### NOTE 6: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> - (Continued)

### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Activity for the Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation for the year ended September 30, 2016 was as follows:

	eginning Balance	lı	ncreases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Non - Depreciable Assets:	 				 
Land	\$ 56,546	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 56,546
Total non-depreciable assets	 56,546		_	-	 56,546
Depreciable Assets:					
Buildings and improvements	224,645		-	-	224,645
Office furniture and equipment	7,640		-	(3,532)	4,108
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	 232,285		-	(3,532)	 228,753
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	(38,237)		(6,156)	-	(44,393)
Office furniture and Equipment	(7,640)			3,532	(4,108)
Total accumulated depreciation	(45,877)		(6,156)	3,532	(48,501)
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 242,954	\$	(6,156)	\$ -	\$ 236,798

### Land Held for Economic Development

BEDC may purchase land in furtherance of its goals which is the promotion and development of industrial and manufacturing enterprises and to promote and encourage employment in the City of Breckenridge. At September 30, 2016, land held for economic development at cost was \$506,318.

### NOTE 7: CAPITAL LEASES

The City has entered into various lease agreements as lessee to finance the acquisition of equipment for the general and proprietary funds. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. Interest rates range from 2.97% to 4.5%. Future minimum lease purchase commitments are as follows:

### NOTE 7: <u>CAPITAL LEASES</u>- (Continued)

	 ernmental ctivities	iness-type ctivities
2017	\$ 23,719	\$ 53,831
2018	23,719	-
2019	23,719	-
2020	23,719	-
2021	23,719	-
2022-2026	 94,880	
Total debt service requirements	213,475	 53,831
Less: Interest Portion	 30,814	 1,257
Debt Principal	\$ 182,661	\$ 52,574

Assets under lease and related accumulated depreciation are as follows:

		ernmental	Business-Type Activities			
Vehicles and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	313,025 (29,901)	\$	217,311 (108,750)		
Net	_\$_	283,124	\$	108,561		

### NOTE 8: LOANS PAYABLE

The City has a \$350,000 line of credit at a local bank. July 15, 2016, the City borrowed \$100,000 to fund operating expenditures. Interest is due annually at 3.50%. The loan matures on July 15, 2017. The loan is secured by all of the deposit accounts of the City and property tax revenue collected over the next twelve month period.

## NOTE 9: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Primary Government										Due Within
		9/30/2015		Additions		Retirements		9/30/2016		One Year
Governmental Activities.:	•		•				•			
Capital Leases Payable	\$	9,388	\$	199,876	\$	26,603	\$	182,661	\$	17,802
Loans payable		-		100,000		-		100,000		100,000
Net pension liability		720,048		341,109		_		1,061,157		-
Total Governmental Activities		729,436	-	640,985		26,603		1,343,818		117,802
Business-type Activities:										
Capital leases payable		104,510		-		51,936		52,574		52,574
Certificates of Obligation		5,050,000		-		190,000		4,860,000		195,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	;	480,000		-		155,000		325,000		160,000
Premium on GO Refunding Bonds		23,240		-		12,521		10,719		-
Net pension liability		203,800		111,201				315,001		-
Total Business-type Activities		5,861,550		111,201	-	409,457		5,563,294		407,574
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	6,590,986	\$	752,186	\$	436,060	\$	6,907,112	\$	525,376
Component Unit			-		•					Due Within
1		9/30/2015		Additions		Retirements		9/30/2016		One Year
Governmental Activities.:	•		•		•	<u> </u>	•		- '	·
Sales Tax Revenue Note	\$	143,728	\$	-	\$	143,728	\$	-	\$	-
Tax leveraged fund note	,	280,957		-	-	27,382		253,575		28,295
m . 1.0	•	10.1.605			•	151 110	•	060.676	•	00.005
Total Component Unit	\$	424,685	ъ,	*	\$	171,110	\$	253,575	<b>-</b> 3	28,295

# NOTE 9: LONG-TERM DEBT – (continued)

At September 30, 2016, business-type activities bonds payable consisted of the following issues:

	Business-Type Activities
\$800,000 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003 dated July 1, 2003, due in annual installments through September 30, 2018, bearing interest at 5.50%.	\$ 150,000
\$2,945,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 dated December 18, 2009, due in annual installments through March 15, 2018, bearing interest at 3.00%.	325,000
\$1,680,000 Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2012, due in annual installments through September 15, 2044, bearing interest at 0% - 2.27%.	1,590,000
\$840,000 Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2013, due in annual installments through September 15, 2044, bearing interest at 0% - 2.27%.	790,000
\$2,380,000 Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2014, due in annual installments through September 15, 2045, bearing interest at 0% - 4.30%	2,330,000
Premium on General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010	10,719
Total	\$ 5,195,719
At September 30, 2016, component unit bonds payable consisted of the following issues:	
	Component Unit
\$310,000 Tax leverages loan dated June 30, 2014, due in annual installments through August 1, 2024, bearing interest at 3.25%.	253,575
Total	\$ 253,575

### NOTE 9: <u>LONG-TERM DEBT</u> (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize business-type activities bonds outstanding as of September 30, 2016 are as follows:

Primary Government	Business-type Activities									
	_	Certificates of	f Obligation	General Obligation Bonds						
		Principal	Interest	_	Principal		Interest	_	Total	
2017	\$	195,000 \$	134,159	S	160,000	\$	8,987	\$	498,146	
2018		195,000	129,520		165,000		3,094		492,614	
2019		120,000	126,558		-		-		246,558	
2020		120,000	125,208		-		-		245,208	
2021		130,000	123,356		-		•		253,356	
2022-2026		665,000	577,484		-				1,242,484	
2027-2031		740,000	491,243		-		-		1,231,243	
2032-2036		860,000	376,608				_		1,236,608	
2037-2041		1,015,000	229,704				_		1,244,704	
2042-2045	_	820,000	55,507	-	-		<u> </u>	_	875,507	
Total debt service requirements	\$_	4,860,000 \$	2,369,347	\$_	325,000	\$_	12,081	\$_	7,566,428	

Tax and revenue bonds are payable from property taxes pledges and surplus revenues of the water and wastewater system. The debt ordinances provide for tax pledges to be budgeted annually to the extent budgeted net operating water and wastewater system revenues fall short of annual retirements of principal and interest. A tax rate of \$.32517 per \$100 of assessed valuation was levied for this purpose during the current year. The debt ordinances also provide for the establishment of sinking funds for the retirement of debt principal and interest. The balances in the interest and sinking funds was \$621,407 for the general debt service and \$174,147 for the revenue debt service at year-end. Management of the City believes that it is in compliance with all significant financial requirements required by debt covenants as of September 30, 2016.

