VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

VILLLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | PAGE NUMBER |
|---|-------------|
| Independent Auditors' Report | 1 – 3 |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | 4 – 10 |
| Basic Financial Statements: | |
| Government-wide Financial Statements | |
| Statement of Net Position | 11 |
| Statement of Activities | 12 |
| Fund Financial Statements | 40 |
| Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds | 13 |
| Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds | 14 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – | 4.5 |
| Governmental Funds | 15 |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, | |
| and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds | 16 |
| to the Statement of Activities | 16 17 |
| Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in | 17 |
| Net Position – Proprietary Funds | 18 |
| Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds | 19 |
| Income (Loss) to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities | 20 |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 21 – 41 |
| Required Supplementary Information: | |
| Schedule of Changes in Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios | 42 |
| Schedule of Employer's Contributions | 43 |
| Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes | |
| in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual | |
| General Fund | 44 |
| Major Street Fund | 45 |
| Local Street Fund | 46 |
| Fire Fund | 47 |
| Community Center Fund | 48 |
| Other Supplementary Information: | |
| Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules | |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 40 |
| Combining Balance Sheet | 49 |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances | 50 |



Village Council Village of Clinton Clinton, Michigan

LALLY GROUP, PC

Certified Public Accountants

"Trusted Service for a Confident Tomorrow"

Jackson Office

110 1st Street JACKSON, MICHIGAN 49201 (517) 787-0064

Website: www.lallycpa.com E-Mail: info@lallycpa.com **Lansing Office**

7335 Westshire Dr. Suite 103 LANSING, MICHIGAN 48917 (517) 627-4008 (517) 321-4333

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Clinton, Michigan, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Clinton, Michigan, as of March 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village of Clinton, Michigan, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village of Clinton, Michigan's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village of Clinton, Michigan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension funding information, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 - 10, 42 - 43, and 44 - 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the council and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Clinton, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Lally Group, PC

Jackson, MI

September 15, 2022

As management of the Village of Clinton, Michigan (the Village), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$14,834,579 (net position). Of this amount, \$3,690,064 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ♦ The Village's total net position increased \$587,334.
- ♦ As of the close of the current year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,894,361, an increase of \$102,044; compared with an increase of \$232,882 in the prior year.
- ♦ At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,125,002, or 89% percent of total general fund expenditures.
- During the year ended March 31, 2022, Michigan South Central Power Agency reported an increase in overall net
 position of \$394,487. This included a member equity refund of \$562,043. The result was an increase in the
 Village's proportionate share of the income of \$39,939.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Village include the utility systems.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Village itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Downtown Development Authority (DDA) for which the Village is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Village maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, capital projects fund, and permanent funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for all governmental funds (except the permanent funds) to demonstrate compliance with budget. These schedules can be found on 44-48 of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-16 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Village maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water, and sewer funds. The *Internal service fund* is an accounting device used to account and allocate costs internally among the Village's various functions. The Village uses an internal service fund to account for equipment and charge out expense (Equipment Fund). Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than a business-type function it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the electric, water, and sewer funds, which are considered to be major funds of the Village. The internal service fund (Equipment Fund) is in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-41 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented as supplementary information to the financing statements. Combining statements and individual fund schedules can be found on pages 49-50 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets exceeded liabilities by \$14,834,579 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's net position (31 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN'S NET POSITION

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ | 6,281,986 | \$ | 2,815,185 | \$ 9,097,171 | \$ 8,866,219 |
| Capital Assets | | 2,065,325 | | 4,611,281 | 6,676,606 | 6,736,960 |
| Total assets | | 8,347,311 | | 7,426,466 | 15,773,777 | 15,603,179_ |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | | 170,167 |
| Total assets & deferred outflows | \$ | 8,347,311 | \$ | 7,426,466 | \$ 15,773,777 | \$ 15,773,346 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Long term liabilities outstanding | \$ | (523,163) | \$ | 1,016,261 | \$ 493,098 | \$ 1,206,548 |
| Other liabilities | | 122,783 | | 251,964 | 374,747 | 319,553 |
| Total Liabilities | | (400,380) | | 1,268,225 | 867,845 | 1,526,101 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | 71,353 | | | 71,353 | |
| Net Position: | | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | | 2,065,325 | | 2,823,609 | 4,888,934 | 4,883,128 |
| Restricted | | 4,744,737 | | 1,510,844 | 6,255,581 | 6,314,716 |
| Unrestricted | | 1,866,276 | | 1,823,788 | 3,690,064 | 3,049,401 |
| Total Net Position | | 8,676,338 | | 6,158,241 | 14,834,579 | 14,247,245 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position | \$ | 8,347,311 | \$ | 7,426,466 | \$ 15,773,777 | \$ 15,773,346 |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN'S CHANGE OF NET POSITION

| | Governmental Activities | | siness-type Activities | 2022 | | 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|---------------|----|------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | |
| Charge for services | \$ | 250,434 | \$ 4,042,790 | \$ 4,293,224 | \$ | 4,256,001 |
| General revenues: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 817,684 | | 817,684 | | 796,858 |
| Intergovernmental | | 622,328 | | 622,328 | | 532,672 |
| License fees and fines | | 83,251 | | 83,251 | | 68,485 |
| Investment earnings | | (76,291) | 40,521 | (35,770) | | 96,428 |
| Miscellaneous revenue | | 477,521 | 24,875 | 502,396 | | 420,904 |
| Cares act funding | | 10,971 | 73,483 | 84,454 | | 95,067 |
| Total revenues | \$ | 2,185,898 | 4,181,669 | 6,367,567 | | 6,266,415 |
| Expenses: | | | | | | |
| General government | | 281,539 | | 281,539 | | 319,329 |
| Public safety | | 784,081 | | 784,081 | | 757,388 |
| Culture and recreation | | 179,256 | | 179,256 | | 160,624 |
| Sanitation | | 162,499 | | 162,499 | | 162,283 |
| Highways and streets | | 598,015 | | 598,015 | | 390,319 |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 3,416 | | 3,416 | | 5,093 |
| Electric | | | 2,687,649 | 2,687,649 | | 2,823,782 |
| Water | | | 300,562 | 300,562 | | 303,550 |
| Sewer | | | 783,216 | 783,216 | | 834,173 |
| Total expenses | | 2,008,806 | 3,771,427 | 5,780,233 | | 5,756,541 |
| Change in net position | | 177,092 | 410,242 | 587,334 | | 509,874 |
| Net position - beginning of year | | 8,499,246 | 5,747,999 | 14,247,245 | | 13,737,371 |
| Net position - end of year | \$ | 8,676,338 | \$ 6,158,241 | \$ 14,834,579 | \$ | 14,247,245 |

An additional portion of the Village's net position (42 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* \$3,690,064 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Village's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of this fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,894,361, an increase of \$102,044 in comparison with the prior year. Restricted fund balance of \$4,742,420 is not available for new spending since it already is committed. Permanent (Trusts) fund money \$3,401,790 represents most of the restricted fund balance.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,125,002.

The fund balance of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's general fund increased by \$201,118 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary fund. The Village's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the utility funds at the end of the year amounted to \$1,823,788. The total increase in net position for the funds was \$410,242.

Budgetary Highlights

- The General Fund Building and Zoning Fees came in \$8,818 or 55% higher than budgeted due to increased activity.
- In General Fund Soccer Fees were \$19,830 or 298% higher than budgeted due to budgeting for lower revenue in case there was decreased participation due to COVID concerns.
- The General Fund Police Fines were \$10,705 or 207% higher than budgeted due to increased activity.
- The General Fund did not transfer the \$80,000 PILOT payment from the Electric Fund in order to help offset the cost of the new electric substation.
- The General Fund constructed two new volleyball courts in Tate Park during the fiscal year.
- The Village reconstructed Kehoe and Currier Streets with the activity recognized in the Major Street Fund.
- The Fire Fund has ordered a new pumper tanker for a cost of \$435,000. The hope is to pay cash when the truck is delivered.
- In the Electric Fund the Village started the replacement of the 1960 substation. The total estimated cost of the project will be \$3.7 million. The Village intends to pay \$2.2 million of the total cost in cash, while the remaining cost will lead to increased borrowing, projected at \$1.5 million.
- The Village intends for large capital expenditures in the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of March 31, 2022, amounts to \$6,301,632 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and utility systems, machinery and equipment, roads, and other infrastructure. The net decrease in the Village's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$435,328.

Major capital assets purchased during the current fiscal year were:

| Machinery, equipment, and furnishings | \$ 139,559 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Utility systems | 135,484 |
| Buildings | 70,583 |
| Land improvements | 53,995 |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN'S CAPITAL ASSETS

| | | Governmental Activities | | ısiness-type Activities | 2022 | 2021 | |
|---------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|----|----------------------------|------------------------|------|------------------|
| Capital Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 285 <i>,</i> 152 | \$ | 30,645 | \$ 315 <i>,</i> 797 | \$ | 3 1 5,797 |
| Land improvements | | 387,738 | | | 387 <i>,</i> 738 | | 364,537 |
| Buildings | | 290,611 | | | 290,611 | | 303,094 |
| Equipment and furnishings | | 585 <i>,</i> 371 | | | 585 <i>,</i> 371 | | 609,098 |
| Infrastructure | | 516,453 | | | 5 1 6,453 | | 702,323 |
| Software | | | | 40,173 | 40,173 | | 40,173 |
| Utility systems | | | | 4,540,463 | 4,540,463 | | 4,401,938 |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 2,065,325 | \$ | 4,611,281 | \$ 6,676,606 | \$ | 6,736,960 |

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 3 C on pages 29-30.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total bonded and note debt outstanding of \$905,000.

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN'S OUTSTANDING DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

| | Governme Activitie | | Business-type Activities | 2022 | 2021 | | |
|---------------|-----------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| Revenue Bonds | \$ | 0 | \$ 905,000 | \$ 1,125,000 | \$ 1,125,000 | | |
| Total | \$ | 0 | \$ 905,000 | \$ 1,125,000 | \$ 1,125,000 | | |

Additional information on the Village's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 E on page 32 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Even though the taxable value of real property increased by one percent, the Village is still concerned about the slow economic recovery in the State of Michigan and the possible negative ramifications on the 2022-23 budget from the State's elimination of personal property taxes. Adjusting for the non-recurring items as discussed in the budgetary highlights section above, the Village has adopted a similar budget to the 2021-22 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Clinton, Michigan's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Village of Clinton, 119 East Michigan Avenue, P.O. Box Drawer E, Clinton, Michigan 49236.

