,273</u>	\$ 6,514,257
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$ 663,880	\$ 111,208	\$ 775,088
Accrued Payroll	38,140	362	38,140
Customer Deposits	10,990	; € 0	10,990
Due to Other Funds	1,135,489	*	1,135,489
Due to Component Units	154,290		154,290
Total Liabilities	2,002,789	111,208	2,113,997
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$ 185,131	\$	\$ 185,131
Deferred Grant Proceeds	28	*	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 185,131	\$ -	\$ 185,131
FUND BALANCES: Restricted For:			
Grant Projects	U.F.	459,093	459,093
Tourism	•	338,854	338,854
Enabling Legislation	~	68,118	68,118
Unassigned	3,349,064	<u>=</u>	3,349,064
Total Fund Balances	3,349,064	866,065	4,215,129
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS			
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 5,536,984</u>	\$ 977,273	\$ 6,514,257

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$	4,215,129
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:		
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds		185,131
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		4,593,783
Some liabilities, including notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		(244,102)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		(117,382)
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		1,414,240
Included in the items related to noncurrent assets is the recognition of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$1,767,790, a deferred resource outflow related to Pensions in the amount of \$87,692, and a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$923,342.		
This resulted in a increase in net position by \$932,140.	_	932,140
Net Position of Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position	\$	10,978,939

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES—GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund	Other Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property Taxes (Including Penalty & Interest)	\$ 2,458,801	\$	\$ 2,458,801		
Sales Taxes	1,510,048	3	1,510,048		
Franchise Taxes	398,376	-	398,376		
Motel Occupancy Taxes	-	135,844	135,844		
Licenses and Permits	97,030	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	97,030		
Charges for Services	109,156	2	109,156		
Fines, Fees, and Forfeits	71,820	13,204	85,024		
Investment Income	8,927	2,053	10,980		
Intergovernmental	174,907	2,000	174,907		
Rents	25,127		25,127		
Community Event	68,212	•	68,212		
State Grants	00,212	67,098	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Federal Grants	-		67,098		
Donations	20.000	127,869	127,869		
	20,000	30	20,030		
Insurance Recovery Miscellaneous	233,677	5	233,677		
	4,725		4,725		
Total Revenues	5,180,806	346,098	5,526,904		
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Administration	340,592	₩	340,592		
General Government	363,491	7,294	370,785		
Housing Assistance	32,882	*	32,882		
Tourism	2	109,926	109,926		
Fire	804,966	16,721	821,687		
Streets	598,391	150,659	749,050		
Vehicle Services	32,498		32,498		
Police	2,301,455	112	2,301,567		
Parks & Recreation	682,524		682,524		
Airport		81,363	81,363		
Principal on Long-Term Debt	211,353	*	211,353		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	12,923	<u> </u>	12,923		
Capital Outlay	187,598		187,598		
Total Expenditures	5,568,673	366,075	5,934,748		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(387,867)	(19,977)	(407,844)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In/(Out)	201,227	(2,435)	198,792		
Sale of Real and Personal Property	7,500	(2,700)	7,500		
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt	108,599				
550 PS-N 95 - LU		(0.107)	108,599		
Total Other Sources (Uses)	317,326	(2,435)	314,891		
Excess of Revenues & Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures & Other Financing Uses	(70,541)	(22,412)	(92,953)		
Fund BalanceBeginning of Year	3,419,605	888,477	4,308,082		
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ 3,349,064	\$ 866,065	\$ 4,215,129		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds		\$ (92,953)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays during the current period.		569,913
The depreciation of capital assets is not reported in the funds. This is the amour of current depreciation on these assets.		(574,475)
Certain revenues are unavailable in the funds. These are the amounts that hav not been collected and are therefore do not provide current financial resources. This is the amount that these accounts have changed during the current period.		(21,698)
Proceeds from long-term debt proide current financial resources to governmenta funds, but issuing debt increases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		(108,599)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is a reduction of long-term debt in the statement of net position. This amount i the total debt principal repaid for long-term debt.		211,432
The net revenue or expense of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.		97,365
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in pension expense	467,453 (34,351)	
Change in compensated absences	(04,001)	 433,102
Change in Net Position Statement of Activities		\$ 514,087