The annual requirements to amortize the component unit governmental activity bonds as of September 30, 2016 are as follows:

Component Unit	Governmental	Activities	
	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	28,295	8,424	36,719
2018	29,301	7,418	36,719
2019	30,344	6,376	36,720
2020	31,422	5,296	36,718
2021	32,540	4,179	36,719
2022 - 2024	101,673	5,426	107,099
Total debt service requirements	\$\$\$\$	37,119 \$	290,694

### NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks. There have been no significant reductions in coverage and the amount of settlements during the past three years has not exceeded the insurance coverage.

### NOTE 11: TEXAS WATER DEVELOPMENT BOARD PROJECTS

In December 2012, the City received two loans and grants from the Texas Water Development Board's Economically Distressed Areas Program. The City received a \$1,680,000 loan and \$704,878 grant money for water improvements, of which \$1,876,151 has been expended to date for engineering and construction. The City also received a \$840,000 loan and \$353,461 for wastewater improvements, of which \$94,491 has been expended to date on engineering. A construction contract is expected to be awarded in the 2017 fiscal year for the wastewater improvements.

In 2014 the City received a \$2,380,000 loan from the Texas Water Development Board's Economically Distressed Areas Program. 100% of the funds have been spent for debt issuance, construction and engineering as of September 30, 2016

### NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

### Plan Description

The City participates as one of 866 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

### **Benefits Provided**

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

### NOTE 12: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> – (Continued)

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2016
Employee deposit rate	5%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	1.5-1
Years required for vesting	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating

At the December 31, 2015 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees	73
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	46
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	47
	166

### Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 8.76% and 8.77% in calendar years 2015 and 2016, respectively. The city's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2016, were \$196,535, and were equal to the required contributions.

### Net Pension Liability

The city's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

### NOTE 12: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

Inflation 2.5% per year Overall Payroll Growth 3.0% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disable annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015, valuation were based on results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2014 valuation. After the Asset Allocation Study analysis and experience investigation study, the Board amended the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments from 7% to 6.75%. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with and adjustment for time (aggressive). At its meeting on July 30, 2015, the TMRS Board approved a new portfolio target allocation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

### CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS

### Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016

### NOTE 12: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> – (Continued)

		Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.50%	4.55%
International Equity	17.50%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	3.65%
Real Return	10.00%	4.03%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.00%
Absolute Return	10.00%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.00%
Total	100.00%	-

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

### Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	To	tal Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	N	et Pension
		Liability	Net Position		]	Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/14	\$	7,707,630	\$	6,783,781	\$	923,849
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		202,264				202,264
Interest		529,436				529,436
Changes in benefit terms		-				···
Difference between expected and actual experience		9,535				9,535
Changes of assumptions		20,408				20,408
Contributions-employer				194,097		(194,097)
Contributions-employee				111,625		(111,625)
Net investment income				10,008		(10,008)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(490,767)		(490,767)		-
Administrative expense				(6,097)		6,097
Other changes	B-100-AV-AL-1-			(299)		299
Net changes		270,876		(181,433)		452,309
Balance at 12/31/15	_\$	7,978,506	\$	6,602,348	\$	1,376,158

### NOTE 12: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> – (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in					√ Increase in	
	Disco	unt Rate (5.75%)	Discou	nt Rate (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)		
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	2,412,562	\$	1,376,158	\$	526,706	

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$247,695.

At September 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	6,672	\$	32,264	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		14,279		-	
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		423,442		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		140,949		-	
Total	\$ 585,342		\$	32,264	

\$140,949 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

### NOTE 12: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> – (Continued)

	outflo	Net Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources			
Year ended December 31:					
2016	\$	96,087			
2017		109,946			
2018		113,122			
2019		92,974			
2020		-			
Thereafter		-			
	\$	412,129			

### NOTE 13: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB.

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$5,179, \$5,265 and \$4,923, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

### **NOTE 14: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

### A. Federal and State Programs

Federal and state funding received related to various grant programs are based upon periodic reports detailing reimbursable expenditures made, in compliance with program guidelines, to the grantor agency. These programs are governed by various statutory rules and regulations of the grantors. Amounts received and receivable under these various funding programs are subject to periodic audit and adjustment by the funding agencies. To the extent, if any, the City has not complied with all the rules and regulations with respect to performance, financial or otherwise, adjustment to or return of fund monies may be required.

### NOTE 14: <u>CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</u> – (Continued)

As it pertains to other matters of compliance, in the opinion of the City's administration, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to matters of compliance and accordingly, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

### B. USDA Loan Program

The Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation (BEDC) has in the past received funds from the USDA for a loan program to allow BEDC to assist new businesses with low interest loans. There are no reporting requirements on the use of the funds; however, the funds are required to be maintained intact with interest earned for the loan program. To the extent, if any, the BEDC has not complied with all the rules and regulations return of fund money may be required.