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2022

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR MARCH 31, 2021

| | | | | | | | | | D | mponent Unit owntown | |
|--|-----------|--------------------------|----|---------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | | vernmental Activities | | siness-Type Activities | | 2022 | tal | 2021 | Development Authority | | |
| ASSETS: | | Activities | | Activities | _ | 2022 | | 2021 | | uthority | |
| Cash | \$ | 1,961,847 | \$ | 777,447 | \$ | 2,739,294 | \$ | 2,375,811 | \$ | 157,603 | |
| Investments | • | 2,695,017 | • | 909,827 | • | 3,604,844 | • | 4,044,800 | • | , | |
| Accounts receivable (net) | | 99,462 | | 424,680 | | 524,142 | | 439,951 | | | |
| Prepaid expenses | | 26,939 | | 237,195 | | 264,134 | | 59,192 | | | |
| Internal balances | | 295,023 | | (295,023) | | , | | , | | | |
| Internal balances - advances | | 882,672 | | (882,672) | | | | | | | |
| Internal balances - component unit | | (1,588) | | . , , | | (1,588) | | (1,588) | | 1,588 | |
| Advance to component units | | 322,614 | | | | 322,614 | | 358,990 | | (322,615) | |
| Inventory | | • | | 132,887 | | 132,887 | | 118,158 | | | |
| Restricted assets: | | | | • | | ŕ | | • | | | |
| Investments in joint venture | | | | 1,510,844 | | 1,510,844 | | 1,470,905 | | | |
| Capital assets: | | | | , , | | , , | | | | | |
| Assets not subject to depreciation | | 285,152 | | 159,971 | | 445,123 | | 315,797 | | | |
| Assets subject to depreciation | | 1,780,173 | | 4,451,310 | | 6,231,483 | | 6,421,163 | | 246,370 | |
| Total assets | | 8,347,311 | | 7,426,466 | | 15,773,777 | | 15,603,179 | | 82,946 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred pension amounts | | | | | | | | 170,167 | | | |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 8,347,311 | \$ | 7,426,466 | \$ | 15,773,777 | \$ | 15,773,346 | \$ | 82,946 | |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 49,167 | \$ | 182,280 | \$ | 231,447 | \$ | 224,393 | \$ | | |
| Deferred revenue | • | 46,845 | • | - , | • | 46,845 | • | , | • | | |
| Customer deposits | | -,- | | 69,684 | | 69,684 | | 64,253 | | | |
| Accrued sick and vacation pay - current | | 26,771 | | , | | 26,771 | | 30,907 | | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | , | | | | , | | , | | | |
| Due within one year | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | | (558,569) | | | | (558,569) | | (52,972) | | | |
| Due in more than one year | | 35,406 | | 1,016,261 | | 1,051,667 | | 1,259,520 | | | |
| Total liabilities | | (400,380) | | 1,268,225 | | 867,845 | | 1,526,101 | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred pension amounts | | 71,353 | | | | 71,353 | | | | | |
| NET POSITION: | | | | _ | | _ | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | | 2,065,325 | | 2,823,609 | | 4,888,934 | | 4,883,128 | | (76,245) | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment in joint venture | | | | 1,510,844 | | 1,510,844 | | 1,470,905 | | | |
| Highways and streets | | 715,040 | | ,,- | | 715,040 | | 681,093 | | | |
| Public safety | | 493,360 | | | | 493,360 | | 395,833 | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | 134,547 | | | | 134,547 | | 113,029 | | | |
| Permanent funds | | 3,401,790 | | | | 3,401,790 | | 3,653,856 | | | |
| | | | | 1 022 700 | | | | | | 150 101 | |
| Unrestricted | | 1,866,276 | | 1,823,788 | | 3,690,064 | | 3,049,401 | | 159,191 | |
| Total net position | | 8,676,338 | | 6,158,241 | | 14,834,579 | | 14,247,245 | | 82,946 | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources | | 0.247.244 | | 7 426 466 | | 45 772 77- | | 45 770 040 | | 02.046 | |
| and net position | <u>\$</u> | 8,347,311 | \$ | 7,426,466 | <u>\$</u> | 15,773,777 | <u>\$</u> | 15,773,346 | <u>\$</u> | 82,946 | |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

| | | D | rogram Revenu | 105 | Net (Evner | ise) Revenue ai | nd Changes in N | let Position | Component Unit |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|
| | | | Operating | Capital | Net (Exper | | overnment | et rosition | Downtown |
| | | Charges for | Grants and | • | Governmental | | | tal | Development |
| Functions/programs | Expenses | Services | Contributions | Contributions | Activities | Activities | 2022 | 2021 | Authority |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 281,539 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ (281,539) | \$ | \$ (281,539) | \$ (319,329) | \$ |
| Public safety | 784,081 | 44,156 | | | (739,925) | | (739,925) | (714,908) | |
| Culture and recreation | 179,256 | 36,802 | | | (142,454) | | (142,454) | (160,894) | |
| Sanitation | 162,499 | 169,476 | | | 6,977 | | 6,977 | (2,248) | |
| Highways and streets | 598,015 | | | | (598,015) | | (598,015) | (390,319) | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 3,416 | | | | (3,416) | | (3,416) | (5,093) | |
| Total governmental activities | 2,008,806 | 250,434 | | | (1,758,372) | | (1,758,372) | (1,592,791) | |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Electric Fund | 2,687,649 | 3,014,552 | | | | 326,903 | 326,903 | 135,392 | |
| Water Fund | 300,562 | 296,062 | | | | (4,500) | (4,500) | (6,898) | |
| Sewer Fund | 783,216 | 732,176 | | | | (51,040) | (51,040) | (36,243) | |
| Total business-type activities | 3,771,427 | 4,042,790 | | | | 271,363 | 271,363 | 92,251 | |
| Total government | \$5,780,233 | \$4,293,224 | \$ | \$ | (1,758,372) | 271,363 | (1,487,009) | (1,500,540) | |
| Component unit: | | | | | | | | | |
| Downtown development authority | 40,503 | | | | | | | | (40,503) |
| Total component unit | \$ 40,503 | | | | | | | | (40,503) |
| | General rever | nues: | | | | | | | |
| | Property taxe | es | | | 817,684 | | 817,684 | 796,858 | 72,850 |
| | Intergovernn | nental | | | 622,328 | | 622,328 | 532,672 | |
| | Licenses, fee | s, and fines | | | 83,251 | | 83,251 | 68,485 | |
| | Investment e | earnings | | | (76,291) | 40,521 | (35,770) | 96,428 | |
| | Miscellaneou | is revenues | | | 477,521 | 24,875 | 502,396 | 447,800 | 3,479 |
| | Covid relief f | unds | | | 10,971 | 73,483 | 84,454 | 68,171 | |
| | Total general | revenues and t | ransfers | | 1,935,464 | 138,879 | 2,074,343 | 2,010,414 | 76,329 |
| | Change in net | position | | | 177,092 | 410,242 | 587,334 | 509,874 | 35,826 |
| | Total net posit | tion - beginnin | g | | 8,499,246 | 5,747,999 | 14,247,245 | 13,737,371 | 47,120 |
| | Total net posit | tion - ending | | | \$ 8,676,338 | \$ 6,158,241 | \$14,834,579 | \$14,247,245 | \$ 82,946 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2022

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR MARCH 31, 2021

| | | | | Permanent Funds | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|----|---------|-----------------|----------|------|------------|--------------|-----|------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | | Capital | | Other | To | tal |
| | | | Major | | Fire | | | Improvement | G٥١ | ernmental/ | Governme | ntal Funds |
| | General | _ | Street | De | partment | Rob | ison Trust | Tate Park | _ | Funds | 2022 | 2021 |
| ASSETS: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ 902,328 | \$ | 283,204 | \$ | 268,511 | \$ | | \$ | \$ | 223,641 | \$ 1,677,684 | \$ 1,301,156 |
| Investments | 307,271 | | | | 226,282 | | 690,659 | 1,461,484 | | 9,321 | 2,695,017 | 3,028,615 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts (net) | 23,715 | | | | | | | | | 1,287 | 25,002 | 37,863 |
| Due from other funds | | | 306,724 | | | | | | | 18,600 | 325,324 | 325,096 |
| Due from other govermental units | 22,777 | | 37,601 | | | | | | | 14,082 | 74,460 | 62,568 |
| Due from component unit | 10,410 | | | | | | | | | | 10,410 | 6,655 |
| Advance to other funds | | | | | | | 882,672 | 44,361 | | | 927,033 | 809,778 |
| Advance from component unit | | | | | | | | 322,614 | | | 322,614 | 358,990 |
| Prepaid expense | 15,966 | _ | 118 | | 8,656 | | | | | 2,199 | 26,939 | 35,987 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,282,467 | \$ | 627,647 | \$ | 503,449 | \$1 | 1,573,331 | \$ 1,828,459 | \$ | 269,130 | \$ 6,084,483 | \$ 5,966,708 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 22,996 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | \$ | | \$ 22,996 | \$ 17,251 |
| Accrued expenditures | 18,104 | | 949 | | 1,433 | | | | | 1,688 | 22,174 | 19,278 |
| Deferred revenue | 46,845 | | | | | | | | | | 46,845 | |
| Due to other funds | 30,109 | | | | | | | | | 192 | 30,301 | 24,788 |
| Due to component unit | 1,588 | | | | | | | | | | 1,588 | 1,588 |
| Advance from other funds | | | 44,361 | | | | | | | | 44,361 | 80,946 |
| Accrued sick and vacation pay | 21,857 | | | | | | | | | | 21,857 | 30,540 |
| Total liabilities | 141,499 | | 45,310 | | 1,433 | | | | | 1,880 | 190,122 | 174,391 |
| FUND BALANCES: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 15,966 | | 118 | | 8,656 | | | | | 2,199 | 26,939 | 35,987 |
| Restricted | | | 582,219 | | 493,360 | 1 | 1,573,331 | 1,828,459 | | 265,051 | 4,742,420 | 4,841,494 |
| Unassigned | 1,125,002 | | | | | | | | | | 1,125,002 | 914,836 |
| Total fund balance | 1,140,968 | | 582,337 | _ | 502,016 | 1 | 1,573,331 | 1,828,459 | | 267,250 | 5,894,361 | 5,792,317 |
| Total liabilities & fund balance | \$ 1,282,467 | \$ | 627,647 | \$ | 503,449 | \$ 1 | 1,573,331 | \$ 1,828,459 | \$ | 269,130 | \$ 6,084,483 | \$5,966,708 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2022