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2022

Business-Type Activities - Major Enterprise Funds Governmental Activities -Solid Municipal Housing Internal Water Wastewater Waste Golf Course Program Totals Service Fund ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents 4.353.040 \$ 2,029,690 1,755,985 7,232 8,146,147 \$ 1,317,616 Receivables, Net of Allowances 426,189 166,065 218,349 1,187 811,790 Leases Receivable - current 13,232 13 232 Due from Other Funds 1,135,489 75,000 1,210,489 96.624 Due from Other Governments 290.753 290,753 Inventory 370,115 370,115 Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents 764,258 703,013 67,206 1,534,477 Total Current Assets 7,353,076 2,195,955 2,752,347 8,419 67,206 1,414,240 12,377,003 Non-Current Assets Leases Receivable 36,665 36,665 Net Pension Asset 459,140 118,983 342,880 81,537 1.002.540 Land 67.322 95 540 143,957 79,362 386,181 Construction in Progress 9,887,050 675.309 10.562.359 Buildings and Improvements, net 115,240 226,806 19.823 361.869 Improvements other than buildings, net 4.103.099 36,000 4,139,099 Infrastructure, net 4,530,379 4,530,379 Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment, net 443,168 41,719 1,220,927 25.589 1 731 403 Water Rights, net 1,738,776 1,738,776 Total Non-Current Assets 21,380,839 967,551 1,934,570 206,311 24,489,271 TOTAL ASSETS 28,733,915 3,163,506 4,686,917 1,414,240 214,730 67,206 36,866,274 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Outflows - Pension 21,530 5,269 \$ 16.021 \$ 3,782 \$ 46.602 \$ Deferred Charge on Bond Refunding 19,520 73,425 92,945 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 41,050 78,694 16,021 3,782 139,547 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 1,411,077 s 2 727 5 \$ 5 1,413,804 S Accrued Payroli 10,522 2,039 5,327 1,897 19.785 Accrued Interest Expense 43,496 43,496 Due to Other Funds 75,000 100.415 644 176,059 Non-current Liabilities Customer Deposits 296 295 296,295 Compensated Absences 13,885 28,260 20,484 14,444 77,073 Premium on Debt Issuances 47,115 307,926 355.041 Due within one year 633.294 239,369 232,931 1,105,594 Due in more than one year 9,058,570 14,211,623 4,071,097 1,081,956 Landfill Closure/Postclosure 703.013 703,013 Total Liabilities 11,560,133 4,677,812 2,046,438 116,756 644 18,401,783 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred Inflows - Pension 220,471 52,377 170,588 39.664 483,100 Deferred Inflows - Grant Income 816,861 816 861 Deferred Inflows - Lease Income 49,897 49,897 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,087,229 52,377 170,588 39,664 1,349,858 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 11,146,055 (3.769.824) 276,803 124,774 7,777,808 Restricted 2,435 66,562 68.997 Unrestricted 4,979,113 2,281,835 2,209,109 (62,682) 9,407,375 1,414,240 Total Net Position 16,127,603 (1,487,989) 2,485,912 62.092 66,562 17,254,180 1,414,240