As it pertains to other matters of compliance, in the opinion of the BEDC's administration, there are no contingent liabilities relating to matters of compliance and accordingly, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

### NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

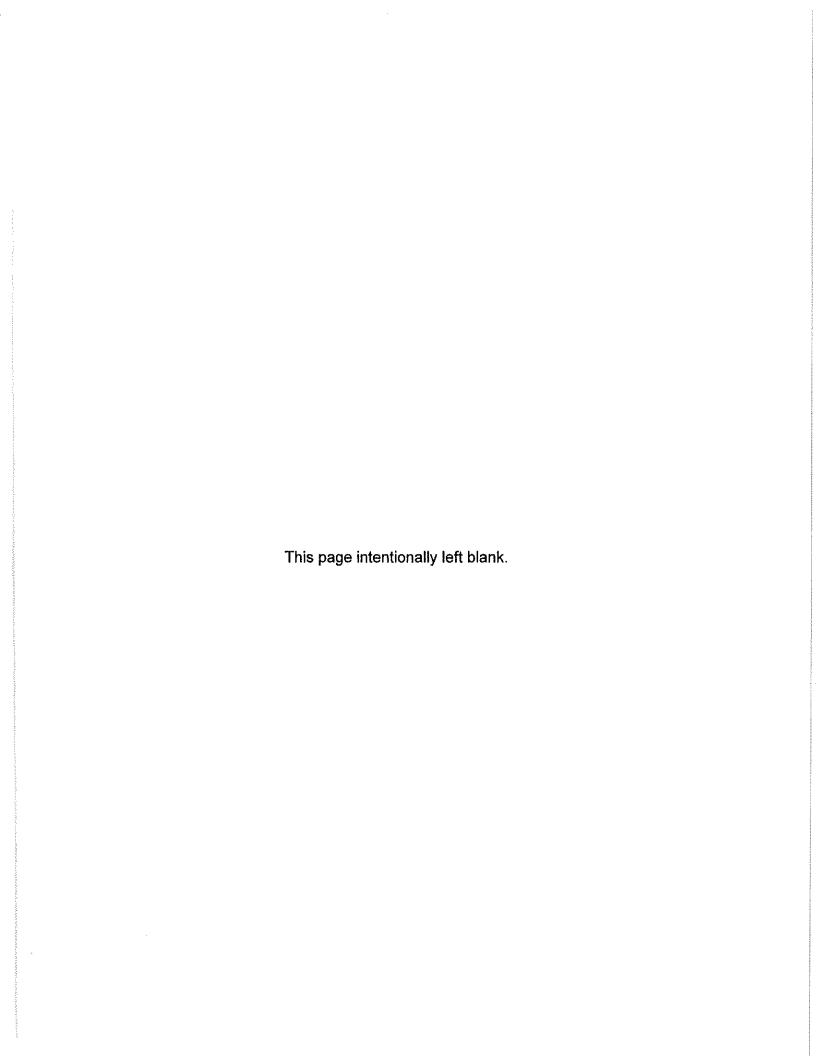
Subsequent events were evaluated through January 30, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

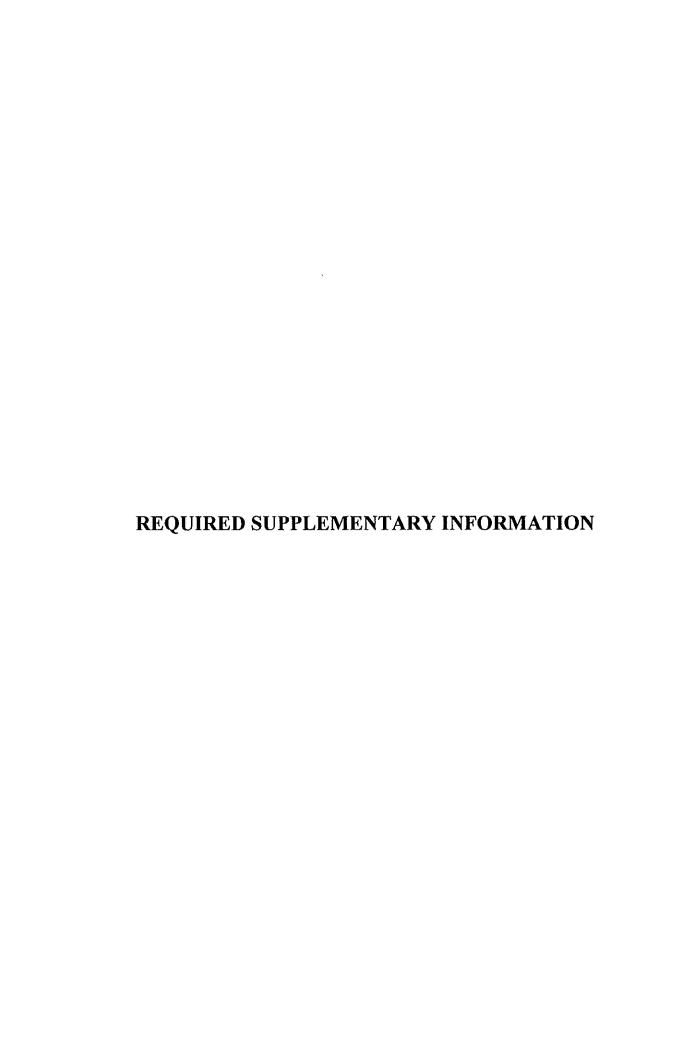
### NOTE 16: FUTURE ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