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

| | 2022 | | | 2021 |
|--|------|---------------------|----|-------------------|
| Total governmental fund balances | \$ | 5,894,361 | \$ | 5,792,317 |
| Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund. | | 2,065,325 | | 2,264,204 |
| Accrued interest payable on long term debt is recognized in governmental funds when paid and not when accrued. | | | | |
| Long-term portion of accrued sick and vacation pay liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. | | (35,406) | | (50,700) |
| Loan indebtedness is recognized in the governmental funds when paid and not when accrued. | | | | |
| Internal Service Fund (Equipment Fund) is used by the Village to charge for equipment rental to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Equipment Fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. A reconciliation of the adjustments are as follows: | | | | |
| Internal service fund net position | | 622,656 | | 644,551 |
| Internal service fund net capital assets are included in the general capital asset adjustment above. Net internal service fund position added to governmental activities | | (357,814) | | (374,265) |
| Certain pension-related amounts, such as the net pension liability and deferred amounts, are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources, and therefore are not | | | | |
| reported in the funds: Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability Net pension liability | | (71,353) 558,569 | | 170,167 52,972 |
| Net differences | | 2,781,977 | | 2,706,929 |
| Total net position of governmental activities | \$ | 8,676,338 | \$ | 8,499,246 |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

| | | | | Permane | nt Funds | _ | | |
|---|--------------|------------|------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | | | Tate Park | Total Other | To | tal |
| | | Major | Fire | | Capital | Governmental | Governme | ntal Funds |
| | General | Street | Department | Robison Trust | Improvement | Funds | 2022 | 2021 |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 750,519 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 67,165 | \$ 817,684 | \$ 796,858 |
| Intergovernmental revenues | 331,157 | 211,649 | | | | 79,522 | 622,328 | 532,672 |
| Licenses, fees and charges for services | 289,529 | | 44,156 | | | | 333,685 | 270,730 |
| Rentals | 12,813 | | | | | 2,669 | 15,482 | 13,148 |
| Interest | (786) | 165 | 560 | 3,694 | 42,291 | 445 | 46,369 | 90,536 |
| Other | 24,052 | | 262,260 | | | | 286,312 | 239,880 |
| Realized gain (loss) on investment | | | | 1,443 | 158 | | 1,601 | 2,032 |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on investment | | | | (51,700) | (72,561) | | (124,261) | (35,261) |
| Total revenues | 1,407,284 | 211,814 | 306,976 | (46,563) | (30,112) | 149,801 | 1,999,200 | 1,910,595 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 345,922 | | | 4,453 | 5,167 | | 355,542 | 362,421 |
| Public safety | 568,461 | | 211,901 | | | | 780,362 | 751,040 |
| Culture and recreation | 183,555 | | | | | 48,698 | 232,253 | 134,616 |
| Sanitation | 162,499 | | | | | | 162,499 | 162,283 |
| Highways and streets | | 292,487 | | | | 81,569 | 374,056 | 364,598 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | | | | | | | | = |
| Interest | | 3,416 | | | | | 3,416 | 5,093 |
| Total expenditures | 1,260,437 | 295,903 | 211,901 | 4,453 | 5,167 | 130,267 | 1,908,128 | 1,780,051 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | 146,847 | (84,089) | 95,075 | (51,016) | (35,279) | 19,534 | 91,072 | 130,544 |
| Other financing sources (uses): Sale of equipment | | | | | | | | |
| Covid relief funding | 8,520 | | 2,451 | | | | 10,971 | 68,171 |
| Transfers in | 85,751 | 100,020 | 2, 10 1 | | | 20,000 | 205,771 | 338,289 |
| Transfers out | (40,000) | 100,020 | | (80,020) | (85,751) | 20,000 | (205,771) | (298,289) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 54,271 | 100,020 | 2,451 | (80,020) | (85,751) | 20,000 | 10,971 | 108,171 |
| Change in fund balances | 201,118 | 15,931 | 97,526 | (131,036) | (121,030) | 39,534 | 102,043 | 238,715 |
| Total fund balances - beginning | 939,850 | 566,406 | 404,490 | 1,704,367 | 1,949,489 | 227,716 | 5,792,318 | 5,553,602 |
| Total fund balances - ending | \$ 1,140,968 | \$ 582,337 | \$ 502,016 | \$ 1,573,331 | \$ 1,828,459 | \$ 267,250 | \$ 5,894,361 | \$ 5,792,317 |
| | | | | | | | | |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

| | 2022 | 2021 | | |
|---|---------------|------|-----------|--|
| Change in fund balances total governmental funds | \$ 102,043 | \$ | 238,715 | |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount of depreciation is more than the capital outlay in the current period. | | | | |
| Capital outlays amounted to | 164,739 | | 258,000 | |
| Depreciation amounted to | (363,618) | | (350,322) | |
| Net adjustment for capital related activities for the year | (198,879) | | (92,322) | |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued long-term sick and vacation pay - net effect Internal Service Fund (Equipment Fund) is used by the Village to charge equipment rental to individual funds. The net income (loss) of this activity, adjusted for depreciation and capital outlays above, is reported with governmental activities in the government-wide | 15,295 | | (4,374) | |
| statements, however, it is reported with the proprietary funds in the fund financial | | | | |
| statements. | (5,444) | | 74,737 | |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. | | | | |
| Change in the net pension liability and related deferred amounts | 264,077 | | 174,850 | |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | \$ 177,092 | \$ | 391,606 | |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

MARCH 31, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR MARCH 31, 2021

| | | ness-type Activ | | | Governmental | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | nterprise Fund | | _ | tal | Activities |
| | Electric | Water | Sewer | | ary Funds | Internal |
| | Fund | Fund | <u>Fund</u> | 2022 | 2021 | Service Fund |
| ASSETS: | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | \$ 539,754 | \$ 206,273 | \$ 31,420 | \$ 777,447 | \$ 794,373 | \$ 284,163 |
| Cash and cash equivalents Investments | \$ 539,754 731,461 | \$ 206,273 46,279 | 3 31,420 | \$ 777,447 909,827 | \$ 794,373 1,016,185 | \$ 284,163 |
| Accounts receivable (net) | 325,010 | 23,540 | 76,130 | 424,680 | 339,520 | |
| Due from other funds | 12,282 | 23,340 | 70,130 | 12,282 | 6,997 | |
| Prepaid expenses | 227,662 | 4,952 | 4,581 | 237,195 | 23,205 | |
| Inventory | 132,887 | .,552 | .,552 | 132,887 | 118,158 | |
| Total current assets | 1,969,056 | 281,044 | 244,218 | 2,494,318 | 2,298,438 | 284,163 |
| Noncurrent assets: | _,,,,,,,, | | | | | |
| Investment in joint venture Capital assets: | 1,510,844 | | | 1,510,844 | 1,470,905 | |
| Land | 17,496 | 3,000 | 10,149 | 30,645 | 30,645 | |
| Buildings | 624,927 | 322,499 | 5,860,181 | 6,807,607 | 6,757,607 | |
| Utility systems | 1,874,138 | 1,669,050 | 848,796 | 4,391,984 | 4,048,010 | |
| Equipment/trucks | 1,302,861 | 132,276 | 331,943 | 1,767,080 | 1,717,682 | 1,156,586 |
| Software | | 17,460 | 22,713 | 40,173 | 40,173 | |
| Construction in progress | 129,326 | | | 129,326 | | |
| Accumulated depreciation | (3,303,903) | (992,040) | (4,259,591) | (8,555,534) | (8,121,361) | (798,772) |
| Total capital assets - net | 644,845 | 1,152,245 | 2,814,191 | 4,611,281 | 4,472,756 | 357,814 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 2,155,689 | 1,152,245 | 2,814,191 | 6,122,125 | 5,943,661 | 357,814 |
| Total assets | \$ 4,124,745 | \$ 1,433,289 | \$ 3,058,409 | \$ 8,616,443 | \$ 8,242,099 | \$ 641,977 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 149,248 | \$ 25 | \$ 991 | \$ 150,264 | 157,136 | \$ 2,734 |
| Accrued expenses | 24,863 | 1,993 | 5,160 | 32,016 | 27,754 | 1,263 |
| Due to other funds | 299,530 | 5,400 | 2,375 | 307,305 | 307,305 | 10,410 |
| Advance payable to other funds | | 760,710 | 121,962 | 882,672 | 728,832 | |
| Total current liabilities | 473,641 | 768,128 | 130,488 | 1,372,257 | 1,221,027 | 14,407 |
| Current liabilities payable | | | | | | |
| from restricted assets: | | | | | | |
| Customer deposits | 69,684 | | | 69,684 | 64,253 | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accrued sick and vacation pay | 60,823 | 9,346 | 41,092 | 111,261 | 83,820 | 4,914 |
| SRF loan payable | | | 905,000 | 905,000 | 1,125,000 | |
| Total liabilities | 604,148 | 777,474 | 1,076,580 | 2,458,202 | 2,494,100 | 19,321 |
| NET POSITION: | | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, | | | | | | |
| net of related debt | 644,845 | 391,535 | 1,787,229 | 2,823,609 | 2,618,924 | 357,814 |
| Restricted for joint venture | 1,510,844 | | | 1,510,844 | 1,470,905 | |
| Unrestricted | 1,364,908 | 264,280 | 194,600 | 1,823,788 | 1,658,170 | 264,842 |
| Total net position | 3,520,597 | 655,815 | 1,981,829 | 6,158,241 | 5,747,999 | 622,656 |
| Total liabilities and net position | \$ 4,124,745 | \$ 1,433,289 | \$ 3,058,409 | \$ 8,616,443 | \$ 8,242,099 | \$ 641,977 |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

| | Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds | | | To | Governmental Activities | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| | Electric | Water | Sewer | | ital ary Funds | Internal |
| | Fund | Fund | Fund | 2022 | 2021 | Service Fund |
| Operating revenue: | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| Metered sales | \$ 2,987,293 | \$ 293,880 | \$ 722,751 | \$ 4,003,924 | \$ 4,046,565 | \$ |
| Penalties and service | | | | | | |
| charges | 27,259 | 2,182 | 9,425 | 38,866 | 7,191 | |
| Miscellaneous | 19,513 | (114) | 36 | 19,435 | 21,115 | 10,411 |
| Rentals | 5,440 | | | 5,440 | 5,781 | 165,316 |
| Total operating revenues | 3,039,505 | 295,948 | 732,212 | 4,067,665 | 4,080,652 | 175,727 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | |
| Light plant | 22,323 | | | 22,323 | 12,119 | |
| Purchased power | 1,789,879 | | | 1,789,879 | 1,815,085 | |
| Administrative | 267,849 | 39,574 | 37,593 | 345,016 | 370,115 | |
| Electric distribution system | 518,160 | | | 518,160 | 593,507 | |
| Water distribution | | 180,802 | | 180,802 | 197,652 | |
| Collection system | | | 43,422 | 43,422 | 14,679 | |
| Sewer treatment plant | | | 362,232 | 362,232 | 465,737 | |
| Depreciation | 75,663 | 65,044 | 293,467 | 434,174 | 406,403 | 72,350 |
| Professional services | 13,775 | 5,098 | 26,100 | 44,973 | 53,500 | |
| Equipment operation and maintenance | | | | | | 125,271 |
| Total operating expenses | 2,687,649 | 290,518 | 762,814 | 3,740,981 | 3,928,797 | 197,621 |
| Operating income (loss) | 351,856 | 5,430 | (30,602) | 326,684 | 151,855 | (21,894) |
| Nonoperating revenues | | | | | | |
| (expenses): | 20.000 | | | 20.000 | 24.574 | |
| Income from joint venture | 39,939 | 607 | (225) | 39,939 | 24,574 | |
| Interest income | 110 | 697 | (225) | 582 | 14,547 | |
| Interest expense ARPA funds | | (10,044) 43,533 | (20,402) 29,950 | (30,446) 73,483 | (32,708) | |
| | | | | | | |
| Total nonoperating | 40.040 | 24.406 | 0.222 | 02.550 | C 442 | |
| revenues (expenses) | 40,049 | 34,186 | 9,323 | 83,558 | 6,413 | |
| Net income (loss) | | | | | | |
| before transfers | 391,905 | 39,616 | (21,279) | 410,242 | 158,268 | (21,894) |
| Transfers in Transfers out | | | | | (40,000) | |
| Change in net position | 391,905 | 39,616 | (21,279) | 410,242 | 118,268 | (21,894) |
| Total net position - beginning | 3,128,692 | 616,199 | 2,003,108 | 5,747,999 | 5,629,731 | 644,550 |
| Total net position - ending | \$ 3,520,597 | \$ 655,815 | \$ 1,981,829 | \$ 6,158,241 | \$ 5,747,999 | \$ 622,656 |

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

| | Busi | ness-type Activ | vities | | | Governmental |
|---|--------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | nterprise Fund | | | tal | Activities |
| | Electric | Water | Sewer | | ary Funds | Internal |
| Cash flavor from anarating | Fund | <u>Fund</u> | <u>Fund</u> | 2022 | 2021 | Service Fund |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ 2,946,177 | \$ 295,125 | \$ 741,203 | \$ 3,982,505 | \$ 4,100,706 | \$ |
| Cash received for interfund | , , , , , , | , , , , | , , , , , , | , -, , | , ,, | , |
| services provided | | | | | | 171,727 |
| Cash paid to suppliers and | | | | | | |
| employees | (2,777,128) | (216,200) | (448,937) | (3,442,265) | (3,413,569) | (115,946) |
| Cash paid for interfund services received | (48,000) | (7,000) | (8,000) | (63,000) | (63,000) | |
| received | (48,000) | (7,000) | (8,000) | (03,000) | (03,000) | |
| Net cash provided by | | | | | | |
| (used in) operating activities | 121,049 | 71,925 | 284,266 | 477,240 | 624,137 | 55,781 |
| - 1 6 | | | | | | |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | | | | | | |
| ARPA funds | | 43,533 | 29,950 | 73,483 | | |
| SRF loan proceeds (payment) | | 13,333 | (220,000) | (220,000) | (215,000) | |
| Transfer from (to) other funds | | | , , , | , , , | (40,000) | |
| Advance proceeds (payment) | | 179,730 | (25,890) | 153,840 | | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) | | | | | | |
| noncapital financing activities | | 223,263 | (215,940) | 7,323 | (255,000) | |
| | | | (===,===,= | | (===,===, | |
| Cash flows from investing | | | | | | |
| activities: | | | | | | / |
| Purchase of capital assets | (249,370) | (249,996) | (73,333) | (572,699) | (102,748) | (55,900) |
| Sale of capital assets Sale (Purchase) of investments | 105,958 | (233) | 634 | 106,359 | (9,343) | 4,000 |
| Interest received | (5,175) | 697 | (225) | (4,703) | 7,550 | |
| Interest expense | (-, -, | (10,044) | (20,402) | (30,446) | (32,708) | |
| | | | | | | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) | (| () | () | (=== | (| (= , ===) |
| investing activities | (148,587) | (259,576) | (93,326) | (501,489) | (137,249) | (51,900) |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash | | | | | | |
| and cash equivalents | (27,538) | 35,612 | (25,000) | (16,926) | 231,888 | 3,881 |
| • | , , , | • | , , , | , , , | , | , |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | | |
| at beginning of year | 567,292 | 170,661 | 56,420 | 794,373 | 562,485 | 280,282 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | | |
| at end of year | \$ 539,754 | \$ 206,273 | \$ 31,420 | \$ 777,447 | \$ 794,373 | \$ 284,163 |
| | | | | | | |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND

RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

| | Business-type Activities | | | | | | | | | | Governmental | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------|------|-------------------------------|----|-----------|-------------|-----------|----------|---------|--------------|----------|
| | Enterprise Funds | | | s | | | То | tal | | Α | ctivities | |
| • | | Electric | | Electric Water Sewer Propriet | | Proprieta | etary Funds | | Internal | | | |
| | | Fund | Fund | | | Fund 2 | | 2022 | | 2021 | Service Fund | |
| Net operating (loss) income | \$ | 351,856 | \$ | 5,430 | \$ | (30,602) | \$ | 326,684 | \$ | 151,855 | \$ | (21,894) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operation income (loss) to net cash provide | _ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| by (used in) operating activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 75,663 | | 65,044 | | 293,467 | | 434,174 | | 406,403 | | 72,350 |
| (Gain) loss on disposal of | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| capital assets | | | | | | | | | | | | (4,000) |
| (Increase) decrease in: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Receivables | | (93,328) | | (823) | | 8,991 | | (85,160) | | 20,054 | | |
| Prepaid expenses | | (213,990) | | | | | | (213,990) | | 9,753 | | |
| Inventory | | (14,729) | | | | | | (14,729) | | 12,063 | | |
| Increase (decrease) in: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accrued expenses and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| other liabilities | | 4,724 | | 967 | | (8,302) | | (2,611) | | 14,352 | | 1,023 |
| Accrued leave | | 5,422 | | 1,307 | | 20,712 | | 27,441 | | 2,009 | | 4,547 |
| Customer deposits | | 5,431 | | • | | | | 5,431 | | 5,273 | | |
| Due to other funds | | · | | | | | | | | 2,375 | | 3,755 |
| Net cash provided by (used | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| in) operating activities | \$ | 121,049 | \$ | 71,925 | \$ | 284,266 | \$ | 477,240 | \$ | 624,137 | \$ | 55,781 |

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Village of Clinton, Michigan (the Village) is a Michigan Municipal Village governed by the Village Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely presented component unit.

Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was created as a separate legal entity under Public Act 197 of 1975 of the State of Michigan. The purpose of the DDA is to plan and develop the downtown area of the Village and to attract new businesses and residents. The governing body of DDA is appointed by the Village Council for a fixed term. The Village approves the annual budget and any capital projects of DDA. Prior approval by the Village is needed on any taxation by DDA, and the Village's approval is needed for any borrowing undertaken by the DDA. The Downtown Development Authority is presented as a governmental fund type.

Separate financial statements for the component unit are not available.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and permanent funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual utility funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources, measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Amounts due from other governments and services provided associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue – Major Street Fund is used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Special Revenue – Fire Department Fund is used to account for fire protection services of the Village.

Permanent Funds – The Village of Clinton Robison Trust Fund is a Nonexpendable Trust Fund in which the principal may not be expended. The John F. Robison Tate Park Trust Fund is a Trust Fund in which the principal may not be expended, and interest may only be expended for park improvements. See Notes 8 and 9 for further details on these Trusts.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Electric Fund accounts for the activities of the Village's electric distribution operations.

The Water Fund accounts for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the Village's water system.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the Village's sewer system.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds (Local Street, and Community Center Fund) are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

The *Internal Service Fund* (Equipment Fund) is used to account for equipment acquisition, maintenance and operation, and provides equipment rental to other funds or departments of the Village.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments of utility charges between the Village's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various function concerned.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation (Continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary Funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the utility funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

1. Cash and investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in cash on hand, demand deposits, except those deposits noted as investments (see below), as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

Investments include money market and certificates of deposit where the intent is to hold funds long-term, as well as investments with maturity dates greater than three months.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in Obligations of the U.S. Treasury, Federal Agencies, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and State approved investment pools.

Investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. The Village Council will use amortized cost only when it reflects fair value of the investment. Currently, no investments are stated at amortized cost.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of inter-fund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. The Village has advances from the Village of Clinton Robison

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Receivables and payables (Continued)

Trust to the Water Fund. The Tate Park Capital Improvement Fund has advanced money to Major Street Fund and, Robison Trust has advanced to Downtown Development Authority.

Personal property taxes receivable is shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on property values assessed as of the prior December 1. The billing is mailed on July 1 and is considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual due date is September 14. A lien on property occurs when property taxes are levied (July 1). On September 14, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the Village.

The Village had a general tax millage of 10.00 for 2022. The Village's maximum allowable millage is 12.50 mills. It also levied .98 mills for the Smith-Kimball Community Center.

Delinquent real property taxes are turned over to the County and reimbursed through a revolving fund.

3. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, building, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., road, storm sewers and utility systems) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, buildings, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Assets | Years |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Land improvements | 30 |
| Buildings | 15 - 16 |
| Machinery, equipment, | |
| and furnishings | 10 - 20 |
| Utility systems | 20 - 60 |
| Infrastructure | 20 - 30 |

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. Compensated absences

The current portion of the liability for accumulated sick, personal, vacation, and compensated time vested is shown in the relative governmental funds. The total (current and long-term portions) are shown in the Proprietary Funds and in the government-wide statements.

6. Long-term obligations

In the governmental-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize any bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

Fund balance classifications shown in the governmental fund financial statements are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purpose determined by a formal action of the Village Council.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are constrained by the Village Council's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent may be expressed by (a) the Village itself or a delegated body (for example a budget or finance committee) or (b) an official to which the Village Council has delegated the authority to assign accounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification usually used for the Village's General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Under Village policy, when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) amounts are available for a purpose, the Village considers using the restricted funds first and then the unrestricted when an expenditure is incurred. Within the unrestricted fund balance amounts, the Village considers the committed first used, then unassigned for an applicable expenditure.

For determination of classification, the Village first determines the nonspendable then the restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned, in that order. If a deficit occurs for a certain purpose in a fund, assigned amounts for other purposes would be used to offset the deficit, if possible.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary information

The accounting basis used by the Village for budgeting is in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Village follows the budgetary procedures outlined by the State of Michigan, including public hearings and proper adoption. All funds of the Village have a budget. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budgets are amended during the year as needed.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations in budgetary funds

P.A. 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, of the State of Michigan, provides that a local governmental unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the Village's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on an activity basis. The approved budgets of the Village for these budgetary funds were adopted at the activity level.