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION— PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Business-Type Activities - Major Enterprise Funds Governmental Activities Internal Solid Municipal Housing Service Fund Totals Waste Golf Course Program Water Wastewater Operating Revenues 4,266,225 \$ \$ 4,266,225 Water Revenue 1.534.574 1,534,574 Wastewater Revenue 2.110.469 2,110,469 Sanitation Charges 182,976 182,976 Municipal Golf Course Fees 498,626 479,887 18,739 Commercial Rentals and Fees 928,743 Interdepartmental Billings 928,743 2,110,469 182,976 479,887 8,592,870 4,284,964 1,534,574 Total Operating Revenues Operating Expenses 438,004 438,004 Housing Assistance Payments 1,718,915 832,120 139,728 578,020 Personnel Services 801,241 199,926 611,895 Water Treatment and Purchases 611,895 266,697 32,309 22,455 25,171 Supplies 186,762 884,894 112,305 266,410 32,718 473,461 Repairs and Maintenance 431,561 178,508 81,664 154,056 17,333 Utilities and Fuel Noncapitalized Equipment 8,317 33,252 820,171 379,352 70,916 328.334 Other Operating 1.355.971 418,731 20,772 Depreciation and Amortization 916,468 832,120 471,256 6,528,108 241,323 Total Operating Expenses 3,496,669 489,982 1,828,878 96,623 1.044.592 281,591 (58,347)8,631 2,064,762 788,295 Operating Income (Loss) Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 11,819 743 154 7,390 1,626 2,649 Interest Revenue 28,928 28,928 Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets 234,078 87,925 146,153 Intergovernmental Revenue 112,382 392 217.187 53.687 50,726 Miscellaneous Income (Expense) (345,587) (122,029)(40,421) (9,060)(174,077)Interest Expense (14,966)(11,907) (3,059)Cost of Debt Issuance 743 162,535 166,413 154 131,459 (72,736)(124,907)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 2,196,221 97,366 8,785 108,066 663,388 971,856 444,126 Income Before Contributions and Transfers Contributions and Transfers 2,587,644 2,587,644 Grant Revenues 414,541 Capital Contribution 414,541 (81,647) (198,792)(117.145)Transfer from/(to) Other Funds 2,803,393 2,885,040 (81,647)Total Contributions and Transfers 4,999,614 97,366 362,479 108,066 8,785 971,856 3.548.428 Change in Net Position NET POSITION 1,316,874 12,254,566 (45,974)57,777 2,123,433 (2.459.845)Net Position, Beginning of Year 12,579,175 1,414,240 17,254,180 66,562 16,127,603 (1,487,989)2,485,912 62,092 Net Position, End of Year

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Business-Type Activities - Major Enterprise Funds Governmental Activities -Solid Municipal Housing Internal Water Waslewater Wasle Golf Course Service Fund Program Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers 4,227,037 s 1,506,638 2,059,630 182,707 7,976,012 928,743 Cash Payments for Insurance Policies and Settlements (832,120) Cash Payments for Housing Subsidies 479,887 479,887 Payments to Suppliers (465,083) (290.056) (761.163) (80.823) (471,256) (2,068,381) Payments to Employees (928,666) (235,881) (676,988)(2.003,879)(162,344)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 2,833,288 980,701 621,479 (80,460)8,631 4,383,639 96,623 Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: (117,145) (81,647) (198,792) Payments for Interfund Balances (1,076,065) (55,633) (1,131,698) Cash Received from Intergovernmental Contributions 87.925 146,153 234,078 Miscellaneous Income 53,687 50,726 112,382 392 217,187 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities (1,139,523) 50,726 118,660 90,912 (879,225) Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities (10.041.446) (77,715) (106, 112)(10,225,273) Proceeds from Sale of Assets 28,928 28,928 Proceeds from Issuance of Long-Term Debt 8,148,569 38,660 430,263 8,617,492 Proceeds from grants 3,528,293 3,528,293 Payments on Long-Term Debt (378,961) (2,109,933) (428,373) (52,148) (2,969,415) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital & Related Financing Activites (474,517) (418,016) (104,222) (1,019,975) (23, 220)Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest and Dividends 7,390 1,626 2,649 154 11,819 743 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities 7,390 1,626 2,649 154 11,819 743 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents 1,226,638 615,037 638,566 7,232 8,785 2,496,258 97.366 Cash & Cash Equivalents--Beginning of Year 3,890,660 1,820,432 1,414,853 58,421 7,184,366 1,220,250 Cash & Cash Equivalents--End of Year 5,117,298 2,029,890 2,458,998 7,232 67,206 9,680,624 1,317,616 Reconciliaton of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) 788,295 1,044,592 281,591 (58.347) 8 631 \$ 2.064.762 \$ 96,623 Adjustments to Reconcile to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation 916,468 418,731 20,772 1,355,971 (Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Asset (222,552) (52,872) (172, 197)(40.038)(487,659)(Increase) Decrease in Receivables (35,484)(27,936)(50,839) (269) (114,528) (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (93,696) (93,696) (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows 1.338 1,121 477 229 3,165 Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities 1,388,033 (371)66.615 259 1,454,536 Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows 90,886 16,167 77,101 16,934 201,088 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating 2,833,288 980,701 621,479 8,631 (60,460)4,383,639 96,623