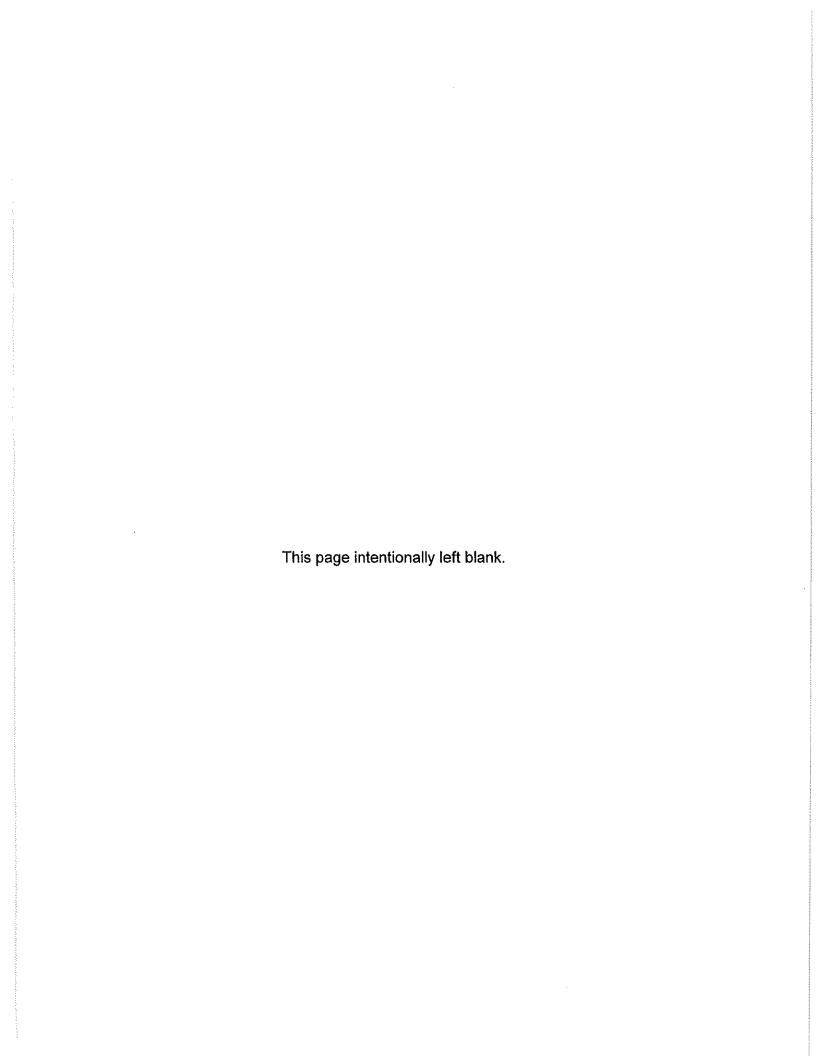
The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued several statements that will be effective in future years. The City has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on its financial reporting.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45 and No. 57 for accounting and financial reporting of postemployment benefits other than pensions. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures will improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. Disclosure of information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements will make these transactions more transparent to financial users. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.







Variance with

### CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS

### General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the year ended September 30, 2016

					Final Budget
	_	Budgeted Am	ounts		Positive
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$	1,223,000 \$	1,252,000 \$	1,251,023	(977)
Sales and use tax		1,343,000	1,065,000	1,035,173	(29,827)
Franchise		447,500	447,500	413,112	(34,388)
Hotel motel taxes		42,000	48,000	43,226	(4,774)
Charges for service		266,500	228,800	216,331	(12,469)
Grants and contributions		92,000	109,000	103,801	(5,199)
Interest income		1,500	1,500	799	(701)
Other revenue	_	23,000	48,000	41,108	(6,892)
Total revenues	_	3,438,500	3,199,800	3,104,573	(95,227)
Expenditures:					
General government		806,000	865,000	857,962	7,038
Public Safety		1,899,200	1,922,300	1,916,783	5,517
Public Works		625,100	631,100	526,613	104,487
Cemetery		127,100	127,100	118,148	8,952
Parks		282,200	292,700	251,886	40,814
Community services		195,500	196,500	175,518	20,982
Tourism		42,000	42,000	42,000	20,702
Debt service:		42,000	42,000	12,000	
Principal		26,700	26,700	26,603	97
Interest and fiscal charges		6,700	6,700	6,631	69
Total expenditures	-	4,010,500	4,110,100	3,922,144	187,956
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over (under) expenditures)	\$ _	(572,000) \$	(910,300) \$	(817,571)	92,729
Other financing sources (uses):					
Loan proceeds		-	-	100,000	100,000
Transfers in		300,000	392,000	515,000	123,000
Transfers out	-	(20,000)	(20,000)	(97,615)	(77,615)
Net change in fund balances		(292,000)	(538,300)	(300,186)	238,114
Fund balance, October 1, 2015	_	508,445	508,445	508,445	
Fund balance, September 30, 2016	\$ _	216,445 \$	(29,855) \$	208,259	238,114

# CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios September 30, 2016

Total pension liability			
Plan Year		2014	2015
Service Cost	\$	180,948	\$ 202,264
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		523,394	529,436
Changes of benefit terms		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(78,389)	9,535
Change of assumtions		-	20,408
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(609,804)	(490,767)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		16,149	270,876
Total Pension Liability-Beginning	\$	7,691,481	\$ 7,707,630
Total Pension Liability-Ending (a)	\$	7,707,630	\$ 7,978,506
	4		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions-Employer	\$	192,605	194,097
Contributions-Employee		110,082	111,625
Net Investment Income		383,868	10,008
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(609,804)	(490,767)
Administrative Expense		(4,008)	(6,097)
Other		(330)	(299)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		72,413	(181,433)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Beginning		6,711,368	6,783,781
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Ending (b)	\$	6,783,781	\$ 6,602,348
Net Pension Liability-Ending (a) - (b)	\$	923,849	\$ 1,376,158
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		88.01%	82.75%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	2,201,639	\$ 2,232,491
30. 1.12	*	-,,	+ -,,
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		41.96%	61.64%

### **EXHIBIT F-3**

## CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE Schedule of Contributions Last 3 Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 189,895	\$ 193,572	\$ 196,535
Contributions in relation to the actuarially			
determined contribution	\$ 189,895	\$ 193,572	\$ 196,535
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,112,810	\$ 2,193,754	\$ 2,224,633
Contributions as a percentage of covered			
employee payroll	8.99%	8.82%	8.83%

#### CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE

### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

### Budget

Annual operating budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all general fund, special revenue, capital projects and proprietary funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The City Commission follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a. The City Commission prior to October 1 formally adopts the City's budget at a duly advertised public meeting and before expenditure of funds for the budget year. The budget is legally enacted by the adoption of an ordinance.
- b. The budget may be amended with the approval of a voting majority of the members of the City Commission. The budget was amended once during the year.
- c. Budgetary control is maintained at the fund level, subject to adjustments permitted as described above.

**Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations** 

None

#### CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE

### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

### Schedule of Contributions

### Notes to Schedule of

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31

and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumtions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 28 years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 10.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last

updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010

-2014

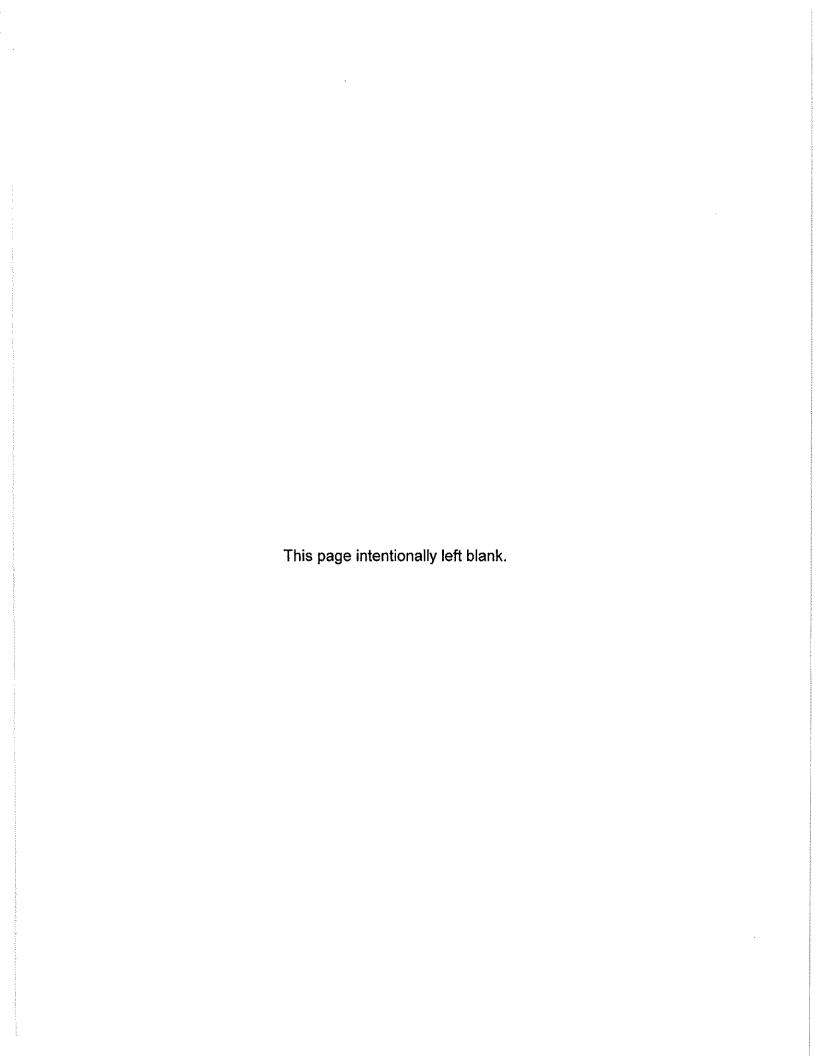
Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male

rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected

on a fully generational basis with scale BB

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.



# COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2016

		Special Revenue Funds								
		Fire Department		Hotel/ Motel		Park	-	Police Department		Total Special Revenue Funds
Assets:	\$	10.000	•		e	12 527	•	0.41	•	24.660
Cash  Due from other governments	<b>.</b>	10,992		-		12,726	-	841		24,559 
Total assets	\$	10,992	. \$ _	-	\$_	12,726	\$	841	\$	24,559
Liabilities and fund balance: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	*	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-	-	-		-
Total liabilities		*				-	-			
Fund Balances:										
Restricted fund balance	\$	10,992	\$	-	\$	12,726	\$	841	\$	24,559
Committed fund balance		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned fund balance		***************************************		<b></b>		•	-			•
Total fund balance		10,992		-		12,726	-	841		24,559
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	10,992	\$_	_	\$	12,726	\$	841	\$	24,559

### EXHIBIT G-1

	`ap	ital Project Fu	ınd	ls			
	General Total						
Equipment		Capital		Capital		Nonmajor	
Replacement		Projects		Projects Funds		Funds	
\$ 135,540	\$	5,570	\$	141,110	\$	165,669	
-		458		458		458	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•		•				
\$ 135,540	\$	6,028	\$	141,568	\$	166,127	
	•		•		,	······································	
\$ -	\$	25,600	\$	25,600	\$	25,600	
-		41,365		41,365		41,365	
	•						
-		66,965		66,965		66,965	
\$ -	\$		\$	_	\$	24,559	
135,540		-		135,540		135,540	
-		(60,937)		(60,937)		(60,937)	
135,540		(60,937)		74,603		99,162	
\$ 135,540	\$	6,028	. \$	141,568	\$	166,127	