During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Village incurred expenditures in the major governmental funds in excess of the amounts appropriated by function as follows:

| | Actual | | Budget | | ariance |
|--------------------------------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------------|
| General Fund: | | | | | |
| Administration | \$ | 113,785 | \$ | 97,620 | \$ 16,165 |
| Building and zoning inspection | | 22,895 | | 15,400 | 7,495 |
| Parks | | 183,555 | | 146,880 | 36,675 |
| | | | | | |
| Fire Department: | | | | | |
| Wages | | 99,722 | | 86,000 | 13,722 |
| Benefits | | 12,156 | | 11,300 | 856 |
| Workshops | | 8,546 | | 7,000 | 1,546 |
| Utilities | | 6,165 | | 6,000 | 165 |
| Equipment maintenance | | 10,572 | | 7,000 | 3,572 |
| Truck maintenance | | 28,845 | | 18,000 | 10,845 |

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and investments

The Village limits its exposure to interest rate risk by keeping certificate of deposits at short term maturation, as noted below. However, in the managed accounts at Old National Bank, 95% of the investments are fixed income securities, which are subject to interest rate risk.

The Village is subject to credit risk, having a large portion of cash and investments which are above FDIC insurance limits.

The Village is also subject to custodial credit risk, having 33% of investments with Old National Bank, 4% with TLC Community Credit Union, 4% with Premier Bank, 48% with Comerica Bank, and 11% with Arbor Trust. All demand deposits are with Comerica Bank.

The Village does not have policies covering interest rate risk, credit risks or custodial risk.

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Primary Government Deposits

At year end, the bank value of deposits amounted to \$2,994,378. Of this amount \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and \$2,744,378 was uninsured and uncollateralized. At certain times of the year, especially when property taxes are being collected, the Village's uncollateralized deposits increase significantly; as a result, the amounts of uncollateralized deposits at those times were higher. All deposits are with banks located in Michigan as required by statutes. Of the uninsured and uncollateralized deposits, \$2,440,027 are invested in government backed securities.

At year end, bank balances, net of checks written but not cleared, as recorded in the financial statements were \$2,739,295, including restricted cash accounts. Of that amount, \$384,419 was in cash and checking accounts; and \$2,354,876 in the general checking account. Such accounts are authorized by statutes.

Component Unit Deposits

The component unit had deposits with a carrying value and an allocated balance of \$157,603 at year end. This account is part of the general checking with Comerica Bank.

Primary Government Investments

The Village had investments with carrying value and bank balance of \$3,639,187 at year end of which \$985,643 is covered by Federal Depository Insurance. Investments consist of:

| Certificates of Deposit and Money Market Funds | _ | Ma | Balance rch 31, 2022 |
|---|---------------|----|-------------------------|
| General Fund | | \$ | 306,760 |
| Fire Fund | | | 226,318 |
| Smith-Kimball Community Center Fund | | | 9,321 |
| Electric Fund | | | 731,097 |
| Sewer Fund | | | 131,848 |
| Water Fund | | | 46,195 |
| Managed Accounts at Old National Bank | Current Yield | | |
| Village of Clinton Robison Trust | 2.69 | | 721,876 |
| John F. Robison Tate Park | 2.52 | | 1,465,772 |
| | | \$ | 3,639,187 |

Bond securities in the managed accounts are quality rated AA.

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable as of the end of the fiscal year for the government's individual funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

| | General | Major Streets | Local Streets | Community Center | Electric Fund | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Total |
|--|-----------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|
| Accounts Receivable: | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 15,944 | \$ | \$ | \$ 1,287 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 17,231 |
| Accounts | 7,771 | | | | 325,010 | 23,540 | 76,130 | 432,451 |
| Intergovernmental | 22,777 | 37,601 | 14,082 | | | | | 74,460 |
| Gross receivables | 46,492 | 37,601 | 14,082 | 1,287 | 325,010 | 23,540 | 76,130 | 524,142 |
| Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts | | | | | | | | |
| Net accounts receivable | \$ 46,492 | \$ 37,601 | \$ 14,082 | \$ 1,287 | \$325,010 | \$ 23,540 | \$ 76,130 | \$524,142 |

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2022, was as follows:

Primary Government

| • | Beginning Balance | Additions | Disposals | Ending Balance |
|--|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| Governmental activities: Assets not being depreciated-land | \$ 285,152 | \$ | \$ | \$ 285,152 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | y 203,132 | - 7 | - | → 205,132 |
| Land improvements | 897,787 | 53,995 | | 951,782 |
| Buildings | 1,451,717 | 20,583 | | 1,472,300 |
| Equipment, machinery and furnishings | 3,561,994 | 90,161 | 31,194 | 3,620,961 |
| Infrastructure | 5,733,132 | | | 5,733,132 |
| Depreciable capital assets | 11,644,630 | 164,739 | 31,194 | 11,778,175 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Land improvements | (533,250) | (30,794) | | (564,044) |
| Buildings | (1,148,622) | (33,066) | (24.404) | (1,181,688) |
| Equipment, machinery and furnishings Infrastructure | (2,952,896) (5,030,810) | (113,888) (185,870) | (31,194) | (3,035,590) (5,216,680) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (9,665,578) | (363,618) | (31,194) | (9,998,002) |
| Total net capital assets being depreciated | 1,979,052 | (198,879) | (31)131) | 1,780,173 |
| Governmental activities net capital assets | \$ 2,264,204 | \$ (198,879) | \$ | \$ 2,065,325 |
| | Beginning Balance | Additions | Disposals | Ending Balance |
| Business-type activities: | | | | |
| Assets not being depreciated: | ć 20.64F | ¢ | ¢ | ć 20.64E |
| Land Construction in process | \$ 30,645 | \$ 129,326 | \$ | \$ 30,645 129,326 |
| · | 30,645 | | | |
| Total assets not being depreciated | 30,043 | 129,326 | | 159,971 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings | 6,757,606 | 50,000 | | 6,807,606 |
| Equipment | 1,717,681 | 49,398 | | 1,767,079 |
| Software | 40,173 | , | | 40,173 |
| Utility systems | 4,048,011 | 343,974 | | 4,391,985 |
| Depreciable capital assets | 12,563,471 | 443,372 | | 13,006,843 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings | (4,014,066) | (257,000) | | (4,271,066) |
| Equipment | (1,376,012) | (52,544) | | (1,428,556) |
| Software | (4,687) | (8,035) | | (12,722) |
| Utility systems | (2,726,595) | (116,594) | | (2,843,189) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (8,121,360) | (434,173) | | (8,555,533) |
| Total net capital assets being depreciated | 4,442,111 | 9,199 | | 4,451,310 |
| Business-type activities net capital assets | \$ 4,472,756 | \$ 138,525 | \$ | \$ 4,611,281 |

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Capital assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| Governmental activities: | |
|--|----------------------|
| General government | \$ 29,089 |
| Public safety | 61,815 |
| Culture and recreation | 54,543 |
| Highways and streets | 218,171 |
| Total depreciation - governmental activities | \$ 363,618 |
| | |
| Business-type activities: | |
| Business-type activities: Buildings | \$ 257,000 |
| | \$ 257,000 52,544 |
| Buildings | . , |
| Buildings Equipment | 52,544 |

Discretely presented component unit:

Capital asset activity for the Downtown Development Authority (DDA) for the year ended March 31, 2022, was as follows:

| | Beginning | | | Ending |
|---|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | Balance | Additions | Disposals | Balance |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements | \$ 602,249 | \$ | \$ | \$ 602,249 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Land improvements | (336,315) | (19,564) | | (355,879) |
| DDA net capital assets | \$ 265,934 | \$(19,564) | \$ 0 | \$ 246,370 |

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

Primary Government

The purpose of due to and from is mainly for reimbursing expenses between funds.

| | | Interfund | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------|-----------|----------------------|----|-----------|
| Receivable Fund | Rec | eivable | Payable Fund | | Payable |
| | | | | | |
| Major Street | \$ | 9,402 | General | \$ | 9,402 |
| Local Street | | 3,800 | General | | 3,800 |
| Smith-Kimball Community Center | | 7,000 | General | | 7,000 |
| Electric | | 9,907 | General | | 9,907 |
| Electric | | 2,375 | Sewer | | 2,375 |
| General | | 10,410 | Equipment | | 10,410 |
| Major Street | | 192 | Local Street | | 192 |
| Major Street | 2 | 295,630 | Electric | | 295,630 |
| Major Street | | 1,500 | Water | | 1,500 |
| Local Street | | 3,900 | Electric | | 3,900 |
| Local Street | | 3,900 | Water | | 3,900 |
| Total | \$ 3 | 348,016 | Total | \$ | 348,016 |
| Advance to/from other funds: | | | | | |
| Robison Trust | \$ 7 | 760,710 | Water Fund | \$ | 760,710 |
| Robison Trust | - | 121,962 | Sewer Fund | | 121,962 |
| Tate Park Trust | | 44,361 | Major Street | | 44,361 |
| | | | Downtown Development | | |
| Tate Park Trust | | 322,614 | Authority | | 322,614 |
| Total | \$ 1,2 | 249,647 | Total | \$ | 1,249,647 |

Due to/from Primary Government and Component Unit:

Due to and due from are for cash flow needs between funds or to meet payable or receivable obligations between funds.

| Receivable Entity | | | Payable Entity | | | |
|--------------------------------|----|-------|----------------------|----|-------|--|
| Downtown Development Authority | | | General Fund | | | |
| (Component Unit) | \$ | 1,588 | (Primary Government) | \$ | 1,588 | |

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

E. Long-term debt

Debt related to business-type activities

The Village of Clinton has issued bonds (Village of Clinton Sewage Disposal System Revenue Bond, Series 2008) for the purpose of funding a new sewer plant. The amount of the issue is \$4,000,000 at an interest rate of 1.625%. Under a purchase contract, the Michigan Municipal Bond Authority has acquired all the bonds, and is paying the bond proceeds through the State Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund, commonly known as State Revolving Fund (SRF). Funds are disbursed from the State on a construction cost reimbursement basis. The outstanding debt balance at March 31, 2022, was \$905,000.