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Lamesa, Texas (the City) operates under a Council - City Manager form of government. The City incorporated in 1917. The City provides a range of services, including tourism, general and administrative, airport, police and fire protection, maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, and recreational activities. The City also provides utilities for water, sewer, and solid waste, as well as operating the municipal golf course and providing housing assistance to local residents.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the activities included in the accompanying financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governmental Units and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

1 The Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units, if applicable. The City's financial statements include accounts of all City operations. Component units are organizations for which the City is financially accountable and all other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability exists if the City appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organizations to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. The City may be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed board that is fiscally dependent on the City. The financial statement of the component units may be discretely presented in a separate column from the primary government or blended with the financial statements of the primary government. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The City is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 2 September 30, 2022

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Polices (Continued)

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City of Lamesa has two component units, the Lamesa Economic Development Corporation (LEDC) and the Lamesa Economic Alliance Project (LEAP). The LEDC and LEAP were formed to provide economic growth in the City. The governing boards of the LEDC and LEAP are appointed by the City Council. The City has assigned a portion of its sales tax revenues to the LEDC and LEAP for economic development within the City. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 the City allocated \$376,541 of its sales tax revenue to the LEDC and \$376,541 to the LEAP. Complete financial statements for the component units can be obtained from their office at 123 Main Avenue, Lamesa, Texas 79331.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the over-reporting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all of taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 3 September 30, 2022

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Polices (Continued)

The City also reports nonmajor governmental fund types:

Special Revenue: The City accounts for funds received or charged that are restricted by third parties in these accounts.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Wastewater Funds: These funds account for the revenues and expenses associated with providing water and sewer services to the citizens of the City.

Solid Waste Fund: This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses associated with providing solid waste service to the citizens of the City.

Municipal Golf Course: This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses associated with operating the municipal golf course as a service to the public.

Housing Program: This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses associated with the City operated housing assistance program.

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Additionally, the City reports and Internal Service Fund which is used to account for workers' compensation insurance, property insurance, and health insurance provided to the departments of the city.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 4 September 30, 2022

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies--Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 45 days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes, franchise taxes, and gross receipts taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims, and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

c. Fund Balance Classification

Non-spendable: This classification includes the portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form (i.e. inventory, long-term loans, or prepaids) or because they must remain in-tact such as the principal of an endowment.

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Currently, the City's restricted fund balances are made up of \$866,065 restricted for governmental activities (\$459,093 for grant projects; \$338,854 for tourism; \$68,118 other restricted). Additionally, there was \$68,997 restricted in the business-type funds (\$66,562 for HUD programs; \$2,435 for grant projects).

<u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. Currently, the City does not have any committed fund balances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 5 September 30, 2022

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. Unassigned amounts are generally available for any purpose. Negative residual amounts for all other governmental funds are reported in this classification.

When the City incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

The City reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned/Unrestricted resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash in bank, restricted cash, and certificates of deposit are considered to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents consisted of funds restricted in the following business-type funds as of September 30, 2022.

Water Fund (grant projects) - \$764,258 Solid Waste (Landfill Closure/Postclosure Reserves) - \$703,013 Housing Program (HUD Program) - \$67,206

Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1st for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1st of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1st of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. As of September 30, 2022, the amount deemed uncollectible by this estimate was \$267,940. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 6 September 30, 2022

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at the lower of FIFO cost (first in, first out) or market. Inventory in the Water and Wastewater Fund consists of supplies held for future use.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives:

Fetimated

	LStilliated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	20-50
Buildings	20-50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery and Equipment	5-10
Office Equipment and Furniture	5-10
Computer Equipment	3

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and non-major, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

Receivables	Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities	
Customer Accounts Unbilled Revenue	\$	8,039	;	\$	394,728 591,456
Property Taxes		453,071			,
Franchise Fees		106,097			
Hotel Occupancy Taxes		26,658			
Sales Tax		471,318			
Grants Receivable		88,854			290,753
Leases	_		_		49.897
Gross Receivables	\$	1,154,037	3	\$	1,326,834
Less: Allowance for					
Uncollectibles	_	(268,124)	112		(174,394)
Net Total Receivables	\$	885,913	3	\$	1,152,440

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 7 September 30, 2022

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

h. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences (general leave) for the City includes both vacation and sick pay. General leave is based on an employee's length of employment and is earned ratably during the span of employment. Upon termination, employees are paid for any accrued general leave earned as set forth by personnel policy.