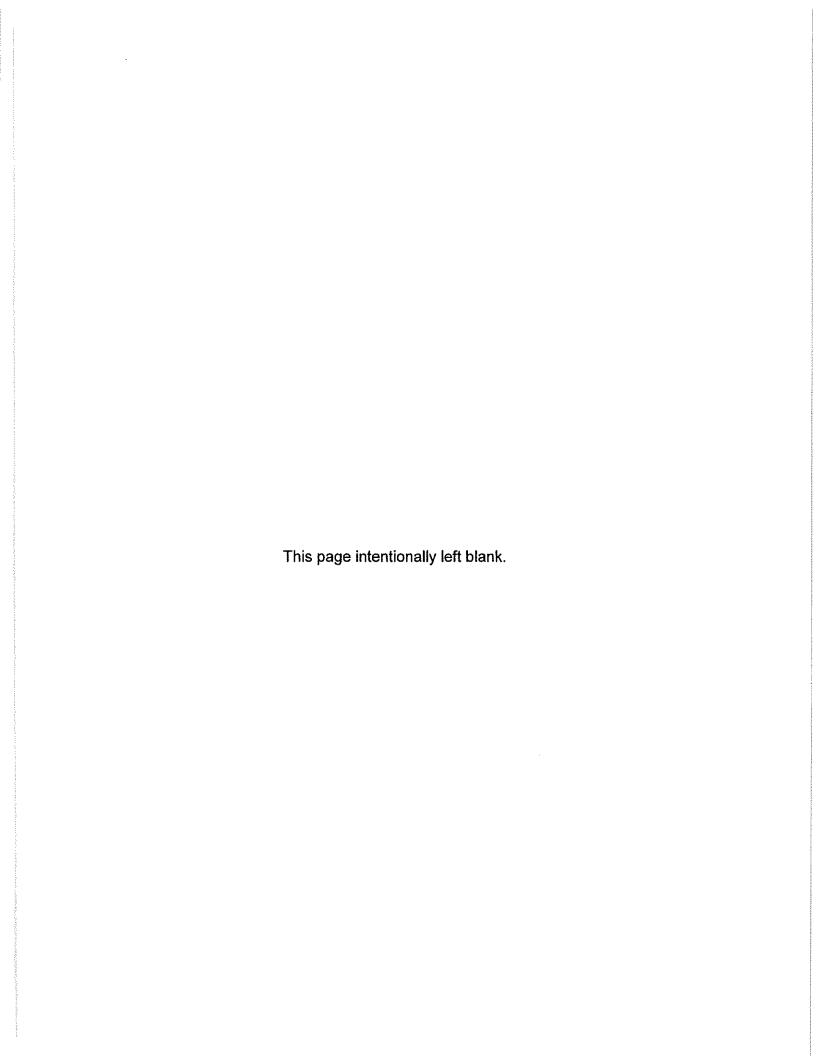
### CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS

Nonmajor Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended September 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds								
	 Fire Department		Hotel/ Motel		Park		Police Department	_	Total Special Revenue Funds
Revenues:									
Other revenue	\$ =	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	. •
Grants and contributions	8,317		-		313		•		8,630
Interest	 19		2	-	41		2	_	64
Total revenue	 8,336		2	-	354		2	_	8,694
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public Safety	1,778		-		-		-		1,778
Parks	-		-		10,176		•		10,176
Capital Outlay	 			-				-	
Total expenditures	 1,778		_	-	10,176			_	11,954
Excess (deficiency) of revenue									
over (under) expenditures)	 6,558		2		(9,822)		2	-	(3,260)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Capital lease	-		•		-		-		-
Transfers in	-		-		-		•		•
Transfers out	 		(4)		-		•	-	(4)
Net change in fund balances	6,558		(2)		(9,822)		2		(3,264)
Fund Balance, October 1, 2015	 4,434		2		22,548		839	-	27,823
Fund Balance, September 30, 2016	\$ 10,992	\$ _		\$	12,726	\$	841	\$	24,559

### EXHIBIT G-2

_		Ca	oital Project Fund	İs		
•	Equipment		General Capital		Total Capital	Total Nonmajor
	Replacement		Projects		Projects Funds	Funds
\$	7,438	\$		\$	7,438	\$ 7,438
	224		26,789		26,789	35,419 420
	324		32		356	420
	7,762		26,821		34,583	43,277
	269,298		-		269,298	271,076
	-					10,176
			167,188		167,188	167,188
	269,298		167,188		436,486	448,440
	(261,536)		(140,367)		(401,903)	(405,163)
	199,876		-		199,876	199,876
	41,225		93,384		134,609	134,609
						(4)
	(20,435)		(46,983)		(67,418)	(70,682)
	155,975		(13,954)		142,021	169,844
\$	135,540	\$	(60,937)	\$	74,603	\$ 99,162



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

# CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS

Schedule of Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016

Last Ten Years	Tax Rate		Assessed	Beginning Balance
Ended Sept 30	Maintenance	Debt Service	Value	October 1
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
2007 and prior	0.7769	0.2331	135,736,170	17,300
2008	0.7598	0.2202	142,206,990	5,510
2009	0.7570	0.2029	154,800,440	6,540
2010	0.7663	0.1898	164,281,038	9,793
2011	0.7556	0.1744	176,676,216	10,286
2012	0.8367	0.2106	188,634,444	14,453
2013	0.7557	0.2543	204,984,229	23,874
2014	0.6282	0.2618	192,875,823	39,938
2015	0.5652	0.2966	201,105,727	105,146
2016 (Year under audit)	0.6148	0.3252	196,762,440	-
TOTALS				\$ 232,839

**EXHIBIT G-3** 

Current		Debt	Entire	Ending
Year's	Maintenance	Service	Year's	Balance
Total Levy	Collections	Collections	Adjustments	September 30
	(1,635)	(491)	(959)	14,215
	(209)	(60)	(150)	5,091
	(235)	(63)	(76)	6,166
	(1,858)	(460)	(273)	7,202
	(2,127)	(491)	(462)	7,206
	(3,070)	(773)	(851)	9,759
	(3,751)	(1,262)	(1,198)	17,663
	(7,763)	(3,235)	(1,487)	27,453
	(29,420)	(15,438)	(391)	59,897
1,872,642	(1,149,956)	(608,187)	(23,075)	91,424
\$ 1,872,642	\$ (1,200,024)	\$ (630,460)	\$ (28,922)	\$ 246,075

City of Breckenridge, Texas Statistics - Water and Waterwater Fund For the year ended September 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