Annual Debt Service requirements to maturity are projected as follows:

| Year Ending March 31 | Dri | ncipal | nterest |
|-------------------------|------------|--------|--------------|
| | Fillicipal | | iiterest |
| 2023 | \$ | 0 | \$ 7,353 |
| 2024 | 2 | 20,000 | 12,919 |
| 2025 | 2 | 25,000 | 9,303 |
| 2026 | 2 | 30,000 | 5,606 |
| 2027 | 2 | 30,000 | 1,868 |
| | | | |
| | \$ 9 | 05,000 | \$ 46,190 |

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Village for the year ended March 31, 2022:

| | Business-type Activities Bond Issue | | Accrued Employee Benefits | Total | Due in One Year |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Long-term debt at March 31, 2021 | \$ | 1,125,000 | \$ 134,526 | \$ 1,259,526 | \$ |
| Principal payment Increase in accrued employee | | (220,000) | | (220,000) | |
| benefits | | | 12,141_ | 12,141 | |
| Long-term debt at March 31, 2022 | \$ | 905,000 | \$ 146,667 | \$ 1,051,667 | \$ |

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

F. Advance (loan) to other funds

The Capital Improvement Tate Park Fund has loaned money for road construction to the Major Street Fund in the amount of \$294,130. The outstanding balance of the loan as of March 31, 2022, is \$44,361. This loan is to be repaid over ten years, with final maturity March 31, 2023. The loan bears interest at a rate of 4.75%. The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

| Year Ending | | | | |
|-------------|----|-----------|----|---------|
| March 31 | F | Principal | 1 | nterest |
| 2023 | | 44,361 | | 1,658 |
| | \$ | 44,361 | \$ | 1,658 |

The Village constructed Well Five for a cost of \$479,993, which included boring a water main under the river. The Village spent \$282,421 on an iron removal plant and \$25,251 on test wells. The Water Fund consolidated all those costs into a loan of \$772,023, which is amortized over 12.5 years at 1.5%.

The loan is due November 1, 2032. The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

| Year Ending March 31 | Principal | Interest | | |
|----------------------|------------|-----------|--|--|
| 2023 | \$ 22,778 | \$ 11,222 | | |
| 2024 | 67,182 | 10,818 | | |
| 2025 | 68,194 | 9,806 | | |
| 2026 | 69,220 | 8,780 | | |
| 2027 | 70,262 | 7,738 | | |
| 2028-2032 | 463,074 | 21,985 | | |
| Total | \$ 760,710 | \$ 70,349 | | |

NOTE 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

F. Advance (loan) to other funds (Continued)

The Village has performed improvements to the wastewater plant financed from an advance from the Village of Clinton Robison Trust. As of March 31, 2022, the advance balance was \$121,964.

The loan is due May 1, 2026, at an interest rate of 1.50%. The annual debt service requirements for the next five years are as follows:

| Year Ending March 31 | Principal | Interest |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------|
| 2023 | \$ 26,279 | \$ 1,731 |
| 2024 | 26,674 | 1,336 |
| 2025 | 29,071 | 934 |
| 2026 | 31,020 | 481 |
| 2027 | 8,920 | 67 |
| Total | \$121,964 | \$ 4,549 |

NOTE 4. PROPERTY LIABILITY, UNEMPLOYMENT, AND WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION

INSURANCE COVERAGE

The Village is a member of the Michigan Municipal League Property and Liability Pool for insuring its properties and for general liability.

The Village is a member of the Municipal Unemployment Compensation Group Account under the Michigan Municipal League for unemployment coverage.

Workers' Compensation coverage is under the Michigan Municipal League Workers' Compensation Fund.

Any contingent liabilities under these arrangements are not known.

NOTE 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine-member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

NOTE 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Benefits Provided

01 - General: Closed to new hires, linked to Division 10

| | 2021 Valuation | 2020 Valuation |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Benefit Multiplier: | 2.50% Multiplier (80% Max) | 2.50% Multiplier (80% Max) |
| Normal Retirement Age: | 60 | 60 |
| Vesting: | 10 years | 10 years |
| Early Retirement (Unreduced) | 0 | 0 |
| Early Retirement (Reduced) | 50/25 | 50/25 |
| | 55/15 | 55/15 |
| Final Average Compensation: | 5 years | 5 years |
| Employee Contributions | 8.00% | 8.00% |
| Act 88: | Yes (Adopted 12/2/1970) | Yes (Adopted 12/2/1970) |

02 - Police/Fire: Closed to new hires, linked to division 20

| | 2021 Valuation | 2020 Valuation |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Benefit Multiplier: | 2.50% Multiplier (80% Max) | 2.50% Multiplier (80% Max) |
| Normal Retirement Age: | 60 | 60 |
| Vesting: | 10 years | 10 years |
| Early Retirement (Unreduced) | 0 | 0 |
| Early Retirement (Reduced) | 50/25 | 50/25 |
| | 55/15 | 55/15 |
| Final Average Compensation: | 5 years | 5 years |
| Employee Contributions | 7.50% | 7.50% |
| Act 88: | Yes (Adopted 12/2/1970) | Yes (Adopted 12/2/1970) |

10 - General after 4/1/15: Open Division, linked to Division 01

| | 2021 Valuation | 2020 Valuation | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Benefit Multiplier: | 2.00% Multiplier (No Max) | 2.00% Multiplier (No Max) | | | | |
| Normal Retirement Age: | 60 | 60 | | | | |
| Vesting: | 10 years | 10 years | | | | |
| Early Retirement (Unreduced) | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Early Retirement (Reduced) | 50/25 | 50/25 | | | | |
| | 55/15 | 55/15 | | | | |
| Final Average Compensation: | 5 years | 5 years | | | | |
| Employee Contributions | 7.50% | 7.50% | | | | |
| Act 88: | Yes (Adopted 12/2/1970) | Yes (Adopted 12/2/1970) | | | | |

20 - Police/Fire after 4/1/15: Open Division, linked to Division 02

| | 2021 Valuation | 2020 Valuation |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Benefit Multiplier: | 2.00% Multiplier (No Max) | 2.00% Multiplier (No Max) |
| Normal Retirement Age: | 60 | 60 |
| Vesting: | 10 years | 10 years |
| Early Retirement (Unreduced) | 0 | 0 |
| Early Retirement (Reduced) | 50/25 | 50/25 |
| | 55/15 | 55/15 |
| Final Average Compensation: | 5 years | 5 years |
| Employee Contributions | 7.50% | 7.50% |
| Act 88: | Yes (Adopted 12/2/1970) | Yes (Adopted 12/2/1970) |

NOTE 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2021, valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 20 |
|--|----|
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits | 2 |
| Active employees | 15 |
| | 37 |

Contributions

The Village of Clinton is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

Employer contributions for the calendar year ended December 31, 2021, totaled \$229,389.

Net Pension Liability

The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increases: 3.00% in the long-term

Investment rate of return: 6.85%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 3.0% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 2.5%.

The valuation incorporates fully generational mortality using the tables as described below and are based on amount weighted sex distinct rates:

Pre-retirement mortality:

- 1. 100% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for Ages 0-17
- 2. 100% of PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Tables for Ages 18-80
- 3. 100% of PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Tables for Ages 81-120

Non-disabled retired plan members and beneficiaries:

- 1. 106% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for Ages 0-17
- 2. 106% of PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Tables for Ages 18-80
- 3. 106% of PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Tables for Ages 81-120

Disabled retired plan members:

- 1. 100% of Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables for Ages 0-17
- 2. 100% of PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Tables for Age 18-120

NOTE 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----|-------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pe | | | | | | |
| | Liability | | N | et Position | Liability | | |
| | | (a) | (b) | | | (a) - (b) | |
| Balances at December 31, 2020 | \$ | 6,694,397 | \$ | 6,747,367 | \$ | (52,970) | |
| Changes for the Year | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 107,306 | | | | 107,306 | |
| Interest on total pension liability | | 496,958 | | | | 496,958 | |
| Changes in benefits | | | | | | | |
| Difference between expected and | | | | | | | |
| actual experience | | (99,342) | | | | (99,342) | |
| Changes in assumptions | | 236,919 | | | | 236,919 | |
| Employer contributions | | | | 229,389 | | (229,389) | |
| Employee contributions | | | | 80,271 | | (80,271) | |
| Net investment income | | | | 948,663 | | (948,663) | |
| Benefit payments, including | | | | | | | |
| employee refunds | | (418,258) | | (418,258) | | | |
| Administrative expense | | | | (10,886) | | 10,886 | |
| Other changes | | | | | | | |
| Net changes | | 323,583 | | 829,179 | | (505,596) | |
| Balances as of December 31, 2021 | \$ | 7,017,980 | \$ | 7,576,546 | \$ | (558,566) | |

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.6%) or 1% higher (8.6%) than the current rate.

NOTE 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

| | | | Curre | ent Discount | | | |
|--|----|-----------|-------|--------------|-------------|------------|--|
| | 1% | Decrease | | Rate | 1% Increase | | |
| Net Pension Liability at December 31, 2021 | \$ | (558,566) | \$ | (558,566) | \$ | (558,566) | |
| Change in Net Pension Liability | | 759,365 | | | | (642,178) | |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ | 200,799 | \$ | (558,566) | \$(| 1,200,744) | |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the employer recognized pension expense of \$(49,988). The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | ed Inflows esources |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Differences in experience Differences in assumptions Excess (Deficit) investment returns Contributions subsequent to the measurement date | \$ | \$ 53,603 (311,769) 405,162 (75,643) |
| Total | \$ | \$ 71,353 |

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense for the fiscal years ended March 31 as follows:

| 2023 | \$ 168,317 |
|------|-------------|
| 2024 | (81,841) |
| 2025 | (87,365) |
| 2026 | (70,464) |
| | \$ (71,353) |

NOTE 6. JOINT VENTURE - MICHIGAN SOUTH CENTRAL POWER AGENCY

The Village is a member municipality of the Michigan South Central Power Agency. The Michigan South Central Power Agency (the Agency) is a public body politic and corporate of the State of Michigan organized on March 21, 1978, under the authority of Michigan Public Act 448 of 1976 (the Act), to supply electricity to member municipalities in South Central Michigan. The Act provides that the Agency will establish rates and charges so as to generate revenues sufficient to cover its costs (excluding depreciation and amortization expense) including debt service, but it may not operate its projects for profit, except insofar as any such profit will inure to the benefit of the public. Each member municipality appoints one member to the Board of the Agency. The member municipalities and their percentage shares are as follows:

| | Percentage | | | |
|--------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Municipality Share | | | | |
| Clinton | 7.9% | | | |
| Coldwater | 49.8% | | | |
| Hillsdale | 21.9% | | | |
| Marshall | 17.5% | | | |
| Union City | 2.9% | | | |
| | 100.0% | | | |

Each member is a municipal corporation, organized under the laws of the State of Michigan, which owns and operates a municipal electric system. The member municipalities presently supply their customers with power and energy generated from the Agency's Project I and from the municipalities' existing generating facilities and also with power purchased from other utility companies.