Vested or accumulated general leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated general leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations. Vested or accumulated general leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 8 September 30, 2022

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

i. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period when the amounts become available.

i. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note B: Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violations
None Reported

Action Taken
Not Applicable

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 9 September 30, 2022

Note C: Deposits and Investments

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

Cash Deposits

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and restricted cash) was \$16,618,956 and the bank balance was \$16,516,880. The City's cash deposits at September 30 and during the year then ended, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

Investments

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports an establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies.

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 10 September 30, 2022

Note C: Deposits and Investments

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

At year end, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Note D: Due to Component Units

The City recorded a liability to the component units in the amount of \$154,290 for the pass through of sales taxes not paid as of September 30, 2022.

Note E: Water Rights and Related Debt with CRMWA

The City, along with several West Texas municipalities, entered into various contracts with the Canadian River Municipal Water Authority, to participate in the construction and maintenance of water gathering, holding, treatment, and transmission facilities. Under the agreements, CRMWA agreed to issue revenue bonds to finance construction and maintenance of the facilities, and the City agreed to pay their share of the total annual debt service requirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 11 September 30, 2022

Note E: Water Rights and Related Debt with CRMWA (continued)

The following schedules comprise the debt outstanding related to the CRMWA contracts as of September 30, 2022:

	Balance			Balance
Water Facilities Debt:	10-01-21 _	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>9-30-22</u>
Series 2012, Refunding, BUREC	\$ 586,843	\$ =	\$ 586,843	\$ -
Series 2017, Refunding, CUP	187,321	1/2	23,569	163,752
Series 2020, Refunding, CUP	920,060	3) = :	79,969	840,091
Series 2014, Refunding, CUP	363,539	(60,159	303,380
Series 2021, Refunding, CUP	₽	506,998	94,208	412,790
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 2,057,763	\$ 506,998	\$ 844,748	\$ 1,720,013

Water Facilities Debt	<u>Maturity</u>	Interest Rates
Revenue Refunding Bonds, Conjunctive Use Groundwater Supply Project, Series 2017	2029	3.0%-5.0%
Revenue Refunding Bonds, Conjunctive Use Groundwater Supply Project, Series 2020	2031	3.0%-5.0%
Revenue Refunding Bonds, Conjunctive Use Groundwater Supply Project, Series 2014	2027	3.0%-5.0%
Revenue Refunding Bonds, Conjunctive Use Groundwater Supply Project, Series 2021	2025	5.0%

The City paid \$108,467 in interest related to this debt for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Debt service requirements on CMRWA debt outstanding at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	CMRWA							
Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Interest		<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>		-	Total
2023	\$	337,802	\$	77,763	\$	415,565		
2024		353,288		60,952		414,240		
2025		262,345		46,618		308,963		
2026		198,416		35,880		234,296		
2027		162,584		26,152		188,736		
2028-2030		405,578		39,275		444,853		
Total	\$	1,720,013	\$	286,640	\$ 2	2,006,653		

Advance Refunding of Debt

GASB Statement No. 7, "Advance Refundings Resulting in Defeasance of Debt", provides that refunded debt and assets placed in escrow for the payment of related debt service be excluded from the financial statements.

The CRMWA issued Subordinate Lien Contract Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2021. The City of Lamesa's portion was \$506,998 which was used for the advance refunding of the Series 2012 Refunding Bonds.

As a result of the advance refunding of principal maturities of the Series 2021 Revenue Bonds by the issuance of Series 2021 Refunding Bonds, the City decreased its total debt service requirements by \$28,862, which resulted in a net economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$28,421.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 12 September 30, 2022

Note E: Water Rights and Related Debt with CRMWA (continued)

Investment in water facilities at cost as of September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Cost:	Beginning	Additions	Deletions/Other	Endina .
CRMWA – Water Rights	\$6,680,247	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,680,247
Accumulated Amortization:				
CRMWA – Water Rights	(4,671,759)	(269,712)		(4,941,471)
Net Investment in Water Facilities	\$ 2,008,488	\$(269,712)	\$	\$ 1,738,776