Number of water connections at end of year Number of wastewater connections at end of year Gallons of water billed through the system during the fiscal year			18	2,635 2,026 82,972,392
Outstanding Bonds and Certificates:  Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2013 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2014 Premium on bond	\$	2016 150,000 325,000 1,590,000 790,000 2,330,000 10,719 5,195,719	\$	220,000 480,000 4,635,000 815,000 2,380,000 23,240 8,553,240
Water and Wastewater Operating Income Available for Debt Retirement: Net Operating Income Net Nonoperating Interest Income Add Depreciation Expense  Water and Sewer Operating Income Available for Debt Retirement  Annual Debt Service Requirements and Coverage:	\$ \$	396,976 9,467 427,631 834,074	\$	312,892 9,973 381,351 704,216
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2013 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2014	\$	80,175 169,113 72,589 38,104 137,545	\$	78,888 194,063 72,589 38,104 87,633
Total Debt Service Requirements		497,526		471,277
Less Current Year Property Taxes  Net System Fund Requirements	\$	(630,343)	\$_	(580,886)
Coverage of Total System Fund Debt Service	not	applicable	по	t applicable
Cash Available in Bond Sinking Funds				
General Debt Service Revenue Debt Service	\$	621,407 174,147 795,554	\$	380,950 294,643 675,593

### CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS

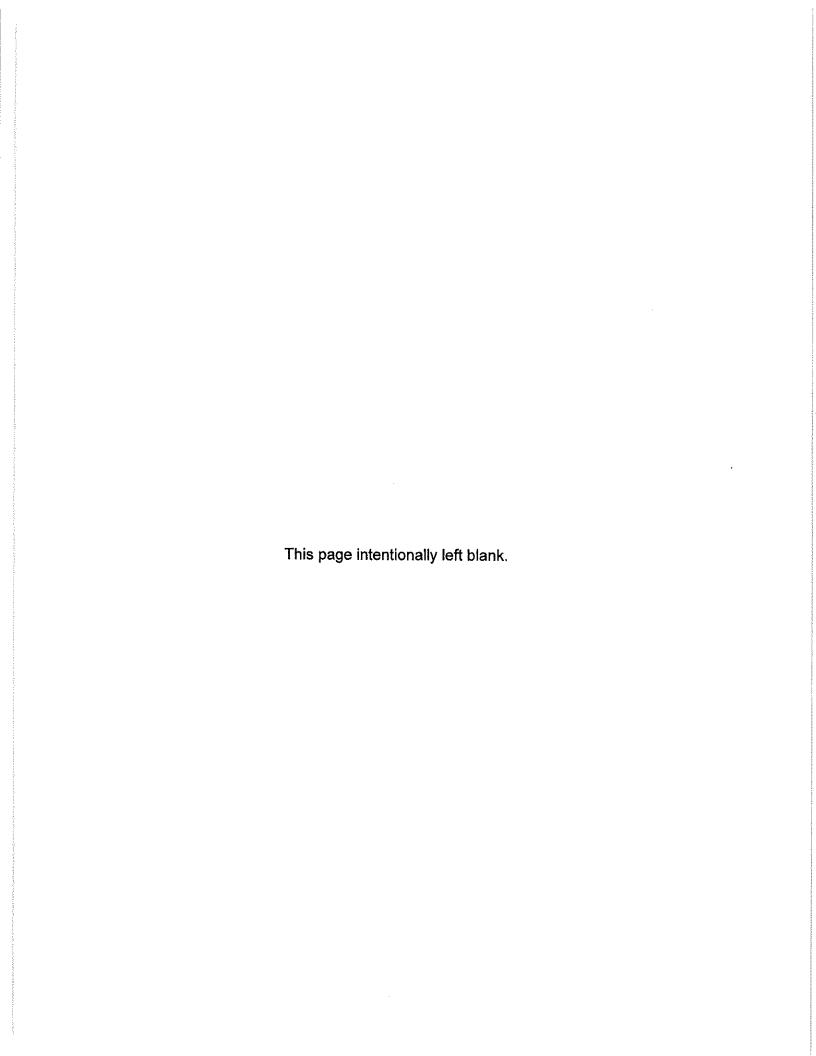
Insurance in Force September 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

		Coverage	Premium	
Flood, Fire and Extended Coverage Buildings and Contents	\$	12,286,673	\$	27,844
Errors & Omission Liability Each Wrongful Act Aggregate		500,000 1,000,000		7,998
Commercial General Liability Per Occurrence Aggregate		1,000,000 2,000,000		4,444
Law Enforcement Personal Liability Each Wrongful Act Annual Aggregate		500,000 1,000,000		7,708
Fidelity Bonds City Secretary Assistant City Secretary Other Public Employees not Excluded City Manager		10,000 10,000 10,000 15,000		590
City Vehicles Liability/Uninsured Motorist Combined Single Limit		1,000,000 25,000		24,503
Heavy Equipment Physical Damage		1,008,366		4,147
Crime Public Employee Dishonesty Theft Disappearance & Destruction		5,000 5,000		235 100