Each of the member municipalities entered into (a) a Power Sales Contract with the Agency for the supply of power and energy from the Agency, and (b) a Substation Agreement with the Agency for services provided by the Agency to the member municipality with respect to substation facilities. Each member municipality also entered into an Economic Dispatch Agreement with the Agency providing for the dispatch by the Agency of power and energy from certain existing generating facilities of the member municipalities on an economic basis. The Power Sales Contracts between the Agency and the member municipalities require the Agency to provide, and the member municipalities to purchase from the Agency, all of the members' bulk power supply, as defined in the contracts. Each member is obligated to pay its share of the Agency's operating and debt service costs of Project I.

The Substation Agreements require the Agency to provide, and the municipalities to purchase, services of the municipalities' substation facilities for transmission, transformation, and delivery of electric power and energy from the Agency to the municipalities. Under the Economic Dispatch Agreement, the member municipalities are required to sell to the Agency power generated by their facilities, defined as dedicated capacity.

In March of 2011, the Agency used redemption and reserve funds on hand to defease the remaining \$5,010,000 of outstanding 2000 bonds and the remaining \$8,305,000 of outstanding 2004 bonds. The net resources of \$14,055,799 were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service on the 2000 and 2004 bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities for the bonds have been removed from the statement on net assets. The cash flow requirements on the bonds prior to the defeasance were \$14,073,925 through 2012.

As a result, Michigan South Central Power Agency has no long-term bond debt at June 30, 2021.

NOTE 6. JOINT VENTURE - MICHIGAN SOUTH CENTRAL POWER AGENCY (Continued)

A summary of financial information on Michigan South Central Power Agency at June 30, 2021 and 2020 follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------|
| | 4 22 722 224 | 4 22 222 422 |
| Total assets and deferred outflows | \$ 29,790,801 | \$ 29,920,499 |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows | <u>10,565,842</u> | <u>11,090,027</u> |
| Net position | 19,224,959 | 18,830,472 |
| | | |
| Operating revenues | 51,868,940 | 49,415,564 |
| Operating expenses | <u>50,905,180</u> | 48,581,322 |
| Income from operations | 963,760 | 834,242 |
| | | |
| Investment and miscellaneous income | 28,118 | 112,761 |
| Other income (expense) | (12,470) | (3,656,901) |
| Realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments | (22,878) | 126,325 |
| Member equity refund | <u>(562,043)</u> | (1,500,000) |
| Change in net position | <u>\$ 394,487</u> | <u>\$ (4,083,573)</u> |

NOTE 7. JOINT VENTURE - AMERICAN MUNICIPAL POWER

The Village of Clinton, as a means of obtaining supplemental electric power to the Village in addition to agreement with Michigan South Central Power Agency, has contracted with American Municipal Power.

The Village has agreed to be a participant in the purchase of electrical power from the Fremont (Ohio) Energy Center owned by American Municipal Power.

Michigan South Central Power Agency will act as agent for the Village under this agreement.

As a participant, the Village is required to obtain a certain percentage of the energy produced at the Fremont Energy Center to cover the Center's costs. The current percentage for the Village of Clinton is approximately 2%.

NOTE 8. VILLAGE OF CLINTON - ROBISON TRUST

The Village has created a trust funded by unrestricted gifts from the Estate of John F. Robison. The trust has a current fund balance of \$1,573,331. It is the intent of the Village that all gifts to this trust will be held as endowments with the principal invested permanently and the investment income to be used for the benefit of the Village of Clinton.

NOTE 9. JOHN F. ROBISON TATE PARK TRUST

This trust has been created by the Village to provide a legal entity for handling the restricted gifts from the Estate of John F. Robison. The trust has a current fund balance of \$1,828,459. The donor has restricted the use of these gifts to the operation, improvement, and maintenance of Tate Park. It is the intent of the Village that all gifts to the trust will be held as endowments with the principal invested permanently and the investment income to be used for Tate Park.

NOTE 10. AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT

As part of the American Rescue Plan Act signed into law March 10, 2021, state and local governments qualified for federal grants to be used on eligible purposes such as responding to COVID-19 and making necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure. The Village of Clinton was granted \$239,691 as part of this program. The village received half of the money during the year ended March 31, 2022, with the other half due in the year end March 31, 2023. Grant revenue is to be recognized only following qualifying expenses with the remaining funds received to be recognized as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue on March 31, 2022, consisted of \$46,845 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) grant money received that had not yet been expensed in the year then ended.

NOTE 11. COVID RELIEF FUNDS

In response to the Covid-19 pandemic the Village received the following CARES Act grants:

American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA): \$ 73,483

Public Safety Payroll Reimbursement (PSPHPR): 10,971

Total grants received: \$84,454

The grants were used during the year on expenditures as mandated by the grant programs. The proceeds from the grants are recognized as income during the current year on the government-wide statement of activities.

NOTE 12. COVID-19 PANDEMIC:

The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on our future operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on our taxpayers, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. At this point, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact our future financial condition and results of operations remains uncertain.

NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 15, 2022. No events have occurred from March 31, 2022, through August 31, 2022, that would require adjustment to, or disclosure in, the financial statements.



VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DECEMBER 31, 2021

| | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 |
|---|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| Total Pension Liability | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 107,306 | \$ | 116,163 | \$ | 100,521 | \$ | 102,309 |
| Interest | | 496,958 | | 466,436 | | 440,157 | | 451,727 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | | | | | 2,170 | | (2,358) |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | (99,342) | | 54,091 | | (24,571) | | (57,095) |
| Changes of assumptions | | 236,919 | | 177,210 | | 181,904 | | |
| Benefit payments including employee refunds | | (418,258) | | (397,487) | | (373,281) | | (324,199) |
| Other | | | | 23,169 | | | | (2) |
| Net Change in total pension liability | | 323,583 | | 439,582 | | 326,900 | | 170,382 |
| Total pension liability beginning | | 6,694,397 | | 6,254,815 | | 5,927,915 | | 5,757,533 |
| Total pension liability ending | \$ | 7,017,980 | \$ | 6,694,397 | \$ | 6,254,815 | \$ | 5,927,915 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions-employer | | 229,389 | | 241,311 | | 230,892 | | 206,763 |
| Contributions-employee | | 80,271 | | 84,175 | | 79,110 | | 69,624 |
| Net Investment income | | 948,663 | | 777,505 | | 734,075 | | (223,960) |
| Benefit payments including employee refunds | | (418,258) | | (397,487) | | (373,281) | | (324,199) |
| Administrative expense | | (10,886) | | (12,214) | | (12,645) | | (11,042) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 829,179 | | 693,290 | | 658,151 | | (282,814) |
| Plan fiduciary nt position beginning | | 6,747,367 | | 6,054,077 | | 5,395,926 | | 5,678,740 |
| Plan fiduciary net position ending | | 7,576,546 | | 6,747,367 | _ | 6,054,077 | | 5,395,926 |
| Employer net pension liability (Asset) | \$ | (558,566) | \$ | (52,970) | \$ | 200,738 | \$ | 531,989 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the | | 1000/ | | 1010/ | | 070/ | | 010/ |
| Total pension liability | _ | 108% | _ | 101% | _ | 97% | _ | 91% |
| Covered Employee Payroll Employer's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage | | 1,007,691 | | 1,119,028 | | 1,011,402 | | 968,182 |
| of covered employee payroll | | -55% | _ | -5% | _ | 20% | _ | 55% |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS **DECEMBER 31, 2021**

| _ | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|
| Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | \$ 52,535 229.389 | \$ 36,192 241.311 | \$ 31,667 230.893 | \$ 26,845 206.763 | \$ 20,406 163.881 | \$ 6,130 128.680 | \$ 1,026 94.340 | \$ 69.691 | \$ 44.827 | \$ 45.227 | \$ 18,201 83,143 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ (176,854) | \$ (205,119) | \$ (199,226) | \$ (179,918) | \$ (143,475) | \$ (122,550) | \$ (93,314) | \$ (69,691) | \$ (44,827) | \$ (45,227) | \$ (64,942) |
| Covered employee payroll | 1,007,691 | 1,119,028 | 1,011,402 | 968,182 | 909,538 | 898,796 | 874,360 | 548,950 | 520,734 | 553,705 | 509,679 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll | 23% | 22% | 23% | 21% | 18% | 14% | 11% | 13% | 9% | 8% | 16% |

Notes to Schedule

Actuarial cost method

Entry Age Level percentage of payroll, open Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 23 years 5 year smoothed 3.00% Asset valuation method Inflation Salary Increases 3.00% Investment rate of return 7.35% Retirement age 60

Mortality 50% Female/50% Male RP-2014 Group

Annuity Mortality Table

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND

BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| REVENUES: | 4 700 0 | | A 750.540 | 4 24 542 |
| Property taxes | \$ 729,0 | | \$ 750,519 | \$ 21,519 |
| Intergovernmental revenue | 256,3 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 331,157 | 74,857 |
| Licenses, fees, and service charges | 235,4 | • | 289,529 | 54,129 |
| Rentals Interest | 12,80 4,00 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 12,813 (786) | 13 (4,786) |
| Other | 26,0 | • | 24,052 | (1,948) |
| | | | | |
| Total revenues | 1,263,5 | 00 1,263,500 | 1,407,284 | 143,784 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| General government: | | | | |
| Council | 24,3 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 10,843 | 13,527 |
| Administration | 97,6 | | 113,785 | (16,165) |
| Buildings and grounds | 224,5 | • | 190,280 | 34,240 |
| Planning commission Professional service | 17,73 24,30 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 6,692 7,377 | 11,028 16,923 |
| Insurance | 18,2 | | 16,945 | 1,255 |
| | | | | |
| Total general government | 406,7 | 406,730 | 345,922 | 60,808 |
| Public safety: | | | | |
| Police department | 570,6 | • | 545,566 | 25,084 |
| Building and zoning inspection | 15,4 | 00 15,400 | 22,895 | (7,495) |
| Total public safety | 586,0 | 586,050 | 568,461 | 17,589 |
| Sanitation: | | | | |
| Waste collection and disposal | 166,0 | 00 166,000 | 162,499 | 3,501 |
| Culture - recreation | | | | |
| Parks | 146,8 | 146,880 | 183,555 | (36,675) |
| Total culture-recreation | 146,8 | 80 146,880 | 183,555 | (36,675) |
| | | | · | |
| Total expenditures | 1,305,6 | 1,305,660 | 1,260,437 | 45,223 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | (42,1 | 60) (42,160) | 146,847 | 189,007 |
| Other financing sources (uses): CARES Act funding | | | 8,520 | 9 520 |
| Transfers in | 143,0 | 00 143,000 | 85,751 | 8,520 (57,249) |
| Transfers out | (74,6 | • | (40,000) | 34,632 |
| | - | <u> </u> | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 68,3 | | 54,271 | (14,097) |
| Change in fund balance | 26,2 | 08 26,208 | 201,118 | 174,910 |
| Total fund balances - beginning | | | 939,850 | |
| Total fund balances - ending | | | \$ 1,140,968 | |
| | | | | |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR STREET SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|--|
| REVENUES: State gas weight tax | \$ 272,700 | \$ 272,700 | \$ 211,649 | \$ (61,051) |
| Interest | | | 165 | 165 |
| Total revenues | 272,700 | 272,700 | 211,814 | (60,886) |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| Routine maintenance | 307,190 | 307,190 | 274,575 | 32,615 |
| Traffic service | 5,840 | 5,840 | 4,445 | 1,395 |
| Winter maintenance | 13,660 | 13,660 | 7,457 | 6,203 |
| Administrative | 6,020 | 6,020 | 6,010 | 10 |
| Total expenditures | 332,710 | 332,710 | 292,487 | 40,223 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | (60,010) | (60,010) | (80,673) | (20,663) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Debt service | (40,010) | (40,010) | (3,416) | 36,594 |
| Transfers in (out) | 100,020 | 100,020 | 100,020 | |
| Net change in fund balance | | | 15,931 | 15,931 |
| Total fund balances - beginning | | | 566,406 | |
| Total fund balances - ending | | | \$ 582,337 | |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOCAL STREET SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| REVENUES: State gas weight tax Interest | \$ 60,000 | \$ 60,000 | \$ 79,522 63 | \$ 19,522 63 |
| Total revenues | 60,000 | 60,000 | 79,585 | 19,585 |
| EXPENDITURES: Routine maintenance Traffic service Winter maintenance Administrative | 86,042 5,330 17,240 6,020 | 86,042 5,330 17,240 6,020 | 56,376 4,519 14,871 5,803 | 29,666 811 2,369 217 |
| Total expenditures | 114,632 | 114,632 | 81,569 | 33,063 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | (54,632) | (54,632) | (1,984) | 52,648 |
| Other financing sources: Transfers in | 54,632 | 54,632 | 20,000 | (34,632) |
| Net change in fund balance | | | 18,016 | 18,016 |
| Total fund balances - beginning | | | 114,687 | |
| Total fund balances - ending | | | \$ 132,703 | : |