Note D: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the period ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

Governmental Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	Balance 10-01-21	Additions	Decreases	Balance 9-30-22
Land	\$ 14.988	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,988
Construction in Progress		150,659	1	150,659
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 14,988	\$ 150,659	\$ -	\$ 165,647
Depreciable Assets				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 5,284,691	\$ 295,387	\$ -	\$ 5,580,078
Vehicles and Equipment	3,214,147	108,867	<u>#</u>	3,323,014
Machinery and Equipment	1,645,537	15,000		1,660,537
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$ 10,144,375	\$ 419,254	\$ -	\$ 10,563,629
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 1,895,894	\$ 219,892	\$ -	\$ 2,115,786
Vehicles and Equipment	2,237,916	286,006		2,523,922
Machinery and Equipment	1,427,207	68,578	<u> </u>	1,495,785
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 5,561,017	\$ 574,476	\$ -	\$ 6,135,493
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 4,583,358	\$(155,222)	\$	\$ 4,428,136
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,598,346	<u>\$ (4,563)</u>	\$	\$ 4,593,783

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Administration	\$	11,119
General Government		28,742
Tourism		12,273
Fire		84,606
Police		109,058
Vehicle Services		27,924
Streets		114,460
Parks and Recreation	_	<u>186,294</u>
	\$	574,476

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 13 September 30, 2022

Note D: Capital Assets (continued)

Business-Type Activities:	Balance 10-01-21	Additions	Decreases	Balance <u>9-30-22</u>
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	\$ 369,238	\$ 16,944	\$ -	\$ 386,182
Construction in Progress	1,056,939	9,505,420		10,562,359
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 1,426,177	\$ 9,522,364	\$ -	\$ 10,948,541
Depreciable Assets				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 2,653,637	\$ 28,260	\$ -	\$ 2,681,897
Improvements Other Than Buildings	10,628,246	477,258	-	11,105,504
Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment	9,625,117	197,389	(85,680)	9,736,826
Infrastructure	6,816,494		200000000000000000000000000000000000000	6,816,494
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$ 29,723,494	\$ 702,907	\$ (85,680)	\$ 30,340,721
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 2,213,787	\$ 106,241	\$ -	\$ 2,320,028
Improvements Other Than Buildings	6,623,258	343,147	-	6,966,405
Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment	7,624,645	466,458	(85,680)	8,005,423
Infrastructure	<u>2,115,702</u>	<u> 170,412</u>	est deletiseum	2,286,114
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 18,577,392	\$ 1,086,258	\$ (85,680)	\$ 19,577,970
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 11,146,102	\$ (383,351)	\$	<u>\$ 10,762,751</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,572,279	\$ 9,139,013	<u>s</u>	\$ 21,711,292

Note G: Leases Receivable

a. The City, as lessor, has a lease agreement with a local businessman whereby a tract of land is being leased for agricultural purposes. The lease has an initial lease term of January 15, 2022 and terminates on December 31, 2026.

The agreed rent to be paid by the Tenant to the City is the sum of \$10,500 per year. Lease income of \$10,500 and interest income of \$0 was recognized for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. An interest rate of 4.25% is being used to amortize this lease.

Future rental payments due from the tenant at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	Principal	Interest	Total .
Year Ending September 30, 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ 8,861 9,245 9,646 10,064	\$ 1,639 1,255 854 436	\$ 10,500 10,500 10,500 10,500
Totals	<u>\$ 37,816</u>	\$ 4,184	\$ 42,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 14 September 30, 2022

Note G: Leases Receivable (continued)

b. The City, as lessor, has a lease agreement with a communications company whereby a space on a water tank is being leased for placement of wireless communications equipment. The lease has an initial lease term of June 1, 2020 and terminates on May 31, 2025.

The agreed rent to be paid by the Tenant to the City is the sum of \$400 per month. Lease income of \$4,189 and interest income of \$611 was recognized for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. An interest rate of 4.25% is being used to amortize this lease.