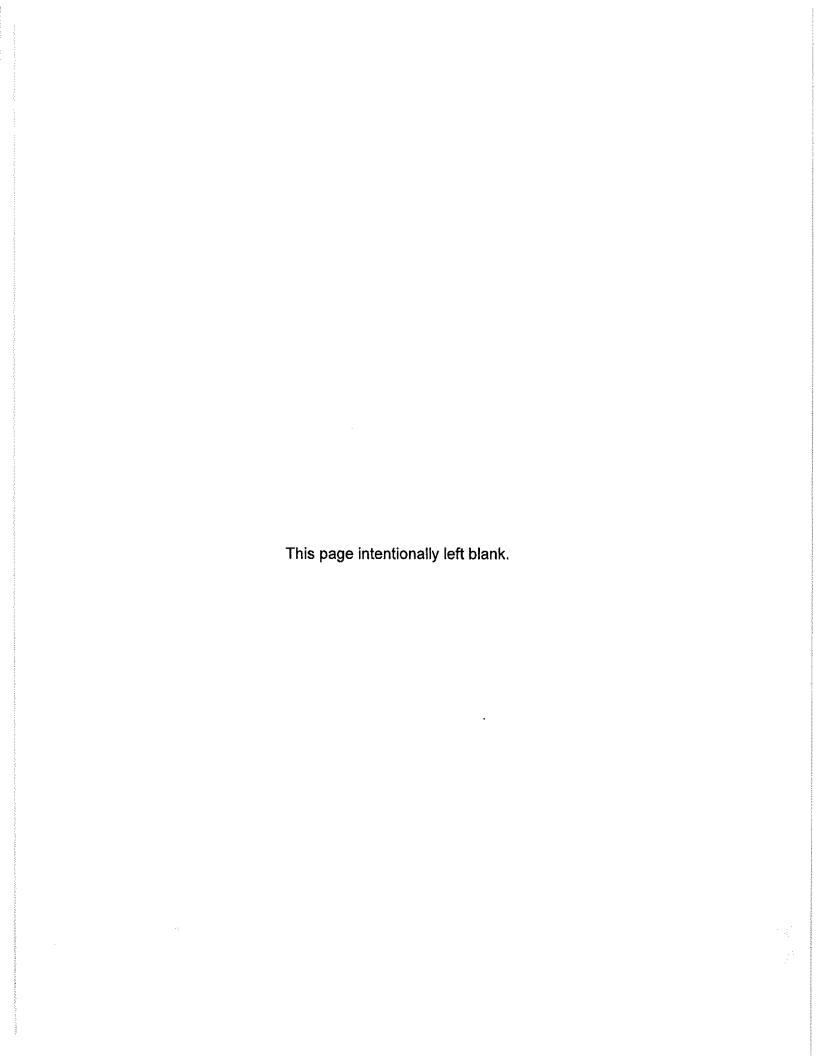
This statement is prepared from the insurance policies. It is intended as a descriptive summary only and no expression of opinion as to the adequacy of the coverage is given. As the actual coverage per policy varies depending on the nature of the event and other factors, these dollar limitations reflect the approximate upper limitation of losses recoverable under the policies.

### List of Insurance Carriers

Company	Insurance Type	Expiration
Texas Municipal League	Fire - Buildings and Contents	10/1/2016
Texas Municipal League	Commercial Auto	10/1/2016
Texas Municipal League	Flood	10/1/2016
Texas Municipal League	Public Officials Liability	10/1/2016
Texas Municipal League	Law Enforcement Liability	10/1/2016
CNA Surety Corporation	Fidelity Bond - City Secretary	9/6/2017
CNA Surety Corporation	Fidelity Bond - Assistant City Secretary	10/1/2017
CNA Surety Corporation	City Manager & Other Public Employees	1/23/2017
Texas Municipal League	Heavy Equipment	10/1/2016



# OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the City Commission City of Breckenridge, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Breckenridge, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2017.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not deigned to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weatherford, Texas January 30, 2017

Deoze, Mozum Sneap P.C.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the City Commission City of Breckenridge, Texas

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Breckenridge, Texas (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Breckenridge, Texas, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016.

### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weatherford, Texas

Leoze, Mogun frest, P.C.

January 30, 2017

# CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

### A.

1.

2.

Summary of Auditor's Results Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unqualific</u>	<u>ed</u>		
Internal control over financial reporting:					
Material weakness identified?		Ye	es _	<u>X</u>	No
Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	s?	Ye	es	<u>X</u> _	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted		Ye	es	<u>X</u>	No
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs:					
Material weakness(es) identified?		Ye	es	<u>X</u>	No
Significant deficiency(s) identified that a not considered to be material weaknesse		Y	es	<u>X</u>	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on complia major programs:	ince for	<u>Unqualifi</u>	<u>ed</u>		
Any audit findings disclosed that are requito be reported in accordance with the Unif Guidance		Y	es	<u>X</u> _	No
Identification of major programs:					
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
66.468	Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betwee	en	\$750.000	)		

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

\_\_\_\_ Yes <u>X</u> No

B. Financial Statement Findings

NONE

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

# CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

None.

# CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Federal Award Findings

None.

### CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass-through from Texas Department of Agriculture: Community Development Block Grant  Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.228	7214049	<u>s</u>	\$ 3,800	
U.S. Department of Transportation Texas Parks & Wildlife Recreational Trails Program*	20.219	RT 14001		26,789	
Texas Department of Transportation DOT Highway Planning and Construction*	20,205	0011-08-026 & 0011-09-065		88,236	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation  U.S. General Services Administration  Pass-through from Texas Facilities Commission/Federal Surplus Program  Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property  Total U.S. General Services Administration	39.003	20590		22,590 22,590	
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Pass-through from Texas Water Development Board Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds Total CFDA Number 66.468	66.458 66.468 66.468	73647 62519 62603	-	2,565 1,624,934 1,544,271 3,169,205	
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Pass-through from West Central Texas Council of Governments			<u></u>	3,171,770	
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services  Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	93.045	Breck		40,404 40,404 \$ 3,353,589	

<sup>\*</sup> Clustered Programs as required by June 2016 Compliance Supplement

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

### Reporting Entity

The City operates under a Home Rule/Commission/Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, sanitation, social services, public improvements, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, and general administration services. Other services include water production and distribution and sewer disposal.

### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal program activity of the City of Breckenridge, Texas and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

### **Indirect Cost Rate**

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### Texas Water Development Board Loans

The City issued bonds that were purchased by the Texas Water Development Board with Clean Water State Revolving Funds and Drinking Water State Revolving Funds. The amounts of federal awards reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the amount of grant and bond funds spend during the period. The following is a summary of the bonds outstanding that were purchased with Clean Water State Revolving Funds and Drinking Water State Revolving Funds.

Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2012  Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2013	DWSRF CWSRF	\$ 1,590,000
·		790,000
Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2014	DWSRF	2,330,000
		\$ 4,710,000