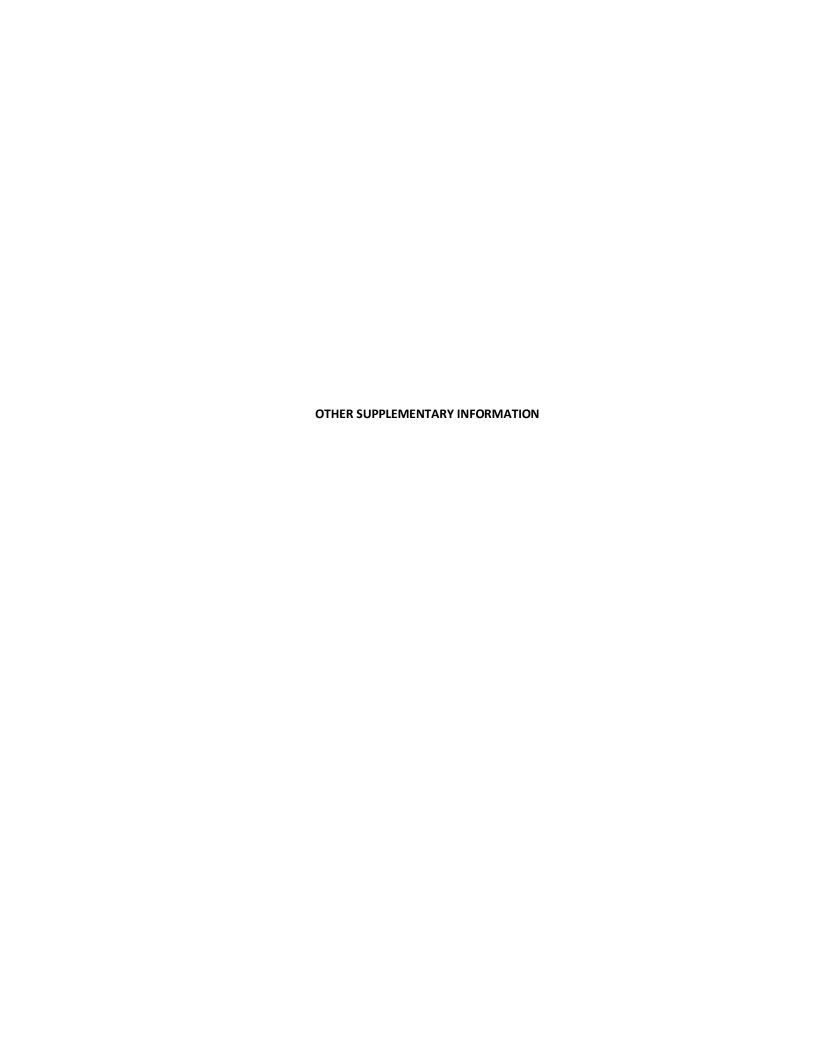
VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIRE FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|--|--|--|
| REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous | \$ | \$ | \$ 202,010 | \$ 202,010 | | |
| Township contributions | 119,400 | 119,400 | 59,406 | (59,994) | | |
| Interest | 300 | 300 | 560 | 260 | | |
| Total revenues | 119,700 | 119,700 | 261,976 | 142,276 | | |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | |
| Wages | 86,000 | 86,000 | 99,722 | (13,722) | | |
| Benefits | 11,300 | 11,300 | 12,156 | (856) | | |
| Supplies | 28,500 | 28,500 | 21,378 | 7,122 | | |
| Professional fees | 1,400 | 1,400 | 683 | 717 | | |
| Communications | 4,500 | 4,500 | 4,172 | 328 | | |
| Workshops | 7,000 | 7,000 | 8,546 | (1,546) | | |
| Gas and oil | 3,000 | 3,000 | 2,206 | 794 | | |
| Insurance | 15,000 | 15,000 | 13,976 | 1,024 | | |
| Utilities | 6,000 | 6,000 | 6,165 | (165) | | |
| Equipment maintenance | 7,000 | 7,000 | 10,572 | (3,572) | | |
| Truck maintenance | 18,000 | 18,000 | 28,845 | (10,845) | | |
| Building maintenance | 5,500 | 5,500 | 3,480 | 2,020 | | |
| Capital outlay | 448,000 | 448,000 | | 448,000 | | |
| Total expenditures | 641,200 | 641,200 | 211,901 | 429,299 | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | (521,500) | (521,500) | 50,075 | 571,575 | | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Cares act funding | | | 2,451 | 2,451 | | |
| Net change in fund balance | (521,500) | (521,500) | 52,526 | 574,026 | | |
| Total fund balances - beginning | | | 404,490 | | | |
| Total fund balances - ending | | | \$ 457,016 | ı | | |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SMITH-KIMBALL COMMUNITY CENTER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

| | Original Final Budget Budget | | Actual | Fina P | ance with al Budget ositive egative) | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| REVENUES: Property taxes Miscellaneous Rentals Interest | \$ | 65,500 100 4,000 160 | \$ 65,500 100 4,000 160 | \$ 67,165 2,669 382 | \$ | 1,665 (100) (1,331) 222 |
| Total revenues | | 69,760 | 69,760 | 70,216 | | 456 |
| EXPENDITURES: Community Center expenses Total expenditures | | 73,350 73,350 | 73,350 73,350 | 48,698 48,698 | | 24,652 24,652 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | | (3,590) | (3,590) | 21,518 | | 25,108 |
| Other financing uses: Transfers out | | | | | | |
| Net change in fund balance | | (3,590) | (3,590) | 21,518 | | 25,108 |
| Total fund balances - beginning | | | | 113,029 | | |
| Total fund balances - ending | | | | \$ 134,547 | | |



VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2022

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR MARCH 31, 2021

| | Local Community | | | Non: Governme | otal major ental Funds | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------|-------------|------------------|------------------------------|---------|----|---------|
| | | Streets | Center Fund | | 2022 | | | 2021 |
| ASSETS: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 108,033 | \$ | 115,608 | \$ | 223,641 | \$ | 185,333 |
| Investments | | | | 9,321 | | 9,321 | | 8,971 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts | | | | 1,287 | | 1,287 | | 1,664 |
| Due from other funds | | 11,600 | | 7,000 | | 18,600 | | 18,537 |
| Due from other govermental units | | 14,082 | | | | 14,082 | | 12,422 |
| Prepaid expense | | 81 | | 2,118 | | 2,199 | | 2,199 |
| Total assets | \$ | 133,796 | \$ | 135,334 | \$ | 269,130 | \$ | 229,126 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 381 |
| Accrued expenditures | | 901 | | 787 | | 1,688 | | 837 |
| Due to other funds | | 192 | | | | 192 | | 192 |
| Total liabilities | | 1,093 | | 787 | | 1,880 | | 1,410 |
| FUND BALANCES: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 81 | | 2,118 | | 2,199 | | 2,199 |
| Restricted | | 132,622 | | 132,429 | | 265,051 | | 2,199 |
| Nestricted | _ | 132,022 | | 132,423 | | 203,031 | | 223,317 |
| Total fund balance | | 132,703 | | 134,547 | | 267,250 | | 227,716 |
| Total liabilities & fund balance | \$ | 133,796 | \$ | 135,334 | \$ | 269,130 | \$ | 229,126 |

VILLAGE OF CLINTON, MICHIGAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

| | | | To | tal |
|---|------------|--------------------|------------|-------------|
| | | | Noni | major |
| | Local | Community | Governme | ental Funds |
| | Streets | Center Fund | 2022 | 2021 |
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | \$ 67,165 | \$ 67,165 | \$ 65,266 |
| Intergovernmental revenues | 79,522 | | 79,522 | 68,488 |
| Rentals | | 2,669 | 2,669 | 378 |
| Interest | 63 | 382 | 445 | 488 |
| Other | | | | 50 |
| Total revenues | 79,585 | 70,216 | 149,801 | 134,670 |
| EXPENDITURES: Current: | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | 48,698 | 48,698 | 61,525 |
| Highways and streets | 81,569 | | 81,569 | 294,656 |
| Total expenditures | 81,569 | 48,698 | 130,267 | 356,181 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | (1,984) | 21,518 | 19,534 | (221,511) |
| Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in | 20,000 | | 20,000 | 249,000 |
| italisters iii | 20,000 | | 20,000 | 249,000 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 20,000 | | 20,000 | 249,000 |
| Change in fund balances | 18,016 | 21,518 | 39,534 | 27,489 |
| Total fund balances - beginning | 114,687 | 113,029 | 227,716 | 200,227 |
| Total fund balances - ending | \$ 132,703 | \$ 134,547 | \$ 267,250 | \$ 227,716 |