Future rental payments due from the tenant at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Business-Type Activities:						
	Р	rincipal	In	terest		Total .
Year Ending September 30,					_	
2023	\$	4,371	\$	429	\$	4,800
2024		4,560		240	1/2	4,800
2025		3,150	-	<u>50</u>	-	3,200
Totals	\$	12,081	\$	719	\$	12,800

Note G: Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. During each year while bonds are outstanding, the City is required to levy and collect sufficient ad valorem taxes to provide for the payment of principal and interest as it becomes due. The City complied with all significant limitations and restrictions contained in the bond indentures.

1. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decrease	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Tax Notes Direct Financings Compensated Absences Total governmental activities	\$ 109,839 237,009 83,029 \$ 429,877	\$ 108,599 	\$ 35,379 175,966 \$ 211,345	\$ 183,059 61,043 117,380 \$ 361.482	\$ 36,719 61,043 \$ 97,762
Business-Type Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decrease	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
General Obligation Bonds Certificates of Obligation Tax Notes CRMWA Bonds Bond Issuance Premium Direct Financings Compensated Absences	\$ 3,825,000 125,000 1,061,160 2,057,763 376,120 2,233,666 27,562	\$ - 6,910,000 1,702,395 506,998 34,419	\$ 100,000 125,000 436,984 844,748 55,498 1,597,368	\$ 3,725,000 6,910,000 2,326,571 1,720,013 355,041 636,298	\$ 100,000 125,000 444,340 337,802 99,119
Total business-type activities	77,562 \$ 9,756,271	\$ 9,153,812	489 \$ 3,160,087	77,073 \$ 15,749.996	\$ 1,106.261

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 15 Year Ended September 30, 2022

H. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The maturity dates, and interest rates for tax notes, direct financings, general obligation bonds, and certificates of obligation are as follows:

	Interest Rate	Maturity	Amount Of Original Issue	Amount Outstanding 9/30/2022
Governmental Activities: Tax Notes – Descriptions Limited Tax Note, Series 2019 Tax Notes, Series 2022	1.940% 2.989%	10-15-2026 09-01-2029	\$ 147,775 108,599	\$ 88,734 <u>94,325</u> <u>\$ 183,059</u>
<u>Direct Financings - Descriptions</u> Public Property Finance Act Contract – 2018 Fire Truck Public Property Finance Act Contract – 2 Police Vehicles	4.75% 4 _. 238%	02-15-2023 02-05-2023	\$ 125,000 128,000	\$ 27,024 34,019 \$ 61,043
Business-Type Activities: General Obligation Bonds – Descriptions General Obligation Refunding Bonds – Series 2019	3,00% to 4.00%	09-30-2046	3,925,000	\$ 3,725,000
Certificates of Obligation – Descriptions Tax and Revenue C.O. – Series 2021	1.7518%	02-01-2061	7,035,000	6,910,000
Tax Notes – Descriptions Limited Tax Note, Series 2019 Tax Notes, Series 2022	1,940% 2.989%	10-15-2026 09-01-2029	\$ 1,461,225 1,702,395	\$ 857,265 1,469,306 \$ 2,326,571
<u>Direct Financings – Descriptions</u> Public Property Finance Act Contract – Mower Public Property Finance Act Contract – Compactor Public Property Finance Act Contract – Motor Grader	4.25% 2.89% 5.05%	10-15-2022 05-26-2028 09-01-2023	\$ 29,469 751,903 188,228	\$ 666 511,012 124,620 \$ 636,298

Debt service requirements on the City's long-term debt, excluding CRMWA obligations, at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities	
Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 97,762	\$ 7,266	\$ 105,028
2024	37,314	3,683	40,997
2025	35,802	2,784	38,586
2026	36,377	1,949	38,326
2027	13,787	1,101	14,888
2028-2029	23,060	<u>965</u>	<u>24,025</u>
	<u>\$ 244,102</u>	<u>\$ 17,748</u>	<u>\$ 261.850</u>
		Business-Type Activities	
Year Ending September 30,	_ Principal_	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 768,459	\$ 330,013	\$ 1,098,472
2024	868,283	307,071	1,175,354
2025	748,926	286,419	1,035,345
2026	763,090	267,912	1,031,002
2027	553,540	249,053	802,593
2028-2032	1,785,572	1,058,065	2,843,637
2033-2037	1,530,000	843,080	2,373,080
2038-2042	1,770,000	607,135	2,377,135
2043-2047	1,775,000	363,482	2,138,482
2048-2052	1,000,000	222,643	1,222,643
2053-2057	1,090,000	131,122	1,221,122
2058-2062	945,000	<u>33,461</u>	978,461
	<u>\$ 13,597,870</u>	<u>\$ 4,699.456</u>	<u>\$ 18,297,326</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 16 September 30, 2022

Note E: Interfund Balances and Activities

Interfund balances at September 30, 2022 consisted of the following individual fund balances:

Fund	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
General Fund:		
Business-Type Funds:		
Municipal Golf Course	3,791	(c=c)
Housing Program	644	
Water Fund	\$ -	1,135,489
Total General Fund	4,435	1,135,489
Business-Type Funds:		
General Fund	1,135,489	4,435
Solid Waste Fund	75,000	977
Water Fund	**	75,000
Internal Service Fund	<u>=</u>	96,624
Total Business-Type Funds	1,210,489	176,059
Internal Service Fund:		
Business-Type Funds:		
Municipal Golf Course	\$ 96,624	- v
Total Internal Service Fund	96,624	
Total	\$ 1.311.548	¢ 1 311 540
Total	91,311,340	<u>\$ 1,311,548</u>

These interfund receivables and payables arise out of the normal course of business. All balances are expected to be paid within one year.

Note F: Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Fund General Fund:	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Business-Type Funds Total General Fund	\$ 201,227 201,227	\$ <u>-</u>
Special Revenue Funds: Business-Type Funds Total Special Revenue Funds	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,435 2,435
Proprietary Funds: General Fund Special Revenue Funds Total	2,435 \$ 203,662	201,227 - \$ 203,662

These interfund transfers represent cash flow transfers between fund in the normal course of business.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 17 September 30, 2022

Note H: TMRS-Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City of Lamesa participates as one of 901 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle G (TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the administration and management of TMRS with a six-member Board of Trustees (Board) appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Texas Senate. TMRS does not receive any funding from the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the member's benefit is calculated based on the sum of the member's contributions with interest, the city-financed monetary credits with interest, and their age at retirement and other actuarial factors. The retiring member may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total member contributions and interest.

	Plan Year 2021	Plan Year 2020
Employee deposit rate	7.0%	7.0%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	1.5 to 1	1.5 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility		
(expressed as age / years of service)	60/5, 0/25	60/5, 0/25
Updated Service Credit	100%	100%
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	0% of CPI	0% of CPI

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 18 September 30, 2022

Note H: TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	59
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	106
Active employees	<u>85</u>
Total	250

Contributions

Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6% or 7% of the Member's total compensation, and the city matching ratios are either 1:1(1 to 1), 1.5:1 (1-1/2 to 1) or 2:1 (2 to 1), both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The city's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the city and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City of Lamesa were required to contribute 7% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The actuarially determined contribution rates for the City of Lamesa were 4.64% and 4.11% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$179,882, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation

2.5% per year

Overall payroll growth

2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any

Investment Rate of Return

6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 19 September 30, 2022

Note H: TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB (10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees are used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	35.00%	7.55%
Core Fixed Income	6.00%	2.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	5.68%
Other Public and Private	12.00%	7.22%
Real Estate	12.00%	6.85%
Hedge Funds	5.00%	5.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.00%
Total	100.00%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 20 September 30, 2022

Note H: TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Change in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance at 12/31/20	\$ 15,960,127	\$ 17,321,529	\$ (1,361,402)
Changes for the year:			, , ,
Service cost	452,541		452,541
Interest	1,042,383		1,042,383
Change of benefit terms			
Difference between expected and actual experience	(261,947)		(261,947)
Changes of assumptions			=
Contributions - employer		176,750	(176,750)
Contributions - employee		266,649	(266,649)
Net investment income		2,219,522	(2,219,522)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,017,454)	(1,017,454)	€.
Administrative expense		(10,300)	10,300
Other changes	10,784	68	10,716
Net changes	226,307	1,635,235	(1,408,928)
Balance at 12/31/21	\$ 16,186,434	\$ 18,956,764	\$ (2,770,330)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in			1% Increase in			
	Discount Rate			Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
City's net pension liability	\$	(997,196)	\$	(2,770,330)	\$	(4,255,303)	